"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair and continued cool today; tomorrow, fair.
Yesterday's temperature—Max. 83, min. 67.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXXIV...No. 24,647. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 18, 1925. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere in the U. S.

COOLIDGE SETTLES PROGRAM TO AVERT ANTHRACITE STRIKE

Parley of the Disputants at White Court Is Expected to Be His First Step.

BIGGER PLAN IN RESERVE

With Secretary Davis, He Maps Course if Mediation Fails and Men Walk Out.

BOTH SIDES AWAIT HIS CALL

Operators and Miners Are Still Deadlocked—Doubling of Coal Price in Decade Shown.

Special to The New York Times.

SWAMPSCOTT, Mass., July 17.—The Government has decided upon positive steps to be taken in case of a coal strike, Secretary Davis declared today after a brief conference with President Coolidge. He declined to indicate to what extent the Government would go to cope with such a situation and said that the Department of Labor and other Government departments were doing everything to avert a strike through mediators now active at the Atlantic City negotiations between the anthracite miners and operators.

The Government, while powerless to adopt drastic steps, such as seizure of the mines, it is understood, has worked out through Secretaries Davis and Hoover a plan which President Coolidge believes will be effective in the event the miners and operators fail to reach a settlement by the end of August.

Secretary Davis is going abroad tomorrow, but will return before the end of August. President Coolidge was furnished with reports on the progress of the negotiations made by the two Department of Labor agents at Atlantic City.

These reports gave not only the points of dispute but contained an opinion of the observers as to the probability of a strike. Secretary Davis would say nothing as to their purport. He also declined to give an opinion as to whether he thought a strike would be averted.

Call to White Court Intimated.

It was intimated here tonight that President Coolidge would summon both operators and miners, as President Roosevelt did in his Administration, to see if he cannot adjust their dispute.

President Coolidge now is exerting his influence through the mediators, but it is declared by those in his confidence that he will personally exert his office and bring pressure to bear on the disputants if this seems necessary by the middle of August. This step is said to be preliminary to the move the President proposes to take to prevent a strike.

The plan which Secretary Davis told about, it was said in official quarters, has been carefully worked out by the Department of Labor and other Government agencies at the direction of President Coolidge.

Cannot Stop Outbreak of Strike.

Secretary Davis is opposed to any nationalization of the mines, and it is known that President Coolidge has nothing of a drastic nature in mind if he is called upon to deal with another hard coal strike. The last Congress refused to give him any legislation for such an emergency, and he is powerless to act under the general police powers during peace times in an effective way.

"The Government ought to and will do everything to bring about a settlement to prevent a strike by means of Department of Labor mediators," Secretary Davis said. "The department has mapped out the steps it will take in the event of a strike."

"What is the Government doing now to avert a strike?" Secretary Davis was asked.

"Everything possible through mediators at Atlantic City," he replied.

"Will anything be done beyond this at present?"

"No. There the miners and operators are in conference. I don't think of anything we can do between now and Aug. 31 beyond offering our mediation, unless the conferees are willing for us to intervene," he replied.

"The Government is doing everything it can to bring about a settlement."

"Will you let a strike break?"

"What else can we do?" he replied. "But we are doing everything possible to bring both sides together through mediators before the wage scale ends on Aug. 31."

John Hays Hammond, who was Chairman of the Coal Commission, intends to come here next week to go over with President Coolidge all angles of the hard coal situation. Mr. Hammond, who has been told of the Government's plans, said tonight that he was confident that there would be no strike, or, if one occurred, it would be of short duration.

Secretary Davis left here early to call upon Secretary Weeks at West Gloucester. He returned to New York this evening and sails tomorrow on the Homeric to study working conditions in the mines and textile mills of the British Isles.

EXPECT CALL BY PRESIDENT.

Miners and Operators Look for Parley at Swampscott.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 17.—Reports from Swampscott that a strike of anthracite mine workers on Sept. 1

Continued on Page Six.

Half price matinee today, Ziegfeld great-est success, Leon Errol in "Louis the 14th." Cosmopolitan Theatre, Columbus Cir.—Advt.

100 to Share $500,000 Estate; Mostly Children of Dead Heirs

Special to The New York Times.

POMPTON LAKES, N. J., July 17.—The $500,000 estate of Miss Sarah Elizabeth Chamberlain, who died June 8, at her home in Oak Ridge, near here, will be divided among 100 relatives, by the terms of her will filed for probate today at the Morris County Court House in Morristown. Except for a few small bequests the estate was left to twenty-one first cousins, Miss Chamberlain's nearest relatives. But since 1911, when the will was made, it was said today, many of these cousins have died, so the estate will go to their children, numbering close to a hundred.

Through a codicil the old homestead at Oak Ridge, which had been in the family since Colonial times, comprising buildings and 160 acres, will go to Wilfred Chamberlain, the son of Horace Chamberlain, a cousin.

REFUSES TO PROBATE M'CLINTOCK'S WILL

Judge Cites Shepherd's Close Relationship to Youth as Reason for Action.

'INFLUENCE' ALSO A FACTOR

Court Concedes 'Presumption' Only of Undue Influence—Shepherd Takes an Appeal.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Judge Horner in the Probate Court today refused to admit the $1,000,000 will of William Nelson McClintock, partially because of "a presumption of undue influence," as alleged by the nine cousins of the testator, but principally because of the fiduciary relations between young McClintock and his foster-father and co-guardian, William D. Shepherd, to whom the will left the bulk of his fortune. Shepherd, recently acquitted of murdering young McClintock, will appeal at once to the Illinois Circuit Court.

"It is not that there is suspicion of undue influence in this case," Judge Horner declared.

"Shepherd was an attorney and was the foster-father of McClintock. Moreover, he was the husband of a co-guardian. Those facts alone are enough to prove a fiduciary relationship, and where a fiduciary relationship is proved then it is the duty of the Court to deny admission of the will.

"I should not like this case to leave the court with a finding of undue influence, but because of a presumption of undue influence has been developed from the evidence of the attesting witnesses I will deny this will to probate. It is a part of the system in Illinois that while contestants are bound by the evidence of the attesting witnesses, the proponent is likewise bound. It is the duty of the proponent to remove the presumption of undue influence."

Earlier, the Judge heard the circumstances surrounding the signing of the document described variously as part of a deliberate conspiracy to control the McClintock fortune, and as entirely natural, in the discussions by the opposing counsel.

The argument for the contesting cousins was made by Orville Taylor, who stressed the fact that the attesting witnesses were "under the domination and in the employ of the Shepherds"; that the will, to all appearances, was drawn by its chief beneficiary; that there was strong proof of undue influence in the testimony introduced on behalf of Shepherd; that the two pages of the document differed in appearance.

"The issue of this Court," he said, "is whether, in the light of this proof, your Honor may say: 'Shepherd takes the estate and goes his way. There is no evidence of undue influence, no evidence of impropriety.'"

With the consent of the Court and opposing counsel Attorney John J. Healy, representing Miss Pope, explained her position in the case, although not formally a contesting heir.

"Miss Pope," he said, "believes that this will was the result of a conspiracy. Her information is that this will is not the will of Billy McClintock and that it was the result of improper and criminal influence exercised by Shepherd, Mrs. Shepherd and others."

In standing just outside the door of the room where Billy signed the document, he insisted, "Shepherd was not doing the thing that an honest man and an honest lawyer does—standing aloof,

Continued on Page Three.

SEEKS IMMUNIZING AGAINST CANCER BY ANIMAL TESTS

Dr. Gye Starts Important Experiments, With Eye to Vaccination.

WOULD BE A PREVENTIVE

London Discoveries Confirm Dr. Coley's Theory of How Cancer Attacks Cells.

SMALLPOX REPORT COMING

Dr. Gordon's Investigations Important—Dr. Soper Going Abroad to Consult Dr. Gye.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 17.—The discovery of the cancer virus by Dr. W. E. Gye and J. E. Bernard opens up the possibility of vaccination against the disease. It is understood that Dr. Gye at present is attempting to immunize animals against cancer, but whether by vaccination or not is not disclosed. It is pointed out that should he be successful it would not mean a cure, but only a preventive.

Dr. Gye, interviewed, would say little about the work whereon he is now engaged.

"The fact that I have obtained a mass of information which has not been published," he said, "does not justify me in making statements which might be misleading or confusing. There are diseases such as smallpox, influenza and sleeping sickness which can hardly be attributed to organisms so small that they have up to the present defied microscopic science. This does not mean we have made any discoveries about smallpox."

Mr. Barnard, interviewed, said the efforts of himself and Dr. Gye "may yet lead to the discovery of a new type of living things."

That the discoveries of Dr. Gye and Mr. Bernard confirm the parasitic theory of cancer advanced some months ago by Dr. William Bradley Coley of New York is disclosed by the Lancet.

A few years ago Dr. Cramer and Dr. Gye showed that one phenomenon playing a part in many well known bacterial infections was that the organism can be nonpathogenic in itself and manifest its specific pathogenicity only in the presence of some accessory factor. Thus bacteria and gangrene by themselves are nonpathogenic, but when certain chemical substances are also injected in the specific lesion produced in the tissues a specific infection is elicited.

Applies Also to Tetanus.

This phenomenon was called "defense rupture" or "kataphylaxis" and among other bacterial infections has been found to apply to tetanus and tuberculosis.

"The phenomenon is obviously of considerable importance in determining both the onset and what is vaguely called the virulence of bacterial infections," says The Lancet, "and it is curious that the importance of these observations was not generally recognised by bacteriologists.

"But a few months ago Dr. Coley of New York, a surgeon, referred to these observations of Dr. Cramer and Dr. Gye in a symposium on cancer in which he presented evidence in favor of the parasitic theory of cancer. Dr. Coley suggested that the cancer parasite postulated by him required 'kataphylaxis' to attack the cells so as to produce the cancer lesion—probably the only correct guess that has been made in the voluminous literature on cancer theories."

A new discovery of value to medical science was announced today at a meeting of the British Medical Association. It is a discovery by Dr. Copeland of Cambridge and is described as a "new local anesthetic about as potent as cocaine and about as little poisonous as novocaine."

Inquiry on Smallpox Virus.

An important report on an inquiry into the smallpox virus is soon to be published by the Medical Research Council. The problem is the same as that presented with regard to cancer, but, according to The Daily Mail, was approached from a different viewpoint by Dr. Mervyn Gordon, who is working on it for the Medical Research Council at St. Bartholomew's Hospital Laboratory.

He started with investigating a filter of the virus of vaccinia, or cowpox, which is used for vaccination against smallpox. It is stated he found a method of killing the virus and studied its action alive and dead in conferring protection against infection.

The recent prevalence of smallpox supplied an opportunity of comparing the

Continued on Page Seven.

Coolidge to Have Seaplane For Service as Messenger

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—A navy seaplane will furnish aerial dispatch service to President Coolidge while he is at Swampscott this Summer. A twin-engined plane, type F-5-L, left the naval air station at Hampton Roads, Va., today to fly to Marblehead, Mass., where the officer in charge of the plane, Lieutenant W. K. Patterson, will report to the Captain of the Presidential yacht Mayflower. Lieutenant Patterson and the crew of five men are all from the Hampton Roads station.

The plane is suitable for carrying dispatches and newspapers, and can be used as an ambulance.

This service is in line with the policy of rendering every assistance possible by navy planes to the President while away from Washington.

POLICE ROUT REDS PLEADING FOR CHINA

Break Up Workers' Party Demonstration Upon Refusal to Modify Speeches.

UPSET SPEAKERS' STAND

Two Arrests Made as "Booing" Crowd Is Scattered—Government's Attitude Denounced.

Pushing over a flag-draped speakers' stand surmounted by a large sign reading, "Hands Off China! Stand by Soviet Russia!" Sergeant Michael Sullivan of the East Twenty-second Street Police Station ordered a crowd of 700 or 800 persons in Union Square last evening to "move on." He thus put a sudden end to an attempted demonstration by the Workers' Party of America and the Young Workers' League of America in behalf of the Chinese workingmen and against the alleged imperialistic attitude of this and other Governments toward the Chinese proletariat.

Two garment workers who defied the "move on" order and grasped an iron railing when Patrolman Louis Blumer prodded them gently were arrested on charges of disorderly conduct and taken to the East Twenty-second Street Station. As the police automobile into which the prisoners were hustled pulled away the crowd "booed" the patrolman until the car turned a corner.

Groups of the workers came together in various parts of the square after the meeting was broken up and their voices were raised in denunciation of the police. They insisted that no law had been violated, but Charles Krumbein, district organizer for the Workers' Party of America and Chairman of the Union Square meeting, admitted they had no permit from Park Commissioner Gallatin, although, he said, the police had been notified of their purpose to hold the demonstration.

Sergeant Sullivan was on hand early and listened attentively to the first speaker, Joseph Manley, Eastern organizer of the Trades Union Educational League. Manley drew loud applause by pleading for support for Soviet Russia. He declared J. Pierpont Morgan and John D. Rockefeller Jr. were interested in China's wealth and for that reason were "exploiting, robbing and murdering" the Chinese workers. He demanded that this country's warships be withdrawn from the Pacific.

Ordered to Modify Speeches.

When he finished, Sergeant Sullivan walked over to Krumbein and told him the speeches would have to be modified, as Manley had been "speaking against the Constitution."

"Listen to the next speaker, Sergeant," said Krumbein, "and tell me what you think he says against the Constitution."

"I'm not a censor," Sullivan replied as he strolled to the edge of the crowd again.

William Weinstone, Secretary of the International Workers' Aid, mounted the stand and told the workers that "democracy" was but an empty word used to conceal from them the fact that the last great war was in fact an imperialistic war. Imperialistic domination, he said, is the real cause of the crisis in China, and is plainly an effort of the imperialists to keep the Chinese workingman in subjection.

Sergeant Sullivan strolled back to Krumbein again and told him he would have to stop the demonstration. Krumbein declined to do so and said he was expecting his lawyer any minute.

"Are you going to stop that speaker?" Sullivan asked.

"No," answered Krumbein, "not until I have talked to my lawyer."

"All right, then," said Sullivan, and walked to the front of the stand. He ordered Weinstone to get down. Weinstone asked by whose authority he acted, and Sullivan shouted:

"The authority of the Police Department of the City of New York—and that's enough!"

Speakers' Stand Topples.

The Sergeant then reached for the speaker's arm; the stand, which was a step-ladder, toppled upon Krumbein, and Weinstone leaped to the ground. The crowd booed for several minutes and gathered close about Sergeant Sullivan and Patrolmen Elsner and Hylan, who, their clubs held menacingly, turned upon the workers and began dispersing them. In the rush to get away several men

Continued on Page Two.

POPULAR PRICE MATINEE TODAY. Summer edition, Ziegfeld Follies. New Amsterdam Theatre.—Advt.

TO OUST ALL AGENTS IN REORGANIZING PROHIBITION FORCES

New Chiefs to Have Free Hand in Appointing Aids to Enforce the Law.

CLEAN-UP SET FOR SEPT. 15

Decision Follows Visit Here of Blair and Andrews—Merrick's Status Uncertain.

8 HELD AS RUM SHIPPERS

Accused of Sending Liquor in Trunks to 20,000 Patrons and Mailing Them the Keys.

An order terminating the services of all prohibition agents on Sept. 15 is about to be issued, according to reliable information circulated yesterday, following the visit of Commissioner of Internal Revenue David H. Blair and Assistant Secretary of the Treasury General Lincoln C. Andrews, in charge of enforcement.

Release of the agents is understood to be designed to give the new administrators a free hand when they assume their duties, on Aug. 1. They will have forty-five days in which to get acquainted with their men and their duties. By that time they will be able to decide which agents they desire to reappoint, if any. The order releasing all agents from service, it was said, would relieve the new administrators of the embarrassment of discharging any they might not wish to retain.

Divisional Enforcement Chief Romaine Q. Merrick has not yet been informed how he will fare in the reorganization here and elsewhere. Mr. Merrick has personally led several important raids and also has succeeded in getting police cooperation. It was said that he would undoubtedly get an important post in the reorganization plans.

Hits Issy and Moe.

The future of Issy Einstein and Moe Smith, first of the agents to gain a national reputation by working as a team, is still in the balance. In all kinds of disguises and with no disguises at all they have made raids from one end of the country to the other, and their seizures have varied in size from a hip-pocket flask to the full contents of a storage warehouse.

Jerry Greene, in charge of the Alcohol Division at Prohibition Headquarters, has been transferred to Chicago. He will go to his new post probably next week.

Saul Grill, who gathered evidence in some of the most important padlock cases, as well as in the case of the New Jersey defendants who were charged with conspiracy to violate the Volstead law in connection with an alleged $80,000 beer bribery plot, is reported to be back on Broadway gathering evidence against violators. Recently there were reports to the effect that Grill had been dropped, but they were discredited quickly in bootleg circles. Grill is credited with having turned in more than $250,000 in bribe money he collected as evidence against bootleggers and rum-runners.

Eight members of an alleged mail order bootleg ring, shipping liquor by trunks whose keys were mailed to 20,000 customers throughout the United States, were arrested yesterday afternoon in a raid on a suite at 1,123 Broadway, near Twenty-fifth Street. The eight defendants are charged with conspiracy to violate the Volstead act. They were held in bail ranging from $1,000 to $5,000 each when arraigned before United State Commissioner Garrett W. Cotter.

The raid was made on a search warrant issued by Commissioner Cotter. The warrant was obtained by Federal Agent William Gilbert, who had been investigating the activities of the group under the direction of Assistant United States Attorney John J. Fogarty.

Soon after the eight defendants were arrested United States Attorney Emory R. Buckner announced that a Federal Grand Jury investigation of the alleged conspiracy would begin on Monday. Those arrested were Jacob Kirschenblatt, 1,523 East 172d Street; Moe Guefein, 1,557 Hoe Avenue, the Bronx; Murray Purtell, Remington Avenue, Queens; Herman Gershon, 254 West Seventy-sixth Street; Sol Damsky, 914 Simpson Street, the Bronx; William H. Apfel, Maple Avenue, Morsemere, N. J.;

Continued on Page Five.

JUDGE SHATTERS THE SCOPES DEFENSE BY BARRING TESTIMONY OF SCIENTISTS; SHARP CLASHES AS DARROW DEFIES COURT

TEXT OF JUDGE'S RULING

He Holds Law Makes Clarification by Scientists Unnecessary.

INSISTS INTENT IS CLEAR

This, He Explains, Is to Prohibit Theory That Man Descended From Lower Animals.

SEES JURISDICTION LIMITED

Court Holds That Proof of Theory and Question of Policy Are Matters for Legislature.

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTON, Tenn., July 17.—The text of Judge Raulston's ruling today in the Scopes trial, barring expert testimony on evolution and the Bible, was as follows:

This case is now before the Court upon a motion by the Attorney General to exclude from the consideration of the jury certain expert testimony offered by the defendant, the import of such testimony being an effort to explain the origin of man and life. The State insists that such evidence is wholly irrelevant, incompetent and impertinent to the issues pending, and that it should be excluded.

Upon the other hand, the defendant insists that this evidence is highly competent and relevant to the issues involved, and should be admitted.

The first section of the statute involved in this case reads as follows:

"Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee that it shall be unlawful for any teacher in any of the universities, normals and all the public schools of the State which are supported in whole or in part by the public school funds of the State to teach any theory that denies the story of the Divine creation as taught in the Bible, and to teach instead that man has descended from a lower order of animals."

Outlines State's Contentions.

The State says that it is both proven and admitted that this defendant did teach in Rhea County, within the limits of the statute, that man descended from a lower order of animals, and that with these facts ascertained and proven, it has met the requirements of the statute and has absolutely established the defendant's guilt, and with his guilt thus admitted and established, his ultimate conviction is unavoidable and inevitable, and that no amount of expert testimony can aid and enlighten the Court and jury upon the real issues or affect the final results.

In other words, the State insists that by a fair and reasonable construction of the statute the real offense provided against in the act is to teach that man descended from a lower order of animals, and that when this is accomplished by a fair interpretation and by legal implication the whole offense is proved. That is, the State says that the latter clause interprets and explains that the Legislature meant and intended by the use of the clause "any theory that denies the story of Divine creation as taught in the Bible."

But the defendant is not content to agree with the State in its theory, but takes issue and says that before there can be any conviction the State must prove two things:

First—That the defendant taught evolution in the sense used in the statute.

Second—That this teaching was contrary to the Bible.

That these are questions of fact, that the proof must show what evolution is, so that the jury may determine whether evolution as taught by the

Continued on Page Two.

Rush for Evolution Books Clears Tennessee Libraries

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTON, Tenn., July 17.—Tennessee, to which generally evolution has been merely a word and where only the most cursory reference was made to it in high school textbooks, has just begun, it seems, to feel the effects of the prohibitory statute and is soon to find within its own borders a greater questioning than the one it has undergone from the "furriners" from other States.

Visitors to Dayton from other cities in the State . . . of the immediate demand in all the public and even school libraries for books on evolution until some libraries have had to order dozens of additional copies.

AUTHOR OF THE LAW SURPRISED AT FUSS

John Washington Butler Thought All "Right-Thinking" Men Believed the Bible.

THE CALMEST MAN IN COURT

Regrets Barring Scientists, Declaring Evidence Would Be a "Right Smart" Education.

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTON, Tenn., July 17.—There was only one calm man in the Dayton Court House today when Judge Raulston ruled, first, that scientific evidence could not be presented to the jury, and then that the theory of the defense that evolution does not contradict the Bible must be presented in affidavits. That man was John Washington Butler, the Macon County farmer who introduced in the Tennessee Legislature last March the bill which has become the law which caused it all.

There was tense excitement in the court, the Fundamentalists flushed with triumph and the Modernists filled with chagrin. The crowd pressed forward, jumped on chairs and strained eyes and ears for every movement behind the bar. But Mr. Butler remained in his seat, his big-boned body still, his Indian brown face impassive, his eyes expressionless.

Would Like to Hear the Evidence.

"I'm sorry," he said later, "that the Judge wouldn't let the evidence go before the jury. I reckon he was right in holding, as he did, that the issue was only on whether the law was violated. But it seemed to me like there was some sense in what the defense was arguing, that they had a right to show that the theory of evolution didn't conflict with the Bible.

"I'd like to have heard the evidence. It would have been right smart of an education to hear those fellows who have studied the subject.

"No, I wouldn't be afraid to let the evidence come in. The prosecution could have put in evidence, too, and then everybody would have known the truth. There's no call for being afraid of the truth. I believe my Bible is right on every page, but if anybody can show me it isn't exactly the way I believe, I'm willing to listen."

And all the discussion, amusement and bitterness which this trial has aroused has not made John Washington Butler regret he introduced the bill.

"If I had it to do all over again," he said, "I'd have introduced it two years earlier than I did—in my first term in the Legislature.

"No, I didn't know anything about evolution when I introduced it. I'd read in the papers that boys and girls were coming home from school and telling their fathers and mothers that the Bible was all nonsense.

Minister Gave Him the Idea.

"I didn't think that was right, and then the Rev. W. L. Murray of Nashville, who comes to preach once a month at our church in Lafayette, the Primitive Baptist Church, came over one Sunday and preached a sermon saying the teaching of evolution in the schools ought to be stopped because it was attacking religion.

"I had it printed in my circulars announcing I was a candidate for re-election that I would introduce a bill to stop the teaching of evolution.

"A graduate of Vanderbilt University ran against me, the smartest man in the county. I wouldn't have run against him if he had come out earlier. I wanted him to run, but he refused at first and didn't announce himself until after my circulars were out, and I couldn't withdraw. He didn't mention evolution in his speeches. I was elected 10 to 1, and he sold his farm at auction. It was the best farm in the county, worth $50,000, but he didn't get but $37,000 for it, and he went to Memphis to live. I was right sorry to see him go. He had never made any money out of his farm, but he knew just about every-

Continued on Page Two.

When you think of Writing Think of Waiting.—Advt.

AFFIDAVITS TO BE READ

Six Scientists Must Explain Evolution in 12,000 Words.

DATA ALLOWED FOR APPEAL

Darrow Faces Contempt Charge as He Criticizes the Proceedings of the Court.

CASE MAY END TUESDAY

Adjournment Is Taken to Monday, Which Will Be Devoted to Statement and Arguments.

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTON, Tenn., July 17.—The trial of John Thomas Scopes, which was to enlighten the world on evolution, blew up today when Judge John T. Raulston ruled that expert testimony on evolution was not admissible. The only question before the court, he held was whether Mr. Scopes taught evolution, and experts were not needed to prove that.

It was Tennessee's answer to the contention of the defense that a little evolution would do them good. Promptly the "steel doors" of Attorney General Stewart were slammed shut against the entrance of this doctrine, which Mr. Stewart fears will demoralize the children of the State.

There was nothing left of the case at the end of a short but feverish session of recrimination except the certainty that Clarence Darrow, would employ every resource of his brilliant and satiric mind in castigation when it comes time to sum up, and that William Jennings Bryan will empty the vials of his wrath on the scientists and their evolution theory.

This decision of Judge Raulston and his announcement that he would permit the State to cross-examine witnesses put on by the defense in the absence of the jury, for the purpose of making a record of what they intended to prove to be used on appeal, and later his apparent unwillingness to permit the defense time to prepare affidavits, roused Mr. Darrow to fury. He told Judge Raulston that courts were often a mockery, and that he intended to protect his rights in some other court, and with folded arms and glaring blue eyes he defied the Court to cite him in contempt.

Refuse to Pose With Judge.

Later Dudley Field Malone refused the Judge's request that Mr. Darrow pose for the photographers with him and Mr. Bryan, and told him to go ahead and pose with the prosecution.

The defense, however, for the first time showed inclination to retreat, for after Judge Raulston had decided that if they put on witnesses to make a record the State could cross-examine, they gave up that privilege and contented themselves with the preparation of a 12,000-word series of documents which will make an outline of evolution. It will be read into the record Monday, when court again convenes.

Mr. Darrow declared that to permit the cross-examination of witnesses put on merely to make a record for the higher court was without precedent. The disinclination of the defense to permit it, however, went deeper than that, for they feared that Judge Raulston would not restrict the cross-examination of the State, and that if questions as to the Virgin birth and other biblical miracles were asked of the scientists, with no opportunity for the defense to cross-examine the State witnesses on this subject, it would alienate many liberal Christians from the fight against Fundamentalism.

The contest of wills between Mr. Darrow and Judge Raulston was the most dramatic moment of the whole trial, for, as the veteran of many legal battles rocked back and forth on his heels, his arms folded across his chest, he stared straight at the Court as if defying him to do his worst. It came just after the Judge had ruled that the State had a right to cross-examine, and Mr. Darrow took an exception. The leader of the defense was on his feet, fighting mad.

"Yes, sir," said the Judge, who was also on his feet, his right hand resting on his gavel, "always expect this Court to rule correctly."

"No, sir, we do not," Mr. Darrow snapped out.

He lifted on his toes and turned directly facing the Judge, his gaunt shoulders hunching up in his characteristic manner. There was a little laughter in the courtroom.

Darrow Makes Tart Retort.

"I suppose you anticipated it," said Judge Raulston.

"Otherwise we would not be taking our exceptions here, your Honor," retorted Mr. Darrow.

"We expect to protect our rights in some other court. Now, that is plain enough, isn't it?" continued Mr. Darrow.

He stopped for a moment and recited slowly. "Then we will make statements of what we expect to prove," he said,

Pay of 25,000 Cut 10 Per Cent. in Lawrence By American Woolen and Three Other Mills

Special to The New York Times.

LAWRENCE, Mass., July 17.—A sweeping reduction of 10 per cent. in the wages of textile operatives in this city was announced today by several of the mills. The reduction, which will become effective on Monday, July 27, affect 25,000 workers, with a possibility that the number will be increased by 10,000 on Monday, at which time the Pacific Mills are expected to announce a cut.

The mills affected by today's announcement include the Wood, Ayer, Prospect, Shawsheen, Riverina, Washington and Plymouth Mills of the American Woolen Company, and the Arlington, George E. Kunhardt and Uswoco Mills.

Officials of the Acadia and Walworth Brothers plants have not yet announced a cut and would not state that one was contemplated.

The Pacific Mills will hold a meeting with the workers' councils on Monday, when the matter of a wage reduction will be discussed.

Notices posted today stated that the reduction was necessary, owing to business conditions. Mill men intimated that the mills would go on a full time basis with the reduction in force.

Because of the long periods of idleness for many workers, union objection to the reduction is not believed likely. The cut is expected to stimulate business which has been dull for the past year and a half.

"Where North meets South and East meets West"—at The Greenbrier, White Sulphur. Special Penn sleeper.—Advt.

Giant Wave Crashes on Beach at Coney; 4 Bathers Rescued; Scores Sent Spinning

A huge wave swept in from the ocean at 5:30 yesterday evening, raced seventy-five feet over the sands at Coney Island at the foot of Ocean Parkway, and broke with a roar. As the wall of foaming water collapsed its quick recession produced an unusually powerful undertow. About a hundred persons of the thousands who were in the surf or on the beach went bobbing or spinning back toward the open ocean with it.

Men of the Municipal Life-Saving Station and of the United States Volunteer Life-Saving Corps plunged from the beach and raced to deep water to help the flustered swimmers. Other bathers helped persons in difficulty nearer shore.

For the most part the swimmers reached the beach little the worse for their sudden experience. Four required rescue, and of these two were saved by Mike Carris, life-saver by day and a Manhattan supper Club doorman at night. Carris has saved more than 100 persons at Coney Island in his years of work there.

Well out from the shore he caught Jonas I. Dubenstein, 65 years old, of 3,024 Ocean Parkway, and a man who first said that he was William Klein of 252 South Third Street, Brooklyn, and then said he was David Schaffner of 9 Oak Street, Manhattan. Carris had a hard struggle before he brought them in. He turned them over to Dr. Messer of the Coney Island Hospital. They were treated and went home.

Other guards brought to shore Reuben Seigel, 55 years old, of 2,047 Eighty-first Street, Brooklyn, and Ethel Yonover, 13 years old, of 3,027 East Third Street, Brighton Beach. Dr. Gabers of Coney Island Hospital attended them.

The wave broke without warning out of comparative calm. It is believed to have been piled up at sea by a sudden squall.

A checkup at Hammonton, N. J., of the damage in South Jersey by Thursday's storm showed the loss about $250,000. A church was struck by lightning at Folsom, N. J., but firemen saved it. A wind wrought damage at Riverside and hundreds of telephone poles and fruit trees were leveled. Damage at Moorestown was estimated at $50,000.

shifting his ground. "Can we have the rest of the day to draft them?"

"I would not say—" Judge Raulston began.

"If your Honor takes half a day to write an opinion—" began Mr. Darrow, but the Judge interrupted:

"I have not taken—"

"We want to make statements here of what we expect to prove," said Mr. Darrow. "I do not understand why every request of the State and every suggestion of the prosecution should meet with an endless extension of time, and a tare suggestion of anything that is perfectly competent on our part should be immediately overruled."

"I hope you do not seem to reflect upon the Court," declared Judge Raulston, whose ministerial calm of manner was beginning to be a bit ruffled.

"Well, your Honor has the right to hope," grimly replied Darrow.

"I have a right to do something else perhaps," suggested Judge Raulston.

"All right, all right," said Mr. Darrow, facing the Judge squarely, and waiting, but there was no reply and that ended the incident.

Hays Protests an Ruling.

Judge Raulston read his opinion denying the defense the right to put in its case for evolution as soon as court opened. That left Mr. Darrow with nothing to do but to argue, for Mr. Scopes will not be put on the stand, and there is no other case the defense can present. As soon as the opinion was finished Arthur Garfield Hays rose to protest heatedly.

"It is contrary to every element of Anglo-Saxon procedure and jurisprudence to refuse to permit evidence as to what evolution is and what it means, what the Bible is and what it means," he said. "I take my exception on the further ground that for the Court of Rhea County to try to determine whether or not this law is unreasonable without informing itself by evidence assumes plenary knowledge on a subject which has been studied by scientists for generations."

Mr. Hays's vehemence brought an objection from Attorney General Stewart, who said he protested against exceptions made in such a manner.

"Such a procedure as that is unknown to the laws of Tennessee," he said, "and I except to the manner in which the counsel for the defense excepts to the Court's ruling. I think it is a reflection upon the Court."

"Well, it won't hurt this Court," said Judge Raulston.

"I think there is no danger of it hurting the Court, for that matter," said Mr. Stewart.

"There is no danger of it hurting us," said Mr. Darrow in a low growl, and Mr. Stewart turned with a laugh to reply:

"No, you are already hurt as much as you can be hurt."

Offers to Explain "Descent."

"Don't worry about us," retorted Mr. Darrow, rising. "The State of Tennessee doesn't rule the world yet. With the hope of enlightening the Court as a whole I want to say that the scientists probably will not correct the words 'descent of man' [referring to a suggestion in Judge Raulston's opinion] and I want to explain what descent means, as starting with a low form of life and finally reaching man."

"We all have dictionaries," exclaimed Mr. Stewart.

"I don't think the Court has one," said Mr. Darrow dryly. "We will submit your Honor's request to the Association of Scientists."

"I think the Court understands something as well as the scientists," said Judge Raulston.

"May I respectfully move," suggested Mr. Hays, "if the Court regards this question as one of law for the Court, and if the Court believes that the question as to whether or not this law is unreasonable is wholly one for the Court, that the Court hear evidence in order to inform itself on that question, in the presence of the Court only and the absence of the jury?"

"They are entitled to have entered of record the substance of what they expect to prove," said Mr. Stewart. "We do not question that. I make no question as to that, but then, of course, they have no right to examine witnesses and conduct a long-drawn-out examination and make a farce of your Honor's opinion. They are entitled to have sufficient in the record to enable the Supreme Court to pass upon the proposition, and in my opinion a sufficient amount of which is already in the record."

Had Six Scientists Ready.

"How many branches of science have you represented here by witnesses?" the Court asked.

"About six," replied Mr. Hays. "As I interpret your opinion it does not cover this proposition. The Court still has to charge the jury and the Court still has to pass on questions of law. We wish to raise, not only before your Honor, but before your higher courts, our proposition that this law is unreasonable. If your Honor will permit me to give an example. Suppose the Legislature passed a law prohibiting workmen from working more than six hours in a paint factory. The Court would declare that law unconstitutional. But in doing that the Court would find out the effect of working more than six hours, and if the work was deleterious to the health of the workmen then the Court would hold such law constitutional."

"Let me state what I have in mind," said the Judge. "I think you are entitled to have in the record a sufficient amount of your proof to indicate to the Appellate Court, in case of conviction here, what your proof would have been. I think you have a right to introduce that proof, that is, under such limitations as the Court may prescribe, and let it be written in the record in the absence of the jury, and I meant all the time for you to do that."

Wants to Convert the Judge.

"I would like to state further," continued Mr. Hays, "if I can prevail upon you to do so, I understand the rule is that we can put in the evidence in that fashion in order that we may make a record for the Appellate Court, but we not only want to do it for that reason, but we feel we have a right to argue before the Court and the Court will hear us upon the question whether or not this law is reasonable.

"General Stewart says that that motion has been denied. That is true but I hope the Court will hear this with an open mind and we want to introduce the evidence and ask that the Court take that evidence and inform itself and should the Court come to a different conclusion, and we hope to persuade the Court that this law is unreasonable, we ask the Court to permit us to put on evidence for the sole purpose of informing the Court so you can determine after evidence whether or not this law is unreasonable. I regard that as so important you will permit me to again refer my Copernican illustration which has seemed to be so humorous to the Court in general—your Honor knows there are people in the United States who would like to enforce on the people of the United States laws to the effect that nothing could be taught contrary to the theory that the planets move around the earth and that the earth is the centre of the universe and I have learned of them in the hill country back of Dayton. In my judgment if you permit us to offer the evidence your Honor will come to the same conclusion on evolution that you have come to on the question of the Copernican theory, and I ask that it be put in as evidence in this case in order to inform this Court and give us an opportunity to show whether that law is reasonable or not. Your Honor told me yesterday that your Honor would hear us with an open mind."

Ready to Reverse Rulings.

"I am going to let you introduce evidence and I will sit here and hear you and if that evidence were to convince me that I was in error I would, of course, reverse myself," said the Court.

"That is true. I know you would do that," added Mr. Hays.

"You can introduce evidence for the other purpose," said the Judge, "and I will hear it and I never hesitate to reverse myself if I find myself in error."

"That being so I think your Honor ought to permit us to enter the evidence for both purposes."

"It looks like we are quibbling over a matter really without a difference," commented the Court.

"If that is so won't your Honor give me that privilege?" pleaded Mr. Hays.

Attorney General Stewart charged that the defense was merely attempting to put their witnesses on the stand so that their testimony would be carried in the newspapers and used as part of a national campaign of education in behalf of evolution, after Mr. Malone demanded that Mr. Stewart withdraw a remark that the purpose of the defense was to make a farce of the Judge's opinion.

"We haven't really provided any low comedy here so far," said Mr. Malone.

Stewart Sees Plot to Put Over Ideas.

"I will be glad to withdraw that and supplement it with this remark which you will not deny," said Mr. Stewart. "It is a known fact that the defense consider this a campaign of education to get before the people their ideas of evolution and scientific principles. This case has the aspect of novelty and therefore has been sensationalized by the newspapers and of course these gentlemen want to take advantage of that opportunity. I don't want to make any accusations that they are improperly taking advantage of it; they are lawyers and they have these ideas and it is an opportunity to begin a campaign of education for their ideas and theories of evolution and of scientific principles, and I take it that that will not be disputed, and all I ask, if the Court please, is that we not go beyond the pale of the law in making this investigation and that we and that they not forget ourselves to the extent that we go beyond the pale of the law.

"Our practice, if the Court please, has been in matters of this sort to let the substance of the evidence be stated by one of the attorneys and let it be placed on the record in affidavit form, and I think that would be much better and would expedite the trial of this case, and I would much prefer that that course be taken. If witnesses are put on the stand, as your Honor knows, a lawyer would ask a thousand questions that are not relevant, and if we do that we go beyond the pale of the investigation, and I respectfully ask your Honor to confine this to the subject of that particular theory that is involved in the act and that no more be permitted.

"They say they have here six branches of science. I don't care how many branches they have, there is only one that is pertinent to this case, only one theory, and that is the theory of evolution, which teaches that man is descended from a lower order of animals, and if they want something for the higher courts to look at to support that theory, let that be put in the substance."

"That is what I am willing to do," said Mr. Malone.

"Let them put it in substance, in affidavit form," said Mr. Stewart, "and not take up our time in the trial of the case. I don't object to your testimony or affidavits being presented."

Malone Replies to Stewart.

"I just want to make this statement for the purpose of the record," put in Mr. Malone, "that the defense is not engaged in a campaign of education, although the way the defense has handled the case has probably been of educational value. We represent no organization, nor organizations, for the purpose of education. Your Honor knows that everything the Court says not only goes out to the world through the newspapers but through the radio, and it is difficult for a court these days to exclude a jury from what is going on in the court room, because it would be difficult for a juror to go anywhere in the utmost privacy and not hear what's going on, so the rules would have to be changed to meet the advance of science. If the defense is representing anything it is merely representing the attempt to meet the campaign of propaganda which was begun by a distinguished member of the prosecution."

Mr. Bryan then entered the discussion to bring up the subject of cross-examination.

"Well, Mr. Bryan, I will say I think the Court would make itself absurd, after the Court has passed upon the question, to say he will hear testimony whether or not he was right in his former decision," said Judge Raulston. "I want this proof put into the record. I think they are entitled to some of it under the limitations the Court may prescribe. If after hearing this proof I shall conclude my former decision was erroneous and wasteful, I would not hesitate to set it aside, but I cannot incline to set it aside in the beginning and say I will have proof to determine whether or not I will set my opinion aside."

Mr. Bryan asked again if the State would be permitted to cross-examine such witnesses and Judge Raulston said it would. That roused Mr. Darrow again and he came to his feet, hopping mad, his voice ringing out, as he cried:

"They have no more right to cross-examine than to bring in the jury to hear this issue. We want to submit what we want to prove. That is all we want to do. If that will not enlighten the Court, cross-examination of Mr. Bryan will not enlighten the Court.

Wants It in Record for Appeal.

"Counsel well knows what the judgment and verdict in this case will be. We have a right to present our case to another court and that is all we are after. And they have no right whatever to cross-examine any witness when we are offering to show what we expect to prove.

"Colonel, what is the purpose of cross-examination?" asked Judge Raulston, giving Mr. Darrow the title he conferred on him early in the trial.

"The purpose of cross-examination is to be used on the trial," said Mr. Darrow.

"Well, isn't it an effort to ascertain the truth," asked the Court.

"No it is an effort to show prejudice," snapped Mr. Darrow. "Nothing else. Has there been any effort to ascertain the truth in this case? Why not bring in the jury and let us prove it?"

"Courts are a mockery—," began Judge Raulston.

Mr. Darrow interrupted to say quickly: "They are often that, your Honor."

"—when they permit cross-examination for the purpose of creating prejudice," continued the Court.

"I submit, your Honor," said Mr. Darrow, "there is no sort of question that they are entitled to cross-examine, that all this evidence is to show what we expect to prove and nothing else and can be nothing else."

"I will say this," said Judge Raulston, "if the defense wants to put their proof in the records in the forms of affidavits, of course they can do that. If they put the witnesses on the stand, the State desires to cross-examine them. I shall expect them to do so."

Then came the tiff between Mr. Darrow and Judge Raulston, in which contempt was hinted at, and when it was over Mr. Bryan said in surprise:

"Do I understand that the defense has decided to put on no witness, but simply to present affidavits?"

"That it is, to present a statement," said Mr. Darrow.

"And no cross-examination," signed Mr. Bryan. "I understood they were to present witnesses and we were to have a right to cross-examine."

"You wouldn't have a right to cross-examine if we put on witnesses for the purpose of knowing what we expect to prove," said Mr. Darrow.

"The Court has held he has," broke in Attorney-General Stewart. "We are conducting this case as the Court directs."

So far," Mr. Darrow answered, his chin drooped, staring at his young opponent.

"So long as it continues, I hope," retorted Mr. Stewart smiling.

"Then are we entitled to go on in the form of affidavits?" persisted Mr. Bryan. "Would we have a right to produce any rebuttal? Not for this court, but an upper court. Is it to be a one-sided trial in the upper court and will the upper court have nothing before it except the expert statements of the defendants? Or will the plaintiff be entitled to put in, in the form of affidavits, its proof in rebuttal of what is promised or expected by the defendant?"

Darrow Calls Bryan Rusty.

"Mr. Bryan is naturally a little rusty in practice," suggested Mr. Darrow. "Of course the plaintiff has no such right. The question is, is it admissible now? After it has been heard, the State can introduce its rebuttal, but the question is, is this evidence which we offer admissible now? And as long as the Court has held it is not, we are expected to state what we will show.

"I rather think Colonel Darrow is correct," said the Court. "The State's theory is that none of this proof is relevant to the issues, and I have excluded their evidence, holding that under the issues made up under the statute it is not relevant. Now the only purpose the Court would have in allowing them to put their testimony in the record would be that the higher courts might properly determine whether this court was in error or not in excluding their testimony. If the court there decides that evidence was admissible, then it would not be a question there to determine which theory was correct. But the Appellate Court, independent of any number of affidavits you would put in, would not attempt to pass upon the facts. But if they found that this court had erred in excluding this expert testimony the case would be sent back, so I think you would not be entitled to put in any rebuttal proof, would be my conception."

Judge Raulston then precipitated another row by his seeming reluctance to permit the defense time to prepare affidavits.

"When it comes to taking the whole day to prepare affidavits I hate to lose the time," he said. "Colonel Darrow is certainly laboring under a mistake when he says the Court has ever taken a day to prepare an opinion. I read an opinion the other day. The Court waited from 1:30 to 3:30—the forenoon, about five hours, perhaps. It did take time, yes, I believe that is correct."

"Your Honor needed that time," put in Mr. Stewart, coming to his assistance.

"I want to ask if it is unreasonable for me to ask for the rest of the day to prepare the statements," asked Mr. Darrow sarcastically.

"I don't know," said the Court.

"I ought to know," replied Mr. Darrow, emphatically.

"Do you think you need the time?" asked Judge Raulston.

"I do need it, your Honor."

"You would know better than I," said the Judge.

There was some further colloquy as to whether the statements should be read into the record or filed and Mr. Darrow objected that he wanted to dictate it from the statements of his witnesses.

Insists He Wants to Be Fair.

"Regardless of the opinion of counsel," said the Judge, "I have no purpose except to be fair. But if it takes the day to do it, why, of course; but I hate to lose the time; but justice is more important than time."

Attorney General Stewart suggested that he be given the afternoon in which to sum up, but it was finally agreed as counsel were tired an adjournment would be taken until Monday morning and the jury could go home and rest, as Mr. McKenzie said. The jury has been the most out of luck persons in the case. They were eager, apparently, to sit in this trial, but the week that it has lasted they have been in the court room only three hours. They have been worn out walking up and down the streets, or sitting on the Court House lawn listening to the proceedings over the loud speaker—at least some of them have been seen there.

The reading of the statements by the defense will take all Monday morning. The defense expects to take four hours to sum up, and if the prosecution is limited to the same time the case should go to the jury early Tuesday afternoon. Young John Thomas Scopes is already hunting up his fine of $500 which he expects to pay.

FRATERNITY FOR EVOLUTION.

Gamma Eta Kappa Convention Denounces Anti-Science Laws.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 17.—Four hundred delegates attending the annual convention here of the Gamma Eta Kappa Fraternity, including graduates of leading universities, today adopted a resolution opposing State or other legislation prohibiting the teaching of evolution, or any branch of science in the public schools.

Prominent members of the society, which has 5,200 members and is commonly known as the "Geks," were outspoken in their condemnation of the Tennessee Anti-Evolution law and ridiculed the Scopes trial.

"It is foolish to give the Scopes trial any consideration," said A. W. Hiscoe, past President of the Philadelphia Chapter and a graduate of Harvard.

"It is absurd to attempt to argue a teacher's right to inculcate in his students the customary facts of science. The little town of Dayton, however, should be grateful to Bryan for leaving Miami and giving a boom to Dayton free of charge.

"The public will learn but little from the trial. Scientific knowledge is not obtained from the oily orations of a legal champion of criminals nor from the amateur interpretations of a political has-been. Such questions are for the classroom and laboratory.

"Newspaper reports from Dayton should not be overlooked, but should be given such interest as we give stage comedies."

James Macbeth Jr. of Carnegie Tech, President of the Pittsburgh Chapter, said that "Bryan and other Fundamentalists are but faint duplicates of their static-minded prototypes. Both Galileo and Copernicus, to whom every astronomer is indebted, had to contend with a host of Bryans in their day."

ASKS BISHOPS FOR RULING.

Memphis Lawyer Calls on Methodist Board for Opinion on Evolution

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTON, Tenn., July 17.—Robert S. Keebler, a lawyer of Memphis, a graduate of Harvard, who was made an associate today of counsel for the defense in the Scopes trial, has been waiting for two weeks, he said this afternoon, for an answer to a letter to the Board of Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church asking whether belief in the theory of evolution is "compatible with Methodism."

Mr. Keebler, who has been a member of the Board of Stewards of St. John's Methodist Church of Memphis, and a teacher of a Bible class there, delivered an address before the Memphis Bar Association recently and asserted that the anti-evolution law was unconstitutional and that no scientist believed in the "literal inerrancy of the Bible." The speech was expunged from the association's record.

"It has been two weeks since I wrote the letter," he said today, "but I have received no answer. Many other liberal-minded church-going persons in Memphis are awaiting an answer to that letter. My case is typical of many young, earnest and insistent seekers after truth. The Church must answer to many all over the State, and the question will become more and more insistent."

SAYS EARTH IS BILLIONARIAN

Prof. Eitel Estimates Its Age at 1,200,000,000 Years.

KOENIGSBERG, Germany, July 17 (AP).—The approximate age of the earth, in the opinion of Professor Wilhelm Eitel, is 1,100,000,000 to 1,200,000,000 years.

An account of his investigations, just published here, shows he arrived at these figures through calculation of the radioactivity of various strata of earth, using pre-Cambrian stone foundations as representing the oldest known mineralogical deposits.

BRYAN NOW REGRETS BARRING OF EXPERTS

Says He Would Welcome Evidence, but That the Law Had to Be Obeyed.

DARROW TURNS ON HIM

Declares Commoner Did Not Dare to Test His Views in Court Against Scientists.

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTON, Tenn., July 17.—William Jennings Bryan made a statement after Court adjourned today that he was disappointed that the defense witnesses were not permitted to testify before the jury, but that the Tennessee law had to be obeyed. Clarence Darrow replied that Mr. Bryan had done everything in his power to prevent any discussion on evolution and the Bible, and Dudley Field Malone said that nothing which had taken place during the trial had surprised him.

Mr. Bryan's statement reads:

"Personally, I am anxious to see the fullest discussion of the subject of evolution, but I cannot ignore the laws of the State of Tennessee relative to the introduction of evidence.

"The decision of the Court could hardly have been otherwise under the law in this State. It is so plain that the Judge could not have ignored it even if he had wanted to.

"It did not indicate a disposition on the part of the Judge or counsel for the State to avoid a discussion of evolution, but the Court could not act as a mock court or debating society.

"Suits are tried by evidence and the laws of evidence excluded such expert testimony intended to dispute the letter of the statute or prove the law unwise."

Darrow Replies to Bryan.

Mr. Darrow's statement was as follows:

"The attitude of Mr. Bryan and the prosecution throughout the past week has shown the country that Bryan has done everything in his power to prevent any discussion in court of the subject of evolution and the Bible. Bryan knows perfectly well that the Court would not have ruled out the scientific testimony if Bryan had not opposed its admission.

"Bryan is willing to express his opinions on science and religion where his statements will not be questioned, but Bryan has not dared to test his views in open court under oath in contest with the testimony of great educators and scientists.

"Bryan made the issue and then when he found that no reputable scientist and no preeminent theologian could be found to support his views in a court of justice, Bryan fled from the issue and sought the protection of technicalities. Bryan, who blew the loud trumpet calling for a 'battle to the death,' has fled from the field, his forces disorganized and his pretensions exposed."

Malone Criticises Procedure.

Mr. Malone said:

"Since the beginning of this case hardly any motion made by the defense on any subject, except the motion to adjourn today, has been granted by the Court. We began the trial on the theory that it was to be a trial of a criminal case before a Court and jury. But because of the constant objections of the prosecution to the attempts of the defense to lay any of the facts before the jury, the jury throughout the presentation of the case has only been in the room about three hours in a week. The rest of the time the jury has been compelled to hear the case through the newspapers, the loud speakers and the radio. Science has taken an unfair advantage of outworn judicial procedure.

"Nothing has happened, however, throughout the trial and nothing will happen by the time the trial is over which will be a surprise to the defense. Our highest anticipations of procedure have been realized."

DR. RAPPELYEA IS ARRESTED.

But Trial for Speeding Is Delayed "Until All This Gang Is Gone."

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTON, Tenn., July 17.—Dayton has become tired of publicity. Dr. George W. Rappelyea, who helped "put the town on the map" by conceiving the idea for the evolution trial, but who has since been regarded as more or less undesirable because he asserted publicly he believed in evolution, now contends he is being persecuted.

Dr. Rappelyea was arrested last night for the third time within a week for speeding and parking. His hearing was to have been held today, but when the Town Commissioners heard reporters were coming to the trial they instructed Recorder C. D. Sanborn to adjourn the hearing for ten days, "until all this gang is gone."

Dr. Rappelyea insisted on a hearing this afternoon, but Recorder Sanborn declared he "was too busy" to hold it.

PRINCETON TEACHERS SIT AND WITH SCOPES

Professor Corwin Holds Tennessee Law Is Void—Dr. Scott Calls Bryan 'Ignoramus.'

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., July 17.—Belief that the Tennessee law forbidding the teaching of any doctrine conflicting with Genesis is unconstitutional, not only under the Constitution of the United States but also under that of Tennessee, was expressed here tonight by Professor Edward Samuel Corwin, McCormick Professor of Jurisprudence at Princeton University and an authority on constitutional law.

Dr. Corwin based his case on Section 12 of Article XI of the Tennessee Constitution, which states that since knowledge, learning and virtue are essential to the preservation of republican institutions and to the diffusion of the opportunities and advantages of education, it shall be the duty of the General Assembly to cherish literature and science in all future periods of the Government. He believes the present anti-evolution law was enacted contrary to the constitutional mandate to cherish science.

The professor also holds that the Tennessee statute is unconstitutional under the Fourteenth Amendment of the Federal Constitution, which provides that there shall be no deprivation of life, liberty and property without due process of law.

"It is generally recognized," said Professor Corwin, "that the due process clause protects freedom of speech. There is no question that a State can dictate what shall be taught in its public schools and can discharge those of its teachers who do not adhere to its dictation. But it seems doubtful that a State can punish a teacher for teaching what he believes to be the truth if public safety or morals are not threatened thereby.

"The Tennessee law is void so far as controlling private schools. I believe that public school teachers as individuals have the same freedom of utterance as teachers in private schools and cannot be penalized, although they can be discharged."

Replying to a question as to the effect of the trial upon education, Professor Corwin replied that a sharply drawn issue was never conducive to progress.

"Looking with contempt upon the intellect of an opponent is not the most rapid way to progress, for then one arouses the obstinate pride rather than the reason of the opposition," he said. "I cannot help but feel, however, that the realization by many parts of the South that there are two sides to the question will result in much good."

Stating that the theory of evolution was as neutral to religion as the law of gravitation, Professor William Berryman Scott, head of the Department of Geology at Princeton, said the Bible was written by untrained observers and was by no means a scientific textbook, adding that the story of creation was allegorical.

"Shall we refuse to admit that the world is round because the Bible teaches that it is flat?" asked Dr. Scott.

Characterizing William J. Bryan as "an ignoramus, a reactionary and a hidebound Tory," Dr. Scott said the Dayton trial would not affect scientific progress.

"Only two questions should face the Court," he said: "Did Scopes violate the State law, and is the statute constitutional? Neither of these is of scientific interest."

Professor Scott defined the theory of evolution as the derivation of all forms of life from simpler antecedents. "The question is, Is man any exception to the rule? Scientists have no reason to think that he is," he added.

SEEKS BRYAN-DARROW DEBATE

Asbury Park Mayor Invites Them to Discuss Evolution.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 17.—An invitation to debate on evolution has been extended by Mayor C. Z. F. Heitrick of this city to Clarence Darrow and William Jennings Bryan. In the telegram which was sent to each of them the date was left open.

It is said here that if the invitations were accepted the debate would be held in the Beach Casino.

DRY SPEEDING IS DELAYED

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTON, Tenn., July 17.—William Jennings Bryan and Clarence Darrow said tonight they would not accept Mayor Hetrick's invitation to debate evolution at Asbury Park.

"I do not debate with anybody and will not make an exception in this instance," said Mr. Bryan. "Further, I have no time, and I would not under any circumstances have a meeting other than a public one, where no admission would be charged, to speak on this subject."

Seek Copy of Governor's Message.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 17 (AP).—Frank McElwee, associate counsel for defense of John T. Scopes, came to Nashville today to obtain a certified copy of Governor Austin Peay's message to the General Assembly which accompanied the approved bill barring the teaching of evolution in the public schools. Mr. McElwee said the defense would use the transcript as an exhibit in the record on appeal of the case.

DAY OF SAMARITANS STILL HERE, HE FINDS

"Happy Butz" Tramps From Newark to Cincinnati and Back to Discover Fate of Traveler.

WAS HELD UP NINE TIMES

But Had No Money—Bootleggers Offered Him 342 Drinks and He Got Only 57 Cups of Coffee.

The thieves who prey on travelers and the Good Samaritans who bind up the travelers' wounds exist today in the United States as they did centuries ago on the road from Jerusalem to Jericho. This was the major finding of Harry W. Butz, draftsman and evangelist, who tramped from Newark to Cincinnati and return to find out what a wanderer might expect when, penniless, hungry and footsore, he applied for food, shelter and help.

Mr. Butz, or as he prefers to be called "Happy Butzy," ended his trip last night and at his home at 606 North Seventh Street gave an account of his trip of fifty-two days.

Not once but often, Mr. Butz said, the parable of the man who journeyed from Jerusalem to Jericho and fell among thieves and was later succored by the Good Samaritan, was enacted in reality in his wanderings through the green fields of Virginia, over the mountains of Pennsylvania and across Ohio.

Not only did he encounter thieves but he also met bootleggers, charitable and uncharitable motorists and social organizations. Of the last named, he said twenty refused to aid him when he applied and only one offered him help of any kind. Distributing tracts as he went, Mr. Butz tramped 1,060 miles of his journey and rode the balance of the way on automobiles and trucks. He left home on April 26 without a penny in his pockets.

Nine times he was held up, but he had nothing to deliver to the highwaymen. Three of them turned round and gave him money and all the others offered to take him in as a partner in their "business."

He received offers of employment from a dozen bootleggers and no less than 342 drinks of what purported to be whisky were offered him. Fifty-seven cups of coffee were given to him. The ratio of offers of whisky and coffee were as six to one.

His route carried him through Philadelphia, Pa.; Wilmington, Del.; Baltimore, Md.; Washington, D. C.; Cumberland, Md.; Pittsburgh, Wheeling and Dayton to Cincinnati, returning by way of Chillicothe and Washington Court House, Ohio; Parkersburg, W. Va.; Cumberland, Baltimore and Philadelphia.

Five times on the way, he said, he lay down on the roadside as if he had been injured. Then he counted the automobiles as they sped by. In all, 232 machines did what the Levite did in the parable of the Good Samaritan. They "passed on on the other side." Only one machine in each fifty stopped and offered to bind up his wounds.

Hard times were complained of by 437 working men he encountered on his trip. They were on the road, they told him, because they could not find work.

After all his experiences Mr. Butz said that he was convinced that man's inhumanity to man had not changed very much since the day of the Good Samaritan.

PSYCHOANALISTS ACCUSED.

British Medical Association Objects to Their Teachings.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 17.—Grave charges against British practitioners of psychoanalysis were made at today's meeting of the British Medical Association. The matter came up on a resolution supported by 500 members of the association.

The basis of the criticism was the teachings of certain psychoanalysts, who held that the only thing which mattered in life was sex. Specific instances were given where psychoanalysts imparted sex knowledge to young women and even to one neurotic girl of thirteen.

Another allegation concerned a psychoanalytical school, supported by a well-known London consultant, where boys and girls were encouraged to exercise and bathe together in a state of nature, and even the 13-year-old daughter of a casual visitor was persuaded by the headmaster to join in this "nature bathing."

The doctors supporting these allegations declared that High Court Judges were accurate in considering the situation, but that medical men should reform their own house before it was reformed from the outside.

EVOLUTION ISSUE IN INDIANA

High School Principal Raises Point Over His Discharge.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 17 (AP).—Whether evolution can be taught in the public schools of Indiana, which are under the jurisdiction of Township Trustees, was raised today by Ralph H. Deen, former Principal of the Oriole High School, Perry County, who has taken up his discharge with the State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Deen submits that he merely taught evolution as it is contained in a textbook adopted by the State Board in 1920. He says that A. V. Doops, Trustee of Oil Township, took exception to the teaching.

Dr. Henry N. Sherwood, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, declared that so far as the State Department is concerned it can offer no relief for Deen, as Township Trustees may dismiss teachers whenever they see fit.

Trustee Doops denies the question of evolution was involved in the dismissal and said he had offered the Principal a lower salary and that Deen declined to accept it.

Hays to Lecture on Scopes Trial.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., July 17.—Arthur Garfield Hays, member of the defense counsel in the evolution trial at Dayton, Tenn., will give a public lecture on the events and personalities of the case when he returns to New Rochelle some time in August, Robert Bolton, Executive Secretary of the People's Forum, announced today the receipt of a telegram from Hays agreeing to give the lecture. He will speak in the auditorium of Owls' hall. The date of his lecture has not yet been set, Bolton said.

AUTHOR OF THE LAW SURPRISED AT FUSS

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

thing and could eat a bone as good as a doctor."

Mr. Butler has had four years of schooling and is deaf. Despite that defect there is nothing of the bigot in his manner. He speaks quietly, with simplicity and without the suggestion that he considers his belief in the Bible the only creditable belief. Instead, his manner suggests that he had considered his belief the one held by all "right-thinking" men and that it had never occurred to him there could be many who were not "right thinking."

"I never had any idea," he continued, "my bill would make a fuss. I just thought it would become a law and that everybody would abide by it and that we wouldn't hear any more of evolution in Tennessee."

Safe in West, Pays Own Way East to Face Old Charges

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 17.—Declaring that his conscience had forced him to surrender, William J. Flanigan, 30 years old, a former member of the Atlantic City Police Department, wanted since March 30, 1923, on charges of wife desertion and passing fraudulent checks, gave himself up here today after having paid his own way back from Seattle, Wash.

According to Prosecutor Louis Repetto, Flanigan was safe from arrest in Seattle. The prosecutor said Flanigan had written to him some time ago and had offered to surrender if the county authorities would pay his transportation back, but that the offer had been refused on the ground that the expense was not justified by the nature of the charge.

YOUTH'S 'JOKE' KILLS NEW YORK PROFESSOR

Carmelia Toussaint of City College Victim of Bullet Discharged in Sport.

Special to The New York Times.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., July 17.—Professor Carmelia Toussaint of Jersey City, who was accidentally shot last Sunday afternoon near the Pines Hotel on Friends Lake, died this morning in the Glens Falls Hospital. He was professor of mathematics in the College of the City of New York.

Professor Toussaint, who had been shooting at a target, laid down the gun and returned to the hotel. A youth, who was stopping at the hotel and whose names has been withheld by the authorities, picked up the gun, and, seeing the professor on the porch, aimed the gun at him with the command, "Throw up your hands!"

According to District Attorney Beckwith, this was done in a playful way. Professor Toussaint told the youth to put the gun down, with the admonition that it might be loaded.

The young man kept the professor covered and, as he drew near, pressed the gun against his body. Professor Toussaint pushed the weapon aside and in doing so discharged it, the bullet striking him in the abdomen.

The body was taken to Jersey City this afternoon, accompanied by his mother, Mrs. Adaline Toussaint, and his brother, Alfred Toussaint, who had been here since Sunday night.

OFFERS HIMSELF TO DIE IN THE ELECTRIC CHAIR

Ex-Convict, Dying of Bright's Disease, Suggests Public Execution in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—G. P. McGraws, an ex-convict, said to be dying of Bright's disease, has offered himself as the first victim of the electric chair in the District of Columbia as an object lesson against capital punishment. The offer was made in behalf of Mr. McGraws by E. E. Dudding, President of the Prisoners' Relief Society, to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

By a recent act of Congress the electric chair was substituted for hanging as the mode of execution in the Federal District, but no one has yet been put to death by this method.

Mr. Dudding, in a letter to the District Commissioners, says that Mr. McGraws was convicted of murder in Ohio twenty years ago, but was granted a new trial and freed. Under an assumed name, Mr. McGraws, the letter says, came to Washington and obtained employment in the Government service. He was retired a few years ago. His son was killed in France in the World War, according to Mr. Dudding's letter, and he has no relatives. Mr. McGraws is in the last stages of Bright's disease, Mr. Dudding's letter says, and it is added:

"I don't see how he can live more than a week."

Mr. McGraws, the letter says, is living in an apartment here under a name which Mr. Dudding refuses to reveal unless the request is granted. It is suggested by Mr. Dudding that there be a public execution, and he [Mr. Dudding] offers to "turn on the current." In the opinion of Mr. Dudding a public execution will compel the public to think "it's all wrong to execute people."

STANDS BY FILIBUSTERS.

Borah Tells Idaho Farmers Not to Worry Over Dawes.

FILER, Idaho, July 17.—Comment regarding the stand taken by Vice President Dawes on Senate rules was made in an address by William E. Borah before about 3,000 farmers last night.

"Don't be worried about Vice President Dawes," the Senator declared. "When he launched his attack upon Senate rules he did not know very much about them, as he has several times since admitted."

Senator Borah eulogized the present rules and the filibuster, saying that no good measure was ever permanently killed by the filibuster, while many bad ones, once talked to death, had not been able to come back.

DARROW IN LIBERAL CHURCH

Denver Society Elects Scopes Defender an Honorary Member.

DENVER, Col., July 17 (AP).—Clarence Darrow was elected today to honorary membership in the Liberal Church of Denver because of the part he has played in the defense of John Thomas Scopes.

In electing the Chicago lawyer, the church went on record as "accepting" his "theory of Christianity." The church also sent Mr. Darrow a letter expressing hope that the Scopes trial would succeed in bringing about the early thoughts most dormant in many minds that imbued the foundation of progress in the American conscience."

2 BOYS AND A MAN SHOT IN GANG ROW

Victims Were in Street as Bullets Rained From Auto Which Sped Through Tenth Avenue.

CAR FOUND ABANDONED

Blood-Stained Handkerchief Leads Policemen to Believe That They Shot One Gunman.

Innocent onlookers at what was apparently an attempt of one band of west side gangsters to shoot up another faction, a man and two small boys were wounded last night when four men drove through Tenth Avenue in the vicinity of Thirty-fourth Street in a large automobile, shooting as they went.

Half a dozen policemen joined in the chase that followed for ten blocks, and was only abandoned when the automobile was found near Chelsea Park. A blood-stained handkerchief in the car led the police to believe that one of the occupants was wounded by a shot fired during the chase. A general alarm was sent out to all hospitals to be on the lookout for any man applying for treatment for a gunshot wound.

The boys who were injured were Tony Galasso, 7 years old, of 418 Tenth Avenue, and James Monganis, 4 years old, of 464 West Forty-first Street. They were both shot in the left ankle. Both were treated at the French Hospital and then taken to St. Mary's Hospital.

Peter Reilly, 45 years old, of 321 Tenth Avenue, who was nearing his home when the shots were fired, was struck in the right arm. He went home and called an ambulance surgeon from New York Hospital, Dr. Homeric, who treated him, reported the case to the police and detectives were sent to question Reilly. The latter convinced them that he was a victim and not a participant of the shooting.

The children were playing in front of the grocery store owned by Tony's father, when a large closed automobile in which four men were riding came north on Tenth Avenue. As the car neared the intersection of Thirty-fourth Street the men inside started shooting.

Policeman Gleason heard the shots and saw the car as it turned west on Thirty-fourth Street. He commandeered another car and followed. The car turned into Thirteenth Avenue and went south. Policeman Dobbin, on duty near the French Line piers, saw the fugitive machine and heard Gleason's shots. He emptied his revolver at the automobile, but lacking a car himself was unable to give chase. Gleason's car was outdistanced.

Policemen McCormick and Pirlbeck were near Chelsea Park when they saw the machine drive up and stop in front of 402 West Twenty-seventh Street. Four hatless men alighted and ran across the park. The policemen went to the car and found several hats and the bloodstained handkerchief.

The glass window was shattered by a bullet and other bullet marks were on the radiator and in one of the tires. The police have established the identity of the owner of the automobile. They say he was arrested recently.

WOMEN ASK ANTI-WAR LAWS

Business and Professional Clubs Also Favor a World Tribunal.

PORTLAND, Me., July 17 (AP).—Resolutions calling for the abolition of war and for adherence of the United States to a world arbitration tribunal were adopted today at the closing session of the seventh annual convention of the National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs. The resolution said in part:

"The National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs hereby reaffirm its conviction that we must establish 'law, not war' (1) by outlawing the use of aggressive war in the settlement of international disputes through declaring its use a crime under the law of nations, and (2) by requesting Congress to take early action toward establishing such a world tribunal as can substitute international adjudication for the arbitrament of arms."

Other resolutions adopted upon recommendation of the National Legislative Committee, of which Miss Mary Stewart of Washington, D. C., is Chairman, favored ratification of the

M'COOEY PRESAGES A TAMMANY FIGHT

Says He Still Sticks to Hylan Until Stronger Man Is Shown —Rendt Is With Him.

SMITH AND OLVANY AWAY

Leaders Will Return to City Tuesday—Meeting on Slate Expected the Last of Next Week.

John H. McCooey, the Democratic leader in Brooklyn, said last night that there had been no change in his attitude on the Mayoralty situation since he left this city a week ago.

The Brooklyn leader, who is spending a brief holiday with his family at the Maplewood Club, near Bretton Woods, N. H., is looked upon as holding the key to that situation, and as being in a position by merely throwing his influence one way or the other to determine whether Mayor Hylan shall or shall not receive a third term. The Mayor's hopes for a renomination are said to be based wholly on his belief that Mr. McCooey will stand by him to the end. With conferences to name the Democratic city slate scheduled for sometime next week, the other Democratic leaders in the city are anxiously awaiting the return of Mr. McCooey and further revelation of his attitude toward other candidates than the Mayor.

The last word from the Brooklyn leader before he left for the White Mountains was that he would stand with Mayor Hylan until some better candidate was presented. From what was said by Mr. McCooey last night over the telephone, only one inference could be drawn—that with the present list of candidates he was still waiting to "be shown" a stronger man than Hylan. Mr. McCooey utterly repudiated statements attributed to him to the effect that he would be for Hylan "first, last and all the time."

"I never said that," the Brooklyn leader stated with great emphasis. "I did say that I would stick to Hylan until they showed me a stronger man."

Hard Fight Indicated.

The statement of Mr. McCooey undoubtedly presages a fight in the conferences of Democratic leaders of the five boroughs which will choose the Mayoralty candidate. It left no doubt in the minds of politicians that it would require very convincing arguments to induce the Brooklyn leader to join in eliminating Mayor Hylan as a candidate, even though it is generally understood that Mr. McCooey does not entertain any strong personal affection for the Mayor.

Some politicians expressed the belief that any Brooklyn man of McCooey's own selection would answer the definition of a "stronger" man embodied in his pronunciamentos. Should McCooey hold out to the end for another Mayoralty candidate from his own borough, bitter conflict is bound to mark the conferences. All the plans of the anti-Hylan Democrats have been made with a view to having Manhattan supply the Mayoralty candidate, with second place—the Controllership—going to Brooklyn. Opponents of Mayor Hylan, commenting on what Mr. McCooey had said, declared last night they believed his statement had been issued for strategic purposes—to give him something to bargain with—and was not necessarily the Brooklyn leader's last word.

So far there are several Manhattan candidates in the field, but only one candidate from Brooklyn who would prove at all acceptable to the Manhattan Democrats. George V. McLaughlin, State Superintendent of Banks, who is a Brooklyn Democrat and an appointee of Governor Smith, it is believed might find favor with Tammany under the stress of necessity.

Whether Mr. McLaughlin would be the sort of man McCooey would want in the Mayor's office is quite another question. The State Superintendent of Banks has become known as a man of considerable independence, not apt to bow to the dictates of any political leader when they conflict with his own views.

Those Manhattan Democrats who believe the renomination of Mayor Hylan would spell defeat to the party have not abandoned hope of bringing Mr. McCooey in line for one of the Manhattan candidates whose names already have been mentioned for the nomination. They persisted last night in declaring their sure conviction that McCooey had been "won over" for the elimination of Mayor Hylan. The list of candidates includes such stalwart organization men as Supreme Court Justice Robert F. Wagner, Surrogate James A. Foley, Senator James J. Walker, Justice Victor F. Dowling of the Appellate Division, against whom they feel no objection can be raised.

Smith and Olvany Away.

Governor Smith left his suite at the Biltmore early yesterday. It was said at the hotel that he would not be back until Tuesday. His whereabouts was not disclosed. At Tammany Hall it was stated that George W. Olvany, the Tammany chieftain, would be away from the city until Tuesday, too. Mr. McCooey is expected back on Monday morning, but said last night his return might be deferred until Tuesday. It is believed the Mayoralty conferences probably will not begin until toward the end of the week.

David S. Rendt, the new Democratic leader in Richmond, informed Tammany leaders yesterday that the Democratic organization of Richmond would support stanchly any candidate agreed upon by the conferees, even though Mayor Hylan was its preference. Mr. Rendt said he would enter the conferences to fight for the Mayor's renomination.

"I will follow the leadership of McCooey, who, I believe, holds the key to the situation and has taken a correct view of the course to be pursued," Mr. Rendt said. "Mayor Hylan is entitled to the support of the Democrats in Richmond. He has been exceedingly fair to the organization in patronage and the borough has received many substantial benefits from his Administration."

PUBLIC NOTICES

One dollar an agate line.

WILL APPRECIATE GETTING IN TOUCH with any person who was witness to insults and abusive language used toward my wife in theatre, Broadway and 41st St., on night of July 4. Phone Mr. Brooks, Ashland 5939.

THOMAS SCHOFIELD, 19, FLEETWOOD Av., Bethel, Conn., would like to hear from friend, Gustave Hornshaw. To his interest.

BAKE'S GROCERY STORE, 170 GRAND St. Extension, Brooklyn, sold July 15, 1925.

Reward of $100 for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one reporting a fraudulent advertisement in The New York Times.

CANNOT SUE BANNON IN $23,000 JEWEL CASE

Court Refuses Insurance Co. Plea Involving Theft Charge Which Is Denied.

Supreme Court Justice Ingraham decided yesterday that Joseph D. Bannon, general circulation manager for the Hearst newspapers and President of the Newspaper and Mail Deliverers' Union of New York, cannot be made a defendant in a suit brought by Evelyn Kip Klein against the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company to recover $23,000 as the value of jewelry insured with the defendant, which she alleges was "forcibly, unlawfully and feloniously" stolen from her by Bannon on May 19 last.

The application to make Bannon a defendant was made by the insurance company through its attorney, Solomon J. Rosenblum, on the ground that he is alleged to have received the property, and that if the insurance company pays the loss it will have to look to him for the amount paid. An affidavit by Everard B. Hopwood, adjuster for the defendant, stated that after the suit was filed he called on Mr. Bannon at his office at 238 William Street, and that Mr. Bannon admitted taking the jewelry, but not in the manner alleged. The adjuster said that Bannon stated that he "took it because he saw her in company with some man from Argentina," and that he would "return the jewelry in his own way."

The affidavit by Hopwood stated that Mr. Bannon said if Miss Klein did not meet his demands he would take away all the jewelry he had given her, amounting to $80,000, but that if she would come to an agreement with him he would deliver the jewelry to Mr. Hopwood and it could be returned to Miss Klein. The adjuster said: "I did not deem it proper to lend myself to the fulfillment of the conditions."

The papers showed that the plaintiff insured her jewelry for a total of $74,650, and that the articles taken from her were an emerald and diamond ring valued at $22,000 and a star sapphire and diamond ring worth $1,000.

In an answering affidavit Bannon said that he is general circulation manager of "one of the largest newspapers in the world," and denied that he ever forcibly or unlawfully took the jewelry, but declared that it was "bought and paid for" by him, and that it was returned to him voluntarily. He denied making the statement attributed to him by the adjuster.

In refusing to make Bannon a party to the suit Justice Ingraham said that the contract was made between the plaintiff and the defendant, and that the liability of the insurance company is measured by the policy. It will have no rights against Bannon until after some payment has been made, the Court said.

THREE POLICEMEN JAILED.

Unable to Get $5,000 Bail Each in Bronx Extortion Case.

The three Bronx policemen, William J. Medden, member of the Special Service Division; Arthur Summerville, lieutenant of Police Reserves, and Ernest Jacobson, police reservist, arrested on Thursday for alleged extortion, were arraigned yesterday in the West Farms Police Court before Magistrate Albert Vitalie and held in $5,000 bail for examination July 20. In default of bail the three were sent to the Bronx County jail.

They were arraigned on short affidavits sworn to by Detective Thomas Thompson of the Westchester Station, charging extortion from Peter Rocco of 190 Soundview Avenue, formed licensed liquor dealer, who said the men demanded $100 of him and that he paid them $50. Both Assistant District Attorney Felix Dixon and William Thomas, attorney for the defense, had agreed earlier on a trial date in three weeks. When bail of $5,000 was set, Thomas protested that they could not raise the money and it would be unfair to keep his clients in jail three weeks. After July 20 had been agreed upon, Magistrate Vitalie said he thought the bail reasonable.

GOLFER SUES FOR LIBEL.

Tolley, a Bachelor, Settles With Paper Reporting His Divorce.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 17.—Cyril Tolley, the famous amateur golf player, brought a libel suit today against The Daily Sketch and Sunday Herald, Ltd., claiming damages for the publication of a report that he was recently divorced by his wife on the ground of misconduct with a woman in America.

Counsel for Mr. Tolley pointed out that the published statement, which has been repeated in America, was entirely devoid of foundation; that Mr. Tolley was a bachelor and that the report was calculated to do him considerable harm. The defendant paper, having recognized that a serious mistake had been made, published an apology. Mr. Tolley was prepared, said his attorney, to withdraw the suit and accept a sum of money paid into court. The Lord Chief Justice assented to this settlement.

ARMOUR ROBBER ON TRIAL.

Stole American's Money, Jewels and Passport in Geneva Two Years Ago.

Copyright, 1925, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VILLARS SUR OLLON, July 17.—Ogden Armour of Chicago was robbed of $1,050, valuable jewels and a passport at a Geneva hotel two years ago by a German, Richard Soyter, 32 years old, who for a similar offense has just completed a year's imprisonment in Lausanne.

He was brought to Geneva yesterday for the new trial. Soyter, on whom Mr. Armour's passport was found, confessed to the robbery and added that he spent the money and sold the jewels.

Soyter has served sentences in several European countries. He speaks several languages and was formerly an officer.

Joseph Breitbart Freed.

When the complainant said that alleged bad checks had been made good by friends of the defendant, Joseph Breitbart of 166 West Ninety-fourth Street, a so-called "strong man," but not Sigmund Breitbart, the original "strong man," was freed yesterday by Magistrate Louis Brodsky in west side court of a charge of petty larceny.

REFUSES TO PROBATE M'CLINTOCK'S WILL

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

twenty feet away, ready to intercede, ready to interfere."

In arguing for the defense, Mr. Kirkland began with an attack on Miss Pope, but was halted by the Court on objection from Healy. He then turned his attention to the signing of the will.

"Is it unusual to assume that McClintock had an estate, and that he, leaving for school, wanted his will made?" he asked.

He touched on the subject of the unequal distribution of the estate between Miss Pope and Shepherd.

"When you take into consideration the inheritance tax of nearly $400,000 and other fees," he said, "there is not such inequality of distribution as they would have you believe."

The will gave Miss Pope an annuity of $8,000.

USE ACID TO RUIN $100,000 CLOTHING

Armed Men Destroy Stock of Broadway Non-Union Suit Shop With Sulphuric Solution.

THREATEN EMPLOYES' LIVES

Police Detailed to Guard Garment Industries Against Raids by "Visiting Committees."

Special details of police were ordered yesterday by Deputy Chief Inspector Thomas M. Fay to patrol the garment industries section following the disclosure that six armed men, carrying bottles of sulphuric acid, Wednesday afternoon entered the non-union suit and overcoat shop of E. & R. Rosenberg at 808 Broadway, lined up ten employes and ruined with the acid, clothing valued by Reuben Rosenberg, head of the firm, at $60,000 to $100,000. They escaped north on Broadway in an automobile.

The depredations of this so-called "visiting committee" were carried out in a deliberate manner and with all the dispatch of professional criminals according to employes. Their methods mark a new departure from accepted union tactics in bringing non-union shops into line. Heretofore lead pipes wrapped in newspapers, harsh threats and possibly the theft of a few garments have been the outstanding acts of "visiting committees."

Wednesday, however, the "committee" seemed hand-picked. Each of the six men was husky, employes said, but they used pistols and sulphuric acid and avoided physical exertion.

The Rosenberg firm is said to be one of the largest manufacturers of men's clothing in the country. Their factory is in Philadelphia. At the Broadway shop they have on the third floor a large display room and finishing room where their products receive the final touches.

Employes Are Threatened.

Reuben Rosenberg had just gone out to luncheon when the armed men appeared. Miss Helen Cohen, telephone operator at work in an outer office, was the first employe the men encountered. Five of the men paid no attention to her, but one stopped at her side and, shifting a pistol from his hip pocket to his coat pocket, in which he let his hand remain, warned Miss Cohen to make no outcry and to ignore the switchboard for a while.

While he stood guard over her an express company messenger entered and asked the operator if there were anything for him. Miss Cohen replied calmly that there was nothing at that time, and asked him to come back later.

Meanwhile—the story comes from several of the employes—the other five men walked into the workroom, where nine employes, four of them women, were putting labels on finished garments. With drawn pistols the "committee" ordered the employes to line up against a wall and keep quiet. They were told they need not put up their hands, but warned that resistance would mean death.

Two of the men stood guard over the frightened workers while three gathered up the garments in the room and piled them upon a table. They produced bottles of sulphuric acid and poured quantities of it on the clothing. No employe was struck or injured. Apparently the visitors' actions were directed against the firm only.

After pouring acid on the clothing they again warned the employes to keep quiet and backed out. In the outer office they were joined by the man who had remained on guard and the six then ran down two flights of stairs to the automobile.

Employes rushed to the front windows in time, they said, to see the men speed northward.

As soon as the men started downstairs Miss Cohen notified the police by telephone and reserves and other policemen came on the run. They obtained fair descriptions of members of the "visiting committee" but had not made an arrest late yesterday.

One of Series of Depredations.

The police characterized the visit to the Rosenberg firm as the most thorough "job" of the kind since the series of "visiting committee" depredations started in the garment industry. On April 29 ten young men armed with lead pipe and blackjacks entered the cloak shop of Shanofsky & Stedman, at 35 East Broadway, felled one of the firm and an assistant foreman, held off twenty employes and destroyed materials and fixtures.

Another of the more serious visits to non-union shops was made on May 27 by a dozen men armed with lead pipes covered with newspapers. They attacked employes of three dress goods concerns in the building at 529 Eighth Avenue and created a panic that brought out police reserves.

The situation between the union and the non-union shops in the garment industry is said to be acute. The police patrol will be continued until there is some indication of improvement.

"These men have organized a strike in which I have no part," said Reuben Rosenberg yesterday. "We pay our employes good wages and they are satisfied with conditions under which they work. The unions, however, warn me that I must join them or suffer the penalty. This is not the first time an attempt has been made to make our firm suffer because we are not using union labor."

WITNESS HELD FOR PERJURY.

Fails to Identify Alleged Attacker of Non-Union Dress Workers.

Mrs. Sophie Lits, owner of the R. K. Dress Goods Company at 529 Eighth Avenue, was expected to be the principal witness for the prosecution when the trial of Samuel Sieger, a pugilist, began yesterday in Judge Talley's part of General Sessions on an indictment charging felonious assault. Sieger, who is 21 years old and lives at 28 Scammel Street, was indicted with four other young men for assaulting owners and non-union employes of four garment manufacturing plants in the Eighth Avenue building on May 27.

The attackers struck down their victims with pieces of lead pipe and small iron bars and escaped after hundreds of persons in the building had been driven into a state of panic by the cries of the victims. Policemen arrested Sieger and Harry Berkowits, Edward Schiff, Harry Silver and Nathan Given in the crowd of more than a thousand persons who gathered in front of the place. Each fled after being held in $1,000 bail by Magistrate Moses R. Rytenberg the same day in the Jefferson Market Court, but surrendered on June 17, after the indictments had been returned.

Mrs. Lits declared on the witness stand that she could not identify Sieger as one of the attackers.

Assistant District Attorney Hugo Wintner then requested that the trial be adjourned and Mrs. Litz be placed under arrest by order of the court on a perjury charge. He alleged that in a statement Mrs. Litz had made to him she had identified Sieger as one of her assailants.

Mrs. Litz was questioned by the Court and declared she could not remember having identified Sieger nor making the statement to Mr. Wintner. Judge Talley then adjourned the trial until Monday and committed Mrs. Litz to the Jefferson Market Women's Prison in default of $10,000 bail.

'Chinese Irish Lace' Puzzles Trade Officials, Who Also Ponder on New Jersey Irish Stew

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 17.—What relationship, if any, there may be between men and monkeys is not the question of evolution that is perplexing the Federal Trade Commission, but whether Irish lace is Irish lace if it is evolved in China. Co-ordinated issues are whether Irish stew is Irish stew if concocted elsewhere than in Ireland, and whether Swiss cheese must have an Alpine nativity.

It appears that Barwill Brothers of New York have been distributing "Chinese Irish lace" in several States and the Federal Trade Commission, having taken a mass of expert testimony, is now turning to the housewives for help.

Federal Examiner Averill of Washington came to Trenton today and summoned several Trenton women into the United States Court. They were selected at random, presumably from the telephone book.

Mrs. Sarah E. Townsend declared that any lace made in Ireland, whether machine made or hand crocheted, was Irish lace. She admitted, under questioning by counsel for Barwill Brothers, that she didn't think all Irish stew was made in Ireland or all Swiss cheese in the shadow of the Alps. But she did insist that Irish lace could not be Irish unless it was made over there.

Mrs. Elizabeth H. Bodine said that if she bought Irish lace she expected it to be made in Ireland. Mrs. Florence A. Weitz was of the opinion that the term Irish lace designated the type of the lace rather than the geographical location of the place of manufacture.

The investigation will shift to Wilmington, Del., tomorrow.

HIGH COURT UPHOLDS SLOT-MACHINE BAN

Lower Bench's Refusal to Halt Seizure by Enright Is Sustained.

BITTER FIGHT AT AN END

Not a Gambling Device, Owners Contended — Police Charged That Children Were the Victims.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 17.—The Court of Appeals has unanimously affirmed a judgment of the Appellate Division, Second Department, which reversed a final judgment entered in Kings County restraining Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright from interfering with any coin machines known as the "Triangle automatic salesman."

The case has been pending since Aug. 13, 1923. Leo P. Byk and Robert Edwards, who did business as the Triangle Novelty Company, sought to restrain the Police Commissioner from interfering with and seizing the machines owned by them. The plaintiffs alleged that the machine was not a gambling device, but that for each nickel put into the machine the holder received mint gum and premium checks which were redeemable in merchandise. Each machine was valued at $250. They were rented out to various stores.

In the answer to the complaint, Commissioner Enright, through George P. Nicholson, Corporation Counsel, admitted that persons who had been arrested when the machines were seized had been subsequently discharged. The machines were later recovered by replevin. Following the judgment of the Appellate Division, the plaintiffs appealed to the highest court. No opinion was written by the Court of Appeals in determining the case finally.

The Triangle Novelty Company case perhaps attracted the most attention of any of the cases that grew out of the attempt of the police to stop the operation of slot machines. The police contended that they were gambling devices and mulcted children of nickels and pennies in various sections of the city.

It was the decision of the lower court in this case, restraining the police from interfering with this particular type of machine, that led Police Commissioner Enright to charge that the courts were protecting the gamblers.

It was after the issuance of a temporary injunction by Supreme Court Justice Hagarty in Brooklyn, subsequently vacated by him, that M. Martin Dolphin, Assistant Corporation Counsel assigned to Police Hedaquarters, was quoted as saying that gamblers with political influence and money enough to obtain high-priced counsel could get similar injunctions. Mr. Dolphin said subsequently that he had been misquoted and apologized to the Court, after which the case was reopened.

Justice Hagarty explained that the injunction had been granted because of the failure of the Corporation Counsel's office to file opposing affidavits to those of Byk and Edwards, plaintiffs in the injunction action.

The Triangle machines, at the time the police began their crusade against them, were placed in many candy stores, cigar stores, ice cream parlors and poolrooms. The machine was only one of a variety of types which the police sought to bar, and shopkeepers who had installed machines of other types were subjected to fines in many instances. The police also carried on a more or less successful campaign against "push boards," in which numbers were concealed in covered holes in a board and prizes were given to the holders of lucky numbers.

Investigation by the police after frequent complaints showed that the so-called slot gambling devices had a great vogue among children and that many were to be found in stores in the vicinity of public schools. The police investigation also showed that the machines were set mechanically to return a profit to the "house," and that the merchandise given as prizes was frequently of little value.

FLORIDA JURY ACQUITS CAMP 'WHIPPING BOSS'

Higginbotham Is Absolved on Charge of Murder in Death of Young Prisoner.

CROSS CITY, Fla., July 17 (AP).—Thomas Walter Higginbotham, former Dixie County lumber camp "whipping boss," was found not guilty today by a circuit court jury on a second-degree murder charge in connection with the alleged slaying of Martin Tabert, North Dakota youth.

A year ago Higginbotham was found guilty as charged, but a new trial was granted by a Supreme Court decision.

Acquittal of Higginbotham ended one of the most sensational cases in the history of Florida courts, the ramifications of which resulted in the Florida Legislature in 1923 abolishing the lash as a means of disciplining State and county convicts.

Higginbotham was indicted in the Spring of 1923 for first-degree murder on a charge of causing the death of Tabert, who had been arrested at Tallahassee for stealing a ride on a freight train and sent to a Dixie County lumber camp. It was testified in an investigation of the case that an arrangement existed between the Sheriff of Leon County whereby that officer received a monetary allowance for each prisoner sent to the lumber camp where Tabert died and that the company retained Higginbotham as "whipping boss."

Two Trainmen Killed in Wreck.

CRAIGSVILLE, N. Y., July 17 (AP).—Two members of the train crew were fatally scalded and two others were injured today when a Lehigh & Hudson Railroad locomotive, drawing three freight cars, jumped the tracks near here and overturned. The dead are Wheeler Decker, engineer, and Frank Dolson, trainman, both of Warwick.

HUSBAND REBELLED AT WIFE'S 14 POINTS

Mrs. Arthur Whitney's Separation Suit Brings Out Her Ultimatum of a Year Ago.

BANNED BACHELOR LIBERTY

But Offered Him One Night's Freedom a Week—Demanded Access to His Bank Account.

A wife's "fourteen points," submitted to her husband as the conditions on which they could live together in future, were disclosed in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn yesterday when Mrs. Virginia Mowbray Whitney applied to Justice James C. Cropsey to allow her $75 weekly alimony and counsel fees pending her action for a legal separation. The Court reserved decision.

Her husband, Arthur Whitney, an aviation lieutenant in the war, had approved some of the points, it was brought out, but had refused to sign the ultimatum because he said it resembled the "terms of a victorious General to a foe he had forced to unconditional surrender."

Mr. and Mrs. Whitney were married on Feb. 17, 1922. They have a son, John Livingston Whitney. Mrs. Whitney, who is a graduate of a woman's college, is living with her mother at 616A Third Street, Brooklyn. Whitney is in business at 283 Lafayette Street, Manhattan. His wife estimated his annual income at $10,000.

Submitted Points a Year Ago.

Mrs. Whitney submitted her "fourteen points" to her husband with a letter dated Aug. 21, 1924, at the Shoreham Club, Sound Beach, Conn. A copy of the points was submitted by Whitney to the Court as follows:

1. That you understand that this is your last chance to prove yourself; in other words, if I receive any of the unjust treatment that I have received from you in the past, it will immediately cause another break, which will be permanent and end in one way.

2. That the home that we may form will be run on the principles of love and gentleness, and that the baby will know only kindness from one parent to another.

3. That there will be no interference or quotation from "in-laws."

4. That the running of the house and the managing of the clothing of the baby and myself is my department, and your business yours.

5. That when I leave my mother's home her financial obligation to me ceases, and I shall look to you for funds which I deem necessary.

6. That I will have help to relieve me from the heaviest drudgery, such as scrubbing floors, washing, &c., and some one to come in so that I can leave the baby occasionally in the afternoon and evening.

7. That I have your entire confidence in financial matters and access to your Irving Bank account, and at least some small margin for myself, so that I shouldn't feel as poor as a church mouse.

8. That this marriage shall be run on a 50-50 basis, with neither of us trying to rule the other, but when points of discussion arise a calm discussion of the facts.

9. That I will have your utmost cooperation and thoughtfulness in every way.

10. That we will stop all discussion of past unpleasantness.

11. You will have one night a week for yourself and I will have the same. Week-ends we both play when the work is done.

12. No more talk of bachelor freedom nor entertaining of young ladies by you.

13. That you will not put obstacles in my path if a divorce seems the best solution.

14. That you will always stick to the truth and not deny statements that you have previously made.

Mrs. Whitney concluded her letter with this reference to the fourteen points: "If these things are lived up to, I hope and pray that we may find the happiness that we both seek." She invited her husband to meet her and discuss the fourteen points, promising to live up to them herself.

Whitney Refuses to Sign.

But on the following day (Aug. 22) Whitney write his wife, saying, "I confess that after the way we parted on Wednesday night, that I was greatly surprised at the terms of your letter, as well as its substance. If we either of us want to make a go of things, we are not going to get anywhere by talking to each other like that.

"Your letter read for all the world like the terms of a victorious General to a foe whom he had forced to unconditional surrender. I am willing to meet you half way—I am willing to give you more than half way, but I could not in self-respect accept any such terms, taken as a whole, as you lay down in your letter. I am willing to talk with you and see what we can do to smooth out our differences, but I am not going to sign on any dotted line."

Mrs. Whitney had informed her husband that she had retained a copy of her letter and the fourteen points. He told her he was glad she had done so, and he advised her to "read it over and try to imagine such a letter coming from me to you; try to imagine me telling you that I would give you one more chance." Whitney told his wife he was hoping to hear from her within a few days, to share with him a home he was ready to provide for her.

Will Arrest Auto Ride Beggars.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 17 (AP).—The practice of begging rides from motorists has become so great a nuisance on the through travel routes in West Springfield that Police Chief M. A. Belmer today gave notice that persons indulging in the practice would be arrested for obstructing traffic. It is said that those wanting to ride do not confine themselves to hails from the curb, but walk in front of cars, compelling drivers to stop. Young women as well as men and boys are said to do this.

WESTERNER SHOOTS BROADWAY CABMAN

Minnesotan, Angered When Hack Driver Refuses to Haul Him, Opens Fire.

CAUGHT BY CAPTAIN KERR

Thrown to Sidewalk, Prisoner Fires Another Shot, the Powder Burning Detective's Hand.

Crazed by liquor or drugs, John Blackburn, 34 years old, who said he was a World War veteran and a resident of Minneapolis, Minn., shot and probably fatally wounded Walter Krokel, 50 years old, a hackman, of 71 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn, at 1:30 o'clock this morning in front of the Plantation Cabaret, at 1,038 Broadway. Blackburn then ran north on Broadway, brandishing the pistol with which he did the shooting, followed by Detective Captain Daniel A. Kerr, head of the Third Dtective District, in Washington Heighth, who had happened to be nearby.

Blackburn turned east and then south on Seventh Avenue, where Kerr pounced on him near Fiftieth Street, bringing him to the ground. Blackburn is a tall, rangy man, but Kerr is much heavier, and when Kerr attempted to drag the man to his feet again Blackburn stuck his hand in his coat pocket.

A large crowd which had joined in the pursuit saw Captain Kerr then throw the man back on the sidewalk again, just in time to grab a pistol which his prisoner had whipped out.

There was a struggle for possession of the weapon, and as Captain Kerr, with a firm grip on the muzzle, was about to wrest it out of Blackburn's hand, the prisoner fired another shot, the powder burning the palm of Captain Kerr's right hand.

Kerr held on to the pistol, however, until several other detectives and three policemen ran up and helped him subdue the prisoner. The man fought all the way to the West Forty-seventh Street Station, where he was locked up on a felonious assault charge. He said he was a printer and that he was stopping temporarily at 144 West Eightieth Street.

Another policeman had called an ambulance for Krokel. Before he was taken to Bellevue Hospital, Krokel said that he was standing beside his horse-drawn hansom when Blackburn came up and told him that he wanted to go to Columbus Circle. The cabman said Blackburn told him, "I want to shoot up a couple of guys there that trimmed me out of $30 three nights ago."

Krokel said he refused to take the man in his cab and Blackburn then staggered back, and said with an oath, "Well, if you won't take me there, I'll give it to you." Then, Krokel said, Blackburn shot him in the abdomen.

When the prisoner was searched at the station by Captain Kerr, thirty-two cartridges for the pistol were found in his pocket. He refused to explain why he had shot Krokel.

FAIRCHILD ALIMONY IS CUT.

New Settlement Due to Ex-Wife's Marriage to Wright Duryea.

Samuel W. Fairchild, who was divorced in 1923 by Mrs. Cornelia de Lancey Camman Fairchild, will pay only $250 a month alimony until 1927 to support his sons, de Lancey Camman and Samuel W. Fairchild Jr., instead of $400 a month for his divorced wife and sons, because their mother was married on June 30 to Wright Duryea. The reduction was ordered yesterday by Supreme Court Justice McGoldrick as the result of a stipulation between Fairchild and his former wife, concerning her recent marriage.

The stipulation provides that Mr. Fairchild will pay $250 a month for his child until 1927 and $300 a month until 1930, and then a new provision will be made for them.

The former Mrs. Fairchild is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Camman and Fairchild is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel W. Fairchild. Wright Duryea is the grandson of the Wright Duryea who founded the Duryea Starch Company and grandnephew of General Hiram Duryea, who commanded the Duryea Zouaves in the Civil War.

140 DIE IN HONGKONG STORM

Eleven-Hour Deluge Causes Floods, Landslides and Collapse of Walls.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HONGKONG, July 17.—Political events have been temporarily swept from the minds of Hongkong Chinese by terrific storms and floods, as a result of which 140 wealthy Chinese citizens have lost their lives and considerable damage was done to property.

Though it escaped several typhoons, Hongkong in the last few days has been subjected to a series of electrical storms and heavy rainfalls culminating in an eleven-hour deluge.

The downpour, which raised water levels ten inches, caused floods and landslides everywhere. Torrents raced down the hillsides through the city. Finally a high retaining wall, supporting a road in the Chinese quarter collapsed, demolishing five houses owned by wealthy Chinese residents. Ten, seriously injured, were rescued and twenty bodies have been recovered.

SQUIER MUST PAY ALIMONY.

Court Allows Wife $1,000 Monthly and $5,000 Counsel Fees.

Supreme Court Justice Levy yesterday directed Charles Burnham Squier to pay $1,000 a month alimony and $5,000 attorney's fees to Mrs. Olive Rae Squier in a suit for divorce. The Court stated that Mrs. Squier "makes a clear, prima facie case for divorce, and I am exceedingly doubtful of the defendant's ability to adequately or successfully meet it." Justice Levy said that Squier's "letters to his paramour materially strengthened the position of the plaintiff." The Court said that while Squier was evasive as to his means, the Court was satisfied that he was wealthy.

Mrs. Squier named Phyllis Ann Keenan of 47 East Fifty-first Street as corespondent. She offered in evidence a number of letters and cable messages exchanged between her husband and Miss Keenan.

POLICE SCHOOL SHAMS RIOT

200 Mock Gangsters "Fight" 50 Rookies on Street Corner.

Outnumbered four to one, rookies of the Police Academy put up a desperate fight against 200 "gangsters and roughs" yesterday afternoon at Marginal Street, near East Nineteenth Street, while Special Deputy Commissioner William (Big Bill) Edwards, Deputy Inspector John J. Noonan and other department officials, instead of going to the assistance of their men, stood and cheered and applauded the efforts of the rioters.

The "riot" was a well executed demonstration of what the rookies might expect when they answered a real riot call. All of the "rioters" were policemen dressed in the roughest of civilian clothes. The demonstration was part of the curriculum of the students at the Police Academy, of which Commissioner Edwards is in charge.

OAK ST. POLICE HIT BY THIRD SHAKE-UP

Enright Also Orders Transfer of 36 Patrolmen From the Old Slip Precinct.

The third shake-up in six weeks was announced yesterday for the Oak Street police station. At the same time Commissioner Enright ordered the transfer of thirty-six patrolmen from the Old Slip precinct which adjoins Oak Street. When the news of the administrative order from headquarters filtered through the district, merchants in Mulberry, Mott, Grand and adjoining streets started a movement to get the veteran policemen back. Last night a petition to Mayor Hylan was drawn up and was being signed by the merchants asking for restoration of the transferred men.

Six weeks ago seven sergeants were transferred from the Oak Street station. About two weeks ago ten patrolmen were replaced with probationary patrolmen fresh from the police school. Yesterday twelve more patrolmen were sent to distant posts and their places, it was said, will be taken by raw recruits.

During the same period there have been frequent transfers from the Fifth and Clinton Street Stations, thus completing a general shake-up of every precinct south of Fourteenth Street on the east side.

Speculation as to the cause of these transfers among the policemen themselves and the headquarters men centres around one possible reason. Several months ago Captain Donnelly of the Oak Street Station at the head of reserves raided a warehouse in the precinct, where the police unearthed thousands of dollars' worth of stolen goods, truck loads of merchandise and stolen motor trucks. It is thought that the transfers may be belated action on the part of the commissioner as a disciplinary measure for allowing a "fence" of such huge proportions to operate in the precinct. It was pointed out, however, that Oak Street police discovered the cache and successfully carried out the raid.

The shake-up in Old Slip Station will affect waterfront posts for the most part. The men transferred through long experience are said to be particularly adept at catching smugglers and bootleggers seeking to land their wares in the shadow of steamers from small boats or at the ends of the long pier sheds.

They are being replaced partly by probationary patrolmen and partly by veterans whose duties hitherto have not taken them along the waterfront. Police circles are wondering just how the transfer may react for "the good of the service," which is the only reason given at Headquarters for the order.

The merchants of Mulberry Street and the vicinity are loud in their denunciation of the shake-ups. They say that the Oak Street veterans know the location of every safe on the lower east side, that they know by sight and record every gunman and gangster in the precinct, together with his hiding place. The retention of these men, the merchants believe, is essential to the proper policing of their neighborhoods. They hope the petition that they plan to send to the Mayor will result in the immediate reinstatement of the veterans.

WARSAW POLICE FIGHT REDS

Two Men Slain and Nine Wounded in Street Battle.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WARSAW, July 17.—A revolver fight between Communists and policemen took place today in one of the busiest parts of Warsaw. Two Secret Service agents stopped three suspicious-looking men and asked for their identification papers. The Secret Service men were immediately fired upon, one of them falling, mortally wounded.

The assailants then fled, two jumping into a taxicab. All were captured after a running fight. The three were seriously wounded, as were four policemen and three passers-by. One of the latter died.

The assailants admitted they were Communists, and said they intended to kill the Agent Provocateur. One recently served two years in prison for Communist activities. It is believed that the three men belong to a terrorist organization.

HANGS MURDERER IN BARN.

Missouri Sheriff's Funds Insufficient to Build Scaffold.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTGOMERY CITY, Mo., July 17.—Waving aside objections that the victim's ghost might return to haunt the place, Sheriff Farmer today hanged James Crump, a negro, in an old barn near the county jail. The County Court had protested against the use of the barn. The Sheriff, however, pointed out that $125 appropriated for building a scaffold was not enough, so he rigged up a place for the execution in the barn.

Crump murdered Cal Blum, Sheriff of Audrain County. Until today he had insisted that he was innocent, but before the execution he confessed, saying that whisky and gambling had caused his ruin.

KENTUCKY BANKER ACCUSED

Cashier of Middlesboro Concern Sought for $50,610 Shortage.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., July 17.—A reward of $1,000 has been offered for the arrest and conviction of W. E. Fraser, cashier of the Citizens Bank and Trust Company, following an audit of the bank's books showing a shortage of approximately $50,610. The audit was made by representatives of the State Banking Commission, who report the discrepancy well covered.

Officials of the bank have obtained warrants for Fraser, who is charged jointly with Lynn D. Rouser, former assistant cashier and bookkeeper, with being responsible for the shortage. Rouser is now in jail.

NEW YORK MAN INDICTED.

Accused of Unlawful Restraint of Gasoline Sales in Texas.

AUSTIN, Texas, July 17. (AP).—An indictment charging combination in restraint of the sale of gasoline in Texas was returned by the Travis County Grand Jury late yesterday against a man described as prominent in financial circles and living in New York.

The man's name is withheld by officials.

Sues to Recover 75-Cent Tax.

BOSTON, July 17 (AP).—A test suit for 75 cents has been started in the Federal Court on behalf of A. Winsor Weld, a Boston broker, to recover a tax of that amount which he paid on golf charges as a member of the Country Club at Brookline. Tax officials have construed the revenue laws as meaning that clubs had not only to pay a 10 per cent. tax on dues but also on all other charges.

Denmark Also Waives Passport Fee.

WASHINGTON, July 17 (AP).—Denmark was added today to the list of countries which have agreed with the United States to the reciprocal waiving of visa fees on non-immigration passports.

It puts effective palatable Snap in it.

White Rock
The leading mineral water

Advertisement Of John David

Daily Style Hint For Well-Dressed New Yorkers

NEW YORK, July 18—Yes, socks are stepping out and leading a gay life. Who can blame them? They had to lie low when shoes were high. There's nothing too gay today, provided that good taste rules one's blending of colors. With blue flannel double-breasted jackets and white flannel trousers the most vivid hosiery is now worn where once only white was sanctioned. Bold stripes, round and vertical; diminutive checks, striking half-inch plaids and the like in colorful contrast upon a dark ground put the wearer upon a good footing with fashion. Exclusive, but not expensive.

John David

"Some top! I'll bet you c

RIFFS CUT FEZ ROAD IN REAR OF FRENCH

French Position There Is Called Desperate and Battle at Terrific Odds Is Proceeding.

FEARS FELT FOR CAPITAL

Talk Is Heard of Evacuating Women and Children—Riffs Prepare for Concerted Drive.

Copyright, 1925, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 17.—Marshal Petain, Commander-in-Chief of the French Army, arrived at Rabat by airplane at 6 o'clock this evening, and was greeted by Marshal Lyautey, General Primo de Rivera, the Spanish director, leaves for Morocco on July 21.

The French soldiers holding the road to Fez are undergoing a terrible battle. Those at Ainaicha are fighting against tremendous odds, and the situation is hourly becoming more desperate, because the road to Fez has been cut in their rear along a distance of four miles.

Riffian plans to encircle this famous base in the bend of the Ouergha River south of Taounat have succeeded after eight days of the hottest fighting in the course of the war. Coming from four sides, they avoided the Taouna outpost, which still is held by the French, and occupied the hills on either side of Ain-Aicha, whence they could pour streams of bullets into the encampment.

The Foreign Legion, Algerian and Moroccan troops contitute the majority of the defenders, and several times each day they are taking rapid sorties to drive the invaders off the hills. Several times they have succeeded, but it being impossible to remain on the ground won they have been obliged to begin over and over again.

Twelve hundred Riffians now lie across the only road south, and to dislodge them the French will have to constitute a new column and march north to the assistance of the defenders of Ain-Aicha, whose hands are full fighting the Riffians, the latter firing continuously into their quarters.

French Column Beset.

A little further east the Ain-Matouf outpost also is completely surrounded, and the column defending Baba-Taza, on the shores of the Leben River, also is too busy with swarms of the enemy facing them to detach units going to their assistance. The Baba-Taza troops still are keeping open communications to their base in El-Arba-de-Tlata, but daily convoys have run the gauntlet between small enemy detachments mounted on swift horses, enabling them to escape after sudden attacks.

A few days ago they captured a herd of cattle intended for the Baba-Taza troops, and a company of infantry was able to recover them only after a hard fight.

Every convoy has its toll of death, however, and all the native villages burned by the Riffians to awe neighboring tribesmen by offering them the lesser evil.

The Taza region is comparatively quiet, now that the Riffian attempts have been turned against the roads to Fez. There are even rumors that the French are preparing to evacuate women and children from the Moorish capalong the road are in charred ruins, ital, which rumors naturally are exaggerated by Abd-el-Krim's agents.

The Misla outpost which guards the road to Taza is the object of daily assaults, which the defenders must repulse without the aid of the strong forces holding the Kifane sector on the main road to Taza from the north.

In the west at Ain-Aicha the Riffians are reinforcing their regular elements near Fesel Bali and Kelaa des Sless, which are also more or less up in the air and with their communications cut.

How the Situation Stands.

It is impossible to exaggerate the dramatic situation which results from the success of Add-el Krim's tactics and which are possible only because there are not enough troops to maintain the battle line, 150 miles long.

By sending first agents to arouse the subdued tribes, then Riffian regulars to arm them and lastly cutting off communications behind the French outposts or camps, the Riffian leaders have been able successfully to force evacuation of most of the outposts north of the Ourgha and south of the Lou-k-kos and upper Leben Rivers. They are now using the same tactics against the new French positions south of the old ones and have succeeded in surrounding most of them.

North of the Ouergha the French still hold Tercoual and the neighboring outposts, far northeast of Fez, as well as a strong line of outposts protecting Quezzan from Zemdouta to Issoual. These lines have not been turned by the enemy because his main attention is directed north of Fez and to a lesser degree north of Taza.

Northwest of Fes the French are holding Fesel Bali, Kaa Des Sless, Tafrant and Koline, but they are all cut toward the south. Northeast of Fez, Taounat, Gara and Bab Taza are still resisting, but all except the latter have been deprived of their line of communications.

North of Taza the French hold Osila, Kifanet, Bou Mehiria, Bou Yahia and Sidi Baltassem whose communications are still intact.

Tribesmen north of the railroad are in more or less open revolt and those with arms have already gone north. South of the railroad in the Taza region the Ghiata and Ouarlan tribes are also in revolt, but possess very few arms and will be harmless as long as the Riffians can not open a direct line of communication and furnish them with arms and munitions.

Fresh Troops Are Arriving.

Such is the situation on the day that Marshal Petain arrives to assume responsibility on the number of troops France must throw into the battle in order to win. Ten fresh battalions were landed this week but most of these will be immediately used as stop gaps. A Moroccan division is nearly due to land at Casablanca and will be available for active operations within a week.

Although troops amounting to a full army corps are believed to be on their way to Morocco it looks as if the 80,000 men mentioned in previous dispatches would be necessary in order to fight the unumbered tribesmen, with apparently unlimited supplies of infantry and artillery ammunition.

Under such circumstances little surprise is expressed at some facts that are leaking out about the Madrid negotiations and the knowledge that the conference may not have been so futile as appeared by the communiqués issued.

It is believed now that Abd-el-Krim has carried his Moroccan adventures too far to benefit by any gracious treatment on the part of the French and Spanish Governments. It was learned tonight in circles close to the Government that the two nations are bound to complete unity in any situation which may arise between now and the restoration of peace in Morocco. It is said the allies will not only not consider granting Riffian independence but also will not send any one to Abd-el Krim who might be considered by him as a plenipotentiary or solicitor for peace.

In the course of his original visit to Morocco Señor Echevarrieta advised Abd-el-Krim that if he desired to obtain peace he had many devoted agents in Tangier who could easily come in contact with Spanish officials in order to discuss terms. If Abd-el-Krim follows this advice, and his action appears to be worthy of consideration, the allies will then and only then discuss the point as to whether it is worth while to send accredited negotiators.

Outside of the personality of Abd-el-Krim himself, it is certain that the French and Spanish will do all in their power to facilitate the commerce and industry of the Riffian natives, and especially to aid them in using markets along the Ouergha to dispose of their cattle and crops.

Riffs Intensify Offensive.

FEZ, French Morocco, July 17 (AP).—Abd-el-Krim's offensive toward Fes is growing more intense, but chiefly in a political sense. His plan, it is indicated from all quarters in the last few days, is to sweep toward the Capital on a wave of uprisings among the tribes, saving his own military strength for crushing blows. His attacks recently have been short and sharp, and on a small scale, compared with his apparent forces.

Abd-el-Krim's men are expanding their process of fomenting discontent among the tribes in the area north of Fez. Occasionally they take hostages and go through a series of executions to show the tribes still supporting the French that it is safer to follow Abd-el-Krim than to fight him.

The Riffian attacks recently have been at various places along this front north of Fez, with constant pressure southward on the roads to the Capital. They are sudden and unexpected, and at scattered points, in order to keep the French troops busy rushing to the defense of their posts along the thinly held line.

Today's official communiqué says the French are continuing to repulse drives by Abd-el-Krim's Riffians upon positions vital to the defense of Fez.

The Riffians were driven back yesterday at Oued Hanine, north of Teroual, and at Ain Matoul. French airplanes bombed the Riffians, whose losses were heavy.

French Casualties 4,148.

PARIS, July 17 (AP).—Total French casualties so far in the Moroccan war with Abd-el-Krim's Riffians are given by The Petit Journal in a Fez dispatch as 4,148. Of these, 707 were killed, 3,775 wounded and 666 missing.

French authorities estimate that Abd-el-Krim has not more than thirty French prisoners. Therefore those technically listed "missing" are regarded as dead.

These are the first detailed figures published of French casualties. Premier Painleve, upon his recent return from Morocco, assured the Chamber of Deputies that French losses were not so great as rumored, but he avoided giving figures.

The Petit Journal's Fez correspondent says Abd-el-Krim has so reduced the French effectives in Morocco that they are daily becoming less efficient. French troops, because their numbers are insufficient, are compelled to be in the fighting line constantly, with no rest periods whatever. They are carrying on under terrific heat, the correspondent insists it is imperative that they be relieved soon. He demands additional aviation units and says the present French bombing planes in Morocco have a radius of only eighteen miles over the enemy lines and that pursuit planes are badly needed.

The correspondent declares German aviators are fighting with Abd-el-Krim. One, he says, is named von Dietrich, a former member of Marshal von Hindenburg's staff.

He advocates the bombardment of Adjir, Abd-el-Krim's headquarters, by the Spanish fleet or by French airplanes, and declares it is necessary for the French to use native methods of warfare against the Riffians—meaning the destruction of property and confiscation of harvests, the penalizing of a tribe who do not assist the French and the taking of hostages from tribes whose fidelity wavers.

He says Abd-el-krim took 200 hostages from the Beni Zeroual clan, shot half of them and inflicted a fine of 2,000,000 francs upon the tribe in addition to confiscating quantities of its goods.

The writer says Marshal Lyautey, French active commander in Morocco, has "seen the necessity of this procedure," and that he is organizing a force to put it into practice.

Franco-Spanish Plans.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain, July 17.—Ex-Senator Maestre, who is a specialist on Moroccan questions, made important declarations today, saying that Franco-Spanish cooperation would be most effective along the banks of the Loukkos River, in the western part of the front, but not in the Djebala country near Tetouan.

Military operations, he said, should be confined to clearing the French front, but no operations should occur in the Djebala country or other parts, because in Morocco enemies were everywhere.

Military collaboration on the banks of the Loukkos would cover El-Ksar, El-Kbir and the entire southern zone of the Spanish protectorate, while France would thus receive the most efficacious aid possible, relieving pressure on her own front.

Maestre's opinion is that Spain needs Alhucemas more than anything else, as it should be in the power of Spain to solve the problem of the future.

Respecting Riffian autonomy and recognition, M. Maestre believes the question constitutes the most serious danger and must be considered before transcendental steps are taken. Riffian autonomy would create a permanent implacable enemy for France and Spain in Morocco, he says.

TRY TO CRUSH RIFFS BY AIR.

Painleve and Petain Are Reported Agreed on Plan.

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PARIS, July 17.—The newspaper New Era today states that Premier Painlevé and Marshal Petain are in accord on a plan to attempt to crush Abd-el-Krim by an intensive use of aviation, and the War Department has decided to rush a mass of aircraft to Morocco.

This is one of the principal moral effects from volunteers reforming the Lafayette Escadrille for the Riff campaign, and it is expected this will promote recruiting among French war veterans for aviation.

Stripping France of its air force for use in Morocco is seriously opposed by certain branches of the military hierarchy, who fear that this will leave the Rhineland undefended and who insist that the greatest danger always is from Germany, and the Teutons must not be tempted to strike.

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PARIS, July 17.—The American aviators who have taken service in the Sultan's army to fight Abd-el-Krim will leave Thursday for the front.

Colonel Charles Sweeny of Spokane, organizer of the squadron, gave out this preliminary list of members tonight:

Chester L. Gillette Parker of Helena, Mont.; A. Granville Pollock of New Orleans, William Rodgers of Pittsburgh, Colonel Charles Kerwood of Chicago, Paul Rockwell of Atlanta, Reginald P. Weller of New York, Joseph M. Stephen of Brooklyn, Paul F. Baar of New Jersey, Charles Grafton Gray of Chicago and Thomas F. Buffom of Boston.

PARIS, July 17 (AP).—The new Lafayette Escadrille, organized by American fliers for service against the tribesmen in Morocco, will be ready to depart from Toulouse for Rabat, French Morocco, about the middle of next week, with a group of some fifteen fliers as a nucleus.

Their problem now is to construct their unit on a military basis, provide for mechanics and organize a recruiting centre in Paris and a training camp, probably at the Toulouse airdrome.

The latest applicant for service with the squadron is Samuel Johnstone, who served with various Mexican factions before the European war and who was with the Canadian Royal Air Force in the war, being credited with 600 flying hours over the enemy lines.

BRITISH NAVY NEEDS DIVIDES CABINET

Churchill, Resisting Admiralty's Budget, Is Said to Have the Majority With Him.

A QUESTION OF FINANCES

Treasury Stringency Blocks Demand for New Craft to Keep the Fleets at Par.

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By Wireless to The New York Times.

LONDON, July 17.—Rumors continue of differences in the Cabinet over increasing naval shipbuilding. Winston Churchill, Chancellor of the Exchequer, is said to be fighting hard to curtail the demands of W. C. Bridgeman, the First Lord of the Admiralty, Earl Beatty, the First Sea Lord, and other admirals.

It is a matter of economy. There is not much doubt that, independently of other considerations, the British Navy will be faced in a year or two with a serious deficiency in cruisers and torpedo craft unless a new program of shipbuilding is started.

Battle cruisers are not a new question, as the number of them that may be built is regulated precisely by the Treaty of Washington. But that agreement did not fix a limitation on the number of cruisers and other types. The maximum it prescribed for a cruiser, 10,000 tons, is now beginning to be taken as the standard to which new vessels, unless designed for special purposes, should conform.

Since the end of the war there has been almost stagnation in naval shipbuilding, the only new cruisers laid down being the five ordered in the Spring of last year and only two destroyers and two submarines of experimental types have been begun.

It is argued that this means that a large portion of the British fleet is rapidly wearing out, whereas the London Times naval correspondent argues for the establishment of the former standard that three battle cruisers, fifteen to sixteen destroyers and six submarines should on an average be laid down each year.

One thing that makes it possible for the British navy to fall so much behind the proper standard is that other countries, including the United States, also have been going easy on ship building. As it is, the correspondent points out, figures are misleading in reckoning the actual fighting strength of the British Navy, for many cruisers on the active list are small craft designed for work in the North Sea, with a short cruising radius.

In the all important matter of speed Great Britain has only six vessels capable of steaming thirty knots to ten owned by the United States and sixteen by Japan.

The answer to these professional views is the very difficult position of the British Treasury and the extreme improbability of another big naval war in the near future.

Mr. Churchill, who, as a former First Lord of the Admiralty, is in a good position to criticise the Admiralty demands, is said, to have a majority of the Cabinet on his side. He is expected to reduce considerably the figures in the program of the naval experts.

The matter may be compromised by the Cabinet agreeing to lay down several cruisers, but beginning the work slowly. This would save the embarrassment of a major break with the heads of the British Navy.

The subject has a certain piquancy in the fact that Winston Churchill as Chancellor of the Exchequer is in precisely the same position as was his father, Lord Randolph Churchill, in the same office. Lord Randolph Churchill resisted the demands of the Admiralty in his day. He actually resigned and thereby wrecked his entire political career.

AGREES ON "SUMMER TIME."

English Commons Adopts Compromise Dates for Daylight Saving.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 17.—The dispute over England's "Summer Time" (daylight saving) practically was settled this afternoon, when the House of Commons decided that it should begin each year on the third Sunday in April and last until the first Sunday in October. If the House of Lords agrees, which is expected, this will become the law.

The result is a compromise between those who wanted to alter the clock the first Sunday in April and the agriculturists, who declared it was bad enough to get up early in the middle of Summer and wanted to cut out all of April and September.

Scotch members particularly were wrought up, and a member from the Orkney Islands expressed amazement that the people dwelling south of the Tweed could not consult the interests of his constituents. The compromise measure, however, was carried by a large majority.

WELCOME AMERICAN AIRMEN

French Aviators Cheer News That Old Comrades Will Be In Morocco.

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FEZ, Morocco, July 17.—"The water is fine—come on in," is the happy expression with which the fighting airmen on the Ouergha front welcomed yesterday's news that American aviators in Paris had volunteered their services as combat units against Abd-el-Krim.

The news was spread by radio, hellograph and telephone from one aerodrome to another along the front. A number of French pilots here have recalled their friends of the World War days, when American fliers were their old comrades at arms in numerous sky battles.

The information reached the air camps coincident with one of the largest offensive air actions in the present campaign. During the afternoon fifty planes took the air, loaded with bombs. Making repeated trips between the bomb supply station and the enemy areas, they dropped thousands of pounds of explosives on the Riffian positions and assemblage points behind the lines.

The air attack was particularly effective in the central sector against the strong Riffian forces which have attacked the French posts of Ain Aicha for some days. The French pilots, swooping low through the dangerous air currents of the mountain passes, used machine guns on the Riff groups and broke several determined attacks.

The defending garrison, manning machine guns, trench artillery and light field pieces, firing at direct range, cheered their air brothers for their valuable assistance. During the day the defenders received word in the beleaguered post that the American pilots had offered to join the French forces in the air.

Several new tribal revolts south of the French line strongholds and Riffian infiltrations through the lines north of Taza contribute to the seriousness of the situation on the eastern sector, through which it is expected the French divisions of reinforcements must pass on their way to the front.

Hindenburg Receives New Yorker.

BERLIN, July 17 (AP).—President von Hindenburg received today William Paul Ahnelt, New York publisher, who recently endowed a chair at the Academy

Food at Retail Up 9 Per Cent. in a Year; Increase Here Smaller Than Nation's Average

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The cost of living is still rising in New York City and generally throughout the country, so far as the price of food to the consumer is concerned, according to statistics made public today by the Department of Labor.

It was said that there was an increase of more than 2 per cent. in the retail cost of food in the nation as a whole in June, 1925, as compared with May, 1925. On June 15, 1925, the increase in the retail prices of all articles of food combined was about 9 per cent. greater than on June 15, 1924. For the twelve-year period from June 15, 1913, to June 15, 1925, the increase in the retail price of all food combined was about 58.5 per cent.

There was a similar increase in the retail cost of food to consumers in New York City, though the advances there were not as great as the average increase for the entire country. The increase from May 15 to June 15 of this year in retail food prices in New York City is given as 1 per cent., while the increase for the last year was 6 per cent., and retail food prices in New York City on June 15, 1925, were 55 per cent. greater than on June 15, 1913.

For the whole country the increases in the price between May 15 and June 15 of this year on articles on which monthly prices are secured by the department were: Potatoes, 20 per cent.; onions, 14 per cent.; oranges, 10 per cent.; strictly fresh eggs, 8 per cent.; cabbage, 7 per cent.; oleomargarine, 5 per cent.; butter, 2 per cent.; round steak, pork chops, bacon, evaporated milk, cheese, lard and canned corn, 1 per cent., and sirloin steak, canned red salmon, vegetable lard substitute and tea, less than five-tenths of 1 per cent.

There were slight declines in beans and coffee, bananas, chuck roast, plate beef, leg of lamb, rolled oats, baked beans, canned peas and macaroni. Rib roast, ham, fresh milk, nut margarine, bread, flour, cornmeal, cornflakes, wheat cereals, rice, navy beans, canned tomatoes, granulated sugar, raisins and prunes showed no change.

The average family expenditure for food increased from May 15, 1924, to May 15, 1925, in these cities as follows:

Louisville, 14 per cent.; Birmingham, 13 per cent.; Cleveland and Savannah, 12 per cent.; New Orleans and Scranton, 11 per cent.; Atlanta, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Detroit, Kansas City, Omaha, Richmond, St. Louis and Washington, 10 per cent.; Buffalo, Chicago, Dallas, Denver, Indianapolis, Philadelphia, Portland (Ore.), Rochester and San Francisco, 9 per cent.; Butte, Minneapolis, Pittsburgh and Seattle, 8 per cent.; Los Angeles, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 7 per cent.; Bridgeport, Newark, New Haven, New York and Portland (Me.), 6 per cent., and Boston and Providence, 5 per cent.

SELL FRENCH COLONIES, URGES DE CASTELLANE

He Says They Drain France and May Later Be Lost, Citing the Louisiana Purchase.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 17.—The Marquis Boni de Castellane, former husband of Anna Gould, now the Duchesse de Talleyrand et Sagan, head of one of the oldest French families, has joined the ranks of those Frenchmen who think France ought to sell her colonies if she is to recover her strength as a nation. In today's Eclair, a Nationalist Conservative paper, de Castellane publishes a long article filled with historical precedents for such a course.

Napoleon's sale of Louisiana for 60,000,000 francs is, of course, his best argument. By that sale, he says, Napoleon strengthened France and sold what he would eventually have lost.

Faced as she is with the problem of a dwindling population, enormous debts, crushing taxation and a too powerful neighbor, France, in his opinion, cannot afford to dissipate her strength by holding colonies.

He adds that with Africa in revolt and Asia seething with animosity against European peoples, France's position as a colonial power is one of greatest danger. Especially is this the case, he says, since she is deprived of her naval strength.

If the Chinese anti-foreign movement reaches Indo-China, he argues, France could do nothing to protect this possession.

It is much better, therefore, to seek to recover her financial and economic power and strengthen herself at home by the sale of these perilous possessions than to seek to hold them only, most probably, to have to abandon them later.

To his article Eclair publishes a reply from Ernest Outrey, a Deputy from Cochin-China, who declares that there is no danger whatever of a Communist or other anti-foreign movement gaining in his colony, and that France must never surrender that possession.

URGES PHILIPPINES TO GIVE UP RAILWAYS

Governor Wood Tells Legislature Roads and Mines Should Be Put Under Private Control.

MANILA, July 17 (AP).—Governor General Leonard Wood told the Philippine Legislature yesterday that the Government should transfer to private enterprise all railroads, mines and agricultural enterprises under its control. Another outstanding feature of his annual message was the possibility of the Government going on a cash basis, due to the increase in revenues in 1924.

There have been no serious disturbances during the past year, but some local unrest, "due generally to the action of misguided people following fanatical leaders," with, in years to come, occasional disturbances likely in Moro regions due to antagonism accentuated by their rapid Filipinization.

Governor General Wood said remarkable progress had been made in teaching English in the public schools, but if English were to be properly taught it would be necessary to have a much larger force of American teachers.

The Governor pointed out that the cost of maintaining the Government last year was less than for the previous year and the revenues increased by $5,000,000 in 1924, compared with 1923.

Manuel Quezon, on assuming the duties of President of the Philippine Senate, said:

"At the last general elections it was shown that the faith of the Filipino people in their cause of freedom is adamant, and no candidate dared to oppose the cause of independence. With the Washington Administration and Governor General Wood openly opposed to immediate independence, not only was there not a single candidate who dared the outcome with a stand against immediate, absolute and complete independence of our country, but on the contrary they all vied with each other in the vehemence of their adhesion to the sacred cause, giving assurances to the people that they would fight in defense of the people's rights."

Whether a policy of cooperation with the Governor will be adopted by the Legislature is undecided, but is being discussed.

The Bureau of Forestry has prepared a bill for the Legislature providing for leasing of approximately 125,000 acres of land in Cotobato Province, where success in growing rubber has been demonstrated. The bill provides for leasing the land to any company agreeing to plant it to rubber trees.

CLEARS DOSSER IN SHANGHAI

Mixed Court Rules, However, for Exile of Russian.

SHANGHAI, July 17 (AP).—The British Assessor, C. E. Whitamore, and Magistrate Zua, sitting in the Mixed Court today, dismissed the charges of being identified with the recent riots against Zinovis Dosser, Russian, but ruled that he was "an extremely undesirable resident fo the settlement and he will, therefore, be handed over to the Chinese authorities with the request that he be deported."

The court decided that the document found in Dosser's possession, identifying him with the riots, was genuine, but that his activities did not warrant his conviction.

The arrest of Dosser was followed by a protest from the Soviet Government to the British and Chinese Governments in which a demand was made for the punishment of those responsible for the arrest.

HINDENBURG SIGNS REVALUATION BILL

Boerse Also Accepts Measure Cutting Bonds to 2½ Per Cent. of Issue Prices.

LITIGATION IS PREDICTED

So Many Exceptions Are Provided in the Act That Its Terms Are Ambiguous.

BERLIN, July 17 (AP).—President von Hindenburg has put his signature to the much-debated revaluation bill, passed by the Reichstag on Tuesday. His action generally is lamented by the Left press, although the viewpoint of other political groups is that it is difficult to see how the President could have acted otherwise.

"The signing of the bill constitutes the conclusion of a great historical tragedy," says the Socialist Vorwärts.

The affixing of the von Hindenburg signature, completing the steps through which the bill had to pass, took place late yesterday afternoon, after the President had listened all day to the arguments of Chancellor Luther and other members of the Cabinet regarding the measure.

As finally adopted, the revaluation bill, which apparently satisfies nobody, is so complicated that few understand all its implications. For every general provision there is a set of exceptions, so much litigation is predicted.

Roughly, State loans are to be revalued at 2½ per cent., both in the case of holders before July 1, 1920, and those who obtained their securities after that date. However, the revaluation is not to be effected until after Germany's reparation obligations have been squared.

Proposed differentiation between old and new bondholders was one of the greatest problems in dealing with the revaluation measure. A decision by the Revaluation Committee of the Reichstag to grant to new holders a revaluation of 2½ per cent., compared to 5 per cent. for old subscribers, caused the Boerse Committee to close the exchange on July 8 as a protest. All other exchanges also ceased operations, and German bankers and financiers generally were of the opinion that it would be impossible to carry through such differentiation.

The Boerse Committee announced today that the official quotation of pre-war loans would be resumed on July 20, indicating that the form in which the revaluation bill was passed by the Reichstag and signed by President von Hindenburg was satisfactory to it.

In the case of old holders in particularly dire circumstances provisions have been made giving them a small rental not exceeding 800 marks annually. It is estimated that the face value of the loans in the hands of old holders totals about 50,000,000,00 marks and those in the hands of new holders 20,000,000,000.

All mortgages and other debts on landed property, and debts on shipping and railway lines have been revalued at 25 per cent., but the owner of mortgaged property in certain cases, if it is shown he was hard hit by the post-war debacle, can apply for another valuation to 15 per cent.

Holders of mortgages who before June 15, 1922, accepted redemption of their claims without reservations, are not entitled to revaluation under the new law.

Industrial bonds have been revalued at 15 per cent.

LISBON CABINET QUITS.

Chamber Votes Lack of Confidence After Long Debate.

LISBON, Portugal, July 17 (AP).—The Ministry headed by Antonio da Silva as Premier and Minister of War resigned today. It had been in existence only two weeks.

The Premier and his Ministers tendered their resignations to the President after the Chamber passed a motion of lack of confidence in the Government by a majority of nine votes. The action of the Chamber came as a climax to a heated political debate which had lasted throughout the night until 8 o'clock this afternoon without interruption.

QUEEN WINS NEW FRIENDS.

Opens Extension of Salvation Army Hospital in London.

LONDON, July 17 (AP).—Queen Mary added several devotees to her list of admirers yesterday when she opened an extension of the Salvation Army's maternity hospital in the East End of London.

In one ward were several unmarried mothers, who, though aware of the Queen's visit, did not expect her to take notice of their presence. The unexpected, however, happened, her Majesty expressing a special desire to see them.

The Queen went to the bedside of each woman, and won the affections of all by her words of praise for their babies.

Rome Is Having Cool Weather.

ROME, July 17 (AP).—Weather of astonishing coolness prevails in Rome this Summer instead of the usual torrid heat. Wraps and overcoats are being worn in the evenings. Gray skies and showers are frequent. Romans who usually desert their capital in the Summer are remaining at home. The streets here are crowded while Summer resorts throughout Italy report a poor business.

BRITISH URGE HASTE IN SECURITY PARLEY

London Wants Negotiations in August, so Germany Can Enter League in September.

STRESEMANN WINS ON NOTE

Gets Nationalists' and Premiers' Support for Answer to France—Terms Reported Moderate.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 17.—The British Government is doing everything in its power to arrange a security conference for next month, probably in Brussels, with the idea of advancing matters to the point where Germany may become a member of the League of Nations at the September meeting of the Assembly in Geneva. And London is hopeful.

The German reply to the French security note of last month, which had the approval of the British Government, is expected to be delivered in Paris the first of next week. From indications received here in the past two days it is believed the German reply will be less troublesome than formerly had been indicated, and in this result probably Mr. Chamberlain has had a part.

Instead of combatting the French claims on the right to guarantee the proposed arbitration treaties between Germany on the one hand, and Poland and Czechoslovakia on the other hand, it is expected that Berlin will refer this point as one to be discussed during negotiations. For, after all, the negotiations will be between equals, thus giving every party the right to make suggestions, which opens the way to Berlin's counter-proposals.

Not only in Germany but also in England Mr. Chamberlain has been criticized on the ground that he went too far toward the French viewpoint in approving M. Briand's note last month. But Mr. Chamberlain's attitude is, if anything is to be accomplished, much more a practical start on a basis which promises a fair chance for France's agreement, rather than on a basis which would indicate a strong probability of France's approval. As a British diplomat expressed it last evening, "Of course we may not like all France does and says, but, after all, France is a particular lady whom we have got to live with and that's that."

Furthermore, the British recognize fully that the security problem is really a problem of giving security to France, and then maintain that it is their political object to try to relieve France of the continuous fear of Germany which, since the war, has constantly influenced the foreign policy of Paris. Incidentally, the English feel that getting Germany into the League and on the Council, as well as generally back into polite international society, will go a long way toward bringing political stability on the Continent.

Naturally, the British do not believe the proposed Rhine compact will remove all danger of war between France and Germany, but they believe it will greatly lessen it, and in reply to the argument that the Rhine treaty would give to France no more protection than she now has under the Treaty of Versailles plus the Covenant of the League, the English reply that it adds the fact that in the Rhine compact, as planned, England would promise under certain conditions to go immediately to the aid of France without the investigations and conditions which would surround giving aid under the League plan.

The opinion is quite generally held here that the entrance of Germany into the League would eventually affect America's attitude toward Geneva. Not only would Germany's accession mean that the League would be made stronger and more nearly universal, but it is thought that it would change the attitude of millions of pro-Germans in the United States, who up to the present have been pretty generally opposed to the League.

That the London Government attaches special importance to the September meeting of the Assembly is indicated by the fact that Foreign Minister Chamberlain is planning to spend the whole month in Geneva. While there have been reports that there would be an attempt to hold the security negotiations at the same time, official opinion here seems to be that it not only is possible, but highly desirable, to have the allied-German conference prior to the opening of the Assembly in the first week of September.

Stresemann Wins on Note.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 17.—Foreign Minister Stresemann won out hands down today, and tomorrow in all likelihood his rejoinder to the French proposals for a European security compact will be on the way to Paris. This is the outcome of a sharp struggle with the Nationalists, both within and outside the Luther Cabinet, and is a striking success for Stresemann, of whom Count Westarp, junker chieftain, recently was reported to have said, "You can't trip up an ox," it implies that the direction of the Reich's foreign policy will remain in Stresemann's hands at least until the security negotiations have entered upon a definite phase.

The day began with a victory for the Foreign Minister in the Reichstag's Foreign Relations Committee, which terminated in unconditional approval given to his diplomatic strategy by the Premiers of Germany's Federated States tonight.

Tomorrow morning the Cabinet will meet to pass upon the final text of the note, which a special courier will carry to the French capital. Its publication, however, will be postponed until next Tuesday.

There is no reason to believe the communication will contain anything sensational. Germany is pursuing her one aim in European politics—namely, an international conference wherein her statesmen of the allied powers for the statesmen of the allied powers for the settlement of the political and military problems confronting their various countries. Luther and Stresemann and their Nationalist colleagues want this conference to be modeled along the lines of the London meeting which gave life to the Dawes plan eleven months ago. First and foremost, they aspire to achieve by direct contact with allied statesmen the withdrawal of the Inter-allied Control Commission from Berlin and the allied troops from Cologne.

After that they are willing to delve into the complicated issues picketing the rocky road toward an understanding that will insure the European frontiers against hostile aggression. They are even prepared to debate ways and means for getting Germany into the League of Nations.

Wants Army Freed of Control.

But before progress in these directions can be made the German Army must be freed of foreign supervision, the northern Rhineland zone freed of foreign occupation.

By pledging himself to bring the much-desired conference into being and through it to obtain the Reich's principal immediate objectives, Herr Stresemann dissipated the Nationalist opposition to the security schemes like snowflakes before Spring sunshine. Junker Toryism, he hinted, need have no fears about his tying the Fatherland up to its erstwhile enemies. At all costs he would keep his hands free in the East for the ultimate rectification of Germany's frontiers, so sadly warped by the Treaty of Versailles. At most his security compact would guarantee the integrity of France—and reciprocally of the Rhineland—and would be backed by the signature of Britain.

So Count Westarp, who has captained the latest Nationalist assaults on the Foreign Minister, subsided into amicable acquiescence at this morning's sitting of the Foreign Relations Committee. He spoke briefly, assuring Herr Stresemann of his party's support and his desire to let bygones be bygones forever—by which he probably meant until the Government got its agrarian protective tariff through the Reichstag.

The Socialists and Democrats, as well as all the Governmental factions, also gave the proposed reply to France their approval. So did the State Premiers, without a dissenting voice. Only the Communist members of the committee clamorously charged Herr Stresemann with selling the country to France and England. He refused to entertain the slightest anxiety, however, about the possibility of a break with Soviet Russia over the security compact.

HASTEN RUHR EVACUATION.

French and Belgians Also Consult Allies on Quitting 3 Other Towns.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 17.—Düsseldorf, Duisburg and Ruhrort, three Rhine ports in the Ruhr, will probably be evacuated shortly, but, contrary to a Brussels message published in the French press this evening, a decision has not yet been finally made. The French and Belgian Governments have agreed in favor of evacuation, and the French Government is issuing a circular letter to England and Italy asking their consent.

Unlike the Ruhr, the three ports were occupied in 1921 in consequence of a decision by all the allied Governments to take sanctions on two counts of non-fulfillment by Germany on reparation and disarmament clauses of the treaty. The agent of England and Italy, therefore, is needed before evacuation can take place.

The French Government is taking the initiative in the matter in the hope that this measure of evacuation will have a favorable effect on the attitude of Germany during the discussion of the guarantee compact.

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PARIS, July 17.—The Franco-Belgian evacuation of the Ruhr will be entirely completed within two weeks, the Quai d'Orsay announced today. The allied military contingents remaining in the German industrial zone will be reduced to skeleton fragments in half a dozen of the largest communities while the civil administrative organization is being withdrawn.

Bochum will probably be evacuated tomorrow, then Dortmund, and then Essen next week, with the French and Belgians turning over the administration officially to the German authorities as they leave. Actually the German officials have been in charge of the situation for a long time, there being no intrusion by the allied military forces.

CLEARS GERMAN ARMY ON COLLAPSE IN 1918

Committee Absolves Kaiser, Hindenburg and Ludendorff—Tumult in Reichstag Debate.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 17.—Wild tumult broke loose in the Reichstag this evening when a spokesman for the reactionary parties demanded the repeal of the republican law against the wearing of imperial uniforms in public.

A eulogy was paid to the Hohenzollerns, Hindenburg and the old army, by Count Zu Eulenburg, one of the Kaiser's old courtiers, which led the Socialists to storm the speakers' tribune. Physical violence was averted by the tactful intervention of the presiding officer.

The Nationalist orators denounced the revolution of 1918 as "bestial subservience to folly," and declared that the "Socialist rebels murdered fully thirty officers in the streets of Berlin."

The debate will be continued tomorrow.

A thick coat of whitewash, covering its "criminal, moral and historical phase" in the great conflict, was given today to Germany's war leaders, from the Kaiser down, by the Reichstag Committee for fixing the responsibility for the empire's military collapse in 1918.

Hindenburg and Ludendorff are specially named as absolved of all blame.

Today's report ends the committee's efforts, extending over a period of six years, and includes as evidence historical treatises, innumerable questionnaires and other reports by experts on military and political affairs.

Dr. Philipp, Nationalist, stated in submitting the report that no criminal guilt could be fixed on any individual, nor could moral or historical guilt be determined.

Professor Delbrück, an authority on the history concerning this phase of the war which the committee included, in its evidence, told THE NEW YORK TIMES this afternoon that Dr. Philipp's report in the Reichstag was very hazy and not clear, possibly purposely so, in order to avoid a long debate at a time when the Reichstag was burdened with pressing legislation, which must be finished before the Summer recess.

Dr. Philipp's report contains thirty points, finally sifted out from the thousands of questionnaires and treatises submitted by the experts. The committee passed twenty-three unanimously and the other seven by a large majority.

Ludendorff was asked several times for expert advice and the committee bombarded him with questionnaires, which he refused to answer.

DENIES TURKISH CHARGES.

Britain, in Explanation to the League, Disclaims Mosul Reprisals.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, July 17.—In a note received by the Secretary General of the League of Nations today the British Government denies the recent allegations of the Turkish Government that reprisals are being carried out in the Mosul against persons and tribes who declared themselves in favor of Turkish rule during the recent investig

SAYS ROBERT SCOTT KILLED DRUG CLERK

Detroit Telegrapher Wires Gov. Small That He Saw Younger Brother Do Chicago Shooting.

OFFERS TO GIVE EVIDENCE

Illinois Authorities Disparage Story and Attempt to Trace Sender of Wire Causing Reprieve.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, July 17.—While Russell Scott, condemned slayer of Joseph Maurer, clerk in the City Hall pharmacy of Chicago, waits in the death cell of the Cook County Jail, wondering if a telegram which obtained him a week's reprieve was signed by his brother, Robert, a new avowed deliverer has been brought to light in a Detroit telegraph office.

He is James M. Ball of 832 Jones Street, who not only backs up Scott's testimony that the brothers were only collecting a bill, and not perpetrating a hold-up, but also declares that Robert is the actual murderer and that Russell was the peacemaker throughout the wrangle which resulted in the killing.

Mr. Ball tonight sent this telegram to Governor Len Small of Illinois:

"I was an eyewitness to Scott slaying in Chicago. Not till now did I realize you are hanging the wrong man. Am willing to give testimony if you will send prosecuting attorney, special agent or transportation to Chicago or Springfield. Robert Scott shot the drug clerk."

"I was in the store making a purchase," Ball told The Free Press tonight. "When the two brothers came in Robert Scott spoke to Maurer and asked him for the money the store owed them. I gathered it was a whisky deal, and paid rather close attention to the brothers.

"Maurer replied that the store owed them nothing and that they had a fat chance of collecting anything," Ball continued. "Words passed between them, but I do know that it was over a debt and that there was no evidence of a hold-up at that time."

Mr. Ball was asked why employes of the store testified in court that the brothers attempted to hold up the place if no guns were in sight and such an argument preceded the shooting.

"I don't know anything about the testimony because I seldom read the papers," he replied, "but if that is so, the only reason I can see is that they wanted to protect the reputation of the place at the cost of Scott's reputation and life."

"It didn't take long for the argument to become a general magnet for the customers," Ball continued. "Both Robert Scott, who is much younger looking than Russell, and Maurer were getting exceedingly angry. When Russell saw that a fight was coming he stepped in and told his brother that the sum was too trivial to make so much fuss over and that they should leave before some one got hurt.

Robert Would Not Listen.

"Robert wouldn't listen to him. He began to swear. The place was filled with customers.

"Maurer again told Robert he could collect nothing. Russell attempted time and again to halt the argument, yet Robert kept on getting more abusive.

Maurer at last said, "We owe you nothing, and you will not get a cent.'

"Robert Scott told him he'd have to pay some time."

"'Get out of here and stay out, you ——,' Maurer replied. With that he raised his hand; you could see something flash. I don't know whether it was a knife, a bottle or a gun, he was in striking position with a weapon in the upraised hand.

"Robert Scott bent forward. Several reports rang out. Maurer crumpled up. 'It happened so quickly I didn't know exactly how many shots were fired or where Robert Scott fired from. He did it so quickly I didn't get it clear, but anyhow Russell, the older brother, was standing with his hands to his sides and could not have done it. Robert might have fired from his coat pocket or with the gun in his hand.

Debated Over Telling Story.

Mr. Ball said he did not discover the mistake in identities until Thursday, when he saw a photograph of Mr. and Mrs. Russell Scott in The Free Press. He told his wife about it, asked her advice and lay awake all Thursday night debating what action he should take, he said.

"I'm a poor man with six children," Ball said. "I thought of them and how short our food would be if I were forced to leave my key for any time. My wife felt something of the same. I could tell, but she wouldn't complain when the man's life seemed to hang on what I knew.

"I lay there all night thinking it out. My wife is of a religious turn, while I'm not. She began to pray about 10 o'clock—she and the children, too—asking that God stop the hangman and do something for Scott till we could see our way clear.

"This morning I saw he's got a week's reprieve, and that settled it. I telegraphed him in the death cell of the jail in Chicago asking him to send his father to me."

Chicago Calls Ball's Story a Fake.

CHICAGO, July 17 (AP).—The story of James M. Ball, a Detroit telegraph operator, that he was present in the Chicago drug store when Joseph Maurer was killed and that Robert Scott and not his brother, Russell, fired the fatal shot was characterized as a "pure fake" by George E. Gorman, Assistant State's Attorney, tonight.

"This fellow Ball seems to have an active imagination," Mr. Gorman, who prosecuted Russell Scott, said. "Except for Robert Scott, we took into custody every one who was in the drug store when the shooting occurred. Ball was not among them. We never heard of Ball before and certainly would have had he been present when the murder occurred."

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Although Russell Scott received an eleventh hour reprieve on the strength of a telegram purported to have been signed by his brother, and so gained a week's lease of life, not a word was heard today from Robert Scott.

A telegram, however, tending to bear out the story of Russell that his brother did the shooting, was received by the prisoner during the day, signed by James M. Ball of Detroit.

The Detroit message said:

"Send your father to Detroit immediately. I have evidence that might help you."

Scott said he did not know who Ball was but that he might be a friend of his father.

Meanwhile, police in every city of the United States were asked to seek Robert, who, though indicted jointly with Russell, has never been apprehended. Russell has maintained that it was Robert, and not himself, who shot Maurer. The police contend that the shooting occurred during a hold-up in which both brothers participated.

Two new witnesses, both of them women, will go before Governor Small some time within a week to tell their stories and plead for the life of Russell Scott, it was announced tonight by his attorneys.

According to the story of the defense now, Scott has all along known of at least one of the two new women witnesses, but he has refrained from calling her in his behalf because, it is intimated strongly, she was his companion on the night of the shooting and she is married.

Now, the story goes, the woman is estranged from her husband, is about to obtain a divorce, is no longer afraid of her position, and has come forward to tell her story to save Scott.

Scott's attorneys say they expect to prove that there was a drinking party in the basement of the store, and that Maurer was shot as the result of a quarrel with Robert Scott over money Maurer owed Robert, and not as the result of a hold-up.

Authorities of Canada were appealed to, also, to find Robert Scott.

Scott Skeptical of Confession.

The fact that no word has been received by Russell convinced State's Attorney Crowe and police that the telegram, sent from Detroit, was a hoax, as they had first pronounced it.

Meanwhile Scott himself expressed the opinion that the telegram might be a fake message.

"I did not believe it was a fake at first, but now I do, for I think if it was sent by Bob he would have given himself up—he would have been here," he declared.

"For all I know, Bob may be in Africa. Still, I don't know; it might have been from him."

First Assistant State's Attorney George E. Gorman, who personally opposed the move to secure commutation of Scott's sentence made before the Board of Pardons and Paroles, said that an immediate investigation will be started to verify the belief that a hoax has been perpetrated on the Governor.

"At any rate the 'confession' will make no difference in Russell's ultimate fate, for we will hang him in the end, whether his brother, Robert, gives up or not," Mr. Gorman said. "In the eyes of the law both are equally guilty, both having been present at the time of the murder, engaged in criminal mischief."

Says Canadians Want Delay.

Powerful Canadian interests are at work to secure a commutation for Scott, Mr. Gorman believes, and they have been the means of securing the week's delay to dig up new evidence and to arrange means of approaching Governor Small.

"If Robert Scott was sincere he would have walked into a police station and given himself up, instead of sending a telegram," he added.

"We will hang Russell next Friday, and the following Monday, if Robert surrenders, as he promises in the telegram, we will place him on trial and give him the same dose that was meted to his brother."

Chief of Detective Schoemaker looks upon the reprieve as "all bunk."

Says Scott Admitted Killing.

He blames the conditions which make it possible for murderers to escape the noose to "too much reform."

"I did not testify at the trial," he said, "but Russell Scott admitted to me at the time of his arrest that he shot Maurer in the back. He said he heard scuffling upstairs at the time they were in the basement of the drug store and that he ran up to see what was doing.

"He told me he found Maurer on top of Robert, and that he fired into Maurer's back. It may have been a 'hooch parlor,' but they did not go there for 'hooch.' They were there to rob as they did in forty previous drug store hold-ups, which they committed at the rate of four or five a night.

"This telegram—it's all bunk—it's rotten from start to finish. If Robert did the shooting, hang him also."

The telegram, dispatched from Detroit, which brought the reprieve soon after midnight, read:

"Delay the hanging of my brother, Russell Scott. I will be in to surrender myself. I am the man who shot Joseph Maurer. ROBERT SCOTT."

The message opened new avenues of hope to the condemned man, who has been saved twice from execution by a few hours.

FURNITURE OFFICIAL CITED.

National Alliance Secretary Must Answer for Contempt of Court.

CHICAGO, July 17 (AP).—Arthur C. Brown of Chicago, secretary of the National Alliance of Furniture Manufacturers, eighty of whose members recently pleaded guilty of anti-trust law violations, was cited today to show cause why he should not be held in contempt of court for his refusal to submit certain papers and documents to the Federal Grand Jury on a subpoena duces tecum.

After Federal Judge Cliffe had issued the order naming Brown, seven additional manufacturers entered pleas of guilty and were fined $12,000.

The companies and their fines were J. D. Freese & Sons, Chicago, $1,000; Joerns Brothers Furniture Company, Stevens Point, Wis., $2,000; Luger Furniture Company, Minneapolis, $2,000; Nicholas Kendle Furniture Company, Huntington, W. Va., $2,000; A. C. Norquist Company, Jamestown, N. Y., $3,000; Pioneer Furniture Company, Eau Claire, Wis., $1,000, and H. E. Shaw Furniture Company, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1,000.

ROMNEY PICTURES SOLD.

Four of His Works Are Features of London Sale.

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By Wireless to The New York Times.

LONDON, July 17.—Four important Romney pictures were the chief features of the sale at Christies today of the collection of old masters and modern pictures of the Earl of Lathom, the late Lord Ailwyn, Sir Edward Oswald Every and other collectors.

Sir John Leigh bought a Romney, the "Portraits of Masters Edward Wilbraham Bootle and His Brother Randle, When Boys," for 8,500 guineas, and "Portrait of Sir Edward Every," by the same artist, for 4,500 guineas. Romney's "Portrait of Lady Every" brought 7,800 guineas, and "Portrait of Mrs. Wilbraham Bootle" 900 guineas.

VOTE ONE BIG BRITISH UNION

Trade Union Leaders Propose Alliance—Unions to Decide.

LONDON, July 17 (AP).—A conference of trade union executives meeting here today approved a plan for a great consolidation alliance embracing millions of British workers, including miners, railwaymen, engineers, shipbuilders and transport laborers.

The question then was referred to the various unions to consult their members and report to a further conference.

If the alliance is established it may lead to a national stoppage of work in the event the miners fail to secure the settlement at which they are aiming at present.

The Daily Mail professes to see a connection between the scheme and the efforts of the Communists to capture control of the British trade unions.

Patrolman Commits Suicide.

Edward W. Giebert, a patrolman of the Bathgate Avenue Station, told his wife yesterday he was tired of working and sent her to the station house to report that he was sick. She went to the station and another patrolman was sent with her to the home at 876 Hornaday Place, the Bronx, to inquire into Giebert's condition. Giebert had taken his service revolver and shot himself in the head. He was dead when his wife and the patrolman arrived.

BORDER RUM TREATY EFFECTIVE JULY 27

Kellogg and Canadian Minister Exchange Ratifications of Hughes-Lapointe Compact.

DRY CHIEFS ARE HOPEFUL

Predict End of Bootleggers' Supplies in Dominion—Check on Narcotics Is Also Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The Hughes-Lapointe treaty, committing the United States and Canada to a reciprocal arrangement to prevent the smuggling of liquor, narcotics and other articles, will become effective on July 27.

Ratifications were exchanged today by Secretary Kellogg and Ernest Lapointe, Minister of Justice of Canada, of four separate compacts in respect to the Dominion, one specifically dealing with the smuggling of liquor and narcotics and another providing for the arrest and prosecution of persons violating the narcotic laws of either Government. This latter agreement also provides for extradition by either country on account of crimes or offenses committed against the laws for the suppression of traffic in narcotics.

The two other treaties on which ratifications were exchanged relate to the demarcation of the international boundary on the northern border and the regulation of the levels of the Lake of the Woods.

Prediction is made by prohibition enforcement officers that the treaty will eventually result in drying up Canada as a source of supply for bootleggers on this side of the border.

Following the ceremony at the State Department, General Lincoln C. Andrews, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury and chief director, left for Rouse's Point and St. Albans, where he is to start his policy of cooperation between customs officials and prohibition officers in an endeavor to blockade the border against smugglers of all sorts.

Evidence has been obtained by the Dominion and the United States that men engaged in the business of running rum across the border from Canada into this country smuggle back into Canada on their return trips commodities that should pay duty, as well as articles that are denied admission at Canadian customs houses. Suppression of this illicit commerce is expected to be accomplished through more effective regulation of traffic between the two countries.

How the Nations Will Cooperate.

Under the Hughes-Lapointe Treaty, which was negotiated during the incumbency of Charles E. Hughes as Secretary of State and was ratified by the Senate last Winter, each of the contracting parties agrees to furnish to the other, upon request, information concerning clearances of vessels to dry ports when there is ground to suspect that such craft are engaged in smuggling.

The treaty also provides that clearance shall be refused by either Government in the case of any vessel suspected of carrying cargo consisting of articles prohibited by the United States or Canada.

Article IV reads: "The high contracting parties reciprocally agree to exchange information concerning the names and activities of all persons known or suspected to be engaged in violation of the narcotic laws of the United States or of Canada, respectively."

It is agreed further that the customs and other administrative officials of the two Governments shall upon request be directed to attend as witnesses in the trial of any civil or criminal cases affected by the treaty originating on either side of the border. The treaty is to remain in force for a period of one year.

Before General Andrews started for the Canadian border today he had an hour's conference with Senator George Wharton Pepper of Pennsylvania. Senator Pepper urged that W. G. Murdock of Pittsburgh, a State director, be named as administrator in the new prohibition organization.

Representative L. J. Dickinson of Iowa called in behalf of a candidate for the division to be made of Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska.

Through the Andrews program, the present scheme of enforcement in Pennsylvania is taken out of one man's hands, Western Pennsylvania and Middle Pennsylvania being set into the Fourth District, and Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey into the Fifth District. Senator Pepper is understood to desire that the State be administered as a whole, but, on the other hand, it was learned today that he did not oppose the change during his conference at the Treasury.

Pepper Supports Andrews Plan.

Differing from some other Senators, Mr. Pepper declared today he did not consider that if the Andrews plan failed prohibition enforcement could be put down as a lost cause. In fact, his idea, he said, was that the Andrews plan was the remedy to adopt at present, and that if it did not succeed it would then be time enough to think of further steps.

"I'm thinking of it as the measure of the moment," he said.

While he suggested the appointment of Major Murdock, Senator Pepper, it was ascertained, did not seek to press Treasury officials for a promise of his nomination. He took the stand, it was said in his behalf, that General Andrews and Mr. Blair should be allowed to exercise their discretion in appointments.

Senator Pepper also visited the Department of Justice, where he asked for the reappointment of George W. Coles as Federal Attorney in the Western District of Pennsylvania and Andrew W. Dunsmore as the Attorney in the middle district. In addition, he urged the appointment of John D. Meyer of Pittsburgh to succeed Homer Lyon, who has resigned as Federal Attorney in the Western District.

THREE LIQUOR SHIPS BACK.

British Schooners Are Off Boston Despite the Blockade.

BOSTON, July 17 (AP).—The reappearance of three rum runners was announced here today at Coast Guard Headquarters. The vessels, said to be the British schooners Grace and Ruby, Montclair and James W. Parker, were driven out of New England waters two weeks ago by the effective blockade of the enlarged rum fleet.

The Grace and Ruby and the Montclair, Government officials said, have been sighted about twenty miles off Cape Ann and the other schooner has been moving back and forth about seventy miles off shore for several days. The James W. Parker, it was said, was prepared to do business with shore boats near Fippennies Ledge, about sixty miles east of Cape Ann.

The destroyers McCall, Beale, Patterson and Cummings and the cutters Acushnet and Ossipee are still on patrol in those waters and, supplemented by a large fleet of smaller craft, will resume the rumship blockade.

Young Biddle's Case Goes Over.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 17 (AP).—Charges against George Drexel Biddle, 21, son of Craig Biddle of Philadelphia, charged with driving an automobile while intoxicated and operating without a license, were continued for one week by Judge Max Levy in First District Court, Newport, today.

TELLS OF BIG DROP IN OUR USE OF WHISKY

Thousands of Boys Here Do Not Know Its Taste, Dr. Wishart Informs Britons.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 17.—Although it has been asserted in Great Britain that the tremendous increase in the consumption of ice cream in America due to prohibition was injurious to health, Dr. Charles F. Wishart, President of the College of Wooster, Ohio, told the council for the interchange of preachers that he never heard of a man who ate excessive quantities of the confection going home to beat his wife.

Dr. Wishart was speaking on "The Latest About Prohibition," and cited the fact that instead of decreasing business as the wets predicted, commerce was unaffected and there had been an enormous increase in the demand for candy and ice cream. He said that the negro problem was one of the things taken into consideration when prohibition was adopted for the negro population had increased from four to twelve millions since the Civil War.

"We are frankly disappointed, however," he said, "of the effect prohibition has had on crime, but better conditions are expected soon, due to President Coolidge's firm action. Although the idle rich still drink, and New York is a really wet spot, the consumption of whisky has been reduced 80 per cent., wine 75 per cent. and beer practically 100 per cent. The working man is much better off. He can now take care of his wife and family. Thousands of boys are growing up without knowing the taste or smell of liquor. There is not a chance for the repeal of prohibition."

MacMILLAN'S SHIP READY.

Explorer Reports He Expected to Leave Hopedale Yesterday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Commander Donald B. MacMillan of the MacMillan Arctic Expedition, notified the National Geographic Society, in a radio message received today, that he expected to complete repairs to the Bowdoin in time to leave Hopedale, Labrador, today. The message, which was picked up by the amateur radio station 8-APW of L. E. Caldwell and R. I. Lewis at Cleveland, Ohio, read:

"By putting empty casks under the stern of the Bowdoin and unloading barrels of gasoline we have at last succeeded in removing broken propeller. Tomorrow (July 17) we hope to put on our new one and should be ready to leave for Greenland the same day. With good weather we should be across in three days and join the Peary in about five.

"The crew still continues to be the best I have ever had. They are a very happy body of men."

DETECTIVE ACCUSES WIFE.

Cartoonist Cites Her Trips to Adirondacks in Writ to Get Children.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, July 17.—Alleging that his wife has become a private detective and has gone on several pleasure trips into the Adirondacks with male private detectives, proving herself an improper guardian of her three children, Leo J. Roche of Yonkers began a habeas corpus proceeding today in the Supreme Court to gain custody of the children. Mrs. Emily Roche, his wife, of 506 West 113th Street, New York City, now has the children, Dorothy, 10; Leo, 8, and Eileen, 6, at her home.

Roche says he is a cartoonist in New York, earns $85 a week and is able to care for the children properly. He filed an affidavit by Miss Rose Lee of Manhattan. He asserts that he will soon sue his wife for divorce upon the testimony of Miss Lee.

WED, THEY STAY IN SCHOOL.

Girl Athlete and Art Student Husband to Finish Studies.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 17.—Mr. and Mrs. Albert A. French have just received word of the marriage of their daughter, Miss Ada Jeffrey French, a student at the Savage School of Physical Culture in New York, to John Paul Doremus, a student at a New York art school. The marriage took place at Freeport, L. I., on June 23.

Mrs. Doremus is noted locally as a swimmer and an athlete. She is at a girls' summer camp in New York State, where she is acting as counselor.

It is understood that the young couple will complete their studies and later make their home in Freeport.

$1,387,832 STREET AWARDS.

Justice Fawcett Rules on Six Actions for New Queens Roads.

Awards totaling $1,387,832.61 in six street opening proceedings have been made by Justice Lewis L. Fawcett in the Queens Supreme Court. The largest, $829,699.83, was for the opening of Broadway from Newtown Road to Queens Boulevard. Opening of this street is to be started soon.

Awards of $262,295.75 were made to owners of land and buildings, to open and extend Borden Avenue from Laurel Hill Boulevard in Long Island City, to Grand Street, Maspeth. Awards totaling $125,088 were made to acquire land for a park bounded by Cypress Hills Road, Cooper Terrace and Cooper Avenue in the Ridgewood section.

M'CORMICK QUITS OVERALLS

Gives Up Laborer's Job in Harvester Plant to Work in Office.

CHICAGO, July 17 (AP).—Fowler McCormick, scion of the harvester manufacturing family, has deserted the overalls for the white collar and business suit. He has been promoted from a laboring job in the Milwaukee plant of the International Harvester Company to a position in the accounting division.

Young McCormick returned to work yesterday after a holiday here with his mother, Mrs. Edith Rockefeller McCormick. He had worked as a factory hand for six months.

RESTED AFTER CHANNEL TRY

Girl Swimmer to Resume Training for Another Attempt.

BOULOGNE, France, July 17 (AP).—Miss Lillian Harrison, the young swimmer who yesterday failed to negotiate the English Channel, being forced to give up on account of the cold water when five miles from the English shore, is rested and fit again and ready to renew her training.

The Argentine girl will try the Channel again early in August. She says she is determined to swim it before returning to her home.

Army Officer Dies in Auto Crash.

DENVER, July 17 (AP).—Lieut. Col. W. A. Mapes, former commanding officer of Fort Logan, near here, was killed today when his automobile crashed into a trolley car. Colonel Mapes was a patient at Fitzsimmons Hospital and had recently been relieved of the Fort Logan command and attached to the Seventh Infantry at Spokane.

DRESSES AS A BOY TO SEEK FORTUNE

Girl's Hair and Soprano Voice Betray Her, Though, and Now She's Home Again.

YEARNED TO GET A JOB

Father Insisted She Must Go to School, So She Took $47 and His Clothes and Departed.

Dorothy Muller, 15 years old, of 86 Luckhart Place, Fairview, N. J., has wanted to go to work ever since she was graduated in June. She has asked her father, James Muller, many times to relent in his determination that she go to high school. Only yesterday Dorothy asked again, but had no luck.

"Plenty of time to think of work later," said her father; "take this check for $47 down to the bank and cash it. I'll be back in a little while."

Dorothy thought it all over. Like the business girls she hoped to join, she felt she could take care of herself. But there was a little problem which required a little clear-thinking. The door slammed as dad went out and just then Dorothy made her decision. Ten minutes later a jaunty young person, with an exaggerated he-man stride, went down Luckhart Place. Dad's black suit bagged at the knees, the sleeves flapped about the wrists and the shoulders didn't look a bit like they do in advertisements. There had been no time to find a tie to go with the khaki shirt, and the swaggering young person was hatless.

In a hat store in Bergenline Avenue, Union City, part of the $47 was invested in a straw hat to cover a boyish bob. Thus Dorothy started to hunt for a job.

In the evening John Budin, special officer at the Columbia Amusement Park, North Bergen, N. J., was gazing thoughtfully on the occupant of a bench in a secluded part of the park. The occupant was fanning the heat wave away with a straw hat.

"Now, that's either a violinist, a man in bad need of a barber or," speculated John, "a girl. Let's see."

In the manner that has chilled many a skylarking visitor to the amusement resort, Special Officer Budin barked:

"Are you a boy?"

"Of course, I am," sopranoed the party on the bench.

"Come along with me to the station house," and soon Dorothy and what carfares, meals and the straw hat had not taken out of the $47 were back in Fairview. Dorothy reported that jobs seemed to be scarce.

NEW YORK POLICEMEN TEACHING IN PATERSON

Enright Sends Experts to Instruct in Chief Tracey's School for Recruits.

Instructors from the New York Police Department for the last six weeks have been going to Paterson, N. J., it was learned last night, to give members of the Police Department of that city expert instruction.

Chief John Tracey of Paterson has established a school for policemen somewhat along the lines of New York's new police academy, and is drawing on the larger city for his faculty.

Not only are expert detectives, specialists in every branch of crime, being sent to Paterson for the purpose of drilling detectives and resruits there, but, according to The Paterson Evening News, lessons in handling crowds, traffic regulation and such matters are being taught by New York policemen. The News says:

"Every new police device created in New York for the direction of traffic and the detection of crime has been placed at the disposal of Chief Tracey. Commissioner Enright week after week has sent his best men to Paterson to address the police school here and train the local men in the most approved police methods."

LELAND WINS SLANDER SUIT

Divorce Principal Gets $10,000 Verdict Against Church Official.

CHICAGO, July 17 (AP).—An award of $10,000 damages was made by a jury tonight to Albert R. Leland in his $50,000 slander suit against E. L. Hartig, a wealthy official of the Oak Park Church of which Leland formerly was a parishioner.

The suit was the outgrowth of a suit for divorce filed by Leland in which the Rev. Carl D. Case, pastor of the Oak Park Church, was named. Hartig's attorneys made a motion for a new trial and this will be argued tomorrow.

The divorce action came after Leland's wife, Mrs. Charlotte Leland, said that Dr. Case and she had been guilty of misconduct. Hartig was a member of a church committee which made an inquiry. Leland charged that Hartig had referred to him as a rubber in a Turkish bath and as a man who once practiced medicine without a license.

SHOPLIFTER GETS 10 DAYS.

Easy to Steal, She Thought, Till She Tried It.

Mrs. Matilda Campi, 40 years old, of 17 West 106th Street, the wife of a Cuban architect, pleaded guilty yesterday in Special Sessions to shoplifting and was sentenced to ten days in the workhouse by Justices Herrman, Kelly and Kernochan. She was caught stealing a wrap valued at $15.74 from Macy's on June 24 by women detectives of the Stores Mutual Protective Association.

When searched in the store, the detectives said yesterday, the woman had $200. They quoted her as explaining the theft by saying, "It is easy to get something for nothing in New York."

BANK CASHIER HELD FOR OVERCERTIFYING

Ocean City (N. J.) Officer Arrested on Federal Warrant—Checks Said to Have Been Paid.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 17.—Charged with certifying checks amounting to $88,750 against insufficient deposits, Highland S. Mowrer, Cashier of the First National Bank of Ocean City, was arrested today by United States Deputy Marshals under a bench warrant from the Federal District Court at Trenton.

Mowrer was indicted by the Federal Grand Jury for alleged violation of the Federal banking laws. He was arraigned before United States Commissioner Albert C. McGee and held under $2,000 bail for appearance on July 27. Bond was furnished by Richard C. Stites, President of the bank. An arrest of another official said to be in Florida is also expected.

According to President Stites, the charge is technical and the bank did not suffer in any way. The complaint is understood to have been made by Ralph L. Derr, Federal Bank Examiner, who, it is said, discovered the alleged discrepancy.

Mowrer admitted that the examiner had called his attention to the matter, with the warning that it involved a banking violation. He said he at once told the officials of the bank and directors and then believed the incident closed. The checks are said to have been made good.

PLANE USED IN HUNT FOR LOST BERRY-PICKER

Police Dog and 25 Searching Parties Comb New Jersey Swamp in Vain.

An airplane and twenty-five groups of searchers on foot who explored the recesses of Cedar swamp, near East Rutherford, N. J., yesterday in an effort to locate William Galton, 35 years old, of 720 First Street, Secaucus, who is believed to be lost in the swamp, failed to find any trace of him. The search will be resumed today.

A Belgian police dog also was used in the search but could not pick up the trail. Galton went into the swamp Thursday to pick berries and has not been seen since. Last week two men who were lost in the swamp suffered so severely from their experience that one died.

BELRIDGE WINS OIL SUIT.

Court Upholds Company's Title to Wells in Elk Hills Reserve.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 17 (AP).—The Belridge Oil Company won approval of the Federal District Court here today of its title to wells it has sunk in the Elk Hills naval oil reserve in Kern County, Cal.

The Belridge Company's twelve producing wells are located within the same reserve in which the Doheny oil leases recently were ordered canceled by Judge Paul J. McCormick.

The Belridge decision was handed down by Federal Judge W. B. Sheppard, who held valid the order signed by President Harding transferring authority over the naval reserve leases from the Navy to the Interior Department. Its validity, he said, was based on the point that the transfer was made at the suggestion of the Navy Department, which realized that the Department of the Interior had better facilities for handling the leases.

The Belridge wells, since their leases were signed April 24, 1922, a year after President Harding's order, have produced 2,300,000 barrels of oil from their naval reserve holdings.

S. W. Williams, Special Assistant to the Attorney General who prosecuted the case, said he would recommend to Washington that the decision be appealed.

DAVIS SAILS FOR EUROPE.

Secretary to Study Industrial Conditions—Back Before Sept. 1.

Among the passengers who sailed at midnight for Cherbourg and Southampton on the White Star liner Homeric, was Secretary of Labor James J. Davis who said he was going abroad to study industrial conditions in England, Scotland and Wales. He will return before the agreement between the operators and miners of the anthracite coal mines expires on Sept. 1.

Mr. Davis said that he felt safe in going away and expressed the belief that the conference now going on in Atlantic City, would lead to a settlement. "I do not believe the Government should enter into a dispute between employers and employes until all other means for bringing about a settlement have failed," he said.

Mr. Davis will visit the steel and iron districts around Sheffield and Birmingham, the textile industries in Lancashire, the potteries in Staffordshire, inspect shipbuilding on the Clyde and visit the coal mines in Yorkshire and Wales. Mrs. Davis is now in Wales.

The Homeric had 730 passengers and left the pier at 12:10 A. M.

CZAR'S PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Soviet Will Offer Furniture of Royal Quarters for Bids Next Week.

LENINGRAD, July 17 (AP).—Private and personal property of Czar Nicholas II, valued at several million rubles, will be offered for sale next week by the special Soviet commission in charge of the State Museums.

The sale includes the magnificent furniture of the royal apartments of many palaces, a great variety of embroidered table linen, silk and woolen bed covers, rare table glassware and dining and tea sets. Gobelin tapestries and 300 carpets and rugs, including many specimens from Persia and the Caucasus, also will be offered.

TO OUST ALL AGENTS IN NEW DRY ORDER

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

Mildred Cohen, of 481 Jersey Avenue, Jersey City, and Barney J. Kolinsky, of 1,209 Elder Avenue, the Bronx. Kirschenblatt and Damsky were released in bail of $5,000 each. The others were released in $1,000 bail each.

Calls It Biggest Since Kessler.

"The biggest bootleg ring uncovered since Mannie Kessler's prosecution," United States Attorney Buckner said of the defendants. Mr. Buckner said Kirschenblatt was known to the bootleg trade as "Kirsch."

With an organization that is alleged to have included forty solicitors, Kirsch or Kirschenblatt operated throughout the Middle West, according to United States Attorney Buckner.

Mr. Buckner said the alleged bootleggers shipped the trunks by express, and then mailed the keys to the trunks to their customers or consignees. The consignees shipped the trunks back to the bootleggers.

A list of 20,000 customers, including many New Yorkers, was the most important part of the seizure, according to United States Attorney Buckner, who explained that the quantity of liquor seized by the raiders was comparatively small. Mr. Buckner said that agents who had had the ring under surveillance had reported that as many as thirty trunks were shipped in a day.

Kirsch or Kirschenblatt, according to United States Attorney Buckner, should not be confused with Abraham Kirsch and Albert Kirsch, both of 1,523 East 172d Street, the Bronx, who were arrested on similar charges on March 24 in a loft building at 7 West Twenty-second Street. Their cases are pending.

Lost His Taxi Over a Bottle of Wine.

John Brasino, 2,353 Howard Street, Astoria, was fined only $15 following his conviction of a charge of illegal transportation of liquor. Federal Judge Lake Jones, in Brooklyn, said he would take into consideration the fact that the defendant's taxicab had been confiscated. Brasino admitted that he had carried a bottle of wine in his taxicab on April 15, when he was arrested by a prohibition agent.

CURED BARING, SAYS CHRISTIAN SCIENTIST

Wife Poisoner Under Constant Treatment at Matteawan, Woman Practitioner Asserts.

SANE, HE IS TO BE TRIED

Prisoner Had Suffered From Constitutional Psychopathic Inferiority, Hospital Physician Declared.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, July 17.—Clarence O. Baring, the confessed wife poisoner, who was sent to Matteawan a year ago as insane and was officially declared sane again this week, was under incessant Christian Science treatment at the State Hospital for the Insane. His recovery was attributed to this yesterday by Mrs. Amelia R. Drake, a practitioner, living at the Hotel Majestic in New York City. At the hospital it was said that the cause of the man's mental restoration was unknown.

Preparations are being made to bring Baring to trial, as a man of restored sanity, for the crime alleged to have been committed by him during the period of his alleged insanity.

Baring was committed to Matteawan a year and a week ago when alienists for the prosecution and defense agreed that he was crazy. They said that he had delusions and hallucinations, that he had a bad heredity, that there was nervous disease in the family, and that he was excitable, argumentative and fidgety.

By various frauds Baring had induced a hospital to give him cultures of diphtheria, scarlet fever, typhoid and pneumonia. Baring admitted that he tried to dose his wife with these cultures. When the biological poisons failed to give the desired results, he began feeding her arsenic and other poisons.

Noticing the variety of odd flavors in her foods, Mrs. Baring became suspicious and refused to eat any more of the dishes of poison dressed for her by her husband. Instead she carried them away on one pretext or another and had them analyzed. After evidence of her of his devotion. This was to offset overwhelming she caused his arrest. Then Baring put forward the plea that his idea was to poison her in a limited way and then to wait on her and nurse her so assiduously as to convince her of his devotion. This was to effect signs she had shown of doubting his love. Mrs. Baring was wealthy. The husband was a poor man.

"Mrs. Baring brought her husband to me seven years ago for treatment," said Mrs. Drake yesterday. "At that time, she said that his mind was on the verge of breaking. He had led a very irregular life, and at that time he showed no sincere desire to start anew. He did not stay with the treatments. After his arrest he sent for me again. He was in a bad way mentally then, but he did have a sincere desire to reform. I believe that he had gradually become a new man. It is four months since the last symptoms of irrationality have been seen in him."

Baring was certified as sane by Dr. Raymond F. C. Kieb, Medical Superintendent of Matteawan, who is now on his way to Europe. On Monday Baring will be turned over to the Sheriff, taken into court and released on bail. Dr. J. W. Moore of Matteawan said he understood that Baring's ailment was constitutional psychopathic inferiority. Asked if there was any basis for the claim that he had been restored to normal by Christian Science treatments, Dr. Moore said:

"I don't know anything about that."

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 17 (AP).—It was learned at the District Attorney's office tonight that efforts are being made to locate Miss Mildred Beam, a school teacher, and former friend of Clarence O. Baring, who will stand trial soon for an attempt to poison his wife.

At the time of Baring's first trial, at which he was adjudged insane, the prosecution charged that Baring wanted to dispose of his wife so that he could marry Miss Beam. At that time she disappeared from her home to avoid publicity, but informed the District Attorney that she would appear to testify if she was wanted. As Baring was declared insane, she was not called.

At Miss Beam's home in Elizabeth, N. J., her mother said: "My daughter is not here; nor will she be here."

YOUTH CLEARED OF HOLD-UP

Banton Asks Grand Jury to Free Victim of Mistaken Identity.

Through the intervention of District Attorney Joab H. Banton Henry Brussow, 26 years old, a member of the Seventh Regiment and living at 453 East Eighty-fourth Street, was exonerated by the Grand Jury on a hold-up charge. Brussow was returning to his home from the armory of the regiment on the night of June 19 when bandits held up the restaurant of Robert Schmidt at 1,584 Third Avenue.

The militiaman heard the cries of the victims, blew a police whistle and joined in pursuit of the robbers, who escaped. When policemen arrived, Schmidt pointed out Brussow as one of the bandits who had stolen $35 from the cash register. Brussow protested his innocence when he was held in the Yorkville Court for the Grand Jury on a robbery charge.

State Senator Thomas I. Sheridan, his counsel, was convinced that Brussow was a victim of mistaken identity. He appealed to the District Attorney to investigate his client's story. Mr. Banton questioned Schmidt and other witnesses to the hold-up, decided Brussow was innocent and recommended that Brussow be declared guiltless.

DROWNS IN SWIM OFF BOAT.

Young Man's Body Found by Police After 4 Hours' Grappling.

Robert Bennett, 28 years old, who lived on the Flushing Turnpike, North Hempstead, Long Island, went out with friends in a motor boat yesterday afternoon. They were cruising off Manhattan Beach when Bennett decided that he wanted to go in for a swim. He dived off the motor boat, swam for a few minutes, and disappeared.

William Bachford of 444 Forty-third Street, Brooklyn, one of the party, reported his disappearance to the Marine Division of the Police Department. A police launch went to the spot where he was last seen and grappled for his body. It was found after four hours. Bennett's father is a foreman in the Street Cleaning Department.

VOTING MACHINES COSTLY.

But the $3,000,000 Outlay Would Save in the End, Says Heydt.

It will cost about $3,000,000 to install voting machines in this city, in accordance with the ruling of the Court of Appeals, said Charles E. Heydt, Republican, and Secretary of the Board of Elections, in a statement yesterday. But, he added, the installation of the machines required will save money in the end.

He expressed doubt that all machines would be ready for Election Day, owing to inadequate facilities for manufacture. He predicted that the machines would add efficiency to elections and that the results of balloting would be known by 7 o'clock on the night of voting.

FAMOUS

The world boasts many wonderful watering-places—Deauville, Cannes, Coronado, Brighton, Newport, Palm Beach—

But none is more famous than Coney Island, the playground

EX-ALDERMAN SHOT THWARTING HOLD-UP

Fights Payroll Thugs in a Greenwich Village Office and Is Near Death in Hospital.

ANOTHER ROBBERY BALKED

Detective's Gun Play Saves $10,000 Pay Roll—Thinks He Shot Two —Hospitals Watched.

Two groups of bandits invaded business establishments on the rim of Greenwich Village in search of payrolls yesterday afternoon. Former Alderman Fred Smith of Brooklyn was shot and probably fatally wounded when he frustrated one robbery. In the other attempt thugs exchanged twenty-five shots with Detective Stephen Devine and several policemen after the detective had prevented the robbery of the branch of the United States Trucking Corporation at Seventh Avenue and Perry Street.

Mr. Smith, who is 63 years old and lives at 105 McDonough Street, Brooklyn, was shot in the abdomen when he grabbed at one of two bandits who had attempted to take the $2,000 payroll in the office of Meier & Oelhaf, dealers in marine plumbing supplies, on the ground floor of 177 Christopher Street.

Detective Devine, who chased for a mile an automobile used by five men who tried to rob the trucking corporation's plant, is certain that he shot two of the robbers.

Both bandit groups escaped in automobiles. Policemen were stationed last night at hospitals throughout the city in the hope that one or both of the wounded might show up.

The hold-ups took place within a quarter of an hour. The police believe they were the work of members of one gang of bandits. Carl Oelhaf Sr., partner in the plumbing supply firm, with his son, Carl Jr., and his daughter, Mrs. Catherine Meyer, was making up the weekly payroll in the office at 4 P. M. when Mr. Smith entered.

Seizes Robber's Pistol.

The one-time Alderman is a salesman for Freemont & Co., also dealers in marine plumbing supplies, at 100 Bank Street. He had just begun a conversation with the elder Oelhaf when the door leading from the street flew open and two young men, with pistols in their hands, entered and ordered all in the office to throw up their hands.

Mr. Smith wheeled around. One robber advanced toward Mr. Smith and repeated the command. Mr. Smith, however, grabbed the bandit's pistol, but the latter stepped back and fired. The bullet struck the former Alderman in the abdomen. He fell. Both robbers lost their nerve and bolted, leaving the payroll untouched. The thugs leaped into an automobile and sped away.

Mr. Smith was semi-conscious when policemen and detectives from the Charles Street Station appeared. He was removed to St. Vincent's Hospital, where it was said that he had little chance of recovery. If he does live he probably will be a paralytic, as the bullet had lodged against his spine, it was said. His wife now is at Sound Beach, Conn.

While policemen were being sent to this robbery the report of the attempt to hold up the trucking corporation's branch was received at the Charles Street Station. Detective Devine, who recently was raised to the rank of first-grade detective for good work in coping with robbers, had been assigned by Captain of Detectives Stilson to guard the $10,000 payroll at the branch.

Devine accompanied Patrick Curtis, the foreman, in an automobile to the Mercantile Bank, Fifth Avenue and Fourteenth Street, where the $10,000 was withdrawn. When they returned to Curtis's office, Curtis, Miss Rita Sweeney, a bookkeeper, and a man clerk began to make up the payroll.

Devine was seated at the end of the desk when two young men walked into the room, each with a pistol in his hand.

"Hands up, everybody!" commanded one intruder. Devine grabbed for his pistol as he wheeled around and the thugs blazed away. They fired ten shots. Curtis and his assistants dropped to the floor as they strewed the stacks of banknotes on the floor, and Detective Devine began to return the bandits' fire. Devine had emptied his pistol of its six bullets when the two bandits ran down the stairs.

Reloads His Weapon.

The detective started after them, reloading his pistol. One hold-up man had leaped into a sedan, in which the driver and two other young men were seated, and the second was standing beside the car with his pistol trained on the door from which the detective emerged.

As Devine came out the bandit on the sidewalk renewed his fire. Devine took careful aim this time and pulled the trigger. The robber staggered toward the open door of the sedan and was pulled inside. Then Devine jumped to the running board. As the car started the driver fired four shots at the detective. One of them clipped his necktie and another passed through the lapel of his coat. Devine fell back and fired three more bullets as the sedan got under way, and he heard one of the men exclaimed: "Oh, I'm shot!" Devine got into another car and pursued the bandits till their machine was lost sight of in the traffic near Twelfth Street and Seventh Avenue.

BANK ERROR FOILS HOLD-UP.

Pending Correction, $1,000 Is Placed in Desk—Bandits Fail to Find It.

A ten-dollar error in cash brought from the bank yesterday afternoon to pay off the employes of the United Sand and Gravel Company, at 423 West 218th Street, was the means of saving the money when four men, one of whom was armed with a revolver, entered the office of the company and, after tying the cashier, William Gonzales, and ransacking the office, found only $3 in the petty cash box of the safe.

When the money came from the bank, which was a few moments before the hold-up, Gonzales discoverbd the error and telephoned the bank. Pending correction by the bank he placed the money in an envelope in the drawer of the bookkeeper's desk.

A moment later the bandits entered and, after threatening Gonzales and tying his hands with cords, asked him where the money was. "The only money here" Gonzales said, "is in the safe where it belongs."

The bandits, however, after taking the $3 from the safe, ransacked the office and repeatedly turned over the payroll envelope with the $1,000 cash payroll inside, with other papers in the drawer.

Satisfied they had all the money there was in the office the bandits left. After freeing himself of his bonds Gonzales notified the police of the Wadsworth Station.

Bandit Ties Clerk, Robs Store.

A bandit entered the Sheffield Farm Company's store at 1,475 Second Avenue yesterday afternoon, bound the clerk with picture wire, and escaped with $22 from the till. Police of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station are investigating.

PANELLA MURDER LAID BEFORE GRAND JURY

14 Witnesses Testify and True Bills Are Returned—Knapp Still Missing.

Evidence against Philip K. Knapp, army deserter and alleged murderer of Louis Panella, Hempstead, N. Y., taxicab owner, was presented by District Attorney Charles R. Weeks to the Nassau County Grand Jury at Mineola, L. I., yesterday. The Grand Jury returned several true bills to County Judge Lewis Smith, who received the jury in secret.

Police and army officials were confident that one of the indictments was returned against Knapp, since the Grand Jury was called especially to consider the Panella murder, believed to have been committed July 1.

District Attorney Weeks was before the Grand Jury for two hours in the morning. Fourteen witnesses testified. If an indictment was returned against Knapp, it will not be made public until the fugitive is caught.

Detention of suspects in Wabash, Ind., and Charlotte, N. C., were reported to the police and army authorities at Mineola yesterday, but both men were released when they established their identity. The country-wide interest in the search for Knapp is disclosed by the large number of inquiries received daily at Mitchel Field, L. I., by telephone, telegraph and mail.

The army officers at Mitchel Field have practically withdrawn from the case, it was disclosed yesterday, when Major William N. Hensley Jr., commandant, directed that all inquiries concerning Knapp be turned over to the District Attorney of Nassau County.

WARNS ON BOY CRIMINALS.

Judge Wants Remedy Found—Ten Youths Arraigned at Once.

Judge Edward Brown of Steuben County, who is temporarily assigned to a part of the Kings County Criminal Courts, commented from the bench yesterday on crime among youth when ten boys were arraigned before him, five of whom had been indicted by Grand Juries. He said:

"I do not say that the situation before me, one that, both as District Attorney and Judge, is entirely new to me, indicates a prevalence of crime among the young in this particular section. But, surely, it does indicate a condition fraught with peril; a condition for which an immediate and effective remedy should be found. Worthy citizens cannot be fashioned from law-breaking youth."

Four of the five indicted youths pleaded guilty and were remanded for sentence on July 20. The fifth was placed on probation. Those indicted were: John Lynch, 16, of 154 Luquer Street, grand larceny charge, for having $4,000 worth of jewelry alleged to have been stolen from 21 Myrtle Avenue; Frank Benevento, 16, 239 Lakewood Road, Waterbury, Mass., second degree grand larceny charge; Thomas Cook, 19, 27 Stockton Street, auto theft charge; Alfonse Harrison, 19, of 807 Gates Avenue, auto theft charge. Each was permitted to plead guilty to petty larceny. Isidore Bardman, 16, of 555 Pine Street, charged wtih unlawful entry, was paroled in the custody of the Jewish Big Sisters, after suspension of sentence.

The other five youths pleaded not guilty and were held in bail for trial.

ROB TICKET BOOTH OF $300.

Two Men Commit the Sixth Holdup at Station in 14 Months.

Police were searching last night for two young men who late yesterday robbed the ticket agent's booth of the Corona elevated L. R. T. station at Rawson Street, Long Island City, of almost $300.

This is the sixth robbery at that station since May, 1924, and the second since July 2of this year. On July 2 three armed men forced Leo Rosen, the agent, to hand over $12. They escaped.

Woman Bound and Robbed of $700.

Bound and gagged with towels and locked in the bathroom with her Chow dog "Chubby," Mrs. Rose Gello of 523 West 134th Street was robbed of three rings valued at $700 by two men who entered her basement through an open window yesterday afternoon. After the thieves left Mrs. Gello kicked on the door until she attracted help.

Police Inquiry Into Store Hold-Up.

Police of the Parkville Precinct, Brooklyn, are investigating the hold-up of Henry Hildebrand, delicatessen store proprietor, of 4716 Sixteenth Avenue, Brooklyn, who said he had been robbed of $700. Hildebrand said that three youths entered his store, drew revolvers, tied his hands and feet and took $300 in cash and $400 in checks from his person and from the till.

WEAR GALLUSES AT SHORE.

Lord Burghley and Other Athletes Display Them at Club Luncheon.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 17.—Lord David Burghley, noted hurdler, and other members of the Oxford-Cambridge track team, which will meet the Cornell-Princeton athletes here tomorrow, set a new style at the shore today.

They attended a luncheon of the Kiwanis Club, and when W. Elmer Brown, President, asked all to remove their coats because of the heat, it was seen that the young Englishmen, instead of belts, wore suspenders of conspicuous hue, and that they frequently hooked their thumbs in them, stretching them out and then allowing the galluses to snap back.

Lord Burghley, when asked what he thought of the Boardwalk, said that it would make a "fine skating rink." He thought at first that only invalids rode in the rolling chairs, and when told that it was a popular pastime, he expressed surprise that any one should ride in a chair when the walking was so good.

JAIL TERM FOR WIFE KILLER.

Matteo Carrara Says He Beat Her to Death While Drunk.

Judge J. Harry Tierman of Staten Island yesterday sentenced Matteo Carrara, 45 years old, to serve from five to ten years in Sing Sing prison. Carrara pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the second degree in connection with the death of his wife, Rose, who was beaten to death with a board in her home on York Avenue, New Brighton, on June 13. Carrara admitted that he did the beating, but said that he was intoxicated at the time and did not realize what he was doing.

The Carraras were the parents of six children, the youngest of whom is 7 years old. The older children raised a fund for the father's defense.

GIRL AND YOUTH MISSING.

Staten Island Police Hunt Glendora Decker and Frank E. Durden.

Staten Island police were asked yesterday to search for Glendora Decker, 12 years old, of 53 Arlington Avenue, Mariners Harbor, and Frank E. Durden, 21, of 17 Alaska Street, West Brighton, who have been missing since the night of July 4.

The girl is the daughter of Captain Walter Decker, Master of a municipal ferryboat. She is described as unusually large for her age, blond and pretty. She was a pupil in the 5A grade in the Mariners Harbor grammar school.

FRANCE STUDIES OUR NOTE ON CHINA

Favors Customs Sessions, but Wishes to Keep Special Rights for the Present.

AGAINST USE OF FORCE

Quai d'Orsay Wants Full Accord by Powers in Peaceful Far Eastern Program.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Saturday, July 18.—The American State Department's explanatory note and its attitude toward the whole Chinese question was received today at the Quai d'Orsay, and it is stated officially that it very closely corresponds to the French view in general outline. The note emphasizes the necessity of haste in organizing the commission of inquiry for the study of the entire status of foreigners in China and of foreign concessions.

Such divergences of opinion as there are in the attitude of the various interested Governments are, it is said, less important than stated in the foreign press.

France, like America, is anxious to reach a friendly arrangement with the Chinese Government which will be helpful to that Government in the present disturbed state of the country. But the French are not disposed to consider the present as the favorable moment for foreign concessionaries to abandon their privileges and submit their affairs to trial before Chinese courts. They have somewhat different ideas as to how matters can be arranged with the Chinese, and have faith rather in a peaceful manner of winning Chinese sympathies than in either more forceful methods or in an abandonment of their privileges.

This attitude is dictated by the feeling that for various reasons the outbreak against foreigners in China is directed less against them than against other foreign concessionaries. At the same time the French Government is fully aware that the difficult question can be settled only by the close cooperation of all the interested powers, and is anxious to take its full share in that task, bringing to it as France's contribution a fully sympathetic view of the Chinese case.

Customs Parley Date Not Fixed.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 17.—Today the London newspapers differ as to the extent of the agreement reached between the French, American and Japanese Ambassadors and Foreign Secretary Chamberlain when they discussed the Chinese crisis in London yesterday.

According to The London Times a general agreement was reached on the desirability of convening the tariff conference provided for in the Washington treaty, but the question of the date was left open.

There is said to be no difference of opinion concerning the duty of the powers signatory to the Washington treaties to undertake at the earliest possible moment a general inquiry into the question of extraterritoriality in China. On the other hand, The Daily Telegraph's diplomatic correspondent says that there is a diveregence in views. According to him, Japan holds that until the various issues arising out of Shanghai troubles are settled no initiative could rightly be taken in regard to the wider fiscal and extraterritorial problems.

Some of the powers contend that any judicial inquiry into the conduct of the Shanghai police should be conducted by legal delegates appointed by the powers, and not by judges belonging to the International Settlement.

Finally, France may continue to claim participation in such an inquiry although it is difficult to sustain any such claim on legal grounds, according to some of the interested parties.

BRITISH BLAME CANTONESE.

Note to Peking Says Mob Fired First Upon Foreigners.

PEKING, July 17 (AP).—The British Government takes the position that foreigners were not the aggressors at Shameen, the foreign settlement in Canton, on June 23, when in a clash between Chinese and Occidentals a French merchant, J. Pasquier, was killed and four Britishers were wounded.

The British insistence that foreigners did not initiate the trouble was expressed in a note from the British Legation to the Chinese Foreign Office, given to Peking vernacular newspapers for publication today, but written soon after the Canton affair.

The note contains signed statements of four foreigners who witnessed the attack upon Shameen. They confirm the British Consul General's account that armed Chinese, parading opposite Shameen, fired first upon the foreigners. Thereafter British and French marines directed machine guns upon the native demonstrators, killing about thirty and wounding about seventy.

The British Legation also made public today another note it sent to the Chinese Foreign Office soon after this Canton clash, in which it said:

"This deplorable incident is being exploited for the purposes of a press campaign against Great Britain and as the basis for unscrupulous propaganda."

RUSSIA AND JAPAN DISTRUST EACH OTHER

Reds Suspect Tokio of Projects in China and Japan Watches for Soviet Propaganda.

Copyright, 1925, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TOKIO, July 17.—While Japan and Russia are exchanging diplomatic bouquets of assurances of sincere friendship each is watching the other's movements with alertness, if not suspicion. The limits each places upon its confidence in the other are now divulged in the relations of Ambassador Kopp with the Foreign Office.

M. Kopp has kept studiously quiet since his arrival, making only the obligatory formal calls on the Foreign Minister and appearing seldom in public, at which times his remarks are all carefully planned to overcome distrust toward the Soviet or uneasiness on account of the continued residence of Communist officials here.

Yesterday, simultaneously with Ambassador Tanaka's presenting his credentials in Moscow, completing the former diplomatic relations, M. Kopp visited Viscount Shidehara and conferred on many questions, the principal ones being the Soviet's request that diplomatic privileges be extended to the seventy-two Trade Commissioners who are coming to Japan and Korea and the exact of Japan's cooperation with England and America in China against the Soviets.

Previously M. Kopp's note to Shidehara had requested that the Trade Commissioners be granted the same privileges as the Diplomatic Corps. The idea of nearly one hundred Communists distributed throughout Japan, particularly in Korea, enjoying the protection of diplomatic immunity, being thus immune from the Peace Preservation law, upon which Japan depends for the decapitation of radicalism, was not acceptable to the Government, which courteously refused.

Yesterday M. Kopp stated that England, France and Italy extend such privileges because, according to Soviet laws, commercial commissioners rank with diplomats, but he was firmly told that Japan's laws differ therein and that his request could not be granted. M. Kopp did not press the point, but he questioned Shidehara concerning any Anglo-American-Japanese understanding against the Soviet in China.

Viscount Shidehara explained the Chinese situation at length, denying an anti-Soviet agreement, but M. Kopp indicated his doubts that Shidehara was not concealing something.

After discussing other Far Eastern questions, including Japanese intentions regarding building the Taonan-Fu-Tsitsihar extension of the South Manchuria Railway, which Russia opposes, Kopp then questioned Shidehara regarding any Anglo-American-Japanese understanding and left, unconvinced that Shidehara had told all.

Today M. Kopp sent Sesepack, the correspondent of the Rosta News Agency, to the Foreign Office, where he asked another source precisely the same questions Kopp asked Shidehara, revealing his purpose to check up on the Foreign Minister's statement.

Thus was brought to light what has been generally believed: the Soviet's suspicions of Japan's real intentions in China and Japan's distrust of Russia's promises not to use communism propaganda here and in Korea. The outlook for tranquil relations with the Soviet is no better here than elsewhere where Russia has been recognized, it would appear.

J. WALKER TAKES 'SUMMONS' TO COURT

Honest Kalsominer Can't Understand Why Case Isn't Called After Police Gave Him a Card.

In private life Special Deputy Police Commissioner Barron Collier is the head of an advertising agency and as a police official he is in charge of the Safety Bureau. The Commissioner has declared war on jaywalkers, not a rough campaign where night sticks and revolvers are used, but a nice gentlemanly affair where a card is handed to the offender. So it fell out that yesterday a man who said he was J. Walker, the "J." he afterward explained, standing for James and not Jay, sat patiently in the Bronx Traffic Court.

James, who is a negro, and by his own admission a very good whitewasher by occupation, waited patiently as case after case was called. Finally the end of the docket was reached and with a sigh of relief Magistrate Earl Smith stepped from the bench, divested himself of his robe and walked into his chambers.

Chief Court Clerk James Crawford busied himself winding up the affairs of the day and did not even look up when Walker approached his desk.

"My name wasn't called, boss," Walker hesitatingly remarked, and when Crawford inquired his name he replied, "Jimmy Walker. The officer give me a summons."

This is what the summons read:

"Do you know you are guilty," and on the next line, "of jay-walking?"

When Crawford recovered from his laughter he explained to Walker the enormity of his offence.

"Why, many 'Yes, sirs,'" the negro listened, and then walked out of the court room, a living example of the efficiency of Special Deputy Commissioner Barron Collier's plan to eliminate jay-walking and make the city streets safe for pedestrians.

But, as he sorrowfully remarked, "I lost a good job of kalsomining by coming to court."

HELD AS WIFE-BEATER, CANES HER IN COURT

Infuriated Husband Then Defies the Magistrate to Do His Worst and Gets Six Months.

When William Carroll, 48 years old, of 23 Stuyvesant Street, was arraigned before Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan in the Essex Market Court yesterday on a charge of beating his wife, he defied the Magistrate to do his "worst." Magistrate Corrigan took Carrol at his word and sent him to the workhouse for six months.

Carroll maintained his bellicose attitude while his wife was testifying against him and when she said that she feared he would beat her, he actually demonstrated that her fears were well founded.

"I'll do that all right" he shouted, as he belabored the woman over the back with his cane. It took four court attendants to make him stop and he was taken to a rear room. Fifteen minutes later, when brought before Magistrate Corrigan again, he was still defiant and heaped abuse on his wife and the Court. Then he was ordered to the workhouse.

George Werner, said to be a pugilist, living at 187 Caldwell Avenue, Brooklyn, was held in $500 bail on a charge of disorderly conduct by Magistrate O'Neill in the Coney Island Court yesterday.

The complainant was Mrs. Thelma Werner, his wife, who said that he waited for her Wednesday evening at a house where she had been visting friends and when she left he beat her in the face and cut her lip.

TAXI MEN SEEK STAY TODAY.

Counsel Unable to Finish Application Yesterday in Police Case.

Unable to finish yesterday his application for a temporary injunction to restrain the Police Department from licensing and supervising taxicab and hack drivers, John O'Brien, attorney for the Amalgamated Taxi Association, Inc., said he would present the application to a Supreme Court Justice this morning.

This action will be preliminary to a test case in which the Amalgamated Taxi Association will seek to establish that, since the recent decision against the Home Rule bill, the Police Department has no power to supervise or license taxicabs. The plaintiff is Isidor Spivack, a chauffeur, of 241 Bristol Street, Brooklyn, whose license was revoked by Deputy Police Commissioner John Daly because Spivack had his coat off and had been smoking while driving two fares.

POLICE SERGEANT IS HELD.

Man Says He Was Beaten When He Sought Wife's Arrest.

Charged with beating a man who came to the station to make a complaint and got medical aid, Sergeant Michael Batto of the Fifth Street Station was held in $100 bail for the Court of Special Sessions yesterday by Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan in the Essex Market Court.

The complaint was made by Ross McGuire, 26 years old, of 719 East Eleventh Street. He said he went to the station early last Saturday morning after his wife had hit him on the head with a punch bowl and other glassware. He said he wanted to have his head dressed and his wife arrested. Instead, he complained, Batto punched and kicked him and threw him out. Batto denied the assault.

FIFTH AV. BUS KILLS BOY, HITS MOTHER

Child Runs Into Street to Get Cap Blown Off by Wind—Driver Swerves Vainly.

WOMAN'S INJURIES SLIGHT

Two Men Seriously Hurt by Autos, One by Woman Driver Who Flees From Accident.

Walter Dyki, 4 years old, was killed by a crowded bus last night in front of the former Astor residence at Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fifth Street, despite the effort of his mother to save him.

The child had urged his mother, Mrs. Pauline Dyki, in the early evening to take him to Central Park to escape the heat of their tenement home at 235 Second Street. They spent several hours seated on a bench near the East Drive, then started back home. At Sixty-fifth Street they crossed Fifth Avenue almost to the east side, when the boy's cap blew off. He broke from his mother's grasp, ran toward the west side of the road and retrieved the hat.

He was starting back when the bus, driven by Jerome Cody, 30 years old, of 983 West 152d Street, came along. Cody said he thought the little fellow would continue on toward the park sidewalk after he had picked up his hat, but the boy started back to rejoin his mother. Mrs. Dyki had retraced her steps, and when she saw the little fellow start back toward her, she cried a warning.

Cody swerved his vehicle sharply toward the old Astor home at the northeast corner to avoid the child. The boy, who had realized his danger, sought to save himself at the same instant by running faster in the same direction. He was knocked down. His skull was fractured.

Mrs. Dyki had just reached the boy and was trying to push him to safety. The bus knocked her over, but she fell to one side and escaped with slight bruises. Walter was picked by some men who were passengers in the bus and taken with his mother in an automobile to the Presbyterian Hospital at Madison Avenue and Seventieth Street, but he had died before arriving there. Cody was arrested by Policeman Thomas Quinn of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station on a technical homicide charge. Mrs. Dyki was sent home in a taxicab by sympathizers.

Abraham E. Davis, 63 years old, a wool salesman, with offices at 3,210 Broadway, was taken in a critical condition to St. John's Hospital late yesterday after the automobile in which he was riding with his son Sydney crashed into the concrete structure of the Corona subway elevation at Queens Boulevard and Moore Street, Long Island City. The son said that he was forced to drive into the structure to avoid a collision with a heavy motor truck. The physicians at the hospital said his father had received a fractured skull and internal injuries.

John Betteste, 28 years old, of 58 Crescent Avenue, New Rochelle, was near death yesterday with a fractured skull and internal injuries at the Lawrence Hospital at Bronxville. He had been knocked down by an automobile driven by a woman at East Chester Road and Pelhamdale Avenue, New Rochelle. The woman drove away. Witnesses gave the police her description but said her car went so fast they couldn't get its license number.

2 WOMEN, 6 CHILDREN HURT IN AUTO'S CRASH

Boy Driving Stolen Car Loses Control and Plunges Into Group at Coney.

Six children and two women were injured, one girl seriously, when a one-ton delivery automobile, driven by a boy, plunged among them last evening in front of the frame dwelling at 2,766 West Sixteenth Street, Coney Island. Two of the children were pinned under the vehicle. Dora Casnetta, 11 years old, was taken to the Coney Island Hospital in a critical condition with internal injuries and bruises. She and 10-year-old Antoinette Motone of 146 Linden Street, Yonkers, were rescued from under the car by Mrs. Eleanor Voso, after it had crashed through the front of the house, breaking all the windows.

The vehicle was the property of Max Lieberman, fruit merchant, at 3,101 Mermaid Avenue. Samuel Goltz, 17 years old, of the same address, who was seated beside the boy at the wheel, was arrested on charges of felonious assault and theft of the vehicle, after Salvator Savoy, 16 years old, who was driving the car, of 22 Monroe Street, Manhattan, had fled. A general alarm was sent out for Salvator.

Young Goltz said, that barefooted, he drove off with the car from in front of Lieberman's place, and picked up Salvator near by. Salvator had shoes on, and because the footbrake was hurting Goltz, he permitted Salvator to drive. Salvator lost control of the car as it turned into West Sixteenth Street. The car crossed the sidewalk into the group seated in front of 2,766.

Dr. Sacks and Dr. Perlman of Coney Island Hospital, attended Mrs. Voso and her 21-month old daughter, Eleanor, Batalla Casnetta, mother of Dora, and her son, William, 10 years old, and daughter, Virginia, 4, and Mrs. Rose Serpe, 21, and her daughter, Anna, 3, all living in the damaged house.

45 Escape Injury as Wall Falls.

Thirty laborers demolishing the buildings at Cliff and Pearl Streets, once occupied by Harper Brothers, publishers, narrowly escaped injury yesterday morning when the Cliff Street wall collapsed. Fifteen others who were laying a telephone cable in a trench, jumped out of danger just in time. No one was hurt.

COOLIDGE PLANS TO STOP COAL STRIKE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

would be followed by Government intervention were read with interest today by miners and operators. Neither side commented on the visit of Secretary of Labor Davis to President Coolidge today and the report that a definite program in the event of a strike was to be pursued by the Government.

Government intervention, it was said here today, might come in the form of a request that mine leaders and operators call on President Coolidge and place before him their respective sides. Such action would follow a break in the negotiations. It is believed that so long as there is a possibility of reaching a new agreement by Aug. 31 no Government action is to be expected.

At the present time the Government has no power to take over the mines as an emergency measure. Such power was sought for the President by the Coal Commission in its report two years ago. However, the President may bring to bear the pressure of his office acting in the public interest to bring the disputants together again once they leave the joint conference and declare war.

Pinchot May Intervene First.

Intervention by Governor Pinchot of Pennsylvania may precede Government action. The Governor received long reports yesterday from Joseph J. Walsh, Secretary of Mines, and from David Williams, Chief of the Pennsylvania Department of Conciliation. Mr. Williams returned to Atlantic City today and will report daily to the Governor.

Since the anthracite mines are all located in Pennsylvania, Governor Pinchot has taken a particularly keen interest in the controversy. It was recalled that two years ago he summoned the representatives of both sides to Harrisburg after an impasse had been reached and, although a suspension of mining occurred while he was meditating, he succeeded in bringing peace by awarding the miners a 10 per cent. wage increase.

The operators in the Joint Conference Committee today were confronted by a demand from the miners for detailed figures showing the cost of producing coal. The spokesmen for the unionists particularly asked for the salaries of Presidents of coal companies, fees of the directorates and "the huge sums being paid for high-priced attorneys."

Charge Fees and Salaries Enter Costs.

The miners said they were of the opinion that the fees and salaries represented a substantial item in labor costs, charged up against the cost of producing coal. The operators, according to a spokesman for the miners, did not indicate their willingness to give up such information on the ground that the request was irrelevant and not deserving of consideration.

For the operators, it was said that while they held the request to be irrelevant, as administration charges were not reckoned in labor costs, nevertheless they would furnish the figures to the miners next week.

After the adjournment, Philip Murray, Vice President of the United Mine Workers, in reply to questions, said he did not know when President John L. Lewis would return to the conference or whether he would return at all. The mine workers' representatives at the joint parley had power to negotiate a new contract, he declared, and pointed out that Mr. Lewis had not attended the conferences leading up to the 1920 agreement.

Impartial observers are of the impression that Mr. Lewis will meet the Operators' Committee when Samuel D. Warriner and W. B. Richards take their old places at the conference table. The latter, together with Major W. W. Inglis, are the leading veteran negotiators for the operators. Mr. Inglis is the only member of the present Operators' Conference Committee of six who has taken part in previous negotiations.

Demand Made for Dependents.

In his statement Mr. Murray said it was in the interest of the miners' dependents that the union committee was pressing its demand for higher wages. "Today, while the anthracite collieries are in operation there will be three men killed and an additional three totally incapacitated," he said.

"Tomorrow there will be three more killed and an additional three rendered physically unfit to perform manual labor for the remainder of their natural lives. That ratio will be maintained every day the anthracite collieries operate.

"Today while we have been negotiating there have been 115 crippled, and so with history repeating itself the end of another year will come and the report of the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania will make public the age-old story: 550 men killed, 550 totally incapacitated and 29,000 injured to a major or lesser degree.

"It is in defense of the dependents of those unfortunate victims that we are asking for increased wages.

"The anthracite operators have never given any consideration to the hazards of the industry when making wage scales. In fact, Governor Pinchot stated after his award of 1923 had been made that a greater consideration should be given the anthracite mine worker because of the extreme hazardousness of his work.

"The Mine Workers' Committee are applying themselves most diligently to the task of making a new wage agreement. It is not our desire to impede the progress of the wage scale meetings.

"We have at all times expressed the desire that our differences with the anthracite operators can be composed without the necessity of industrial turmoil, and we are hoping that in the light of the arguments we have been offering that the anthracite operators will grant our request for a wage increase."

The conference will reconvene Tuesday afternoon at the Hotel Traymore.

PRICE DOUBLED IN DECADE.

Labor Department Also Cites Rise in Coal Transit Costs.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The retail price of the best grade of Pennsylvania anthracite coal increased from less than $8 a ton in 1913 to nearly $16 a ton in 1924, according to figures given out today by the Department of Labor in the Monthly Labor Review for July.

The figures also show the increase in transportation rates from the Pennsylvania coal mines to several of the larger cities. Freight rates from Scranton and Wilkes-Barre to New York for prepared sizes (lump, egg, stove and chestnut) increased from $1.80 per ton in 1913 to $3.01 per ton in 1925. For Boston, the centre of the New England section, which is largely dependent upon anthracite for its supply of coal, the rate increased from $2.70 a ton in 1913 to $4.16 a ton in 1925.

The Review presents a technical discussion of wages and hours in the industry, and then takes up the question of prices, which are of especial interest because of the threat of a strike, which might cause a shortage and bring about panic prices.

Commenting on the price increase, the Review says:

"The extent of this increase since 1913 is shown by the following average retail prices of Pennsylvania anthracite white ash stove coal:

Year.	Jan. Price.	July Price.	Year.	Jan. Price.	July Price.
1913	$7.00	$7.40	1919	$11.51	$12.14
1914	7.40	7.80	1920	12.39	14.28
1915	7.43	7.64	1921	15.99	14.90
1916	7.83	8.12	1922	14.98	14.97
1917	8.39	9.05	1923	15.46	15.10
1918	9.68	9.96	1924	15.77	15.24

"The increase has caused much discussion, concern and speculation as to the contributing causes, some of which are suggested by the findings of the United States Coal Commission, which made a thorough study of the various items of cost, including cost of mining, freight rates and expense of distribution incurred by retail coal dealers in providing coal yards, storage and delivery trucks in sufficient quantity to make prompt delivery of coal at all seasons of the year."

The Review then turns to the report of the Coal Commission on its inquiry following the strike of 1922 and says:

"In the ten years under review by the commission's accounting staff, labor costs in the production of fresh-mined coal have risen from $1.56 a gross ton in 1913 to $4.12 in the first half of 1923, the cost of supplies from 35 to 71 cents, and general expenses from 48 to 93 cents.

"Labor cost bears about the same relation to total mine cost in 1923 (71.7 per cent.) as in 1913 (70 per cent.) supplies cost relatively less in 1923; and general expenses are relatively higher in 1923.

"The average mine cost of a ton of coal with the nine railroad companies has been $2.29 in 1913 to $5.75 in 1923. With three independent companies for which there are continuous records, the corresponding change has been from an average cost of $2.50 in 1913 to $6.32 in 1923.

"Examined in detail, the increase in mine cost for these twelve companies was moderate until 1918, when for three successive years there was an annual jump of approximately $1.

"The item of freight alone in the examples cited takes from 16 to 20 cents of the consumer's dollar. The question as to whether or not the existing freight rates on anthracite are excessive is one that comes under the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission."

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TOMORROW

SOLVING CHINA'S RIDDLE —Plan in which the United States seeks to join hands with other powers, to enable the Chinese to work out their own salvation without interference, by Richard V. Oulahan, Washington correspondent of The New York Times.

COOLIDGE TAX CUT PROGRAM—Substantial reduction by next Congress now appears certain. Senator Smoot outlines the President's ideas and the contest expected over rates.

NEW YORK'S GARBAGE PROBLEM — The long-neglected garbage disposal problem of the Greater City must now be solved, since Federal authorities order beaches protected against pollution.

CANCER GERM ISOLATION —Francis Carter Wood, M.D., Director of the Institute of Cancer Research, Columbia University, discusses the recent announcement from London of the isolation of the cancer germ.

The New York Times

The New York Times accepts no returns. Newsdealers can supply only the regular demand. Order today.

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements received until midnight. Telephone LACawanna 1000.

LOST.

BANK BOOK No. 13276 of the First National Bank of Hoboken lost; all persons are cautioned negotiating same, as payment has been stopped; finder please return book to bank.

BANK BOOK, 3664, the Colonial Bank, Gerard Av. and 167th St., Bronx.

BANK BOOK NO. 521828. Return Harlem Savings Bank, 180 East 125th St.

BRIEF CASE, leather, containing important papers. Meyer Kaplen, 1,664 Grand Concourse. Phone Bingham 7841. Reward.

BROWN TRAVELING BAG, man's clothing; valuable papers; taxi, last Sunday; reward. S. M. Beatty. Phone Vanderbilt 8490.

COST BOOK, black leather, looseleaf; red leather sample book, bearing name Beaty Mattress Co.; left at 7th Av.-Broadway express I. R. T.; reward. Telephone Greenpoint 8790.

GLASSES, tortoise shell, in case, left in taxi Thursday night at Grand Central. M 808 Times Downtown.

WALLET received; reward for return of ring. Swanson, Wadsworth 7625.

$100 REWARD—Brief case, initialed W. D. S., uptown Broadway express, Saturday night, 6 o'clock, north of 137th St. Please return to Arthur Anderson & Co., 67 Wall St. Bowling Green 5966.

Jewelry.

BAR PIN, platinum, 24 diamonds; lost Stern Bros.; reward. Phone Virginia 10002.

BROOCH, cameo, lost July 14; gold set, old-fashioned; downtown stores, Brooklyn; reward. Call H. F. Meekes, Watkins 7160.

BUCKLE PIN, small, gold, surmounted with pearls; Macy's or vicinity; reward. Room 812, 110 East 42d. Ashland 5197.

DINNER RING, diamond and platinum, 2 large diamonds and 22 smaller diamonds, lost evening of July 6 between 112th St. and West 58th; reward $100 and no questions asked. The Gorham Co., 5th Av., 47th St., New York City.

EARRING—Topaz and pearl, Wednesday night, between Selwyn Theatre and 1 West 50th St.; reward. Phone Lackawanna 1864.

GOLD BAR PIN, small sapphire in centre; not valuable, but precious for associations; reward. Finder please call at 172 Marlborough Road, Flatbush, Brooklyn, Buckminster 7385.

HORSESHOE PIN, diamonds-sapphires, near Jamaica, Wednesday; reward. Phone Watkins 1494.

PLATINUM BRACELET, with two diamonds, 2 blue sapphires, lost, Times Square; liberal reward. Phone Morningside 8070, Apt. 55.

RING—Lady's diamond; reward offered to finder. Chickering 1906, Miss F. Marshall.

WATCH, gold, between Spring and 30th Sts., Friday afternoon; sentimental value; reward. See cashier Prince George Hotel, 28th St. and 5th Av.

WRIST WATCH—Silver, Illinois, owner's name on back; Wednesday night; reward. Dr Sturtevant. Plaza 0787.

$100 REWARD for diamond bar pin enclosed with money in small leather case, lost July 14, vicinity of Broadway and 34th St.

Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

$100 REWARD

for return of flexible platinum bracelet with 45 diamonds; lost July 9 at Huntington Bay Club, Huntington, L. I. Herbert J. Payne, 15 William St. Broad 2764.

Wearing Apparel.

KOLINSKY FUR—L. I. train, Tuesday; sentimental value; reward. J 364 Times.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

AIREDALE—WEDNESDAY, NAME "SANDY"; REWARD. RIVERSIDE 3504.

DOG—Wire-haired fox terrier, gray and white, closely cropped; wearing harness; strayed from house Tuesday evening; liberal reward. Powers, 2,521 Palisades Av., Spuyten Duyvil.

DOG, Airedale, lost in Lynbrook, answering name Dempsey. Reward if returned to Highland Park, Merrick Road, Lynbrook, L. I.

IRISH TERRIER—6 month's old; answering to name of Mickie; suitable reward. 3135 Bedgwick Av., or Phone Kingsbridge 2460.

FOUND.

FOUND, Thursday, 10 A. M., at 57th St. and Broadway, ring dropped by lady dressed in green and white. Address, giving description A 994 Times Downtown.

RADIO NEWS

TOMORROW, SUNDAY

RADIO MESSAGES SECRET.

The law gives radio messages same protection as telegrams. News received by radio must not be divulged without consent of person to whom directed.

EXPERT DISCUSSES WAVE LENGTH.

"The problem of wave allocation to prevent interference is becoming more acute," says Dr. A. N. Goldsmith, Chief Broadcast Engineer of the Radio Corporation of America.

WAVE TEST SCHEDULE.

The Bureau of Standards has announced its schedule for standard radio frequency tests for use by public in standardizing transmitters and receivers.

BANDS AND ORCHESTRAS SCHEDULED.

The coming week offers a number of programs rendered by the New York Philharmonic Orchestra, the Goldman Band and others.

SHENANDOAH'S TRANSMITTER.

Description of the new long-range radio transmitter to be installed on the dirigible Shenandoah. Designed to cover 9,000 miles.

WAVES TWIST IN AIR.

Three causes of fading are explained by Dr. E. F. W. Alexanderson, engineer.

TRADE NOTES AND COMMENT.

TEN OUTSTANDING EVENTS OF THE WEEK.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

WEEKLY SCHEDULE OF PROGRAMS.

The New York Times

Tomorrow—Sunday.

THE LATEST AND MOST AUTHENTIC RADIO NEWS DAILY.

2D AV. ROAD SUES TO STOP CITY BUSES

Charges Operation Is Illegal, Autos Compete Unfairly and Are Public Nuisance.

ATTACKS 1ST AVENUE ROUTE

Says Drivers Take Passengers Away From Surface Line—Mills Must Reply Wednesday.

Charles E. Chalmers, receiver for the Second Avenue Railroad Company, started legal proceedings yesterday to stop the operation of a municipally supervised bus line in First Avenue and Avenue A from Fourteenth to Ninety-sixth Street, on the ground that the operation was illegal, that the buses constituted a public nuisance and that they competed unfairly with the Second Avenue surface line.

Upon his application, Supreme Court Justice Edward J. McGoldrick signed an order directing William Wirt Mills, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, and the bus operators to show cause on Wednesday why they should not be enjoined from operating buses on this route. Davies, Auerbach & Corpell, attorneys for Mr. Chalmers, asked for a temporary stay to compel immediate cessation of bus operation, but this Justice McGoldrick refused.

Mr. Chalmers in his complaint declared that the city and Commissioner Mills had established the bus route in question without legal authority. He also complained that the buses were placarded with signs stating that the buses were being run by the city under the Department of Plant and Structures as an emergency bus system. Mr. Chalmers also alleged that city employes, paid out of the city treasury, were being used illegally to supervise the operation of the line.

Mr. Chalmers also declared that the bus operators paid no money to the city for the privilege of running their buses through the city streets, while the Second Avenue Railroad is obliged to pay taxes to both the city and the State. He also alleged that the owners of the buses carried no liability insurance to protect passengers or pedestrians in case of possible injury.

To sustain his contention that operation of the bus line was illegal, Mr. Chalmers declared that the operators had neither obtained franchises from the Board of Estimate nor certificates of convenience and necessity from the Transit Commission. He said the bus drivers were active in soliciting patronage to the damage of the railroad company and carried big loads to the reduction of the number of railroad passengers. He also contended that the buses wore out the tracks and that part of the pavement the railroad company was obligated to repair and that the bus drivers habitually violated the traffic rules.

SEEK WHITE PLAINS PERMITS

Three Roads Also to Try to Establish County-Wide Bus System.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 17.—A new corporation, backed by the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad, the Westchester Street Railroad and the New York & Stamford Railway, will seek franchises to operate buses in White Plains, and also will try to establish a county-wide bus system, it was learned today. The entrance of the new corporation into the bus field will increase the competition for franchises for a county-wide system, plans for which have already been announced by the Westchester Bus Company and the Third Avenue Railway Company.

The plans of the new corporation call for a network of routes between Yonkers, White Plains, Tarrytown, Ossining, Peekskill, Mount Vernon, New Rochelle and Port Chester. The Westchester Bus Company has presented applications for franchises in New Rochelle, Mount Vernon, Rye, Port Chester and other towns along the shore of the Sound. The Third Avenue Railway Company, which is already running buses in Yonkers, has applied for permission to establish bus service in New Rochelle, Mount Vernon, the Pelhams and neighboring communities.

The report that the new corporation was seeking a White Plains franchise was confirmed by Councilman William Graff, Chairman of the Committee on Transportation of the Common Council, who said that Leverett S. Miller, connected with the railroad and trolley interests back of the new corporation, was seeking a conference with him. The report that the new corporation would start with $1,000,000 capital could not be confirmed at the offices of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad, where it was said that no figure had been determined. A definite statement was promised within a few days.

Yonkers will seek to solve its bus problem on Aug. 17, when the Common Council will meet to receive bids from bus companies for the exclusive right to operate buses in that city. Mayor William D. MacQuesten of Mount Vernon said the attitude of officials there was to permit bus operation "under proper restrictions." A similar attitude has been taken by officials of other Westchester County towns.

Wants Queens Bus Line Put Back.

The South Ozone Park Board of Trade protested yesterday to Mayor Hylan and Maurice E. Connolly, Borough President of Queens, against the action of William Wirt Mills, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, in revoking on July 7 the permit of the Queens Bus Lines, Inc., which ran a line between Jamaica and Baisley Park. The letter to the Mayor said that investigation by a committee showed that the service substituted had not been satisfactory and that 90 per cent. of the riders preferred that of the Queens Bus Lines.

PLAN A PROTEST MEETING.

Ousted Garment Workers' Officers to Gather in Madison Square.

The Joint Committee of Action, made up of ousted officers of Locals 2, 9 and 22 of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, will hold a mass meeting in Madison Square Park this afternoon to protest against the action of the international in expelling them. The three unions are said to contain 60 per cent. of the membership of the union, and the Committee of Action claims that these workers are behind them.

The committee predicted that thousands of union garment workers would attend. The speakers will be Louis Hyman, Chairman of the committee and manager of Local 9; Joseph Boruchowitz, manager of Local 2; Morris Rubin of Local 9 and other members of the three locals.

This meeting will be another skirmish in the war that has developed within the international. Seventy-one officials of Locals 2, 9 and 22 were ousted from office for alleged communistic activities. The expelled officials contend that the real cause of the trouble is differences over administrative affairs. They still retain their union membership and are carrying on the fight from within the union.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The name of the "Greenwich Village Scandals," soon to be produced by Rufus LeMaire, has been changed to "In Gay Paree."

Philip Goodman will produce "Cyril," a new play by David Boehm, at the Belmont Theatre next month.

Nyack Police Chief Balks at White Gloves; So Does Patrolman, and Pair May Lose Jobs

Special to The New York Times.

NYACK, N. Y., July 17.—Incensed over the new regulations adopted by the Police Commissioners of Nyack compelling policemen to wear white gloves and blue shirts without coats during the Summer months, Police Chief Michael Furey, who has served eighteen years, and Patrolman Edward Griffin, known as the best policeman in Nyack, refused last night to abide by the new regulations.

Commissioner Floyd J. Haire appeared at headquarters last night and found Chief Furey with a white shirt, no collar or tie, no coat, no hat and, of course, no gloves. Asked why he was not obeying regulations, Chief Furey told the Commissioner that he considered them "nonsensical," and would pay no attention to them. He had been a "copper" all his life, he said, and he didn't need any white gloves or any blue shirt to improve him. Patrolman Griffin told the Commissioner that he had no intention of following the regulations either, whereupon Haire asked both officers for their shields and revolvers.

They will be brought up on charges before the Town Board next Monday, when they will have a hearing. Persons in the town sympathize with the two officers and resent the action of Commissioner Haire in taking steps to deprive them of their positions for a reason which they declare trivial.

FRENCH FLEET 'PLOT' BARED

La Liberte Reports Frustration at Brest of 'Mutiny' Set for Today.

Copyright, 1925, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 17.—What is said to be a plot organized by Paris Communists to start a mutiny among sailors of the French fleet tomorrow has been discovered, says the Liberté correspondent at Brest.

Several arrests have been made at that seaport, where a large amount of Communist literature, evidently destined for distribution among the sailors, has been seized.

It was stated that July 18 was designated as "Red Day" for the French fleet. The principal local organizer of the scheduled mutiny is said to be a certain Marius Lemarchand, who disappeared from Brest the moment activities were discovered and now is being looked for in Paris.

Authorities are very reserved about the nature and extent of the plot and naval circles in Paris stated they had every confidence that the sailors would refuse to be led into disloyalty by any Communist propaganda.

ITALIAN DEPUTY IN DUEL.

Giovanni Conti Wounded in Fight With a Journalist.

ROME, July 17 (AP).—Deputy Giovanni Conti of Rome and Curzeio Suckert, a journalist, fought a duel yesterday, in which each received several face wounds. Conti challenged Suckert because he took offense at an article by the latter in the newspaper Camineia Rossa.

Physicians ordered cessation of the combat after Conti received a particularly bad cut near the eye.

Opponents of dueling recently launched a campaign in Rome to end what they described as "a silly survival of romanticism." The number of duels in Rome, usually not resulting in serious injuries, has increased greatly of late.

KESSLER OUT OF PRISON.

Liberated at Atlanta When Wife Pays His $10,000 Fine.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, July 17.—Mannie Kessler, reputed to have been one of the wealthiest inmates at the Atlanta Federal prison and who was forced to remain at the penitentiary for four days after the expiration of his sentence because of his failure to pay the Government a fine of $10,000, was liberated late Thursday afternoon, when his wife arrived from New York with the necessary money.

Kessler was convicted in New York of violating the prohibition law.

Morris Sweetwood, said to have been Kessler's partner, whose sentence also expired Monday, is still at the prison. Instead of paying the fine, it is reported that he will take a "pauper's oath" at the expiration of thirty days, thus obtaining his freedom.

Both Kessler and Sweetwood began serving their sentences in December, 1923.

7 HELD ON BAD-BILL CHARGE

Suspects Rearrested as They Are Freed of Theft Accusation.

Seven men seized by the police in a raid on the Garden of Italy Restaurant, 936 Flushing Avenue, Brooklyn, on Wednesday on suspicion of connection with a burglary, were dismissed yesterday by Magistrate Hyman Rayfield in the Gates Avenue Police Court. The detectives investigating the burglary told the Court that they had no substantial evidence.

As the men reached the steps of the court house they were rearrested by Secret Service agents on charges of being members of a band who have been circulating counterfeit money. The prisoners were taken to the Federal Building, where they were arraigned before United States Commissioner William J. Wilson.

Three of the prisoners were held in $25,000 bail each. They are Frank Acquaviva 45, of 636 Flushing Avenue; Vito Bello, 20, of 219 Stagg Street, and Joseph Maggio, 33, of 201 Floyd Street. Two were held in $5,000 bail. They are Anthony Fegado, 27, of 79 Central Avenue and Sam San Felipo, 27, of 76 Rivington Street, Manhattan. The last two were held in $1,500 each. They are Charles Lendina, 32, of 155 Central Avenue and John Marino, 22, of 104 Wilson Avenue.

On application of counsel for Benny Gallio, another member of the band, whose bail was set at $20,000 in the Federal Court on Thursday, United States Judge Ben C. Dawkins yesterday reduced the bond to $15,000.

CALLS JEALOUSY VICIOUS.

Court Delivers a Homily on Married Life to a Husband.

In placing Walter Pelker of 310 Grove Street, Brooklyn, on probation for one year, after his wife, Mrs. Lillian Pelker, 26, had complained that she was not allowed to leave home, even to go to the movies, Magistrate Rayfiel in the Gates Avenue Court asked:

"Are you not a trifle inclined to jealousy, Mr. Pelker?"

"That I must admit," was the reply.

"Jealousy," said the Magistrate, "is a vicious thing. It is the most powerful enemy of happiness. Where there is jealousy between man and wife there can be naught else but terrible misery. Learn, therefore, to reciprocate with a certain measure of trust, if you would enjoy marital beatitude."

Pelker had been arrested for striking his wife in the face Monday night when she insisted on going to a theatre.

Brooklyn Lawyer Drops Dead.

Isidore Kallet, a lawyer, of 1,544 Union Street, Brooklyn, dropped dead late yesterday on the beach at Long Beach. Mr. Kallet was in his bathing suit returning from a swim when he collapsed in front of the Ocean Crest Hotel. He died before the arrival of Dr. George Rodgers of Tenth Street, Long Beach. Mr. Kallet and his wife have been stopping at the Ocean Crest Hotel. He was 45 years old and a Mason.

FLEET UNITS RETURN FROM BIG WAR GAME

Destroyers Anchor in the Hudson—Wyoming and Milwaukee Off to Dry Dock.

CRUISE WAS 30,000 MILES

Flotilla Looks Trim in Spite of Long Manoeuvres—Crew Show Fearsome Pets.

The battleship Wyoming, the light cruiser Milwaukee and nineteen destroyers, which recently formed part of the combined United States fleet in the war manoeuvres off the Hawaiian Islands, arrived yesterday via the Panama Canal. The battleship and the cruiser went to the navy yard with four of the destroyers, and the remainder anchored in the Hudson River at the foot of 135th Street and along the Jersey shore.

The Williamson, senior ship of the destroyer flotilla, or "scouting squadron," assigned the anchorage berths between 135th and 155th Streets. All the war vessels flew long pennants and looked taut and trim. They have been away six months and steamed about 30,000 miles. Half of the crew of the fleet were given liberty yesterday afternoon and the rest will go when their shipmates return to relieve them. The bluejackets looked bronzed and in the best of health.

The Williamson, Bainbridge, Gilmer, Sands, Hatfield and Paulding were moored to the naval pier at the foot of West 135th Street; the Humphreys, Kane, Goff, McFarland and King of the Atlantic fleet and the Smith, Thompson, Tracy, Barker and Whipple of the Pacific squadron anchored under the Palisades. The Hopkins, Reuben James, Laurence and Brooks went to the navy yard with the Wyoming and the Milwaukee.

Directly after the destroyers were anchored in the North River a small fleet of motor boats went off to them carrying relatives and friends who had been watching for them to arrive along Riverside Drive.

The sailors had all kinds of pets on board from the gayly colored red, blue and yellow macaws to the fearsome-looking devil monkeys of the Colombian forests, which are all wrinkly bones, black fur and glaring yellow eyes which have flashing red centres that shine like a signal lamp in the dark. There were hundreds of parokeets, called "love birds," which are quite tame and rest on the fingers of their owners; and cockatoos, a big white bird with a crest like carrots on top of its head and which shriek for hours at a time when annoyed. The sailors said they had plenty of fishing on the Pacific, including turtles, dolphins, boneta and albercolr. The cooks took the precaution to put a silver quarter in with the fish caught at sea to make sure there was no poison in them. If the quarter turned black during the cooking the fish was dumped over the side.

A number of flying fish fell on the decks of the destroyers at night in the Bay of Panama, which were good eating for the sailors on watch if the cat did not get them first. The men also caught some big sharks of the Hawaiian Islands and had cleaned and varnished the backbones to use as walking sticks. The war vessels will remain in the North River until July 26 and then weigh anchor for Norfolk and Newport.

Reiter Must Go to Sing Sing.

A motion for the release of Josef Reiter, former Vice President and general manager of the bankrupt Federal Food Stores Corporation, on bail by a certificate of reasonable doubt pending his appeal from a conviction for grand larceny, was denied yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Mitchell May in Brooklyn. It was said that Reiter, who is in the Raymond Street Jail, will have to begin his sentence of five to ten years in Sing Sing Prison, as his further appeal will not stay execution of the sentence until determined.

NOVELTY AT THE STADIUM.

Moussorgsky's "Night on Bald Mountain" Given for First Time.

At the Stadium last evening the Philharmonic Orchestra, directed by Willem von Hoogstraten, played a splendid program to a large and enthusiastic audience. Moussorgsky's tone poem, "A Night on Bald Mountain," heard for the first time at the Stadium, was very well received, although it was far from suggesting a Walpurgi Night revel. Stravinsky's fantasy, "Fireworks," was much more akin to the chaos, and distraction of a witches' Sabbath; it pleased the auditors immensely and Mr. von Hoogstraten gave it a second time. The symphony of the evening was Tchaikovsky's Fourth. Mr. von Hoogstraten and his musicians gave the work with depth and feeling, with sensitiveness and appreciation.

Tonight Mr. von Hoogstraten will conduct a Spanish Caprice by Rimsky-Korsakoff, a ballet suite taken from the scores of Gluck, arranged by Mottl, and two waltzes for string orchestra by Dvorak. Liszt's symphonic poem, "Les Preludes," will end the program.

Throng Hears Goldman's Band.

The Goldman Band concerts at New York University campus continue to attract big audiences. Edwin Franko Goldman and his men give their programs with so much spirit that the audience keeps its interest undimmed.

Last night Mr. Goldman conducted one of his well-chosen programs, which included such composers as Gounod, Nicolai, Haydn, Sibelius and Herold. Encores are the rule, and the conductor has found that one of his own compositions, "On the Mall," is a favorite. Tonight Mr. Goldman will play a Wagner program.

Lady Diana Duff Cooper to Return.

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By Wireless to The New York Times.

LONDON, July 17.—Lady Diana Duff Cooper said today she would return to New York in September to play in a revival of "The Miracle" in Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati and other cities. She is making the arrangement with Morris Gest, who recently arrived in London. Gest said that Lady Diana would remain in America six months.

MUSIC NOTES.

In response to thousands of letters, the Mayor's Committee on Music, sponsoring the open-air performances to be given free to the public by the City of New York in Ebbets Field, Brooklyn, August 1, 8 and 8, has decided to present "Faust," the last of the operas, in English.

At Sunday evening's musicale at Briarcliff Lodge Dorsey Whittington and Charles King will play duets arranged from compositions by Arensky, Saint-Saens and Chabrier. Miss Beatrice Mack will sing the aria "A ford e lui" from "La Traviata" and a mixed group. Mr. Whittington will play a Brahms rhapsody and pieces by Schumann, Chopin and Grainger.

Myro Glass, Palestine baritone, will give his first Brooklyn recital in the ballroom of the Hotel Shelburne, Brighton Beach, next Tuesday evening.

MIDSUMMER NIGHT REVUES
EVERY NIGHT, 9 AND 11
Commencing Today
DAZZLING AGGREGATION OF BROADWAY BEAUTIES
OPENING WEEK
"POWDER PUFF REVUE"
New Program Each Week.
FOREST INN
STARLIGHT PARK
Phone Underhill 1065.
E. 177th St. Subway Station.

LOEW'S STATE
BROADWAY AT 45TH ST.
BALTO and GUNNER KASSON
IN PERSON
5 OTHER ACTS and 'Paths to Paradise'

STADIUM CONCERTS
N.Y. PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
TONIGHT at 8:30. Amsterdam Av. & 138th St.
WILLEM VAN HOOGSTRATEN, Conductor
LISZT'S "PRELUDES"
Wagner—Rimsky-Korsakoff—Grainger
PRICES, 25c, 50c, $1.00 (Stein Way)

COLUMBIA Times Sq. at 47 St. Twice Daily Duttett. Pop. Prices 2:15 & 8:30
Last 2 Times All-Colored Show.
7-11
HOWARD & BROWN COOK & SMITH

SEEKS IMMUNIZING AGAINST CANCER

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

virus of this disease with that of cowpox.

It is added that Dr. Gordon's report further elucidates the rôle of the minute microbes which are invisible under powerful microscopes, but are known from recent investigations to be the cause of a large number of diseases.

DR. SOPER TO INVESTIGATE.

Cancer Specialist Sails to Confer With British Scientists.

Dr. George A. Soper, managing director of the American Society for the Control of Cancer, will sail for London this morning on the Veendam to make a first-hand investigation of the discovery by British scientists of the cause of cancer. He will also visit France, Belgium and Holland, in order to learn the latest European methods in the treatment of cancer for the sake of relieving sufferers and of advancing the cause of science in the United States.

"I am going to Europe," said Dr. Soper in an interview in the office of the American Society for the Control of Cancer, 370 Seventh Avenue, last night, "in order to talk with the scientists who have made the experiments to which so much attention has been paid this week, because the society is eager to obtain first-hand knowledge of every useful fact that can be turned to account in the prevention and cure of this scourge, which is called cancer."

Dr. Soper explained that the newspaper accounts of the British discovery did not contain enough technical information for American cancer specialists to arrive at a conclusion whether the British researchers had actually found the cause of cancer in human beings. He said that he wished to discuss the new discoveries with Dr. W. E. Gye and J. E. Barnard of the British Medical Research Council, Dr. R. G. Murray of the Imperial Cancer Research Fund and independent workers, in order to reach a final conclusion as to the validity of their discoveries.

Seeks Technical Details.

"As far as the newspaper accounts show," said Dr. Soper, "the most significant fact established experimentally by the British researchers is that a micro-organism in combination with a distinctive liquid extract of a tumor is necessary and sufficient for the production of that type of tumor in other animals."

Dr. Soper pointed out, however, that the newspaper accounts were incomplete with respect to technical detail, and that American specialists must reserve judgment until they have all the facts.

"We in the American Society for the Control of Cancer," Dr. Soper went on, "do not decry the value of the British discovery, but we desire to caution the American public not to attach any more importance to it than properly does attach. It is a long way from seeing, as Barnard is reported to have seen, ultra-microscopic particles believed to be capable of causing sarcoma in fowls to the eradication of cancer in man.

"Granting that no serious obstacle is in the way of the preparation of a preventive or curative serum, it will be a long time before the public can get any practical benefits from these British results. And if there are serious obstacles in the way, such as have attended the preparation of the most efficacious, well-known and widely used serums against infectious diseases, it may be that we might reasonably fear the result may be indefinitely postponed.

"There are about fifty infectious diseases and we have only about a half a dozen serums or vaccines that are of much use for driving out these germs.

"The best thought of today is that cancer is not one disease, but a large group of pathological conditions—not one cause but a whole series of contributing factors. This is not improbably the view of the British investigators themselves.

"Scientific men will hesitate to change the opinion they now have until official statements in the medical journals have reached this country to show exactly what the British investigators have found or believe they have found, and what deductions they believe are justified by their findings."

Dr. Francis Carter Wood, Acting President of the American Society for the Control of Cancer and director of the Crocker Special Research Fund for the Investigation of Cancer, compared the Gye-Barnard cancer theory with the Einstein theory of relativity.

"It will take ten years at least to prove or disprove the conclusions of the British scientists," said Dr. Wood, "just as it will take years to prove or disprove the Einstein theory. As yet we in America have learned nothing from the newspaper accounts to show that the British experiments on the Rous chicken tumor have any relation to cancer in human beings."

Dr. Rous Advises Caution.

Dr. Peyton Rous of the Rockefeller Institute, whose discoveries of the cause of chicken tumor fifteen years ago are credited by the British scientists as the foundation for their work, also advised caution yesterday in accepting the British results as final.

"I have as yet read no scientific account of the discovery," said Dr. Rous, "and am awaiting complete details as published in The Lancet. It must be said, however, that the institute which has been making this investigation is an authentic scientific body, supported by the British Government.

"Two points should be emphasized in the present situation. The first is that the public should put its reliance first of all upon cancer surgeons in the treatment of this disease. The second is that there is a great deal of needless suffering because people are afraid of cancer patients. This is unnecessary, as there is no evidence whatever that cancer can be transmitted from one person to another. The discovery of the organism which causes cancer, if it has been made, does not alter this fact."

Dr. William Bradley Coley, a New York cancer expert mentioned in the British dispatches as one of the first to believe that there was a cancer virus, said:

"For thirty years I have believed that there was a cancer germ, and others believed it before that. If the Gye-Barnard discoveries are proved, it does not mean that a cure for cancer will be quickly and easily found. It does offer, however, far greater hope of controlling the disease than any other theory.

"Finding the tuberculosis germ did not mean the discovery of an immediate cure, but it did result in lowering the mortality 50 per cent. These discoveries may teach us how to avoid infection and increase bodily resistance to the virus."

Dr. Coley about twenty-five years ago was internationally known as the originator of what was known as "Coley's fluid," a serum which was used for many years, in combating cases of inoperable cancer. At that time he was consulting and operating surgeon at the old Cancer Hospital, now known as the General Memorial Hospital. A pamphlet was published relating to the effects of the fluid treatments on more than 100 patients, as reported by him in regular form to the proper medical authorities.

PRAISES BRITONS' EFFORTS.

Dr. J. C. Bloodgood Calls Work of Gye and Barnard a Triumph.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 17.—Members of the Faculty of Johns Hopkins University Medical School and other leading Baltimore surgeons and physicians were much interested today in THE NEW YORK TIMES' special cable from London of the latest developments in the investigation and animal experiments conducted by J. E. Barnard and Dr. W. E. Gye in their extensive research into the cause of cancer. Dr. Joseph Colt Bloodgood, Associate Professor of Clinical Surgery at Johns Hopkins University, in charge of the surgical pathological laboratory of Johns Hopkins Hospital, spoke enthusiastically of the work of the Englishmen. Dr. Bloodgood, who is a member of the Executive Committee of the American Society for Control of Cancer, Chairman of the Maryland Cancer Committee, and a member of the Society for Cancer Research, said:

"If our English cancer research colleagues have discovered the cause of cancer it will be another great triumph, like insulin, for the laboratory investigator. If they have not discovered the real cause, one can only conclude from the information which has reached us that they have made a laborious and careful investigation, and without doubt greatly advanced our knowledge of cancer.

"They have demonstrated that the splendid research of Peyton Rous of the Rockefeller Institute in this country was one of the great advances in laboratory study of cancer. Ten years ago I wrote every cancer research worker to give me his opinion of what had been accomplished by animal investigation as to the cause of malignant disease. In every reply the work of Peyton Rous was given first place, and he was the only investigator mentioned at all.

"The great publicity given to this piece of scientific work should be very gratifying to the medical profession and to scientific men throughout the world.

"If the great mass of people have confidence in the medical profession, and really appreciate the great gifts of modern preventive and curative medicine, they will no longer leave the financing of experimental laboratories to be dependent upon the gifts of the rich only, but th people themselves will direct their representatives to apropriate funds for investigations which will be for the benefit of all.

"The people must realize that today medical education is as far in advance of medical education thirty years ago as the airplane is in advance over the ox team. We have a small army of splendidly educated and laboratory trained young men and women, but we have not sufficient funds for the investigation that must be conducted which will lead to the finding of the cause or the preventive and curative treatment of many diseases such as cancer, pneumonia and heart disease, or which may return to us as pandemic, such as influenza.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has set a high example of how the results of such experimental work should be brought to the attention of the public. Not only has ample space been devoted to the matter, but the paper's representative seems to have been most accurate in transmitting his information."

MOTION PICTURES.

New York's Refrigerated Cooling Station
TONITE
BEAUX ARTS NITE
The Captivating and Fascinating
FAY MARBE
and
SAM GLASSER'S BEAUX ARTS ORCHESTRA
Augmenting
The Paramount Picture
"Night Life of New York"
BOD LA BOCQUE, DOROTHY GISH, ERNEST TORRENCE, TELLAS GUINAN
RIVOLI BEN BERNIE and His Orchestra "Evolution"
B'way at 49th St. Hugo Riesenfeld, Managing Director.
RIALTO 42d St., B'way. With FLORENCE VIDOR and EDWARD EVERETT HORTON "MARRY ME"
A Paramount Picture
RIESENFELD'S CLASSICAL JAZZ.

PICCADILLY
BROADWAY at 51st STREET
BEGINNING TODAY
WARNER BROS. Present
RIN-TIN-TIN
THE WONDER DOG
IN
"TRACKED in the SNOW COUNTRY"
With JUNE MARLOWE
Fradkin's Piccadilly Orchestra
HAMMOND at the ORGAN
MIDNITE SHOW TONIGHT, 11:30.

B. S. MOSS' THEATRES
It's cooler in the COLONY B'way at 53d St. Last Day. "CYRANO de BERGERAC" Cast of 5,000—made entirely in Natural Colors.
CAMEO 42d St. & B'way PRIVATE HEART-AFFAIRS HEARTY LAUGHS TEMPOS Gladys Hulette, Mildred Harris
CAPITOL B'way at 51st. 400-Ton Cooling Plant: Always 10°. "PRETTY LADIES" with ALL STAR CAST CAPITOL GRAND ORCHESTRA
MARK STRAND B'way & 47 St. Corinne Griffith in "The Marriage Whirl" Strand Symphony Orchestra
LAST DAY—James Cruze's "BEGGAR on HORSEBACK"
CRITERION Broadway & 44th St. 2.40—8.40
PLAZA Mad. Ave. at 58th St. REX the WILD HORSE in "BLACK CYCLONE"
LOEW'S LEXINGTON Lex. Av. at 51 St. "PATHS TO PARADISE"
With Raymond Griffith, Betty Compson.

WINTER GARDEN Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues., Thurs. & Sat.
COOLEST THEATRE IN THE WORLD
MATINEE TODAY
NOW, AS ALWAYS, THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS REVUE
ARTISTS AND MODELS
PARIS EDITION
18 GERTRUDE HOFFMAN GIRLS

CASINO 39th St. & B'way. Evenings, 8:25. Matinees Today & Wed.
WILLIE HOWARD
In His Newest Musical Triumph
SKY HIGH

JOLSON'S THEA., 59th & 7th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30.
THE STUDENT PRINCE
IN HEIDELBERG
Symphony Orch. of 40. Singing Chorus of 100.
Balc. (Res'd), $1.10, $1.65, $2.20, $2.75, $3.30.
GOOD SEATS AT BOX OFFICE.

ELTINGE THEATRE, 42d, West of Broadway. Evenings Only at 8:30.
THE FALL GUY
with ERNEST TRUEX

CHANIN'S 46th ST. THEA. Just West of Broadway. EVENINGS ONLY at 8:15.
IS ZAT SO?
SEASON'S LAUGH SENSATION!

IMPERIAL Th., 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN Presents
THE BIGGEST MUSICAL HIT EVER PRODUCED IN AMERICA
ROSE-MARIE
WITH DESIREE ELLINGER and WM. KENT.
SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

Hilarious Musical Comedy
ENGAGED
48 ST. Thurs. Evenings 8:30. Matinees TODAY & Wed. (Eve.) 2:30.

What Price Glory
PLYMOUTH, 45, W. of B'y. Mats. Today & Thurs.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, West 42d St.
Brisson, Dillingham & Ziegfeld, Mgr. Dirs.
POP. PRICE MATS. TODAY & WED.
NEW SUMMER EDITION
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
WILL ROGERS—W. C. FIELDS

ZIEGFELD COSMOPOLITAN THEATRE, Col. Circle, 59th & Bway.
LEON ERROL IN LOUIE THE 14TH
Mats. Thurs. and Sat. at HALF PRICE Good Seats Nightly at $2.

THE POOR NUT With ELLIOTT NUGENT
HENRY MILLER'S Thea., W. 43d St. Mats. Today & Wed.

ANNE NICHOLS Presents
WHITE COLLARS A Comedy of American Life
NOW AT SAM H. HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Today & Wed.

4th YEAR! ANNE NICHOLS' 4th YEAR!
ABIE'S IRISH ROSE
REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.

LYRIC THEA., West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
4th BIG MONTH
ALOMA OF THE SOUTH SEAS

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
DON Q
GLOBE B'way & 46 St. Evs. 8:30

Direction Otto Astelbach AMUSEMENT
Columbia Park
Hudson Boulevard, North Bergen, N. J.
Mammoth Swimming Pool Take 42d St. Ferry or Tube to Journal Sq. in Jersey City.

39th ST. THEATRE, Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues., Thurs. & Sat. 728TH TIME
WHITE CARGO

NATIONAL Thea., 41st, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed.
THE BRIDE RETIRES ! With LILA LEE and STANLEY RIDGES
"BOCCACCIO UP TO DATE"

LONGACRE Thea., W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30.
Mercenary Mary
THE BEST MUSICAL COMEDY IN TOWN.
FRONT ROW SEATS ON SALE AT BOX OFF.
New York, Chicago and London Now Laughing—All the World Will Soon Be Laughing at That Chilling, Thrilling, Killing Mystery, THE
GORILLA
SELWYN THEATRE. Mats. Today & Wed.

MAT. TODAY 2:40
GARRICK GAIETIES
Sparkling Musical Revue
Garrick 65 W. 35 St. Evs. 8:40. Mts. Today & Thurs. 2:40

Bernard Shaw's Famous Comedy.
CAESAR AND CLEOPATRA
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Today & Th

RADIO FANS TO HEAR BRITISH PROGRAMS

Arrangements Completed With English Company for an Exchange of Broadcasting.

NEW STATIONS PLANNED

General Harbord Explains Details of Project for Next Winter—World Programs to Follow.

General J. G. Harbord, President of the Radio Corporation of America, announced yesterday that arrangements had been made with the British Broadcasting company for an exchange of British and American programs this Winter.

Both companies will have vastly more powerful transmitting apparatus than any previously in use. WJZ will have a "British program" specially prepared for the interest of British listeners and the British Broadcasting Company will have an "American program" from which matters of strictly insular interest will be eliminated. These programs will be broadcast at the hours most suitable for listeners on the other side of the Atlantic, several times a week or perhaps nightly. Similar arrangements have been made with Germany, and if the German high-power apparatus is prepared in time American listeners will have lavish international entertainment.

The "British programs," which will seek to strike the highest common denominator of British and American taste, will be broadcast from the new WJZ station at New Brunswick, which is to be one hundred times as powerful as the present WJZ. It will be picked up and rebroadcast in London.

The "American Programs," broadcast from England by a new powerful station on short wave-length, will be picked up by the Radio Corporation station at Belfast, Me., and retransmitted. It will be picked up again by WJZ at New Brunswick and broadcast for the benefit of American listeners.

Arrangements were made in London, it was announced by Vice President David Sarnoff of the Radio Corporation of America, and J. C. W. Reith, managing director of the British Broadcasting Company. General Harbord made public the following statement by Mr. Reith:

"The British Broadcasting Company as responsible for all broadcasting in Britain and Northern Ireland, welcomes the suggestion conveyed through David Sarnoff of a still more ambitious scheme for an exchange of programs between Britain and America, and to explore the possibility of an international exchange of programs, the British organization has made plans to establish a central receiving station equipped with all the latest devices for receiving the world's most powerful broadcasting stations. By this means it hopes during the next Winter season to be able to retransmit to the ten millions of listeners with even greater success than heretofore its transatlantic programs.

"The British Broadcasting Company would like furthermore to state that they are glad to feel that broadcasting through the anticipated regular exchange of programs should be the means of increasing the good feeling that already exists between the States and Britain."

The new station referred to by Mr. Reith will be at Daventry, seventy-five miles from London. This powerful station will transmit in a wave-length of 1,600 meters, approximately the same wave-length used in the first successful transmission of British programs by the Chelmsford station in the Spring of the year.

Mr. Sarnoff said in his message that this station will be formally opened for public service on July 27, and will replace the transmissions from the experimental station at Chelmsford. "Daventry station will not only transmit British programs and retransmit American programs received from our shores," the message said, "but will also transmit programs from other European countries. This will enable the American listening public to receive via Daventry and the station at Belfast, Me., interesting programs from the capitals of Europe and the same will be true in the reverse direction."

WOMAN EATS SAUSAGE AFTER SWIM AND DIES

Succumbs to Violent Illness Next Day—District Attorney Investigates Poison Theory.

Mrs. Mary Frances Ditchett, wife of George Ditchett, a civil engineer of 315 West Ninety-fourth Street, Manhattan, ate a frankfurter after taking a swim at Long Beach, L. I., on Thursday afternoon, was taken violently ill several hours afterward and died yesterday morning at her Summer home, 77 East Park Street, Long Beach.

An investigation was begun immediately to determine the cause of her death, as the woman's friend, Mrs. Leander Richardson, and her young daughter, Joan Richardson, of 312 West Forty-second Street, New York City, who accompanied her to the beach, both ate frankfurters and felt no ill effects.

Coroner George Reese, after a preliminary investigation, declared that Mrs. Ditchett's death had probably been due to poisoning. The physician who attended her before her death said she had had acute ptomaine poisoning.

The Coroner notified District Attorney Charles E. Weeks at Mineola, who assigned Assistant District Attorney Elvin N. Edwards to the case. Mr. Edwards called upon N. G. Schlamm, special crime investigator of Nassau County, to aid him. Dr. Benjamin W. Seaman of Hempstead was instructed to perform an autopsy last night, while Captain Walter Barriscale of the Long Beach police was asked to detain William Quatro, the frankfurter stand proprietor at the Atlantic Baths, pending the outcome of the investigation.

Captain Barriscale seized the remaining frankfurters at the stand and sent them to the Ekroth Laboratories, in Manhattan, for chemical analysis. According to the police, Quatro, who lives at 118 Riverside Boulevard, Long Beach, said he purchased his frankfurters from a provision company in Arverne, L. I.

Mrs. Ditchett seemed in perfect health on Thursday when they visited the beach during the afternoon, according to Mrs. Richardson. She complained of feeling ill shortly after they returned home, and was treated with home remedies for indigestion. Toward morning she was taken violently ill, and Dr. J. Stimbium was called in by Mr. Ditchett. She died at 10 o'clock.

Appeal Halts Martin Execution.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 17.—Frank Martin, who was received at the New Jersey State Prison here earlier this week to await execution next month, was automatically reprieved today when an appeal was filed in the Court of Errors from his conviction in Essex County on a charge of murdering his daughter. He will remain in the death house.

DENIES RESPONSIBILITY IN HART'S ISLAND FIRE

Hirshfield Charges McGeehan With Politics in His Attack—District Attorney Hits Back.

David Hirshfield, Commissioner of Accounts, disclaimed any responsibility yesterday for the fire on Hart's Island Thursday night, in which a city building was burned. There was no neglect, he said, on the part of his office in the matter, and he referred to a report of an inspection which he had made of the buildings on the island on Jan. 12 last. The Commissioner said he had submitted to the Mayor his report, which was an answer to the Bronx Grand Jury's charge of "alleged deplorable conditions" in buildings on Hart's Island. He had found no evidence of such alleged conditions, he said.

Commissioner Hirshfield charged District Attorney John E. McGeehan of Bronx County with political motives in criticising his office. Regarding the charge of insufficient water pressure on the island for fire-fighting purposes, the Commissioner said he had relied entirely for his knowledge of conditions there on the chief engineer of the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity. Anyway, he said, the poor pressure at the time of the fire was due to the fact that unofficial persons had made hose connections with the water mains in an effort to put out the fire themselves.

"I understand," said Hirshfield yesterday after reading the criticism of the Bronx District Attorney, "that District Attorney McGeehan is a candidate to succeed himself for a full term, and if his attack upon me will help him to be re-elected next Fall he is welcome to it.

"At the time when I made this report, in January of this year, I had in mind my previous report made in 1923, wherein I stated that at some time in the near future all the city's penal institutions would have to be built on one island, preferably Riker's Island. The erection of these new institutions will entail an expenditure of many millions of dollars of taxpayers' money and any advocacy to expend now large sums of money on the old buildings on Hart's Island and Welfare Island would be a waste of money."

District Attorney McGeehan did not seem greatly impressed with Commissioner Hirshfield's explanations.

"Hirshfield has amused this town for a long time," he said. "Now that the spotlight is centred upon Dayton, Tenn., he finds himself lonesome. It is a good thing that they are not calling him as Exhibit A to prove or disprove the theory of evolution, for then my religious faith might be shaken. As a political prophet he may be right, that I am a candidate for the position I now hold. If I were a candidate for another position, the first thing I would do on entering office would be to dispense with his services."

HYLAN BIDS COUNSEL FIGHT TO RETAIN WNYC

Assails the Citizens Union as Trying to Keep Truth About City Rule From People.

Mayor Hylan wrote a letter to Corporation Counsel George P. Nicholson yesterday urging him to use every means at his disposal to defeat the effort made by the Citizens Union to restrain by injunction the activities of the municipal radio broadcasting station, WNYC. The Mayor wrote to Mr. Nicholson:

"I see that the Citizens Union, the transit-increased-fare-propaganda agency, is now appealing to the Supreme Court to secure, if possible, an injunction prohibiting public officials from telling the people the truth over the municipal radio station as to the activities and great public improvements carried on by the many departments of the city as well as how public money is being expended.

"This is the same Citizens Union which was responsible for the mix-up in the constitutional amendment granting home rule to the various municipalities of the State.

"Watch this case very carefully. Use every facility or your office to defeat the endeavor of the Citizens Union to keep the truth from the people."

SEIZURE OF BOOKS UPHELD.

Frank Harris's "My Life" May Be Used as Evidence, Court Holds.

The copies of the book, "My Life," by Frank Harris, seized by members of the police Special Service Squad in the plant of the Up-to-Date Printing Company, 195 Canal Street, two weeks ago, on ground that they are obscene, may be used as evidence against the members of the printing firm in a prosecution now pending in the Magistrate's Court, under a decision by Supreme Court Justice Levy yesterday.

Counsel for the printing company got a temporary injunction recently staying their trial, asking for an order compelling the police and the District Attorney to return the copies and enjoining the authorities from using the books as evidence on the ground that the police raided the plant without a warrant. The attorneys contended that if the Court approved the conduct of the police, no home or business place of a citizen would be safe from invasion.

In denying the application to continue the injunction Justice Levy stated that the Appellate Division in a recent decision had authorized the use of evidence obtained in such a manner, and held that if the books were obscene the police had a right to take them. Weidman & Lieberman, counsel for the defendants, said that an appeal would be taken.

FINED FOR STEALING RIDES.

Men Plead They Were in a Hurry and Hadn't Change—Pay $10 Each.

It cost three men $10 each in Jamaica Police Court yesterday for attempting to ride on the B. M. T. elevated line without paying their fares. They were arrested by special policemen at the Sutphin Boulevard station, Jamaica.

In court each told the same story—that they did not have the exact change and as there was not a ticket seller at the end of the station where they entered they crowded through the turnstile with other patrons. They added that they were in a hurry to get home from work and did not want to miss a train they heard entering the station.

The men are Frank Kolak, 21 years old, of 155 South Street, Jamaica; Joseph Goldman, 25, of 709 James Street, the Bronx, and Abraham Bloomberg, 40, of 134 Seventeenth Street, Brooklyn.

PREPARES OIL SUIT APPEAL.

Government Counsel in Cheyenne Is Compiling Teapot Dome Record.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 17 (AP).—Owen J. Roberts of special oil counsel for the Government is in Cheyenne today in connection with the compilation of the record for appeal of the Teapot Dome lease annulment case from the Federal Court for Wyoming to the Circuit Court of Appeals of the Eighth District.

Mr. Roberts arrived this morning from California, accompanied by his associate counsel, Atlee Pomerene. Mr. Pomerene continued eastward.

Government counsel has until Aug. 3 to complete the record for appeal from Judge T. Blake Kennedy's decision in favor of the Mammoth Oil Company, lessee of the Teapot Dome naval oil reserve.

FARMERS OF STATE PROTEST ON RATES

Tell Commerce Board That Railroad Proposals Would Cost Them $500,000 a Year.

ASSERT WEST IS FAVORED

Farms and Markets Body Presents New York Agriculture's Views at Albany Hearing.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 17.—Agricultural interests of the State are opposed to proposals submitted at a hearing today before the Interstate Commerce Commission by carrier companies for a readjustment of freight rates which, it is contended by the farmers, would increase transportation charges on products of New York State farms by a half million dollars a year. Berne A. Pyrke, Commissioner of Farms and Markets, with F. W. Brown, Director of the Traffic Bureau, voiced the opposition of New York State farmers.

Mr. Brown prepared the case, and it was presented by Commissioner Pyrke, and he also conducted the examination of witnesses. At the close of the testimony submitted, F. W. Barrett, chief counsel for the railroad companies, urged the Interstate Commerce Commission to advise Governor Smith of the complete and excellent presentation of the State's case.

"I think the first thing that ought to be done," Mr. Barrett said, "is for those of us who come from the State of New York to see that the Governor of the State gets some kind of a testimonial showing the completeness and efficiency with which this case has been presented. We have all talked about it. It is about the finest presentation we have seen, we think, in this whole proceeding. I hope the commission will see that Governor Smith is duly advised."

Says Revision Favors the West.

Mr. Brown, as head of the Traffic Bureau, in his testimony, brought out that California, Washington and Wisconsin were greatly favored by the freight-rate adjustment. He insisted that a further increase in rates on New York produce would be unfair and unjust.

An illustration of the rates from New York State points as compared to the rates from Western States was shown by Mr. Brown's testimony, to the effect that the distance from California to New York is 700 per cent. more than the distance from Westfield to New York, and that in spite of this the California rate was less than two and one-half times the New York rate. The distance from California to New York City, his testimony showed, is nearly nine and one-half times that from Hammondsport to New York City and the present rate on grapes from California is only three times the rate from Hammondsport to New York.

Another point brought out was that under the proposals the California rate will be less than two and one-half times that from Hammondsport.

Mr. Brown declared that instead of increasing the rates, immediate reductions should be made, effective on grapes, peaches, cherries and plums.

R. L. Gillett, Director of the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Farms and Markets, testified that while New York ranks twentieth among the States as to the number of acres of land in farms, still it ranks thirteenth as to the value of its farm products.

Warren Explains Farm Depression.

Professor George F. Warren of the State College of Agriculture at Ithaca threw light on the purchasing power of the New York farmers' income. That income for 1920 was only 20 per cent. of that for the year 1914. He also stated that while the value of plow lands was quoted at the same figure as during the pre-war period, it was extremely difficult to sell farms.

Continuing, Professor Warren declared that, compared with this situation, industrial stocks stood at 200 per cent. of the pre-war value and that city real estate had practically doubled. He also showed that the cost of farm operation had greatly increased, with the result that the farm population of New York has dropped from 815,000 in 1917 to 733,000 in 1923. He added that, despite the fewer number of persons engaged in farming, those who remain had operated so efficiently that they had maintained in quantity the production formerly accomplished by the greater number of farmers.

The present depressed condition in New York agriculture, said Professor Gillett, is due wholly to the play of economic forces and in no part inefficiency of operation. An increase in freight rates would have to be borne by the farmer, as he could not pass them on to the consumer.

Joseph A. McGinnies, Speaker of the Assembly, representing the grape owners of the southwestern part of the State, said that grape growers were now operating at a loss of $10 an acre and could bear no further additional transportation costs.

FIREMEN CHARGE SWINDLE.

Man Held on Complaint of Five After Deal for Shoes.

On the complaint of five city firemen Leo T. de Lury, 28 years old, a salesman, of 257 West 111th Street, was held in $500 bail for Special Sessions yesterday by Magistrate Moses R. Ryttenberg in the Tombs Court. The firemen said Lury obtained money from them on the pretext of getting them shoes directly from a manufacturer.

The suspicions of Captain O'Connor of Engine Company 55 at 363 Broome Street were aroused by de Lury's talk, and he notified Detective Vincent J. Kiernan of the Truck Squad. Kiernan said de Lury confessed there was no such shoe firm as the one he said he represented.

Mitchel Field Officers Praised.

MINEOLA, L. I., July 17.—Major William N. Hensley, Jr., Commander of Mitchel Field, Lieut. Edwin D. Carey, Motor Transport officer, and Lieut. Austin W. Martenstein, Air Service Supply officer, are praised by name in a report made to the Inspector General's office in Washington by Lieut. Col. W. W. Taylor, Jr., who made a complete investigation of the efficiency of Mitchel Field. He was there from June 17 to June 25. Commendation is given to the spirit of the entire force stationed at the aviation field.

RUBBER SITUATION PUT BEFORE KELLOGG

Industry's Representatives Confer on Action to Offset Rising Cost of Crude Product.

PLANS WITHHELD A WEEK

Delegation Members Say Meeting Was Not a "Protest Against British for Discrimination."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The difficulties confronting American rubber interests as a result of the unprecedented rise in the price of crude rubber within a short period from 36 cents to $1.15 a pound were presented to Secretary of State Kellogg today by a delegation of American rubber manufacturers.

Among those in the committee were Frederic C. Hood, President of the Hood Rubber Company; A. L. Viles of the Rubber Association of America, Inc.; Edward B. German, President of the Dunlop Tire and Rubber Corporation, and several others. The conference is understood to have been arranged by President Coolidge.

Though the impression was gained in some quarters that the delegation had called to "protest" against the activities of the alleged British combine of rubber producers, which has been generally blamed for the increase in the price, this was denied by delegation members.

The delegation presented a lengthy memorandum. While the State Department apparently saw no reason why this memorandum should not be made public, the delegation declined to make it public, on the ground that the time was not ripe for so doing.

The general impression given was that some plan is being considered, and that an announcement bearing upon it might be made within a week.

The emphatic denial that any protest has been made to the State Department respecting the alleged price-fixing combine was in accordance with the general impression among officials here that technically there is no ground for protest. It is pointed out that while the so-called Stevenson restriction act has resulted in the restricting of the supply of crude rubber placed on the market, and undoubtedly has had its effect upon the market price of rubber, there is technically no discrimination against American consumers, since British purchasers are compelled to pay the same price for crude rubber as American purchasers.

Experts here are awaiting with interest the effect of the 10 per cent. increase in rubber exports from British colonies affected by the so-called "combine," which is scheduled to take place on Aug. 1. Under the regulations of the combination, 65 per cent. of the standard production of the member producers is now authorized for export, and the 10 per cent. increase will mean that 75 per cent. will be available for the market. If the price remains firm under the rules of the organization, a further increase will be authorized at the end of next quarter.

It is pointed out that while the combination has undoubtedly had great influence on the price of rubber one reason restriction has proved so effective is that the demand for rubber has been constantly increasing. June imports of rubber into the United States were 42 per cent. greater than for the corresponding month in 1924, despite the fact that the price of rubber has been steadily rising, and the imports for the first six months of 1925 were 18 per cent. greater than for the first six months of 1924.

British Want Restriction Lifted.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 17.—English rubber consumers, like their United States competitors, have put themselves on record in opposition to the British Government's restriction of rubber production in the Malay Peninsula.

A manifesto protesting against continuance of the restrictive scheme on the ground that it is responsible for the present high price of rubber and likely eventually to produce a dangerous world shortage of supplies was issued tonight by the India Rubber Manufacturers' Association. The association declares there has been a distinct breach of faith in regard to the operation of the restriction scheme. Sanction of the Government, it declares, was with the distinct understanding that the object of the scheme was to stabilise the price at 1 shilling 3 pence a pound, to which consumers would not object. Instead, the price now is 4 shillings 4 pence a pound.

"We state deliberately," says the manifesto, "that, given the present rate of consumption and calculating on only 10 per cent. releases, under the restriction scheme the world's stock of rubber will be totally inadequate. We are rapidly approaching a condition of dangerous shortage."

The manifesto adds that representative bodies of rubber planters of Ceylon and Malaya have expressed a desire to modify the restrictive scheme, but that applications have been rejected by the Advisory Committee of the British Colonial Office.

The manifesto points out that the Government is supposed to oppose the creation of rings and combinations, yet "here we have a case of artificial control of the supply of a basic raw material operating directly under the ægis of a Government department, with resultant high prices to the consumer."

EMPLOYMENT SHOWS DECREASE IN JUNE

Aggregate Earnings of Workers in Manufacturing Industries Fall 3.1 Per Cent.

THEY ADVANCE IN THE WEST

Food and Lumber Groups Gain Both in Employes and Payroll Totals.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Employment decreased 1.1 per cent. in manufacturing industries of the United States in June as compared with May, according to reports to the Department of Labor. The aggregate earnings of employes decreased 3.1 per cent. and per capita earnings decreased 2.1 per cent. These are the most marked decreases shown in any one month since July, 1924, and are due chiefly to curtailment in the automobile, boot and shoe, cotton goods and iron and steel industries.

These preliminary figures are based on reports from 9,204 establishments in fifty-two industries covering 2,753,478 employes, whose combined earnings during one week in June were $72,172,407. The same establishments in May reported 2,783,221 employes and total payroll of $74,446,251. Generally speaking, employment and employes' earnings increased in the States west of the Mississippi River and decreased in the States east of the Mississippi.

The food and lumber groups of industries show increases both in number of employes and payroll totals, and the stone, clay and glass group and stamped ware show fractional gains in employment alone, but otherwise the remainder of the twelve groups of industries report fewer employes and decreased payroll totals in June as compared with May.

Twenty industries gained employes in June and only thirteen gained in payroll totals. The gains in employment were greatest in ice cream, men's clothing, baking, slaughtering and meat packing, flour, structural iron work and petroleum refining.

Percentage losses in employment were greatest in the fertilizer, women's clothing, carriage and boot and shoe industries. The automobile industry reports a decrease of 4.4 per cent., the iron and steel industry a decrease of 2.8 per cent., and the cotton goods industry a decrease of 2 per cent., and as these are the three industries with the greatest number of employes, the effect upon total employment for the month is especially marked.

Per capita earnings increased in June as compared with May in only 13 of the 52 industries here considered. An average of 93 per cent. of full-time operation in June and an average of 82 per cent. of a full normal force of employes was reported by 7,100 establishments.

Employment in June, 1925, increased 1 per cent. as compared with June, 1924, and payroll totals increased 3 per cent., as shown by reports from 6,088 identical establishments in the two periods.

In this twelve-month-period comparison the position of the nine geographic divisions is practically reversed from their position in the May and June comparison. The Eastern States show increased employment and payroll totals in June, 1925, as compared with June, 1924, while the Western States show decreases in both items.

When comparing groups of industries a reversal is found in the food group, which alone of the nine groups showed a large increase in employment in June as compared with May, and is shown to have fallen off considerably when June, 1925, is compared with June, 1924.

Among the individual industries the greatest gains in employment are shown in agricultural implements, automobile tires and automobiles. Cotton goods gained 7.5 per cent. and iron and steel 5.3 per cent.

To Lay Bank Stone in New Rochelle.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., July 17.—A party of New York City bankers, headed by William E. Knox, President of the Bowery Savings Bank and the American Bankers' Association, is expected to attend the ceremonial laying of the cornerstone of the new Central National Bank of New Rochelle tomorrow. The bank will be at Horton and North Avenues.

Today's Radio Program

July 18, 1925.
(Eastern Daylight Saving Time.)
Numerals after names of stations show wave lengths in meters.

WEAF, NEW YORK—492.

6:45-7:45 A. M.—Setting-up exercises.
4:00-5:00 P. M.—Ingraham's Orchestra.
6:00 P. M.—Waldorf-Astoria dinner music.
7:00-8:15 P. M.—E. Williams, bass; Raul Paniagua, piano; Pasadena Warblers; Mrs. F. Southard, pianologist-reader.
8:15 P. M.—Huyler's Four.
8:45 P. M.—U. S. Marine Band.
10:15 P. M.—Earl F. Noble, tenor.
10:30 P. M.—Parnassus Trio; Ivy Scott, songs.
11:00-12:00 P. M.—Hotel Pennsylvania Orchestra, piano.

WNYC, NEW YORK—526.

7:00 P. M.—Arcady Orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—Police alarms.
7:35 P. M.—Arcady Orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—Baseball results.
8:05 P. M.—Herman Neuman, piano.
8:15 P. M.—D'Aquin's Band, direct from the Mall, Central Park.
10:15 P. M.—Fred Ehrenberg, musical saw.
10:30 P. M.—Police alarms; weather.

WJZ, NEW YORK—455.

1:15 P. M.—Knickerbocker Grill Orchestra.
2:00 P. M.—News.
4:00-6:00 P. M.—Baseball scores every half hour; news.
4:10 P. M.—To be announced.
4:35 P. M.—Evelyn Klein, piano.
5:05 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental solos.
5:32 P. M.—Market reports; closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange; foreign exchange quotations; financial review; news.
7:00 P. M.—Hotel Pennsylvania Orchestra.
7:45 P. M.—Jean Walker, baritone.
8:00 P. M.—News.
8:10 P. M.—Margaret Maniserre, soprano; G. Ludlow, violin.
9:25 P. M.—Philharmonic Orchestra.
10:30 P. M.—Waldorf-Astoria Roof Orchestra.
11:30 P. M.—News.

WGBS, NEW YORK—316.

1:20 P. M.—Scripture reading.
1:26 P. M.—Leonard Garfunkel, piano.
2:00 P. M.—Joe Kalp, tenor.
3:00 P. M.—Y. M. C. A. program.
6:00 P. M.—Uncle Geebee.
6:30 P. M.—Bensonian Orchestra.
7:00 P. M.—John Regan, sport talk.
7:10 P. M.—Stagers Quartet.
7:30 P. M.—Bensonian Orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—Violin recital.
8:30 P. M.—Spanish marimba and guitar.
9:00 P. M.—Juan Polido, songs.
9:50-11:00 P. M.—String quartet.

WMCA, NEW YORK—341.

6:00-9:45 P. M.—R. Van Rhyn, bass; Esther Arnowitz, piano; Elizabeth Lowy, soprano.
9:45-11:00 P. M.—To be announced.
11:00-12:00 P. M.—McAlpin Orchestra.

WRNY, NEW YORK—258.

12:00 M.—Luncheon music.
1:00 P. M.—Industry hour.
7:50 P. M.—Market forecast.
8:00 P. M.—Orlando's Orchestra.
8:30 P. M.—"Albania and the Albanians," Major Dent Atkinson.
8:45 P. M.—Studio program.
9:30 P. M.—Lazo and Di Loreto, violin and musical saw.
12:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Program for distant listeners.

WFBL, NEW YORK—272.

3:00 7:00 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental solos.
7:00-8:00 P.M.—S.S. Mandalay Orchestra.
11:30 P. M.—Midnight Rendezvous.

WOKO, NEW YORK—272.

8:15 P. M.—Selma Peariman, soprano.
8:30 P. M.—Health talk.
8:38 P. M.—Schafer and Pfaffer, songs.
9:10 P. M.—V. Tobachnik, baritone; Lina Lazas, soprano.
9:40 P. M.—Bernstein Trio.

WBBR, STATEN ISLAND—272.

8:00 P. M.—Dr. H. Haag, violin; F. Twarochk, tenor; Bible questions and answers.

WHAP, BROOKLYN—349.

6:00-7:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.

WABG, RICHMOND HILL—316.

12:30-12:55 P. M.—Music.
12:55-1:05 P. M.—Time signals; weather.

WOR, NEWARK—405.

6:45-8:15 A. M.—Setting-up exercises.
2:30-4:00 P. M.—Williams Trio; Ottilie Winn, soprano; E. South, baritone.
6:15 P. M.—Talk, Dr. P. H. Winestaly.
6:20 P. M.—Colonial Inn Orchestra.
7:15 P. M.—"Sports," Bill Wathey.
7:30 P. M.—Clara Auwell, harp.
7:40 P. M.—R. F. Wright, baritone.
8:00 P. M.—Ruth Ludlow, violin; Elsie Parsons, soprano; Veronica Wiggins, contralto; E. C. Reed, baritone; Mabelanna Corby, piano.
8:30 P. M.—Katinka Narinska, piano.
8:45 P. M.—Clara Auwell, harp.
9:00 P. M.—"Motion Pictures of Today," Arthur James.
9:15 P. M.—R. F. Wright, baritone.
9:30 P. M.—Program of 8 o'clock continued.
9:45 P. M.—Katinka Narinska, piano.
10:15 P. M.—Mr. and Mrs. Leo Wood and Entertainers.

WSAM, NEWARK—263.

7:00 P. M.—Sports, Major Tate.
7:10-9:30 P. M.—Ella Dawda, soprano; Marshall's entertainers, Laurie's trio, Grace Ranelle, soprano; Irma Weiss, piano.
9:30 P. M.—Shinkle Syncopators.
10:00 P. M.—Grace Ranelle, soprano; Irma Weiss, piano.
10:30 P. M.—Hanley's Orchestra.

WEW, TARRYTOWN—273.

9:00 P. M.—Police alarms; music.
9:30 P. M.—Baseball scores.
9:35-11:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra; songs.

WIP, PHILADELPHIA—508.

7:00 A. M.—Setting-up exercises.
1:00 P. M.—Luncheon music.
1:30 P. M.—Weather forecast.
3:00 P. M.—"Song of the Surf."
3:30 P. M.—Comfort's Orchestra.
6:00 P. M.—Weather forecast.
6:05 P. M.—Benjamin Franklin Orchestra.
6:45 P. M.—Market reports.
7:00 P. M.—Bedtime story; roll-call.
7:30 P. M.—Comfort's Orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—"Song of the Surf."
8:50 P. M.—Vessali's Band; soloists.
10:08 P. M.—Benjamin Franklin Orchestra.

WOO, PHILADELPHIA—362.

11:00 A. M.—Organ recital.
11:30 A. M.—Weather forecast.
12:00 M.—Orchestra.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
4:45 P. M.—Police reports.
4:48 P. M.—Grand organ, trumpets.
7:30 P. M.—Dinner music.
10:58 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecast.

WFG, ATLANTIC CITY—299.

3:30 P. M.—International track meet, Oxford and Cambridge vs. Princeton and Cornell; 6:40 P. M.—Baseball scores.
6:45 P. M.—Organ recital.
7:00 P. M.—Dinner music.
8:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
8:05 P. M.—Concert.
8:05 P. M.—Vessella's Band.
9:00-10 P. M.—Traymore Dance Orchestra.
11:00 P. M.—Dance Orchestra.

WHAR, ATLANTIC CITY—275.

7:30 P. M.—Seaside Trio.
9:30 P. M.—Juniors Dance Orchestra.

WGY, SCHENECTADY—380.

12:30 P. M.—Market reports.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
2:26 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
7:45 P. M.—Baseball reports.
8:30 P. M.—Studio concert.

CNRO, OTTAWA—435.

9:00 P. M.—Address; quartet; Hawaiian Orchestra; soloists; readings; dance music.

CKAC, MONTREAL—411.

7:00 P. M.—Health talk.
7:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
8:30 P. M.—Studio recital; talk on Quebec.

WEAR, CLEVELAND—389.

2:00-3:00 P. M.—Dinner concert.
1:00-4:00 A. M.—Studio recital.

WTAM, CLEVELAND—389.

7:00-8:00 P. M.—Dinner music.
9:00-10:00 P. M.—Studio recital.
10:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Coo Coo Club music.

WWJ, DETROIT—353.

4:45 P. M.—Market reports; baseball scores.

WCX, DETROIT—517.

7:00 P. M.—Goldzette's Ensemble.
9:00 P. M.—Detroit Symphony Orchestra.

WKRC, CINCINNATI—326.

11:00 P. M.—Popular songs.
12:00 P. M.—McKay's Orchestra.

WLW, CINCINNATI—422.

8:00 P. M.—Organ.
8:30 P. M.—Baseball scores; instrumental trio.

WSAI, CINCINNATI—326.

6:40 P. M.—Children's stories.
6:50 P. M.—Chime concert.
9:15 P. M.—Sextet.
10:00 P. M.—News review.
10:15 P. M.—Sextet; Louise Wosscsek, piano.
1:00 A. M.—Popular songs.
1:30 A. M.—Steinberg's Orchestra.

WHAS, LOUISVILLE—400.

9:30-11:00 P. M.—Anniversary program; news; baseball scores; time announced at 11 o'clock.

WEB, ATLANTA—422.

12:45 A. M.—Skylark program.

WEBH, CHICAGO—370.

8:30-9:30 P. M.—Orchestra; Sunday school lesson; songs.
10:30-11:30 P. M.—Orchestra; instrumental solos; readings.
12:30-2:00 A. M.—Orchestra; vocal and instrumental solos; stories; readings.

WGN, CHICAGO—370.

1:30-2:30 P. M.—Dinner music.
9:30-10:30 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental solos.
11:30 P. M.-12:30 A. M.—Drake Orchestra; songs.

WLS, CHICAGO—345.

9:45 P. M.-2:00 A. M.—Lullaby time; barn dance; studio features.

WMAQ, CHICAGO—448.

7:30 P. M.—Chapman's Orchestra.
9:00 P. M.—Popular songs.
9:30 P. M.—"The Seal Islands of Alaska," W. H. Osgood.
10:00 P. M.—Popular revue.

KYW, CHICAGO—535.

8:00-8:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
9:00-10:00 P. M.—Music; news every half hour.

WEI, CHICAGO—360.

11:30 P. M.-1:30 A. M.—Vocal and instrumental music; songs.
1:30-2:00 A. M.—Organ recital.

WTAS, ELGIN, ILL.—365.

9:00-11:30 P. M.—Orchestra; soloists.

WCBE, ELGIN, ILL.—278.

11:30 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Orchestra; soloists.

WJJD, MOOSEHEART, ILL.—302.

7:45 P. M.—Dinner music.
8:15-9:00 P. M.—Studio recital; Belmont Orchestra.
11:30 P. M.-2:00 A. M.—Studio recital; orchestra; organ.

WOC, DAVENPORT, IOWA—484.

9:00 P. M.—Baseball scores; police and miscellaneous bulletins.
11:00-12:00 P. M.—Roberts's String Orchestra; soloists; weather reports.
1:00-2:00 A. M.—Le Claire Orchestra; P. McArthur, baritone.

KSD, ST. LOUIS—548.

9:00 P. M.—Grand Central Theatre music.

WCCO, MINNEAPOLIS-ST. PAUL—418.

10:00 P. M.—Music.
11:00 P. M.—Weather; baseball scores.
12:00 P. M.—Dance music.

WDAF, KANSAS CITY—366.

7:50-8:00 P. M.—Market, weather and road reports; time signals.
8:00 P. M.—Music; business address; children's period; dance music.
1:45 A. M.—Nighthawk Frolic.

WMC, MEMPHIS—500.

10:30 P. M.—Concert.

WMBF, MIAMI BEACH, FLA.—394.

6:00 P. M.—Concert.
8:30 P. M.—Dance music.
9:0 P. M.—Weather; news.
11:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Dance music.

WOAW, OMAHA—526.

11:00 P. M.—Concert.
1:00 A. M.—Organ jubilee.

WFAA, DALLAS—476.

8:30-9:30 P. M.—C-Sharp Syncopators.
10:30-11:30 P. M.—Melodie Club.
1:00-2:00 A. M.—Adolphus Orchestra.

WBAP, FORT WORTH—476.

9:00 P. M.—Sunday school lesson.

PWZ, HAVANA—400.

9:30 P. M.—Studio recital; talk.

KFI, LOS ANGELES—467.

12:00 P. M.—Music.
1:00 A. M.—American music and humor.
2:00 P. M.—Popular music.
3:00 P. M.—Frolic.

KHJ, LOS ANGELES—405.

12:00 P. M.-2:00 A. M.—Music.
2:00-3:00 A. M.—Biltmore Orchestra.
3:30-6:00 A. M.—"Lost Angels" concert.

KFWB, HOLLYWOOD—333.

12:00 P. M.—Studio recital.
1:00-3:00 A. M.—Orchestra; soloists.

KNX, HOLLYWOOD—337.

12:00 P. M.-2:00 A. M.—Music.
2:00-3:00 A. M.—Cocoanut Grove Orchestra.
3:00-6:00 A. M.—"Hollywood Nite."

KGO, OAKLAND—361.

12:10 A. M.—Vocal and instrumental music.
2:00-5:00 A. M.—Orchestra.

KPO, SAN FRANCISCO—428.

12:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Gabriel's Orchestra.

RESORTS.

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Lv. New York (125th St.)	6:12 p.m.	Lv. New York (125th St.)	6:56 p.m.
Lv. New Haven	8:00 p.m.	Due Portland	5:43 a.m.
Due Kennebunk	4:21 a.m.	Due Kinos Station	1:37 p.m.
Due Biddeford	4:37 a.m.	Due Bath	7:20 a.m.
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Dempsey Makes Peace With Commission—Yanks Win; Giants and Robins Lose

BAN ON DEMPSEY LIFTED FOR WILLS

Champion Formally Accepts Challenge and Boxing Commission Restores Him.

WILL SIGN ON MONDAY

Rickard Prepares to Hold Fight Next Year—Other Bouts Depend on Negro.

KEARNS ATTACKS DEMPSEY

"Can't Give Me the Run-Around With a Couple of Push-Over Matches," Declares Jack.

Jack Dempsey formally paved the way for the official signing of a world's heavyweight championship fight with Harry Wills when he appeared before the New York State Athletic Commission yesterday at noon and said to the board in session: "Gentlemen, I am here to accept the challenge of Harry Wills and stand ready to defend my title in compliance with the rules and regulations of this commission."

These words had the effect of "open sesame," although the proposed battle probably will not be held before next year. Commissioner William Muldoon, who, with Commissioner George E. Brower, conducted the meeting in the absence of Chairman James Farley, who was in Portland, Me., at once announced that Dempsey was again regarded in good standing with the commission. Dempsey was told that the ban on him had been lifted to enable him to enter into negotiations for the match. He was told to return to the board on Tuesday and report his progress toward closing an agreement with Wills. Dempsey promised to do this, postponing his trip to California, which he had planned to start last night.

Will Sign on Monday.

Tex Rickard, who expects to promote the Dempsey-Wills fight some time in 1926, probably on Labor Day, announced that he had virtually completed arrangements for signing the articles of agreement and that Dempsey and Paddy Mullins, manager of Wills, who is now touring Europe, would put their names to the document on Monday.

Whether Dempsey will be permitted to engage in any other bouts previous to his meeting with Wills was left more or less in abeyance. Dempsey informed the commission that he would like to engage in one or two warm-up fights to fit himself for his fight with the negro and the commission answered that it considered the request a logical one.

However, the board pointed out, it was one of the commission's rulings that this would entirely depend on the challenger. Whether Dempsey will be seen in action before he meets Wills is for Wills or his manager, Mullins, to say. Mullins declined to make any comment.

Just before Dempsey appeared at the commission offices Rickard paid a hurried call. It appears that Rickard came perilously close to a blunder which he let it be announced on Thursday that he already had closed most of the arrangements for a Dempsey-Wills fight and got yesterday morning for formally signing a contract with the champion. As Dempsey was still on the ineligible list to do business with him, it might have entailed similar punishment for the promoter.

Rickard Explains Position.

Rickard therefore called off the signing yesterday and went to the commission to explain that he had considered it no harm to discuss matters informally with Dempsey, that nothing official had been done and that he sought only to close the match in accordance with the commission's wishes." His explanation was accepted and he was told that if Dempsey formally accepted the Wills challenge he could go ahead and bind the match.

Dempsey appeared somewhat worn and worried when he arrived, but was in better spirits when he emerged from the hearing.

"I guess everything is straightened out," he said. "I have accepted the Wills challenge and when I told them I would like to get a few fights under my belt before meeting Wills, they said this would be all right if agreeable to Wills. There is no chance of the Wills fight being held this year and I can't afford to remain idle until 1926, nor would I be able to get myself in condition without a couple of fights. If I can be arranged I will appear in one outdoor fight this Fall, and I may meet Tunney next Winter in the new Madison Square Garden. This arena will have a seating capacity of 27,000, and that ought to be big enough for that fight.

"I have changed my plans about going to the Coast until late next week. My wife and I will make a short trip to Wilmington, but I will be back in New York Monday to complete arrangements with Rickard and see the commission Tuesday."

Explaining Dempsey's present status with the board, Commissioner Muldoon said that the acceptance of the Wills challenge alone had been the big issue between the champion and the board.

Must Carry Out the Deal.

"Dempsey now is eligible to negotiate with any promoter under our jurisdiction," he said. "He now must sign articles of agreement with Wills. Should he fail to do this, matters, of course, would go back to where they were before. In accepting Wills's challenge today Dempsey said he never understood his failure to do so long ago was at the bottom of all the trouble. He said he never had received the telegram which this commission sent him last Winter."

Muldoon said that no further details with respect to the Wills bout had been discussed with Dempsey. He said the question of time and place would have to await the formal signing of the agreement. He expressed doubt that the fight could be held this year.

"As a sporting proposition, however," said Muldoon, "I certainly think Dempsey ought to be allowed to engage in a few fights to get in shape."

Muldoon also made it clear that yesterday's transaction with Dempsey had no bearing whatever on Kearns's status in this State, and that the ban on Dempsey's manager still stood.

As usual, Dempsey refrained from making any comment upon his relations with Kearns. When shown dispatches quoting Kearns as making a bitter attack on the champion and stating a Dempsey-Wills fight never would come off, he read the report with considerable interest.

"That's too bad," he said, "I guess the boy has lost his head." But he still declined to say definitely whether Kearns was or was not his manager.

Kearns Assails Champion.

LOS ANGELES, July 17 (AP).—Jack Dempsey's reported announcement in New York that in the future he would handle his own boxing affairs has drawn fire from Jack Kearns. The heavyweight champion's manager said that he had an iron-clad contract with Dempsey that does not expire until September, 1926.

He did predict, however, that if Harry Wills ever climbed into the ring with the champion, the negro would be knocked out in two rounds. With six months' training Dempsey can whip either Wills or Gene Tunney in one round, he declared.

Referring to the champion's statement in New York that he had done some self-managing to the extent of signing for a bout with Wills, Kearns said:

"The whole situation gives me a good laugh. Dempsey may be figuring that he will not fight Wills until after his contract with me expires in September, 1926, but I'm here to say that he cannot sign articles without my consent for any bout to take place before or after September of next year so long as I am his manager.

"At any rate, I am going to wait until Dempsey returns to Los Angeles and then we'll settle the whole affair."

If Dempsey has broken with him he has not told him so, Kearns declared. "And if he thinks he can give me the run-around by signing for a couple of push-over matches until after our contract expires, I may throw a monkey-wrench into his plans.

"Fifty per cent. of Jack Dempsey's heavyweight championship title is mine and as long as our contract endures he will make no matches without my O. K.

"He can go to Wills and sign for all the matches he wants to with Tex Rickard and Floyd Fitzimmons and others, but none of the bouts will come off unless I like them and O. K. them.

"When he states he will see that I get my cut from his ring earnings up until the time our contract expires he is only wasting breath. He knows I'm entitled to that cut and that I'll get it, whether he sees to it or not.

"I had considerable to do with bringing the world's heavyweight title to Mr. Dempsey. That's something most everybody connected with the fight game will acknowledge. But Dempsey seems to have forgotten it.

"When he was married last Spring he told me he did not want to fight any more. I let him alone.

"When he went abroad I sent him two or three cablegrams, but he never extended me the courtesy of a reply.

"I did not discuss the possibility of a break with him, and the subject of matchmaking was not gone into. He said he did not want to fight and I believed him.

"I figured that he would not be willing to fight until after his love-sickness wore off.

"What does puzzle me, though, is that all I know of this break business is what I have read in the papers.

"Dempsey has never told me, man to man, that he wanted to break and do his own managing.

"But he needn't worry, I don't. I managed good fighters before I managed Dempsey, and I'll manage many a good one after he's forgotten.

"And you can make that as strong as you like," concluded Kearns as he slammed up the receiver.

Wills Delays Trip, Pending Word.

PARIS, July 17 (AP).—Harry Wills, American negro heavyweight, when shown New York dispatches today stating that Jack Dempsey had signed for a match with him, immediately decided to postpone his departure for Poland until Sunday to await official confirmation from Promoter Tex Rickard and his manager, Paddy Mullins.

Wills spent the day promenading about Paris. He is still disinclined to consider a bout or boxing exhibition on this side of the Atlantic. He said he was still without official confirmation from Rickard or Mullins regarding the terms and conditions of the proposed bout with Dempsey.

The American boxer cabled both Rickard and Mullins today, but up to a late hour tonight no reply had been received.

Wills intends to go to Warsaw first and thence to Carlsbad, returning later to Paris.

"I hope the story is true," he said, "but I have heard nothing myself direct. Everything is in the hands of Paddy Mullins, who is fully empowered to sign for me, but I have had no word from him yet."

Tunney Says He Has Match.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., July 17 (AP).—Gene Tunney, contender for Jack Dempsey's heavyweight crown, said tonight that he and his manager, Billy Gibson, have a verbal agreement to fight Dempsey in New York on Sept. 15. Tunney is touring up-State New York with William McCabe, confidential agent to Superintendent of Prisons James F. Long.

"He'll never fight Harry Wills if he meets me first," Tunney said, speaking of Dempsey.

Tunney will begin training at White Sulphur Springs Tuesday for the bout he says he has with Dempsey.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis 6, New York 1.
Cincinnati 4, Brooklyn 0.
Pittsburgh 7, Boston 3.
(Ten innings.)
Chicago 7, Philadelphia 5.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York 5, Cleveland 1.
Philadelphia 8, Chicago 1.
Detroit 6, Washington 1.
St. Louis 9, Boston 5.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Pittsburgh	49	31	.613
New York	51	33	.607
Brooklyn	43	41	.506
Cincinnati	40	42	.488
Philadelphia	40	44	.476
St. Louis	40	44	.476
Chicago	37	47	.440
Boston	34	51	.400

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	54	29	.651
Washington	54	31	.635
St. Louis	46	42	.523
Chicago	45	42	.517
Detroit	44	43	.506
Cleveland	40	49	.449
New York	36	50	.419
Boston	26	59	.306

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati at New York.
(Game starts at 3 P. M.)
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Boston.
Chicago at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Detroit.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Washington at Cleveland.
Boston at Chicago.

MAILS HURLS GIANTS OUT OF FIRST PLACE

Southpaw Holds Champions to 4 Safeties While Cardinals Triumph, 6 to 1.

TERRY GETS 3 OF THE HITS

Meusel the Other, and Frisch's Batting Streak Ends After 19 Straight Games.

BY JAMES R. HARRISON.

The Pirates bounced back into first place like a rubber ball yesterday. Coincidentally, the Giants hopped in the opposite direction, but the two clubs are just as close as Dempsey and Kearns used to be. In fact, looking at the matter in a big, broad way, the teams are practically tied.

Duster Mails, possibly the most eccentric left-hander since Rube Waddell, injected himself into the pennant race yesterday. Duster is constantly intruding into important affairs. Some five years ago he wandered into a world's series without an invitation and southpawed the Robins out of the gonfalon and some cash. Yesterday he held the Giants to a skimpy quota of four hits and pushed the McGrawmen into second place by a score of 6 to 1.

Duster can never get over the fact that he was once tried as a Brooklyn employe and found wanting. He bears a grudge toward anything remotely connected with Flatbush, and in his quaint way he is unable to distinguish between Brooklyn and Manhattan. Possibly, however, he recalls that John J. McGraw giggled loudly some years ago when asked if he was seeking to buy Duster from the Coast League.

The giggle was on the other foot yesterday. Mails may be slightly temperamental and erratic but he has a world of persuasion in his left arm. He made the Giants look like the lower order of animals from which Bryan says man never descended. Not one of them but Bill Terry that could even nibble at the left-hand assortment. The Giants could never be accused of tampering with the Mails.

Frisch Stopped in Tracks.

Terry got three of the four hits, Meusel the other, and it was Irish who escorted the lone run homeward in the second. The other natives were incompetent and irrelevant. Captain Frank Frisch's hitting streak of nineteen games, died in early infancy, and if Young, Kelly, Wilson, Lindstrom and Gowdy had had any streaks to die, Mails would have slain them.

It may be inferred that some Giant pitcher had a tough time of it. Not one but three, although Arthur Nehf was in so briefly that the St. Louis bats did not bruise him. Big Jack Scott, the Tarheel terror, pitched the first five innings and allowed four runs. He was exiled in favor of a pinch hitter and Nehf toiled the sixth and seventh. Walter Huntzinger, whose work has fallen off lately, was slammed for two runs in the eighth, and the Cards then knocked off for the day.

Chick Hafey, the St. Louis left fielder, celebrated his return to fast company by making four hits in five times at bat, driving in two runs and scoring two others. Mr. Hafey was something of a riot. Up to an hour Thursday night he was a member of the Syracuse Stars, but when Ray Blades hurt his knee Hornsby recalled Hafey. How the Giants did miss Blades!

Bottomley started the second with a hit to centre and Hafey cracked a ditto to right. Bottomley scored on Toporcer's fly and Hafey rounded the bases on hits by Bell and O'Farrell.

Kelly's walk, Terry's two-bagger and Wilson's sacrifice fly comprise the simple annals of the only New York run, in the second.

Cards Get Busy Again.

The Cards got busy again in the fifth. Flack singled, Shinners strolled and both advanced on Bottomley's out. Mr. Hafey bounded into the panorama with a single to left, admitting both runners.

Hafey again in the eighth. He greeted Huntzinger with a single and moved up on Toporcer's roller to Terry. He doubled to right and O'Farrell to left centre and the damage was wrought.

Mails let down a notch in the fourth and the Giants knocked at the door of a run. With one gone, Kelly was passed and Terry doubled to short left. Hack Wilson came up, struck out and sat down. Lindstrom hit a puny foul to the first baseman. Finis.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flack,rf	5	1	1	1	0
Shinners,cf	4	1	0	1	0
Hornsby,2b	5	0	1	1	4
Bot'mley,1b	5	1	2	8	0
Hafey,lf	5	2	4	6	0
Toporcer,ss	3	0	0	2	3
Bell,3b	3	1	2	1	2
O'Farrell,c	3	0	2	6	0
Mails,p	4	0	0	0	0
Total	37	6	12	27	8

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Young,rf	4	0	0	4	0
Frisch,ss	4	0	0	2	2
Meusel,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Kelly,3b	2	1	0	0	2
Terry,1b	4	0	3	16	0
Wilson,cf	3	0	0	2	0
Lindst'm,3b	4	0	0	1	2
Gowdy,c	3	0	0	7	0
Scott,p	1	0	0	0	2
aWalker	1	0	0	0	0
Nehf,p	0	0	0	0	1
bSouthw'th	1	0	0	0	0
Hunt'ger,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	29	1	4	27	16

Errors—St. Louis 1 (O'Farrell); New York 0.
a Batted for Scott in fifth.
b Batted for Nehf in seventh.

St. Louis	0	2	0	2	0	0	2	0	—6
New York	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Terry (2), Bell, O'Farrell. Stolen bases—Walker, Toporcer. Sacrifices—Wilson, Toporcer. Double play—Toporcer, Hornsby and Bottomley. Left on bases—New York 7, St. Louis 8. Bases on balls—Off Scott 2, Nehf 1, Mails 5. Struck out—By Mails 5, Nehf 1, Hunt'nger 1. Hits—Off Scott 7 in 5 innings, Nehf 3 in 2, Huntzinger 4 in 2. Losing pitcher—Scott. Umpires—Moran and Hart. Time of game—1:45.

WOMAN PAYS $10,000 FOR ENGLISH CHOW

Mrs. Hoover of Chicago Buys Famous Dog, Which Sails for New York Today.

Copyright, 1925, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to The New York Times.

LONDON, July 17.—Champion Chooman Brilliantine, said to be the best Chow dog in the world, has been bought from his Englishwoman owner by Mrs. Earl Hoover of Chicago for $10,000 and will sail for the United States tomorrow on the Aquitania.

Brilliantine, winner of six open Grand Challenge firsts in succession and seven championships in his own class, will be met in New York by his new owner, who is traveling from Chicago for that purpose.

Rival Fans Carry Guns to Soccer Game, So Bologna-Genoa Match Is Called Off

TURIN, Italy, July 17 (AP).—The Prefect has forbidden the football match between teams from Bologna and Genoa, scheduled for Sunday, because the feeling between football enthusiasts of the two cities is running so high that it is feared the match, to decide the championship of Northern Italy, would be responsible for rioting and wholesale bloodshed.

This situation, unprecedented in the annals of Italian sport, has been brought about through the encounter between the Bologna and Genoa enthusiasts on their arrival at Turin last Sunday, where the game was to be played. Unfortunately the trains from the two cities arrived simultaneously, and the rivals hurled insults at each other, from which the players refrained. Before the police succeeded in quelling the disturbance a number of shots were fired, and several persons were wounded.

The game was then postponed until July 19, but the officials of the National Football Federation decided that it would be dangerous to have the crowds meet again, and that it would be best to hold their games in secret, not admitting the public. A storm of protest was aroused, football lovers insisting that the games are played only for the benefit of the public and not merely to decide a championship. The plans again were changed to admit the public, but the Prefect, on hearing of this, issued his order forbidding the match.

ATHLETICS SWEEP WHITE SOX SERIES

Win Seventh in Row as Rallies In Last 2 Innings Give Quinn 8-1 Victory Over Faber.

CHICAGO, July 17 (AP).—The Philadelphia Athletics made a clean sweep of the four-game series with the Chicago White Sox, taking the final game 8 to 1, and ran their winning streak to seven games. The contest was a pitching duel between Red Faber and Jack Quinn for seven innings, the latter getting credit for the second straight victory since joining the Athletics when the Mackmen rallied to score six runs in the eighth and two in the ninth.

Only three hits were made off Quinn prior to the time he left the game for a pinch-hitter in the eighth inning. Singles by Mostil and Davis and their double steal, followed by an infield out, saved the White Sox from a shutout. The defeat put the White Sox in fourth place.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Cochrane,c	3	1	1	4	1
Lamar,lf	5	1	2	1	0
Poole,lb	5	2	2	11	0
Miller,rf	4	1	1	3	0
Simmons,cf	5	1	1	2	0
Hale,3b	4	1	2	0	2
Dykes,ss	4	0	2	3	5
Galloway,ss	3	0	0	1	5
Quinn,p	2	0	0	0	0
aFrench	1	1	1	0	0
Walberg,p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	37	8	14	27	13

CHICAGO (A)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mostil,cf	4	1	2	2	1
Davis,s	4	0	1	3	5
Harris,2b	3	0	0	3	4
Sheely,1b	3	0	0	11	0
Falk,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Hooper,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Kamm,3b	4	0	0	0	2
Schalk,c	4	0	0	7	1
Faber,p	2	0	0	0	0
Thurston,p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	1	4	27	13

Errors—Philadelphia 1 (Galloway); Chicago 1 (Falk).
a Batted for Quinn in eighth.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	2	—8
Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Lamar, French, Hale, Miller. Stolen bases—Mostil, Davis. Double plays—Davis, Harris and Sheely (2); Mostil and Schalk. Left on bases—Philadelphia 4, Chicago 7. Bases on balls—Off Faber 2, Quinn 2, Walberg 2. Struck out—By Faber 3, Quinn 3, Walberg 1, Thurston 1. Hits—Off Quinn 3 in 7 1-3, Walberg 1 in 1, Thurston 3 in 1 2-3. Winning pitcher—Quinn. Losing pitcher—Faber. Umpires—Hildebrand, Geisel and Ormsby. Time of game—1:55.

WALKER TO ANSWER TUESDAY ON SHADE

Boxing Commission Orders Welterweight Champion to Make Decision on Title Bout.

Mickey Walker, world's welterweight champion, appeared before the State Athletic Commission yesterday to report on how he was progressing with regard to closing a bout with Dave Shade, his foremost challenger. Walker stated he was as anxious as any one to have the match held in New York, but asked that he have an extension of time before definitely closing the fight until he had held further communication with his manager, Jack Kearns, now in California. The commission granted Walker until next Tuesday to make a final reply.

Walker and Shade had been scheduled to meet in California next Tuesday, but the bout was canceled when Leo Flynn, manager of Shade, balked at going to the Coast and insisted the fight be held in New York, as it would yield bigger gate receipts here. Kearns, who had signed for the fight in California, now appears to be the only one in the transaction still insistent that the fight be held on the Coast.

Louis Booie, manager of Stanislaus Loayza, was another caller at the commission yesterday, presenting X-ray photographs which showed that the Chilean fighter was suffering from a fractured right ankle. Loayza received the injury in his fight with Jimmy Goodrich at the Queensboro, A. C., and the pictures were offered as evidence with the plea that the Chilean be given the first chance for a return match with Goodrich. Booie was told that Goodrich has six months in which to defend his newly gained lightweight title, but that after that period there was no reason why an early match could not be arranged between him and Loayza.

Home-Run Leaders.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Hornsby, St. Louis	24
Hartnett, Chicago	21
Kelly, New York	15
Fournier, Brooklyn	14
Bottomley, St. Louis	13
Jonnard, New York	13
Wright, Pittsburgh	12
Harper, Philadelphia	12
Wrightstone, Philadelphia	11
Cuyler, Pittsburgh	11
Snyder, New York	10
Brooks, Chicago	10
Blades, St. Louis	9
Jackson, New York	8
Terry, New York	8
Grimm, Pittsburgh	8

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Williams, St. Louis	22
R. Meusel, New York	21
Simmons, Philadelphia	14
Cobb, Detroit	11
Goslin, Washington	11
Jacobson, St. Louis	11
Robertson, St. Louis	10
Speaker, Washington	9
McManus, St. Louis	9
Myatt, Cleveland	9
Ruth, New York	8
Judge, Washington	8
Todt, Boston	8

TOTALS FOR BOTH LEAGUES.

	1925.	1924.
National	419	262
American	351	233
Total	770	495

Pickups and Putouts.

The question as to whether or not Young caught Shinners's fly in Wednesday's game has been definitely settled. The culprit has confessed that he didn't catch it. This proves that the hand is quicker than Umpire Hart's eye.

What has happened to the high moral standards of baseball? In a similar case Dick Moerwell would have rushed in to the diamond, calmly informed the umpire that he hadn't caught the ball and insist on his reversing the decision.

Mails derived intense pleasure from sitting on the Giants' necks. He grinned genially as he ambled to the bench after every inning.

Duster's favorite method of getting out was to ground to Kelly, which he did four times in a row. Lots of other batters have tried this method and found it sure-fire.

Mails fanned Frisch in the fifth and Young in the seventh to extinguish a rally. Nonpareil pitching.

Shinners ranged far and wide for seven flies, a good day's work.

Today come the Reds, the last of the Western clubs. So far the Giant record against the invaders is seven won out of ten—two out of three from the Pirates, the same from the Cards and three out of four from the Cubs.

CUBS RALLY AND WIN, 7-5.

Overcome Four-Run Lead and Triumph Over the Phillies.

PHILADELPHIA, July 17 (AP).—The Chicago Cubs defeated Philadelphia, 7 to 5, today after the Phillies got off to a four-run start in the first inning by hammering Guy Bush. Cooper stopped the attack.

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Adams,2b	4	1	0	3	2
Mar'ville,ss	4	1	1	1	0
Freigau,3b	4	0	2	0	0
Grigsby,cf	4	0	1	3	0
Griffith,rf	4	2	3	4	0
Weis,lf	3	0	2	2	0
Grimm,1b	4	2	0	7	0
Hartnett,c	3	1	1	7	0
Bush,p	1	0	0	0	0
aGonzales	1	0	1	0	0
Cooper,p	2	0	1	0	1
Total	34	7	11	27	9

PHILADELPHIA (N)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sand,ss	4	1	2	1	4
Williams,rf	4	1	1	1	0
Mokan,lf	3	0	0	1	0
Wr'stone,lf	1	1	1	0	0
Burns,lf,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Harper,cf	4	0	1	2	0
bWendell	1	0	0	0	0
Wilson,c	2	0	1	1	2
Henline,c	2	0	1	1	1
Hawks,1b	2	0	1	6	0
Fonseca,1b	2	0	0	6	0
Hubr,3b	3	0	0	2	1
Friberg,2b	3	0	0	2	5
Ring,p	1	0	0	0	0
Knight,p	0	0	0	0	0
Couch,p	1	0	0	0	1
cKimmick	1	0	0	0	0
Betts,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	37	5	9	27	15

Errors—Chicago 2 (Maranville, Freigau, Philadelphia 0.
a Batted for Bush in fourth.
b Batted for Harper in ninth.
c Batted for Couch in eighth.

Chicago	1	0	0	0	2	1	2	0	1	—7
Philadelphia	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—5

Two-base hits—Williams, Harper, Hawks, Wels, Freigau. Home runs—Harper, Griffith. Sacrifice—Grigsby. Double plays—Hubert and Hawks; Maranville, Adams and Grimm. Left on bases—Chicago 7, Philadelphia 9. Bases on balls—Off Bush 1, Cooper 2, Ring 5, Knight 1. Struck out—By Bush 4, Cooper 1, Hits—Off Bush 7 in 3 innings, Cooper 1 in 6, Ring 1 in 2 2-3, Knight 5 in 1 2-3, Couch 4 in 3 2-3, Betts 1 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Bush (Wilson). Winning pitcher—Cooper. Losing pitcher—Knight. Umpires—Klem and McCormick. Time of game—2 hours.

BROWNS TAKE THIRD PLACE.

Advance by Sweeping Series With Red Sox, Winning Final 9-3.

ST. LOUIS, July 17 (AP).—The St. Louis Browns climbed into third place this afternoon by winning again while Chicago lost. The 9 to 3 victory gave Manager George Sisler's men a clean sweep of the three-game series with the Boston Red Sox and five victories in succession. Outfielder Jacobson hit a home run in the second inning.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rice,rf	5	1	2	0	1
Manush,ss	5	1	1	4	2
Sisler,1b	4	2	2	12	0
Williams,lf	3	0	1	4	0
McManus,2b	3	1	1	5	1
Jacobson,cf	4	2	2	4	0
Hargrave,c	4	0	1	4	1
Hobert'n,3b	3	1	2	1	1
Davis,p	2	1	1	0	2
VanGilder,p	1	0	0	0	3
Total	34	9	13	27	11

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flagst'd,cf	5	0	0	2	0
Rice,rf	3	2	1	2	0
Rogell,2b	5	0	1	0	1
Carlyle,lf	3	0	1	1	0
Todt,1b	4	1	1	11	1
Ezzell,3b	3	1	2	0	4
Lee,ss	3	0	0	3	4
Bischoff,c	4	0	1	3	1
Ross,p	0	0	0	0	0
Fuhr,p	0	0	0	0	1
aConnolly	1	0	0	0	0
bVache	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	3	5	21	11

Errors—St. Louis 2 (McManus, Robertson), Boston 3 (Ezzell, Bischoff, Fuhr).
a Batted for Ross in seventh.
b Batted for Fuhr in ninth.

St. Louis	0	1	3	0	0	2	1	2	—9	
Boston	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	—3	

Two-base hits—Sisler, Williams, Robertson, Lamotte. Home runs—Jacobson, Todt. Stolen bases—Ezzell (3), Lee. Sacrifices—Ross, Robertson, Van Gilder, Sisler, Williams. Double play—Fuhr, Lee and Todt. Left on bases—Boston 8, St. Louis 6. Bases on balls—Off Fuhr 1, Davis 4, Van Gilder 1. Struck out—By Fuhr 1. Hits—Off Ross 10 in 6 innings, Fuhr 3 in 3, Davis 3 in 4, Van Gilder 3 in 5. Hit by pitcher—By Van Gilder (Vache). Winning pitcher—Van Gilder. Losing pitcher—Ross. Umpires—Owens, Dinneen and McGowan. Time of game—1:40.

AMENDS FIGHTING RULES.

California to Allow Boxer 20 Seconds to Crawl Back Into Ring.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17 (AP).—The California Athletic Commission has decided to amend the Marquis of Queensberry rules to the extent of allowing a boxer knocked out of the ring twenty seconds, instead of ten, to crawl back through the ropes and resume a fighting posture.

Baseball Today. Pair Triangle, 2 P. M.—Giants vs. Cincinnati, Ger Game 31.15—Abe.

CAVENEY'S CATCHES HELP CAGE ROBINS

Red Shortstop Takes 16 of 17 Chances, 3 Less Than Record of 19 Hung Up in 1892.

BENTON KEEPS BATS IDLE

Rube Allows Only Eight Hits and Cincinnati Makes Final of Series a Shut-Out, 4-0.

By RICHARDS VIDMER.

The Robins were completely caged at Ebbets Field yesterday and the Reds romped off with the last game of the series, 4 to 0. Jimmy Caveney, the California Rambler, who accepted sixteen out of seventeen chances at shortstop; Rube Benton, whose left-handed hurling held the hitters helpless, and Eddie Roush with his bat blazing four bingles at opportune moments kept the Robins' wings closely clipped.

The California Rambler roved at will. He started off by making a wild heave to first on Cox's opening tap, but after that nothing escaped him. He took two tosses from Critz for force-outs before the inning was over. In the second he threw out two runners at first and snared a line drive for another killing. In the third he pivoted a double play and assisted in a force-out. In the fourth he ran down Wheat between second and third and then tossed out Fournier at first. In the sixth he snatched up a roller for a force-out at second and then took care of another clover-clipper. In the seventh he threw out Ford and then started a double play. In the eighth he started another double killing, and in the ninth he tossed out Hargreaves to finish the game.

It was a nice afternoon's work, but it failed to eclipse the record of Neal Ball Richardson, who while playing shortstop for the Washington team in the old National League accepted nineteen chances on June 20, 1892.

Makes Spectacular Catch.

Caveney's total was eleven assists and five put-outs. His most spectacular play came on Ford's grounder in the second, when he dashed over behind third to make a flying grab at the ball, wheeled in the air and tossed the runner out at first. It was a hard stop and a harder throw, and from his awkward position he had to bounce the ball to first. But it was a perfect bounce.

Caveney was killing off Robins right and left. Benton was turning them back with his old-time cunning. The Rube allowed eight hits, but he scattered them over six innings and in only one frame, the seventh, was he really in danger. Then Caveney jumped into the limelight again and started a double play with three on and one out.

Opposed to Benton at the start was another Rube—Ehrhardt—and for the ninth successive time he failed to finish. Every club in the league has knocked him off the mound and now they're on their second round. Not since May 29 has he won a game for Robbie.

He was succeeded by Arthur Brown, the youngster from Ardmore, Okla., who gave promise of developing. The Reds scored their two runs off him in the two sessions that he worked, each being the result of combining a double with a single.

Eddie Roush was responsible for three of the Reds' counters, scoring two himself and driving in another. He made four hits out of five times at bat and in one session stretched a dinky Texas Leaguer into a double.

Four Hits for First Tally.

It took the Reds four hits to get their first tally. Walker opened the second inning with a smash to right, went to third on Holke's hit to centre and came home while Critz was being tossed out at first. Caveney singled off Ehrhardt's glove and Wingo hit the bag at third, filling the bases, but a double play saved the situation.

The Reds made three more hits in the sixth and the result was only one run. Roush reached second. Walker grounded sharply to Fournier, who forced the ball to third to head off Roush. But Eddie wasn't there. He stayed on second and both runners were safe. Holke followed with a bunt which Ehrhardt and Tierney thought concealed an infernal machine and refused to touch. With the bases crowded, Critz pounded a hit off Ehrhardt's glove and Roush coasted home.

There were still three on and none out, but Ehrhardt fanned Caveney and manipulated a double play when he grabbed Wingo's smash. He threw to DeBerry, forcing Walker at home, and DeBerry still had time to nip Wingo at first.

The score:

CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Zitzmann,lf	5	1	1	0	0
Pinelli,3b	4	0	0	1	4
Roush,cf	5	2	4	1	0
Walker,rf	4	2	1	2	0
Holke,1b	4	0	2	11	0
Critz,2b	3	0	2	5	4
Caveney,ss	4	0	1	5	1
Wingo,c	4	0	1	2	0
Benton,p	4	0	0	2	0
Total	36	4	13	27	21

BROOKLYN (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Cox

MacDonald and Bourne Tied in Met. Open Golf—Superlette Wins at Empire Track

MACDONALD'S 144 IS TIED BY BOURNE

Each Finishes First Two Rounds of Met. Open Golf Tourney Two Strokes Under Par.

KERRIGAN AND BRADY NEXT

They Have 145s, While Sarazen, Farrel and Turnesa Follow—Macfarlane, Hands Taped, Has 154.

By WILLIAM D. RICHARDSON.

Special to The New York Times.

BRONXVILLE, July 17.—"Big Bob" MacDonald of Chicago, winner in 1923, and Walter E. Bourne of the Metropolitan Club in the Westchester District, shared the honors at the conclusion of the first two rounds of the twenty-first annual metropolitan open championship at the Crassy Sprain Golf Club here today. Their total for the day was 144, two strokes under par.

Tommy Kerrigan of Siwanoy and M. J. Brady of Winged Foot, the latter being the defending champion, finished the day with totals that were a stroke back, while Gene Sarazen of Fresh Meadow, Johnny Farrell of Quaker Ridge and Joe Turnesa of Fairview followed with totals that run from a stroke to three strokes back of Kerrigan and Brady.

Owing to the postponement of play yesterday, due to the heavy downpour of rain, it was necessary to send the players out in foursomes today in order to get the field of 178 entrants through the two-round ordeal which determined who were to survive for the two final rounds tomorrow. As a result, the play was slow and tedious, with many enforced waits here and there, and it was not until just before dark that the last foursome made its way to the eighteenth green.

Field Cut to 40 Players.

Owing to the fact that adherence to the original intention of the M. G. A. Committee to limit the field for the remaining two rounds to those who were eight strokes behind twelfth place would have cut the field down to a minimum, it was decided to admit all whose total scores for the first two rounds were 160 or better. As a result tomorrow's field will number forty-eight players.

In addition to the leaders already mentioned there are eight players who are within seven strokes of the top. Among them are Tommy Harmon, young Hudson River professional, and Harold Sanderson of Sleepy Hollow, tied at 149; George Hetch of Meadow Brook, W. S. Osborne of Staten Island, Leo Diegel of Glen Oaks and Cyril Walker of Englewood, tied at 150; and Tommy Armour and Young Jack Mackie Jr. of Inwood, the latter an amateur, with totals of 151.

Ten strokes behind the leaders is Willie Macfarlane of Oak Ridge, the national open champion and recent winner of the Shawnee open title. Macfarlane, playing in spite of hands that were covered with tape, started off badly in his first round, taking a 42 for the outgoing nine holes. He was flinching at every stroke and showing the effects of the arduous battle he had in winning the Shawnee title.

After rounding the turn, however, he began to play something like himself. When he reached the short fourteenth hole he had an experience with a bunker which cost him an 8 and practically ended his chances of winning his third title in succession. A par 5 there would have brought him home in 36 and made his total for the opening round 70 instead of 80.

The difference that these five strokes made was the difference between a 154 total, which put him ten strokes behind the leaders, and 149, right up in the thick of the fight. When he left the club tonight he was uncertain as to whether he would play tomorrow.

Burrows Sarazen's Niblick.

The disastrous 8 came through getting into an excavation at the right of the fourteenth green and finding his ball lying just in front of a clump of sand that made his recovery decidedly intricate. Not carrying a niblick, he borrowed one from one of his playing partners, Gene Sarazen, but failed to get his ball up over an overhanging ledge. He hit the ledge and dropped back into another bad lie, and before he reached the green he had used up five strokes. Then, to make matters worse, he missed a short putt.

He finished with three pars and an eagle at the home hole and then proceeded to do a 74 in the afternoon round. Bourne had an equally harrowing experience at the hole ahead, a par 4, where he also took an eight, due to being trapped on his second shot. He went into two more before he finally got out onto the green. That gave him a 40 for the incoming nine and a total of 76 for the round. In the afternoon, however, he established a new competitive record for the course by making it in 68 strokes, two shots better than any one else was able to do.

Bourne, who was one of the "dark horses" at Shawnee in the fore part of the week, had five birdies on his card going out in the afternoon and matched par with a 36 coming home. His place at the head of the list was uncontested until late in the afternoon, when MacDonald, who had returned a 71 in the morning, brought home a 73.

Kerrigan had a 76 in the first round and a 70 in the afternoon, while Brady had two well-balanced rounds of 72 and 74.

The leaders at the end of the morning round were Walker and Harmon, each of whom returned 70's, the latter having a great incoming nine holes, which he made in three birdies and an eagle. He chipped in from off the edge of the tenth green for an eagle 3, came near holing a chip for a 2 at the twelfth and then got down a twenty-five foot putt for a birdie at the thirteenth. He nearly holed another 2 at the fourteenth, where Macfarlane took an 8 and then got down a five-foot putt for a birdie at the fifteenth.

Walker's 70 was brilliant in some respects for he was several times in trouble, but never permitted himself to be discouraged by it. Like Harmon, however, he ran into difficulties on the second round. The most harrowing experience of all for the former open champion came at the seventh hole, where an iron second, slightly off the line, put his ball into an almost unplayable lie among stumps and rocks. Before he got it out he had to play four strokes and they played no small part in his finishing total of 80.

The cards of the leaders:

Morning Round.

Bourne	4	5	3	4	4	4	4	4	4—36
MacDonald	4	4	4	4	5	3	4	5	4—37
Harmon	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	5	4—36—73
Brady	4	5	4	4	5	4	4	4	4—38
Sarazen	4	5	4	4	5	3	4	4	4—37—75
Farrell	4	5	4	4	5	4	4	4	4—38
Turnesa	4	5	4	4	5	4	4	4	4—38—76

Afternoon Round.

Bourne	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4—36
MacDonald	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	5	4—36—73
Harmon	4	4	4	4	5	3	4	5	4—36
Brady	4	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	4—36—72
Sarazen	4	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	4—37
Farrell	4	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	4—37—74
Turnesa	4	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	4—37

The summaries:

Kerrigan, Siwanoy	4	5	4	4	5	4	4	4	4—38
Brady, Winged Foot	4	5	4	4	5	4	4	4	4—38—76
Sarazen, Fresh Meadow	4	5	4	4	5	4	4	4	4—38
Farrell, Quaker Ridge	4	5	4	4	5	4	4	4	4—38—76
Turnesa, Fairview	4	5	4	4	5	4	4	4	4—38—76

Semi-Finalists' Ages Average 26 in 26th Western Golf

DETROIT, Mich., July 17 (AP).—Youth held sway in the Western amateur golf championship here today, for the average age of the four semi-finalists was just 26 and this was the twenty-sixth championship. Keefe Carter, who gained the final, was born the year that Ned Sawyer, who competed again this year, won the title. In fact, one of the semi-finalists was not born until four years after the first championship had been decided. Russell Martin of Chicago, the other finalist, took up golf when ordered to do so by a doctor. And to show that the doctor was not on the wrong track, young Martin today eliminated a 200-pound fullback of the Tulane eleven, who can wallop the ball but cannot always keep it straight.

Gene Sarasen, Fresh Meadow	73	73—146
Johnny Farrell, Quaker Ridge	73	74—147
Joe Turnesa, Fairview	76	73—149
T. J. Harmon Jr., Hudson River	70	79—149
Harold Sanderson, Sleepy Hollow	78	73—140
George Hetch, Meadow Brook	75	75—150
Walter Osborne, Stapleton	75	75—150
Leo Diegel, Glen Oaks	74	76—150
Cyril Walker, Englewood	70	80—150
T. D. Armour, Sarasota	76	76—151
T. H. Mackie Jr., Inwood	76	75—151
Tony Manero, Fairview	74	78—152
Archie Sanderson, Sleepy Hollow	78	74—152
Harry Cluci, Westchester Hills	74	78—152
T. J. Longo, Mount Vernon	78	76—154
Gil Nichols, unattached	77	77—154
Dan Williams, Shackamaxon	76	77—153
Willie Macfarlane, Oak Ridge	74	80—154
Charles H. Smith, North Shore	79	75—154
W. L. Fochingham, Round Hill	77	77—154
W. H. Gox, Marine and Field	76	78—154
Sylvia Gentle, unattached	79	75—154
Pat Petranek, Petersburg	76	78—154
A. A. Armour, Sarasota	77	78—155
Fred G. Moore, Duxbouddie	78	77—155
A. Norgens, Mount Vernon	77	78—155
Jack Beckett, Yountakah	75	80—155
Emmet French, Youngstown	80	76—156
F. J. O'Loughlin, Plainfield	79	77—156
Tom Boyd, Fox Hills	80	76—156
R. M. Turnesa, Glen Ridge	82	74—156
J. R. Langanay Woequahic	77	79—156
J. E. Barker, Hollywood	79	77—156
Phil Turnesa, Fairview	79	78—157
W. L. Klein, Garden City Country	82	75—157
Ben Lord, Glens Falls	80	77—157
Harry Donaldson, Whitefield	81	77—158
George C. Sparkling, Brooklawn	77	81—158
George McLean, Grassy Sprain	81	77—158
Ted Woolsey, Bonnie Briar	77	81—158
Robert Healy, Echo Lake	81	77—158
Gordon Smith, Morris County	81	77—158
W. T. Winton, Hunnion	78	81—159
Frank McNamara, unattached	81	78—159
Jack Forrester, Hollywood	77	82—159
Pat Doyle, Almsford	79	80—159
John G. Anderson, Winged Foot	78	81—159
James Grossan, Wheatley Hills	87	73—160
Nick Costello, unattached	80	80—160
M. J. McCarthy Jr., Old Flatbush	80	80—160
Charles Rice, Women's National	78	82—160
Frank Hunt, Mosholu	81	79—160
T. A. Postlighone, Lawrence Park	84	76—160
W. R. Inglish, Fairview	79	81—160
J. Doran, Marine and Field	80	80—160
George Thompson, Scarsdale	80	80—160
Eugene McCarthy, Memphis	84	77—161
Thomas Nicholas, Mosholu	81	80—161
Louis Costello, Millburn	83	78—161
Charles Dunks, Tuxedo	82	79—161
Jack Doellert, Greenwich	82	80—162
Frank Hoffman, Quaker Ridge	81	81—162
Jack Forrester, Hollywood	77	85—162
George B. Wolfe, Saltsaral	80	82—162
Dan Mankin, Century	82	81—163
Joseph Turnesa, Siwanoy, Meadow	81	82—163
A. E. MacDonald, Inwood	81	82—163
Joseph Borgo, Staten Island	77	86—163
James Dante, Braidburn	81	83—164
John J. O'Conner, C. C. of on the Sound	86	78—164
Dave Hanley, White Beeches	82	82—164
James R. Thomson, Apawamis	83	81—164
R. Dunn, unattached	81	83—164
John Mealey, Grassy Sprain	87	77—164
Tom Peppin, Mosholu	86	79—165
Joe Bradley, unattached	81	84—165
Erle Edwards, Powellton	81	84—165
Pat Costello, unattached	84	82—166
Charles H. Mayo, Pomonok	82	84—166
Tom Faulo, Hollybrook	79	87—166
Edward S. McGinley, unattached	84	82—166
Frank Cantinetta, unattached	84	83—167
Phillip Gentile, North Jersey	86	81—167
Jess Snook, West End	83	84—167
E. O'Neal, New York	85	82—167
Harry Kotchian, South Shore	83	84—167
W. L. Richards, Lido	84	84—168
Fred Canausa, West Point	86	82—168
Stephen Berlein, Upper Montclair	83	85—168
Fred Shiell, Briarcliff Lodge	84	84—168
Lauren Upson, El Paso	87	82—169
Tom Dria, Greenwich	83	86—169
Nicholas Pannotta, Rosebank	92	77—169
John Jack, New York	83	86—169
Walter T. Chinery, Plainfield	91	79—170
Frank Scully, Mosholu	86	85—171
Joseph Donato, Yonkers	87	84—171
Jack Rice, Piping Rock	83	85—172
Percy Grace, Hillcrest	86	86—172
B. J. Hanson, Dubwoodie	90	87—176
Richard Walsh, Scottish-Amer.	89	87—176
Byron Harcke, New York	87	87—174
A. C. Giles, Wee Burn	91	84—175
W. J. Ryan, North Shore	89	86—175
Walter Grego, Hillcrest	90	86—176
Al Nevak, Elmwood	91	86—177

MRS. VOORHEES IS VICTOR.

Her 93 Wins Gross Prize in Jersey Golf Play at Canoe Brook.

Special to The New York Times.

SUMMIT, N. J., July 17.—Mrs. Charles Voorhees of Baltusrol captured the low gross prize here today with a 93 at the New Jersey Women's Golf Association invitation tourney at the Canoe Brook Country Club. The low net prize went to Mrs. C. Cargimal with 106—20—84. She took premier honors from Mrs. R. F. Decker, for five years champion at Canoe Brook, who had to be content with the second low net prize. Mrs. Decker went around in 94, but had a handicap of only 7 for a net 97.

Mrs. S. B. Ryal won the afternoon event in approaching and putting competition, after a playoff with Mrs. A. Brundage of Forest Hills. Forty-six women took part in the tournament.

MRS. MACOMBER IN FINAL.

Will Meet Mrs. Bydolek Today for Western N. Y. Golf Title.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 17 (AP).—Mrs. Dewitt B. Macomber, Rochester, and Mrs. Joseph Bydolek, Buffalo, will meet tomorrow at the Oak Hill Country Club in the final round of the annual championship tournament of the Western New York Women's Golf Association. Mrs. Macomber eliminated Mrs. Adele Kutchins of Buffalo, the playing through champion, 5 and 4, while Mrs. Bydolek put out Mrs. W. F. Chapin, Buffalo, 3 and 2, in the other semi-final match.

Mrs. Bydolek, who held the title in 1923, was medalist in the qualifying round with 88.

SQUADRON A FOUR WINS.

Defeats 101st Cavalry at Fort Ethan Allen—To Play for Title.

Special to The New York Times.

FORT ETHAN ALLEN, Vt., July 17.—The Squadron A polo team of New York was the winner in a hard-fought game here today against the second squad team four of the 101st Cavalry, the score being 8 to 6 after six chukkers had been played. By winning today Squadron A qualifies to meet the regular army four in the final game for the brigade and post championship on Tuesday.

EMPIRE CITY ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Claiming; for two-year-olds; (first section); five furlongs. Wrackette 106 pounds, Shortsleeves 100, *Donarita 98, *Upton 103, Vie 109, *Prattle 95, Paddy Hynes 112, Fleeting Time 118.

SECOND RACE—Claiming; for two-year-olds; (second section); five furlongs. Tea Ball 117 pounds, Indicott 100, Janetta 114, Shiraz 111, Analitis 100, *Sweet Inver 106, *Orbit 113, Circus Rider 106.

THIRD RACE—The East View Stakes; for two-year-olds; about six furlongs. Canter 122 pounds, Flight of Time 125, Chocolate Soldier 107, Pompey 112, Tempest 107, Psychology 107.

FOURTH RACE—The Empire City Derby; for three-year-olds; one mile and a quarter. By Right 126 pounds, Bright Steel 125, Depot 116, Derby 116, Marconi 113, Silver Fox 113, King Jimmy 116.

FIFTH RACE—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; about six furlongs. *Tea Rose 110 pounds, Dixie 110, Chez Lase 102, Gale Might 105, Little Fox 107, *Flag Officer 100, *John Marone 2d 100, *Spear Light 100, The Pauper 100.

SIXTH RACE—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. *Blackstone III 101 pounds, Border 98, Sir Michael 100, *Hyperion 100, *Galatia 90, *Donnelly 113, Levoy 116.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

CARTER AND MARTIN GAIN FINAL AT GOLF

Oklahoma Star Beats Lamprecht in Western Amateur Play by 1 Up at Detroit.

CHICAGO PLAYER EXTENDED

Squares Match Three Times Before Conquering Hubby of Texas by Score of 2 and 1.

DETROIT, July 17 (AP).—Keefe Carter of Oklahoma today defeated Fred Lamprecht of Cleveland, 1 up, in the semi-finals of the Western amateur golf championship and qualified to meet Russell Martin of Chicago in the final tomorrow.

Carter had the match well in hand during most of the last nine against Lamprecht, but he had two bad sinking spells, from which he recovered well in view of his youth. One up after eighteen holes, Carter dropped the first three after luncheon, but squared the match on the twenty-fifth, and, after losing the twenty-sixth, again evened it on the twenty-ninth, never to be headed again. He won the thirty-first, thirty-second and thirty-third in par or better and was dormie 3. He almost threw the match away on the next two, but halved the home hole to win by 1 up.

Carter shot the last nine in par 36 for a total of 75, which, with his round of 76 this morning, made 151 for thirty-six holes. Lamprecht had par 36 on the third nine and got 74 for the afternoon round. He had 79 in the morning, for a total of 153.

Martin defeated Clarence Hubby of Texas, 3 and 2, in the other semi-final. Hubby fell off with his wooden clubs in the afternoon and Martin, squaring the match three different times after being 1 down in the morning round, won the thirty-second and thirty-third holes and halved the next two.

Martin commenced to whittle down his rival's lead as soon as the afternoon play commenced, winning the nineteenth hole with a birdie 3 and taking the twentieth with a par 4. Hubby came back with a birdie 4 on the twenty-first, but had to concede a defeat on the twenty-second when he failed to get out of the sand on his second. Martin evened the match for the first time when Hubby missed a short putt on the twenty-third after getting partway down the course, but finding the rough at the edge of the diminutive green.

Hubby regained the lead on the twenty-fourth when he holed a long putt and both got par 4s at the next hole. The match was square on the twenty-sixth when Hubby hit the bank and fell back into the rough by the 16-foot fence. He came up at the turn by winning the twenty-seventh with a par 4, Martin approaching wide of the green.

HAWTHORNE RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,000; for two-year-olds; claiming; five and one-half furlongs. Ritter, 110 pounds (W. Smith), 2 to 1, 4 to 5 and 2 to 5, first; F. Bush, 107 (Frost), 100 to 1, 20 to 1 and 5 to 1, second; Dunbar Welder, 106 (Pickens), even, 1 to 2 and 1 to 4, third. Time—1:07 3-5. Black Angel, Vacation Time, Runerve, Outlawed, Viking, Scotland Forever, Island Fairy, Merry and Rolla also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,000; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; six furlongs. Eddie Jr., 112 pounds (Long), 12 to 1, 5 to 1 and even, first; Expressive, 112 (Hoagland), 6 to 1, 1 to 1 and 1 to 2, second; Eager, 113 (Wallace), 7 to 10, third. Time—1:14 4-5. Round Robin, Duty Boy, Yorkton, Vic Vitalis, Lemon, Mr. Newmarket, Treasure and Tender Beth also ran.

THIRD RACE—The Aero Purse; purse $1,000; for three-year-olds and upward; allowances; five and one-half furlongs. Brunswick, 107 pounds (Margier), 3 to 5, out, out, first; Rival, 107 (Schaefer), 7 to 5, out, second; Fire Boy, 104 (Canfield), 6 to 1, third. Time—1:06. Miss Brick and Star Falcon also ran.

FOURTH RACE—The Aurora Purse; purse $1,000; for three-year-olds and upward; fillies and mares; allowances; one mile and seventy yards. Rotherme, 98 pounds (Mergier), 1 to 2, out, out, first; Polyposia, 106 (J. Smith), 6 to 5, out, second; Pontilion, 109 (Mortensen), out, third. Time—1:45 1-5. Pinsky and Cherryvale also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,000; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and three-sixteenths. Jubal Early, 102 pounds (Hanley), 7 to 1, 3 to 1 and even, first; Boan, 102 (Mortensen), even, 1 to 5, second; Russet Rouge, 112 (Thomas), 2 to 5, third. Time—1:59. Proceeds, Billy Star, Flying Prince, Slantcrest, Hammie and George Raffin also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

RACELAND RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Friday, 107 pounds (Barth), $4.60, $3.10, $2.60, first; Spontaneous, 98 (Duncan), $4.20, $3.50, second; Brownie Smile, 101 (Mackinnon), $3.40, third. Time—1:17 3-5. Gentry, Uncle Bob and Mimonome also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; one mile and one-sixteenth. Tim Beth, 103 pounds (Boyle), $15.80, $5.80, $3.90, first; Sun Run, 113 (Aron), $5.90, $3.10, second; Belle Fay, 101 (Duncan), $4.00, third. Time—1:50 3-5. Polly Leighton, Vennie Dey, Biddleford, Pamina, Black Mass and Lieutenant Rust also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; fillies and mares; the Louise Purse; purse $800; one mile. Miss Fiddle, 100 pounds (Charles), $4.10, $2.60, $2.50, first; Bob's Mary, 107 (Murphy), $3.50, $2.50, second; Glory, 104 (Gilfoil), $4.10, third. Time—1:14. Gloria Quayle, Ivory and Twilight Hour also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $900; six furlongs. Peggy Ann, 97 pounds (Mackinnon), $7.40, $4.80, $3, first; Queen Agnes, 90 (Duncan), $6.20, $3.60, second; Miss Thoughtful, 100 (Marmeworld), $3.80, third. Time—1:15. Rocking, Open Fire, Raleigh and Delysia also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and seventy yards. Harry, 105 pounds (Gay), $14.70, $6.90, $4, first; Mount Shasta, 99 (Sylvia), $8.70, $5.40, second; Mureuth, 112 (Aron), $3, third. Time—1:45 3-5. Romance, Speedloader, Royal Charlie, Tick Tock and Dog Meadation also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and one-sixteenth. Harry Lee, 99 pounds (Berg), $18.60, $6.10, $3.90, first; Ocean Current, 98 (Maguire), $5.40, $3.60, second; Pitalla, 107 (Mortimer), $3.80, third. Time—1:50 3-5. Quavor, Gem, Delectable and Great Northern also ran.

Weather clear; track good.

Boxing Netted $80,444 Profit To New Jersey in Year 1924-5

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 17.—Boxing in New Jersey returned the State a net profit of $80,444.37 during the fiscal year ended June 30 last, it was disclosed today by a financial statement submitted to Commissioner Newton A. K. Bugbee by Allen Trimble, Secretary to the State Athletic Commission. Gross receipts for the year totaled $110,648.15. Of this amount $107,790.13 was derived from the State tax of 10 per cent. on admissions. The balance was collected in boxers' and managers' license fees. The report shows that $2,007.74 in forfeits from unsatisfactory bouts went to charity.

LADDIE BIGGS WINS IN ROCKAWAY GOLF

Hopkins, Adams and Flagg Also Reach Semi-Finals in Invitation Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

CEDARHURST, N. Y., July 17.—A. W. ("Laddie") Biggs of Cherry Valley, the Bahama amateur champion; W. L. Hopkins of the Engineers, Jack Adams, chumate of Biggs, and Alston Flagg of Piping Rock will meet in the semi-finals of the Rockaway Hunting Club's invitation golf tournament tomorrow. Biggs today defeated A. R. Shiland, the sole Rockaway Hunting Club representative, by 5 to 4. Hopkins, a prodigious driver, defeated the veteran Findlay S. Douglas of the National Links and national amateur champion twenty-seven years ago, 4 and 3. Adams won from S. L. Kearns of Huntington, 5 and 4, and Flagg, who tied with Sheldon for the medal, defeated the steady Grant Peacock of Cherry Valley, 6 and 5.

By arrangement the medal scores of Kenneth Sheldon of Nassau, and Flagg, who tied with Sheldon at 79 for the medal, the medal score for the first round of match play was to count as a play-off. Flagg won when he scored a 74 in his match against Peacock.

The first round of match play brought out some keen matches. Biggs was forced to the twentieth hole to defeat H. Vail Howes Jr. of Mount Kisco. Grant A. Peacock of Cherry Valley won in an extra-hole match from a clubmate, J. F. Riddell Jr., 1 up. The former Long Island junior champion, Nell Fulkerson of Bellefaire carried W. L. Hopkins of the Engineers to the twelfth green before admitting defeat.

Jack Adams of Cherry Valley eliminated Kenneth Sheldon of Nassau, who tied for the medal, 6 and 5.

The summaries:

First Round—First Sixteen—A. K. Shiland, Rockaway Hunt, defeated C. H. Emyrd, Engineers, 2 and 1; A. W. Biggs, Cherry Valley, defeated H. Howes Jr., Mount Kisco, 1 up (20 holes); W. L. Hopkins, Engineers, defeated Nell Fulkerson, Bellefaire, 1 up (20 holes); Findlay S. Douglas, National, defeated Malcolm Stevenson, Meadow Brook, 3 and 2; J. F. Adams, Cherry Valley, defeated Kenneth Sheldon, Nassau, 6 and 5; S. K. Kearns, Huntington, defeated Wilson Littleton, Garden City G. C., 4 and 3; Alston Flagg, Piping Rock, won from James A. Curtis, Piping Rock, by default; Grant A. Peacock, Cherry Valley, defeated J. F. Riddle Jr., Cherry Valley, 1 up (20 holes).

Second Round—First Sixteen—Biggs defeated Shiland, 5 and 4; Hopkins defeated Douglas, 4 and 3; Adams defeated Kearns, 5 and 4; Flagg defeated Peacock, 4 and 3.

First Round—Second Sixteen—W. P. Ladd, Rockaway Hunt, defeated Jesse Spalding, National, 5 and 4; C. A. McGuire, Huntington defeated Edward McKellar, Cherry Valley, 3 and 2; H. Chapman Jr., Rockaway Hunt, 1 up (19 holes); H. G. Edwards, Garden City G. C., defeated F. V. Burton Jr., Rockaway Hunt, 3 and 2; C. W. Williams, Rockaway Hunt, defeated C. H. Hall, Garden City G. C., 1 up; E. M. Bartles, Rockaway Hunt, defeated P. H. Jennings, Huntington, 3 and 2; R. S. Nash, Rockaway Hunt, defeated John Good, Engineers, 3 and 2; C. W. Timpson, Rockaway Hunt, defeated J. H. Ballentine, Mickleham, 3 and 2; Arthur Ashton, 2d, defeated Jesse Spalding, National, 2 up (19 holes).

Second Round—Second Sixteen—Nash defeated Timpson, 1 up (19 holes); Ladd defeated McGuire, 1 up (19 holes); Reid defeated Edwards, 4 and 4; Barnes defeated Williams, 6 and 5.

Illinois Tennis Play Begins Today.

CHICAGO, July 17 (AP).—With an entry of eight of the first ten ranking players in the United States, play in the Illinois State tennis tournament opens tomorrow on the courts of the Skokie Country Club.

RACELAND ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs. Marsgold 108 pounds, Margesta E. 105, Maid 107, *Dalsan 107, Runnik 104, Lost Time 113, Miss Sun 107, *Private Post 107, *Bloomington 107, Chico 107, *Reprieve 98. Also eligible: *Heisgard 100, *Sparkle Star 98, Adventure 112, Omega 107, *Two Spot 107, Peter Pan 105.

SECOND RACE—Purse $600; for maiden two-year-olds; five furlongs. McTrinkle 115 pounds, Open Hand 119, Millerd 115, Bunbury 110, Fast Time 115, Unlucky 110, Youngster 115, Fable 115.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs. *John Jr. 107 pounds, *Hugo 110, Pickle Maid 107, Napoleon 98, Rotarian 108, *Ashemont 109, Pinole 112, Corenne 107, Rajah 112, *Straight Shot 102, *Frantilla 107. Also eligible: Accuona 11 107, *Sun Dial 101, Will 107, *Zealan Stone 98, Banker Rose 107, Debaden 112.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and one-sixteenth. Dalma 104 pounds, Harrisdale 110, *Miss Alma 104, Miss Marie 109, *Spenbrook 106, Murray 112, Crystal Rose 107, Free Kinney 109.

FIFTH RACE—Purse, $2,000 added; the Raceland Derby; for three-year-olds; one mile and one-quarter. Dashing 116 pounds, Battle On 114, Old Slip 118, Tan Grass 118.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $600; allowances; One Dollar; for two-year-olds; five furlongs. Liberty 106 pounds, Albine 109, My Best Girl 106, Our Gaits 105, Reboot 107, Happy Bob 106, Princess Pan 103, Little Cock 106.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs. Sandalwood 116 pounds, Paul Mixon 101, Lattie Alfred 106, Wee Dear 109, *Lady Mahlon 97, Manila O 104, Be Sure 109, *Pen Bolt 106, *Fee's Pride 96, *Formore 109, *Our Buddy 104, Lotte Lorraine 93.

EIGHTH RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and seventy yards. *Fancy Free 103 pounds, Clever Seth 110, Scare Crow 107, *Stump Jr. 102, Old Broadway 109, Delectable 108, *Jumper 106, *Lady Thea 107, *Rock Rock 109, North Breeze 110, Grand Maid 105.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather cloudy; track muddy.

SUPERLETTE WINS GREENWICH PURSE

Rancocas Filly, Away Winging, Easily Conquers Mino at Empire City Track.

WASHINGTON IS A VICTOR

Ballet Gelding Meets Little Opposition in Resolute Handicap—Breuning Suspended.

By HENRY R. ILSLEY.

The green-trimmed white silks of the Rancocas Stable were borne to an easy victory in the Greenwich Purse at the Empire City race course yesterday afternoon by the three-year-old filly Superlette, which Laverne Fator piloted home eased up by two lengths in front of the Oak Ridge Stable's four-year-old Wrack colt Mino, unbeaten in his four previous starts. The filly carried 110 pounds in a field of five and was the 7-to-10 favorite, backed from even money. Mino was held at 11 to 10 at post time. Superlette ran the short six-furlongs course in 1:08 4-5, only a second slower than the track record over a track that was only good, after the downpour of the previous night.

Place of honor on the card was given to the Resolute Handicap, an overnight claiming event at a mile and seventy yards, for three-year-olds and upward, in which five were named and three went to the post. A. Davie's six-year-old Ballot gelding Washington, the 3-to-2 favorite, gained an easy victory. Ambrose was in the mount for the gelding carried top weight of 116 pounds. He ran the distance in 1:45 and earned $1,165 for his owner.

There was a disqualification and more rough riding was punished by a suspension. Benny Breuning, who had the mount on Edward Arlington's Caracosta in the opening number, cut across his field, and the horse, which finished third, was disqualified. Breuning was suspended for three days for the move.

Ten of the fifteen named for the Greenwich Purse were scratched, Superlette and Mino standing out far above the others. The field ran in form, and it was a two-horse race. Fator got Superlette away flying from No. 4 position, and she immediately took a lead that she never relinquished. Fator had a couple of turns on her and was never forced to ride.

Sande was up on Mino, and the latter was always nearest the pace. Sande made a determined move on the turn into the homestretch, but the daughter of Superman and Epinglette, which was never headed, by her speedy gait, held him safely, and the gain was only momentary. Fator was easing up as his mount came under the wire, while Mino was eight lengths in front of J. Fred A., his nearest contender.

All of Earl Sande's finishing skill could not make Jefferson Livingston's filly, White Shepherdess, stick it out in the final furlong of the Bonito Purse, a dash of five and one-half furlongs for maidens two-year-olds. Eleven started and Sande took the track away from the others early in the race from an outside position at the post. She showed speed over the dead track, going to the quarter in 0:23 1-5 and to the half in 0:47 1-5.

C. W. Landers's imported colt Darby with Collins up was nearest the pace, and in the stretch, when White Shepherdess faltered, the colt came on fast and won going away. He was a length in front of the filly at the finish. Edwin Arlington's Caracosta, with Breuning in the saddle, finished third. Breuning, coming up on the outside on the turn, cut across his field, interfering with two other horses, Caracosta was disqualified and third money went to W. R. Peyton's Espanol, one of the horses which were bumped. The time was 1:03 3-5. Darby was a 4-to-1 shot, Espanol being the 11-to-5 favorite.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-old maidens; claiming; the Bonito Purse; purse $1,000. Five and one-half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Darby	113	Collins	4-1	1
W. Shepherdess	113	Sande	2-1	2
*Caracosta	112	Breuning	3-1	3
Espanol	113	McAuliffe	11-5	4
Chanteur	107	Callahan	15-1	5
Marlet S.	109	W. Harvey	20-1	6
Baifield	104	Hammere	30-1	7½
Firearm	107	M. Fator	20-1	7½
Eddie Dantor	107	Murphy	30-1	9
Pride Dealer	113	Dalpos	30-1	10
Columbia II	109	E. Fator	30-1	11

*Disqualified.

Place and show: Darby, 4 to 5, 4 to 5; White Shepherdess, 2 to 1, even; Espanol, 1 to 2.

Time—1:08 3-5.

Start good; won easily; place same; Darby, b. c., by Sweep—Sanctuary; owned by C. W. Landers and trained by W. Hogan.

SECOND RACE.

For three-year-olds; claiming; the Homestead Purse; purse $1,000. About six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Carthage	109	Richards	7-2	1
Zero Hour	109	Gilfoil	4-1	2
Sun Light	107	Gallagher	40-1	3

Place and show; Carthage, out, out; Zero Hour, out, out; Sweet Light, out.

Time—1:14 4-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Carthage, ch. c., by Archaic—Rockwater; owned by J. L. Price and trained by N. L. Dyer.

THIRD RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Greenwich Purse; purse $1,000. About six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Superlette	110	L. Fator	7-10	1
Mino	117	Sande	11-10	2
J. Fred A.	106	Ambrose	100-1	3

Richards and Lang Gain Long Island Tennis Final

RICHARDS AND LANG TO MEET IN FINAL

Beat Kynaston and Anderson Respectively in Long Island Title Tennis Tourney.

ANDERSON IN GAME FIGHT

Drives Titleholder to Limit in Woodmere Match—Lang-Bernuth and Behr-Baredo Take Doubles.

By ALLISON DANZIG.

Special to The New York Times.

WOODMERE, L. I., July 17.—Jerry Lang of Columbia University, New York State titleholder, will defend his Long Island tennis championship tomorrow against Vincent Richards. In the semi-final round of the tournament at the Woodmere Club this afternoon Lang defeated Fred C. Anderson of Brooklyn at 3—6, 6—1, 6—1, and Richards put out Percy L. Kynaston of Rockville Centre at 6—2, 9—7, 6—2.

In Anderson and Kynaston the two finalists found the stubbornest of opponents. The Brooklyn and Long Island youths are accustomed to winning the titles in most of the tournaments in which they compete and it takes a pretty good game of tennis to beat either of them. Anderson committed lèse majesté by taking the first set from Lang, but there were many who did not look at it in that way.

For a considerable part of the match Anderson outplayed Lang, but the tall Brooklyn youth was not as steady as his opponent and this decided the match in Lang's favor. After dropping the first set, mainly through his inconsistency, the Columbian steadied down in the second chapter and rushed through the set while Anderson was having his troubles in keeping the range of the net and lines.

Best Struggle in Match.

In the third set the best struggle of the match was furnished. Every rally was productive of interesting tennis and the exchanges at the net were exciting. Lang was just enough the steadier to break through and take the set after the score had reached 6—all.

The loss of the third set seemed to discourage Anderson, as he had several times been on the verge of winning it, gaining a lead of 5—2, which Lang overcame by the most brilliant playing. With the score 2—1, against him in sets, Anderson lost some of his keenness in the fourth chapter, and Lang's aggressiveness and also his steadiness in the deuce games enabled him to win by a decisive score. Anderson, however, made a better fight for it than the figures indicate.

In addition to winning a lot of titles this year Kynaston is also getting valuable experience meeting the top notchers. Today he took on the second ranking player of the country in Richards. While it was practically a foregone conclusion that he would be beaten in each instance, the Long Island youth was not unduly impressed by the fact and played his game. He put up the same heady tennis that forced Tilden to exert himself at the New York Tennis Club.

Kynaston Plays Fine Game.

After losing the second set by a score that failed to do justice to his efforts, Kynaston rose to greater heights in the second and played such fine tennis that Richards was glad to call it a set after sixteen games had been played. Only the superb volleying of the Olympic champion brought him through in the set after Kynaston had broken up his net game in the early stages with his unerringly placed passing shots. The final set found the Long Island youth fighting just as hard as at the outset, but Richards was traveling an irresistible pace now and crushed all opposition, allowing Kynaston only two games.

Two more teams reached the semi-finals of the doubles. Lang and Anton F. Bernuth defeated Kenneth Fisher and Armand L. Bruneau at 6—3, 9—7, and Allen Behr and Manuel Baredo eliminated George Groesbeck and Herbert Manchester at 6—3, 3—6, 6—1. The winning teams will meet tomorrow in one semi-final, while Richards and Dr. William Rosenbaum will be opposed to Anderson and J. Cecil Donaldson in the other. The final will be played Sunday afternoon, starting after the singles match, which will be held at 2:30 o'clock.

MET. TENNIS STARTS TODAY.

Grass Court Title Play Will Be Held on Crescent Courts.

The metropolitan grass court tennis championship will get under way at 2 o'clock this afternoon on the Crescent A. C. course at Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, with Vincent Richards and Howard Kinsey as the two leading contenders for the title won last year by Gerald Patterson of Australia. The draw, which was given out yesterday by Albert J. Gibney, referee of the tournament, includes 128 players, with most of the well known local stars entered in addition to a number of prominent players from other cities.

The draw follows:

UPPER HALF.

First Round—Howard Kinsey vs. H. A. Kurtz; F. W. Barrett vs. R. T. James, Jr.; H. Chapin Jr. vs. Hugh M. Kelleher; C. E. Lichtenauer vs. J. E. Cameron, jr.; Cecil Donaldson vs. B. Rosar, Edward W. Wilson vs. H. L. Valentine, R. J. Shearer vs. Dr. B. F. Drake, J. Hicks vs. S. G. French, T. McCaw vs. J. W. Anderson, J. N. Henriques vs. M. P. Baker, D. B. Lawrence vs. R. Tailer Townsend, George Boochever vs. Fred D. Powers, James D. Ewing vs. Armand L. Bruneau, R. S. Roberts vs. Frederick Damrau, Arthur S. Cragin vs. S. Howard Voshell, Percy L. Kynaston vs. H. M. McLaren, J. S. Van Ende vs. E. T. Kraemer, R. A. Amador vs. Frank A. Sieverman, Stephen V. Brabans vs. R. Lewis, J. A. Carter vs. Elliott H. Binsen, Anton F. Von Bernuth vs. K. Morgan, Masanosuke Fukuda vs. Jerome Minster, Edward E. Jenkins vs. E. Herrich, H. C. Hodgson vs. Frank G. Danielson, I. Satrustigui vs. P. P. Ferguson, Leedie A. Major vs. E. E. Partridge, Allan H. Behr vs. Ralph M. De Mott, Hugh Oakley vs. H. L. Westfall, H. F. Bailey vs. D. Rose, Casper H. Nannes vs. W. C. Wells, C. G. Burrows vs. Arnold Jones.

LOWER HALF.

First Round—Vincent Richards vs. Frank L. McWattie, F. G. Vogeler vs. Edward O. Deanes, L. W. Shaw vs. G. V. Little, Kenneth S. Johnson vs. William J. Eissmann, R. G. Winfield vs. Murray Vernon, Weller E. Bleck vs. Jerrey Leng, Dr. George King vs. Ernest H. Kohn, F. Corell vs. W. D. Tyler, J. Franks vs. W. I. Plitt, J. G. Hall vs. J. G. Tebbey, M. Hillson vs. Henry H. Bashford, Herbert H. Manchester vs. John Van Ryn, G. A. L. Dionne vs. Russell Phillips, Zenzo Shimizu vs. John C. Neely J. W. Lewin vs. George S. Groesbeck, Selden G. Noyes vs. W. M. Jacobs, Fred C. Sears vs. J. M. Greer, L. K. Franklin vs. F. C. Quigley, Alfred D. Hammett vs. V. Sheldon, Walter J. Abels vs. Dr. William Rosenbaum, Charles A. Anderson vs. Waldemar Polak, William J. Gallon vs. Herbert L. Bowman.

Estridge Wins on a Foul.

BAYONNE, N. J., July 17 (AP).—Larry Estridge of New York, negro middleweight, won on a foul from Harry Martone of Jersey City in the fourth round of a scheduled ten-round bout here tonight. Tommy Dunn of Staten Island whipped Georgie Scott of Bayonne in the semi-final, while George Mack of Jersey City outpointed Sammy Tische of Bayonne in a furious six-round bout.

Stevenson Today Wears Blue That He Defeated in 1921

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 17.—It was at Travers Island, on July 28, 1921, that a young Princeton athlete, Billy Stevenson, flashed to victory in a quarter mile racethat now is history—noted track history—for he finished in front of the great Bevil G. D. Rudd of Oxford. Tomorrow, in the Princeton-Cornell meet against Oxford and Cambridge, the famous Rudd will be absent, but Stevenson will take his place, for the former Princeton athlete will run against the Americans and will wear the dark blue that Rudd wore when he was defeated by Stevenson, who tomorrow will run his last race for Oxford.

BROWN IS UNABLE TO CHECK TILDEN

Fights Hard, but Champion Gains National Clay Court Final in Straight Sets.

LOTT PUTS OUT NORTON

Drops First Two Sets, but Sweeps Through Next Three—Kinseys Score in Doubles.

ST. LOUIS, July 17 (AP).—William T. Tilden, the champion, gained the final in the national clay court tennis tourney here this afternoon by disposing of Wray Brown, Missouri Valley champion, with ease at 6—3, 7—5, 6—1, but George M. Lott of Chicago had a world of trouble in defeating Brian I. C. Norton of this city in the other semi-final. This contest went to five sets, the young Chicago star winning by 2—6, 1—6, 6—4, 6—4, 6—3.

An interesting match was provided in the fourth round of the doubles when Howard and Robert Kinsey, the national doubles champion, defeated A. H. Chapin of Springfield, Mass., and Sam Hardy of New York. Hardy formerly was a Davis Cup player, and while he and Chapin played a brilliant game, stirring the gallery time after time with their net play, they were unable to stand up under the accurate fire of the champions and went down to defeat, 6—3, 6—3, 6—2.

In the preceding round an upset was scored when Fred Josties of St. Louis and Berkeley Bell of Austin, Texas, put out George Lott of Chicago and Fritz Bastian of Indianapolis by 6—4, 6—3, 7—5. The defeated pair was expected to gain the final, where many experts predicted there would be a close match between this pair and the Kinseys.

Tilden, in his match with Brown, drove close to the baseline and won the first two games of the opening set. Brown appeared nervous, netted a number of balls, and Tilden gained a lead of 3—1. Brown was steadier in the next game, which he won. The champion ran out the set, 6—3, when Brown became erratic toward the last.

The champion opened a net attack and gained a lead of 3 to 1 in the second set. Brown then broke through the Philadelphian's service to win the fifth game. The St. Louis player passed Tilden with a shot and won the following game, bringing the score to 3-all. Tilden made several nets, which enabled Brown to win the next game and take the lead at 4—3. During the remainder of the set the champion played Brown's backhand, but the St. Louisan became steadier and brought the score to 5-all. Tilden won the next two games and the set, 7—5.

Tilden showed more speed at the start of the third set. He came in to the net more frequently and won the first three games. After a number of rallies, Tilden took the fourth game, following quickly with the next game. The St. Louis player showed a flash of brilliancy and won the sixth. Tilden's cannonball service gave him the set, 6—1, and the match.

The summary:

Single, Semi-Finals—William T. Tilden, Philadelphia, defeated Wray Brown, St. Louis, 6—3, 7—5, 6—1; George Lott Jr., Chicago, defeated Brian I. C. Norton, St. Louis, 2—6, 1—6, 6—4, 6—3.

Doubles Third Round.—H. B. Snodgrass and W. K. Wesbrook, Los Angeles, defeated, W. A. Rice and Dr. H. G. Rice, St. Louis, 6—3, 6—0, 6—3; Brian Norton and Wray Brown, St. Louis, defeated P. W. Bennett, and E. C. Goggeshall Jr., Des Moines, 6—0, 6—1, 6—0.

Fourth Round—H. B. Snodgrass and W. K. Wesbrook, Los Angeles, defeated J. B. Adoue and John Warr, Dallas, 6—2, 3—6, 6—2, 6—0; Robert and Howard Kinsey, San Francisco, defeated A. Chapin Jr., Springfield, Mass., and Sam Hardy, New York, 6—3, 6—3, 6—2; William Tilden and Al Wiener, Philadelphia, defeated F. O. Josties, St. Louis, and R. B. Bell, Austin, Texas, 8—6, 6—2, 3—6, 6—1.

CUP WON BY DR. HAWK.

Defeats Paul Martin in Ulster County Tennis, 6-4, 6-2, 5-7, 6-3.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE MOHONK, N. Y., July 17.—The finals in singles and men's doubles of the Ulster County title tennis were played today. Rr. H. Hawk defeated Paul Martin, 6—4, 6—2, 5—7, 6—3, and won his third leg on the Jeffries Championship cup, which becomes his permanent possession.

Mrs. S. V. Roeser repeated her victory of last year in the women's singles by defeating Mrs. Bernard Stenz, 7—5, 6—1. Ralph Baggs and Henry Bassford defeated L. Knox and P. Martin, 8—6, 12—10, 6—4. The only remaining event is thefinal in the mixed doubles between Mrs. Roeser and Knox and Mrs. Stenz and Ralph Baggs, which will be played tomorrow morning.

FRENCH PLAY DUTCH TODAY

Tennis Teams to Meet in Final of European Davis Cup Event.

NOORDWIJK, Holland, July 17 (AP).—The lawn tennis teams of France and Holland will open play here tomorrow in the final round of the European zone competition for the Davis Cup. Holland won its way into the final by defeating India, while France disposed of England in the semi-final round.

The winner of the meeting here will come against the victor in the American zone to decide which shall have the right to challenge the United States, holder of the cup.

SERVICES HELD FOR VILLA.

San Francisco Church Crowded at Funeral of Dead Champion.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17 (AP).—Funeral services were held at St. Ignatius Church today for Pancho Villa, world's flyweight boxing champion, who died in a hospital here Wednesday while undergoing an operation on his throat. Ten members of the Catholic Filipino Club acted as pallbearers. The Rev. Father Pius Moore delivered an eulogy. Men and women representing many nationalities and from all walks of life filled the church to overflowing.

Following the services the body was taken to the Knights of Columbus Hall, where it will lie in state until tomorrow, when it will be placed aboard the liner President Harris, which leaves at noon for Manila.

PATTERSON GAINS BROOKLINE FINAL

Beats Shimizu and Will Meet Harada, Who Scores Over Hawkes in Longwood Play.

MISS WILLS EASY VICTOR

Eliminates Mrs. Cole and Will Face Mrs. Jessup in Final—Hill and Johnson Win.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 17.—The question whether Japan or Australia will win the Longwood Bowl singles competition, the feature event at the Longwood tennis courts at Chestnut Hill, Brookline, this week, is still unsettled for Gerald L. Patterson, Australia, defeated Zenzo Shimizu, Japan, 6—3, 6—2, 6—0, and T. Harada of Japan won from John B. Hawkes of Australia, 8—6, 2—6, 1—6, 9—7, 6—4, in the semi-finals. So the story tomorrow will tell whether it is Harada or Patterson.

The Longwood doubles this afternoon found M. T. Hill and H. L. Johnson Jr. of Waban, Mass., defeating Arnold W. Jones of Providence and N. W. Niles of Boston, 6—2, 4—6, 7—5, 4—6, 9—7, and in the finals tomorrow they will battle against J. B. Hawkes and H. L. Patterson, who won over G. P. Gardner Jr., and H. R. Guild, Longwood, 6—4, 6—3, 2—6, 6—2.

In the women's invitation women's singles finals tomorrow, Miss Helen Wills of Berkeley, Cal., national champion, will play Mrs. Marion Zinderstein Jessup of Wilmington, Del. Today Mrs. Jessup eliminated Miss Eleanor Goss of New York, 6—3, 6—0, and Miss Wills defeated Mrs. B. E. N. Cole 2d of North Andover, 6—4, 6—0.

The best singles match at the courts today, no doubt, was that between Hawkes and Harada, when the latter fought hard to stave off defeat, but gave in on the fifth set. In other pairing, Patterson played such brilliant tennis that Shimizu was outclassed in straight sets. In fact, Patterson showed a better game as the match progressed.

In the doubles event the first match found Arnold Jones, the Yale tennis captain, and Nathaniel W. Niles against Hill and Johnson, and this was easily one of the most interesting and bitter matches of the day. The first set went to the youngsters, 8—2, but from then on it alternated until each had won two sets apiece, so the last set the gallery saw Hill and Johnson play a great game to win the set, 9—7, and the match.

The other doubles match, between Gardner and Guild anad Hawkes and Patterson, saw the Australians winning the first two sets but losing the third, 2—6. In the last set, however, Gardner and Guild could not cope with the Australians and lost the set and the match, 6—2.

Miss Helen Wills and Mrs. Jessup both won their matches in straight sets in the women's singles event. Neither experienced much difficulty, although Miss Goss at times showed a strong game a gainst Mrs. Jessup.

In addition to the matches to be played tomorrow, there will be an exhibition women's doubles match between Miss Wills and Miss Mary K. Browne, second in ranking, and Miss Elizabeth Ryan, formerly of California but now of England, and Miss Goss.

The summaries:

Longwood Bowl Singles, Semi-Final Round—T. Harada, Japan, defeated John B. Hawkes, Australia, 8—6, 2—6, 1—6, 9—7, 6—4; Gerald L. Patterson, Australia, defeated Zenzo Shimizu, Japan, 6—3, 6—2, 6—0.

Longwood Doubles, Semi-Final Round—M. T. Hill and N. L. Johnson of Waban defeated Arnold W. Jones, Providence, and Nathaniel W. Niles, Boston, 6—2, 4—6, 7—5, 4—6, 9—7; J. B. Hawkes and G. L. Patterson, Australia, defeated G. P. Gardner Jr., and H. R. Guild, Longwood, 6—4, 6—3, 2—6, 6—2.

Invitation Women's Singles, Semi-Final Round—Mrs. Marion S. Zinderstein Jessup, Wilmington, Del., defeated Miss Eleanor Goss, New York, 6—3, 6—0; Miss Helen Wills, Berkeley, Cal., defeated Mrs. B. E. Cole 2d, North Andover, 6—4, 6—0.

OXFORD-CAMBRIDGE TAKES TENNIS LEAD

Britons Win Five of Six Singles Matches From Princeton-Williams at Seabright.

Special to The New York Times.

SEABRIGHT, N. J., July 17.—The Oxford-Cambridge tennis team, showing considerable improvement over the playing of its members early in the week at Glen Cove against the University of California, defeated the combined forces of Princeton University and Williams College in five out of six matches in singles today on the courts of the Seabright Lawn Tennis and Cricket Club. The British netmen played with more confidence and appeared to have a greater liking for the turf of the Seabright club, which is among the finest in the country and was imported from England.

Six matches will be played in doubles tomorrow and the invaders have to win only two of them to clinch the series. In view of their strong work in the doubles against the Californians, from who m they took three out of four doubles matches after losing all four singles contests, there is little doubt that they will come through handily and win the match tomorrow. Six-man teams are being played in this match, whereas only four-man teams were employed in the match with California. Captain J. J. Lezard of Cambridge stated at Glen Gove that he and his team-mates preferred to play six men to the team rather than four.

One of the longest sets of the year was played today in the match between D. R. Sumner of Oxford and Weller D. Evans of Princeton. After a tremendous struggle, rivalling the first set of the match last year in the Seabright tournament between Harvey Snodgrass of Los Angeles and Lucien Williams of Chicago, Sumner came through the winner at 17-15. The Oxonian seemed to have little left in reserve in the second set and lost it at 6-1. But in the third chapter the situation was reversed. Sumner taking the net at 6-5 for the match at 17-15, 1-6, 6-3.

H. K. Lester of Cambridge had little trouble in disposing of Captain Mills Baker of Williams at 6-2, 6-3, putting up a pretty game at the net and scoring on clever backhand shots. Baker's hard hitting and fast service failed to give the Briton any trouble. Captain J. P. Carleton of Oxford, the former Dartmouth skit champion, won by a fairly comfortable margin from Clifford D. Marsh of Williams at 6-3, 7-5.

The Princeton men made the best showing against the English pair after Evans had gone through his exhausting struggle with Sumner, R. H. Hynson of the Orange and Black fought E. M. Jonklaas of Oxford tooth and nail before yielding at 6-4, 6-4. John Van Ryn of Princeton scored the only American victory, defeating James H. Van Alen of Cambridge, whose home is in Newport. This match rivalled that between Sumner and Evans in length, forty-six games being required for a decision. The score was 9-11, 6-4, 9-7.

The summaries:

D. R. Sumner, Oxford, defeated Weller D. Evans, Princeton, 17—15, 1—6, 6—3; E. M. Jonklaas, Oxford, defeated R. H. Hynson, Princeton, 6—4, 6—4; H. K. Lester, Cambridge, defeated Mills Baker, Williams, 6—2, 6—3; J. P. Carleton, Oxford, defeated Clifford D. Marsh, Williams, 6—3, 6—4; John Van Ryn, Princeton, defeated James H. Van Alen, Cambridge, 9—11, 6—4, 9—7.

Records Set in Athletic Meet With Oxford-Cambridge, 1921

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 17.—Records made in the first international meet between Princeton-Cornell and Oxford-Cambridge at Travers Island in the Summer of 1921 follow:

100-Yard Dash—0:10 2-5, Abrahams, Cambridge.

440-Yard Dash—0:49 3-5, Stevenson, Princeton.

880-Yard Run—1:56 4-5, Rudd, Oxford.

One-Mile Run—4:23 4-5, Stallard, Cambridge.

120-Yard Hurdles—0:15 2-5, Massey, Princeton.

Broad Jump—21 feet 8 inches, Abrahams, Cambridge.

Shot Put—43 feet 9 inches, Halsey, Princeton.

High Jump—5 feet 8⅝ inches, Stack, Cornell.

CORNELL-PRINCETON MEET BRITISH TODAY

Combined Track Team Will Face Oxford-Cambridge Stars in Atlantic City.

RUNNING SURFACE IS POOR

Experts Do Not Look for Any Records, but All Agree That the Event Will Be a Close One.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 17.—England's premier college athletes will make another bid for victory over American rivals here tomorrow afternoon. On a track specially constructed at Airport, where Jack Dempsey trained for the memorable battle with Georges Carpentier four years ago, the invading track and field squad from Oxford and Cambridge Universities will meet the well-trained athletes of Princeon and Cornell in the second of the series of international athletic meets for the combined squad from England.

Last week at Cambridge, Mass., the light blue and dark blue wearers from across the sea went down in defeat before a strong Harvard-Yale squad in a meet in which the teams deadlocked when each won six events, but which the American collegians won on a recapitulation of second positions by 7½ to 4½.

Tomorrow's meet is expected to be equally close, and there is a possibility that second positions again may be the medium for deciding the victorious team.

Teams Seem Evenly Matched.

The teams will take to the field at 3:30 o'clock on practically even terms. Each camp is confident tonight. Cornell and Princeton, with a squad which includes two intercollegiate champions, as many runners-up and several other athletes who scored points for their colleges in the classic title games, should prove strongest in the sprints in the field events. The strength of the English squad is expected to have its greatest manifestation in the quarter mile, half mile, mile and two mile runs.

J. Romeyn Berry, graduate manager of athletics at Cornell, said here this afternoon in a conference with George R. Murray of Princeton's A. A., that he expects the victory to be determined in the sprints and the running broad jump. That is the popular view, and it about sums up the situation as well as it can be weighed in advance.

The meet will be conducted on a track which is quite soft. It is a quarter-mile circuit with a 220-yard straightaway, but it has not had the opportunity of responding to the expert treatment which other and older tracks in the East have had. Inspection today showed the surface to be a mixture of dirt and cinders, and it is in as good shape as can reasonably be expected, but the softness of the track is expected to militate against any record performances, although there is every indication that the different events will be keenly contested.

Lowe to Lead Britons.

The British team will be composed of Douglas G. A. Lowe, Cambridge, Olympic 800-meter champion and captain of the team; Lord David Burghley, hurdler; A. E. Porritt, Oxford; C. F. N. Harrison, Cambridge, and P. G. Hunter, sprinters; Billy Stevenson, former Princeton star, and E. H. Campbell, both of Oxford, quarter milers; R. A. Orphard, Cambridge, half miler; R. S. Starr, Cambridge, miler; V. E. Morgan, Oxford, and T. C. Fooks, Cambridge, two milers; J. H. Flynn and R. H. M. Cleckley, Oxford, hurdlers; C. T. Van Geysel, Cambridge, and A. M. Mitchell, Oxford, high jumpers; C. E. W. MacIntosh, Oxford, and V. B. V. Powell, Cambridge, broad jumpers; R. L. Hyatt, Oxford, and R. H. Bailey, Cambridge, pole vaulters, and D. A. Waring, Cambridge, in the shot-put.

The Americans will be H. A. Russell, Cornell; Pappas and Rockwell, Princeton, for the sprints; Drews, Princeton, and Werley, Cornell, for the quarter mile; Thatcher, Princeton, and Higley, Cornell, for the half mile; Gallagher, Princeton, and Prytherch, Cornell, for the mile; Duncan, Princeton, and Craig, Cornell, for the two mile; Howell and Scattergood, Princeton, for the 120-yard hurdles; Scattergood, Princeton, and Spellman, Cornell, for the 220-yard hurdles; Dill and Riley, Princeton, for the broad jump; C. E. Bradley, Cornell, and Steinmetz, Princeton, for the high jump; Steve Bradley, Princeton, and Bontecue, Cornell, for the pole vault; Bruno Hills, Princeton the ex-captain and intercollegiate champion, and Bowen, Cornell, for the shot-put.

REGATTA ON SOUND TODAY.

125 Yachts Expected at Opening of Larchmont Race Week.

The opening regatta of Larchmont Race Week, under the auspices of the Larchmont Yacht Club, will be sailed today on Long Island Sound, and a racing fleet of at least 125 yachts is expected to cross the starting line. The warning signal will be made at 1:40, and the first class will be sent away ten minutes later from a line established one mile south of Larchmont breakwater.

The racing will continue every day next week, ending with an open regatta next Saturday. The committee which will handle the big fleet will be made up of Edmund G. Anderson, Chairman; Frank K. Anthony, Fred M. Hoyt, Ralph W. St. Hill, Herbert L. Stone and Louis Carreau.

Australians in Seabright Play.

BROOKLINE, Mass., July 17 (AP).—Gerald L. Patterson and J. B. Hawkes, Australian Davis Cup players, announced today that they would not take part in any tournament next week, but would go to Seabright, N. J., for the tournament which opens there July 24.

U. S. STARS SCORE IN BRITISH MEET

Schwarze Wins Shot-Put Title, Osborn Second in Hop, Step and Jump in London.

MURCHISON A QUALIFIER

Evans, Dodge, Riley and Stevenson Also Gain Places for Finals of Track Events Today.

LONDON, July 17 (AP).—Athletes from the United States, Ireland and the Continent won most of the glory in the opening events of the annual Amateur Athletic Association championships at Stamford Bridge this afternoon, leaving only a small share for the entrants representing Great Britain.

Only four events were decided today and of these only one, the four-mile race, was captured by the British. The native champion, C. E. Blewitt of Birchfield won this race in 19 minutes 54 3-5 seconds. There were no Americans in this event.

Hungary took the hop, step and jump, which was won by E. Somfal of Budapest, with a distance of 46 feet 10½ inches. Harold Osborn, the Illinois Olympic decathlon champion, was second with 46 feet 9¼ inches, and J. Connor of Belfast, Ireland, was third, 45 feet 4⅝ inches.

Ireland won the discus throw in which P. J. Birmingham of Dublin hurled the discus for a distance of 133 feet 7½ inches, second and third places both falling to the Hungarians, Egri and Somfal, respectively, who represent the Magyar A. C. of Budapest.

Schwarze Scores in Shot.

The United States took the honors in the weight putting contest when H. H. Schwarze of the Illinois Athletic Club sent the 16-pound shot through the air for a distance of 47 feet 3 inches. A Frenchman, R. Paoli of the Olympique Club of Paris, was second with 46 feet 2 inches, and the Hungarian, Egri, third with 41 feet, leaving a score of homegrown entrants unplaced.

In addition to the three field and one track event decided this afternoon, the preliminary and semi-final heats of four running events were held, and some one from the little band of Americans came over to compete in the championships succeeded in reaching the finals in each of the four contests.

Both Loren Murchison of the Newark A. C. and H. T. Evans Jr. of the Illinois A. C. raced successfully through the two heats of the 220-yard dash and are favored to finish first and second in the finals tomorrow, as their times today were lower than those of the two Britons, J. W. J. Rickel, South English champion, and G. M. Butler, quarter-mile title-holder, who also qualified.

In the half-mile run Ray Dodge of the Illinois A. C. qualified for the finals by placing second to C. R. Griffith of Surrey in one of the heats. N. J. McEacharn, who won the 800-meter run in the Tailteann Games at Dublin last year, was the fastest of the half-mile winners.

Blackett Shows Fast Time.

George T. Stevenson and Ivan H. Riley, both of the Illinois A. C., qualified for the quarter-mile flat and the quarter-mile hurdles respectively. In the latter event the British champion, F. J. Blackett of the London Fire Brigade, topped the timbers in 56 seconds, the fastest time ever made by a British athlete, although more than two seconds slower than the American record. Stevenson's chief opponent in the quarter-mile dash tomorrow probably will be Stallard.

Neither Schwarze nor Osborn of the Illinois A. C. won places in the discus throwing event. Schwarze could only achieve 125 feet, more than thirteen feet short of Birmingham's winning throw, while Osborn, weary from his efforts in the hop, step and jump, immediately preceding the discus event, hurled it only 116 feet 11 inches.

In the quarter-mile L. P. Ross of Yale University was eliminated in the first heat after he had been put off his stride when another runner cut across in front of him on one of the turns. For the most part, however, all the American entrants came through the day satisfactorily.

ARMY FOUR HONORED BY POLO ASSOCIATION

Team That Defeated British Guests at Dinner—Dwight Davis Sends Message.

The members of the United States Army polo team, which recently defeated the British Army four in England for the military championship, were the guests of honor at a dinner given last night at the Hotel Biltmore by the United States Polo Association. Louis E. Stoddard, Chairman of the Polo Association was the toastmaster, and among the speakers was Major Gen. Robert Lee Bullard, who before his retirement from the army did much to aid in forming the Intercollegiate Polo League.

"Playing polo is the finest thing in the world for a soldier," said General Bullard, in the course of his speech. "During the war I noticed that many of the men who did big things in the fighting were those who had had some training on the polo field."

The members of the victorious Army team at the dinner were Major Louis A. Beard, Major A. H. Wilson, Captain C. H. Gerhardt, Captain P. P. Rodes, Lieutenant E. McGinley and Lieutenant J. A. Smith.

Colonel Dwight F. Davis, Acting Secretary of War, sent the following telegram to Mr. Stoddard:

"It is to me a source of deep regret that the press of official business deprives me of the great pleasure of attending the dinner of the Polo Association to the Army polo team. You may be assured that the army and all other lovers of sport are with you in spirit tonight. All rejoice with you in the glorious victory and doubly rejoice over the splendid sportsmanship, mutual good feeling and cordial relations which obtained between the representatives of the armies of the two nearest related nations. The success of this friendly invasion has placed United States Army polo on a plane never before attained, and I take this occasion to express to the Polo Association the thanks of the War Department and of the entire army for your never-failing advice and assistance."

Other guests at the dinner included W. R. Grace, W. Averell Harriman, Thomas Hitchcock, Paul Ladin, Malcolm Stevenson, Robert E. Strawbridge Jr., Max Phillips, Ralph Pulitzer, F. S. von Stade, David Dows, Anderson Dana, Gaines Gwathmey, J. Watson Webb, Morgan Belmont, J. C. Cowdin, George C. Sherman, J. D. Clark and George Hardy. Moving pictures were shown of the international army matches in England.

Mandell Outpoints Seeman.

EAST CHICAGO, Ind., July 17.—Sammy Mandell of Rockford, Ill., lightweight won the popular decision over Solly Seeman of New York in the main event of the boxing show here tonight.

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THE END IN SIGHT AT DAYTON.

It will hardly be disputed that the decision of Judge RAULSTON at Dayton, excluding as immaterial the proffered evidence of scientists respecting evolution, was legally correct. Wise or foolish, the Tennessee statute is clear in language and intent, and its violation by Mr. SCOPES was also clear. To proceed for weeks or months taking testimony from scientific authorities would have been not only plainly irrelevant to the real and simple issue before the court, but an intolerable delay in procedure. There must be an end, some time, to the trial of a case merely of misdemeanor. It will come quickly, so it would seem, when the hearing is resumed next Monday, and then the way will be open for that appeal to the higher courts on constitutional grounds which was contemplated from the very first.

It must not be forgotten that this prosecution was initiated by Tennessee citizens who do not believe in the anti-evolution law and who are confident that it will ultimately be declared null and void by the courts. A test case was deliberately made up for the express purpose of appealing from an expected conviction in the lower court to a higher tribunal. It is probable that the Tennessee Legislature passed the act in question without any idea that it would be enforced in a sensational way. Indeed, the Governor of Tennessee, when he signed the statute, openly expressed the belief that it would not have any effect one way or the other upon the actual teaching in the public schools of the State. But the Scopes prosecution was set in motion by Tennesseans who consciously desired to bring the law under the severe reprobation which has already overtaken it, and to get it wiped off the statute book if possible by judicial action. This aim can now be striven for in an orderly manner, as was intended from the beginning. Meanwhile, Judge RAULSTON has made a decision which will properly expedite the trial and at the same time save the public from having its ears bethumped with millions more of irrelevant words.

MINE AND FARM VACATIONS.

It has been suggested in the Pittsburgh coal district that idle miners should employ their leisure in helping the farmer out of his midsummer labor shortage. This makes The National Labor Tribune, an uncommonly cool and candid observer, superheated:

> Ask any miner how he likes the twenty-four-hour day. That is the kind of working hours a farmer keeps. Ask any miner how he likes working under the blistering sun in Summer and in zero winds and soggy mud in Winter and Fall.
>
> Sympathy ebbs away from the miner, whom the old, sad song depicted as working
>
> Down in the coal mines underneath the ground,
> Where a gleam of sunshine never can be found.
>
> Summer and Winter, it appears, there are sadder places than the mines. Then there's the matter of wages. In the group of States which includes Pennsylvania the average annual pay of farm-hands is reported as $600—much less than $2 a day, though board and keep are presumably included. "There is always stock to feed," adds The Labor Tribune, "or some other job that has to be done on the tick of the clock—and the farmhand works every day in the year. Sundays and holidays included."
>
> That is the point—vacation. In the blast against the operators with which Mr. LEWIS opened the present conference (now vacationing at Atlantic City) he said much of the perils to life and limb in anthracite mining. The precise meaning of his figures is plausibly disputed by the operators, but the point is scarcely material, for the greater the danger to the miners, the anxiety of their wives and children, the greater the wonder that they stick to the mines when the farms could so easily absorb them. Whereas the soft-coal miners have a third of the year off, the hard-coal men have scarcely a fourth of it. Yet to a world that is panting for a scant two weeks, three months seems not so bad. And it is three months on pay. In every wage settlement "lost time" is provided for. Mr. LEWIS has declared that the miners cannot consent to arbitrate questions of a living wage in an occupation so dismal and perilous. But those are precisely the questions that appeal most to the sympathies of arbitrators and to their sense of justice. Is it possible that in reality what Mr. LEWIS shrinks from arbitrating is —vacation?

Taken as a whole, the mine situation is most intricate, complicated and obscure. Some students see the solution in industrial self-government—an administrative tribunal representing miners, operators and organized groups of consumers. In the larger sense, that is in accord with our traditions and ideals. Yet practically the problem of self-government is novel, requiring close constructive thought and indeed prolonged experiment. Conservatives who cry out unceasingly against Federal encroachment upon local administration shrink from it in dismay. A year ago the Coal Commission, after an exhaustive study, recommended that Congress authorize the President to declare a national emergency and "take over the operation" of the industry. Its Chairman, Mr. JOHN HAYS HAMMOND, is again urging this appeal to Federal authority. Nothing could more surely strengthen his hand, not only with the farmers but with all consumers, than such irresponsible, vacational thoughts as those proceeding from The Labor Tribune.

DISCUSSING EXTRATERRITORIALITY.

The apparent reluctance of France even to discuss the possible abolition of extraterritorial rights in China would seem to be based on misapprehension of the terms of the resolution of the Washington Conference. It was agreed on Dec. 10, 1921, that the Governments of the nine Powers should establish a commission

> to inquire into the present practice of extraterritorial jurisdiction in China and into the laws and the judicial system and the methods of judicial administration of China, with a view to reporting to the Governments of the several Powers above named their findings of fact in regard to these matters, and their recommendations as to such means as they may find suitable to improve the existing conditions of the administration of justice in China, and to assist and further the efforts of the Chinese Government to effect such legislation and judicial reforms as would warrant the several Powers in relinquishing, either progressively or otherwise, their respective rights of extraterritoriality.

It was specifically stated that each nation should be free to accept or reject all or any part of the recommendations of this commission.

Obviously, there is little danger that such a commission may go too far. Rather is it to be feared that by not going far enough it may raise false expectations which, when disappointed, may have an unfavorable reaction in China. The abolition of the special privileges to foreigners enjoyed under the present system is one of the most insistent demands of the Chinese of all classes. A question of pride is involved. The Chinese consider that it is an indignity for foreigners to demand exemptions from the laws of the land. The Japanese felt the same way before extraterritoriality was abolished in their territories. Their principal resentment was that they were not on an equal footing with other nations. In the case of Japan, however, the conditions which had originally necessitated extraterritorial rights were so rapidly removed that the Powers agreed to abolish these rights within a generation after the treaties granting them had been signed. The United States consented in 1894 that on and after July 17, 1899, all the special privileges should be given up. The reason was that it was felt that the Japanese courts and administration of justice were sufficiently modernized and equitable to make it unnecessary for the foreign Consuls to exercise judicial functions within Japanese territory.

In the case of China a similar state of development had not, in the opinion of most observers, been reached by 1921, despite the fact that extraterritoriality had been granted in China long before it had been conceded by Japan. As a matter of fact, conditions in China today and in Japan thirty years ago are so utterly different that comparison is hardly possible without making China's plea for immediate abolition of extraterritoriality appear untenable. The Mikado's Government then was powerful. The present Chinese Government is impotent. Political conditions in Japan were stable. In China today they are chaotic. Japan had learned much from the Western nations and had adopted Western codes of justice. China has done little or nothing to reform her judicial system. When the abolition of extraterritoriality actually took place in Japan the Emperor enjoined his subjects to be particularly careful not to offend or be hostile to foreigners. The present temper of the Chinese people is distinctly hostile to foreigners. But there are no reasons why a commission should not be formed to investigate and recommend a course of action. To discuss the problem should do much to clarify the present situation.

RHEA COUNTY.

In the Lays of Ancient Rome, ROMULUS and REMUS were referred to as "RHEA's children," the sons of the Vestal Virgin, RHEA SILVIA. That euphonious name has been carried across seas and centuries and given to the county in Tennessee toward which all other counties have been turning their eyes during the past week. RHEA's children were torn from her, so tradition said, by one who feared that they might be competitors of his for the kingship. He threw the cradle containing the babies into the Tiber. But the little ship with its cargo had as good fortune as the ark of bulrushes which the daughter of PHARAOH found among the flags in the Nile with a crying babe in it. The children of RHEA, one of whom became the founder of the Eternal City of Rome, were, according to the same tradition, suckled by a member of that mammalian menagerie with which, as Mr. BRYAN complained, the scientists have shut up man.

It is such a romantic and unusual background that Rhea County has. "We must not be confused," Dayton residents are reported as saying, "with the mountaineers of East Tennessee." This is as if ROMULUS had said: "We are not as the more primitive folk of Alba Longa up in the hills." It is pointed out that many sons and daughters of Rhea County are in colleges and schools, one the winner of a Rhodes scholarship, and that among the older residents are many college graduates. But for all this, said Lawyer MCKENZIE, no great number of evolutionists "grow on the mountain sides and in the valleys of Rhea."

Doubtless this no great number is made up largely of just those children of Rhea County of whom the town of Dayton boasts, who have like ROMULUS gone out into other regions and built their names, or at any rate their deeds, into other cities. One wonders what would have happened to the children of Rhea if they had remained in Alba Longa and had never known the kindly treatment of the animals with which the Great Commoner of our day dislikes to associate. But he would probably say that though the ravens might have fed ELIJAH the Tishbite, and though two she-bears might have come out of the woods and torn to pieces forty and two children because they mocked the prophet upon whose shoulders ELIJAH'S mantle fell, the story of the nursing of these children by a kindly she-wolf was only a myth and that RHEA SILVIA, after whom Rhea County was named, never existed.

"I'UHWUH."

On the road to Ioway
Where the covered wagons stray.

And where BROOKHART talks all day. Some of us feel a little tongue-tied when we have to say "Iowa" in the presence of an Iowan. There is not even unanimity among the natives as to the pronunciation of the word. Mr. STALLINGS shows us two Iowans coming from two Iowas of different sounds. So The Davenport Times is too haughty when it speaks of the amusement of wandering Iowans at "the various pronunciations of their native State." We are indebted to it, however, for a summary of an enlightening paper on the subject, published by Mr. F. L. Morr in The Iowa Journal of History and Politics. He has studied the dictionary markings of the word since 1845 and collected and compared individual pronunciations in all parts of the State. He finds that "six different pronunciations of the word Iowa have had from time to time more or less acceptance in popular usage. They are I'oway, Io'wah, I'ower, I'owa, I'owuh, I'uhwuh."

The pioneers all said "I'oway," which is "reasonably close to the pronunciation of the word from which the modern word Iowa is derived. If the final 'y' had not been dropped in spelling, there would probably have been no change in pronunciation." Another triumph of the spelling-mongers. They have bereft us of the most filling, resonant and original name. Io'wah and I'ower have little native vogue. The former is frequently heard in the East and the South, while the latter represents the application of a New England dialect peculiarity to the word." Io'wah was begotten by the precisians, who turned up their noses at what they esteemed the incorrect I'oway. I'owuh and I'uhwuh are so near together as to be scarcely distinguishable. A referendum to fifty students at the State university from various parts of the State resulted in a vote of 46 for I'uhwuh, but 4 for I'owuh. I'uhwuh "is the pronunciation listed as standard in KNAPP'S 'Pronunciation of Standard English in America,' and is believed to be the prevailing pronunciation in Iowa today."

So, after all, it is a Columbia scholar who tells the discrepant Iowans how to pronounce the name of their State.

RADICALS AND THE LEAGUE.

"American radicals should get their Government into the League of Nations, instead of helping to keep it out." This is the opinion of JEAN LONGUET, the French Socialist and ex-Deputy, as recently reported in The New Leader. He, of course, expects the English Labor Party soon to return to power and is confident that the Socialists will before long be in control in both France and Belgium. Then he thinks there will be a strong and concerted effort to make of the League of Nations, after Russia and Germany have become members of it, a powerful agency for establishing a lasting peace. It is his idea that the League will then assume to radical parties in all countries a very different appearance from what it had directly after the war; and it is his view that if the League needs to be revived and reformed it can best be done from within. This sounds very like the comfortable doctrine, so often preached in this country by ROOSEVELT and others, that the best way to reform the Republican Party is to do it "from the inside," and not at all by turning it out of office.

M. LONGUET, it will be remembered, spent some time in the United States two years ago. At that time he found here a great deal of opposition to the League of Nations on the part of those who otherwise shared many of his convictions. Rather curiously he states: "I know that American progressives and radicals, including Senator BORAH and the late Senator LA FOLLETTE, whom I had the pleasure of meeting in Washington, fought against American membership in the League because they thought the treaty which brought it into existence was unjust." But that, surely, was always a minor consideration with them. They opposed as the chief deadly sin joining with European nations in any such association at all. So that, if they consistently maintain their position, they would be just as strongly antagonistic to M. LONGUET'S conception of the League of Nations as they were to President WILSON'S.

WOMEN CHANNEL SWIMMERS.

The modern girl is a full-fledged mermaid. She swims like a dolphin and dives like a kingfisher. The daintiest flapper may be a "star" diver, a record holder in the tank or a long-distance swimmer. One never knows. Mature, even elderly, women swim as well as men. The other day Mrs. ANNA VAN SKIKE of Santa Monica, Cal., propelled herself sixteen miles in the Pacific Ocean on her sixty-fourth birthday. There is nothing in the water that women will not attempt in competition with men. Man may swim farther and faster, but woman threatens his supremacy. So it is not surprising that women are trying to swim the English Channel, which so long defied the skill and strength of the sturdiest water-dogs. Miss LILLIAN G. HARRISON from the Argentine attempted on Thursday the feat which made Captain WEBB famous after several failures. On Aug. 24, 1875, he plunged into the sea from the Admiralty Pier, Dover, and waded out on the sands of Calais after swimming for twenty-one hours and forty-five minutes. A small number of men have battled successfully with the tides of the Channel and touched bottom in France at last, but scores have failed.

Miss HARRISON, swimming for nine hours less three minutes, was forced to give up by the coldness of the sea after getting as near to Dover as five miles. It was her third attempt. She will try again. While she swam she was nourished on soup, orange juice and coffee. She may yet find herself in the company of WEBB, BURGESS, SULLIVAN, TOTH and TIRABOCCHI. Between the triumphs of WEBB and BURGESS thirty-six years elapsed. But in 1923 three men had no great difficulty in swimming to France. With a strong stroke and endurance, if physical condition be good, it becomes a question of conquering the tides. The swimmer who catches the second tide while he is fairly fresh has a royal chance of success.

Women have not yet shown the requisite stamina, but it must be only a question of time before a sinewy-limbed and strong-lunged fair one stumbles out on the sands a victor. It may be Miss HARRISON or our own GERTRUDE EDERLE, the robust mermaid who swam twenty miles in New York Bay recently and finished fresh. Under the coaching of WILLIAM BURGESS, the Channel swimmer, she will soon make her bow to Neptune and strike out for France.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Other Things Are Far More Serious.

Probably it would have been just as well, and perhaps a little better, not to have begun inquiry into the technical legality of the broadcasting station conducted at this city's expense. Radio, being quite new in the world, has caused doubts on many question of right and privilege, and it is little wonder that the law, as yet, does not speak at all clearly as to what may and may not be done in this astonishing way.

To be remembered as the foundation of argument with regard to the propriety of a municipal station is the fact that its avowed purpose—that of spreading among the people of the city information about the conduct of their affairs by their officials—is entirely commendable. The plea that the law provides other means of spreading such information and that this one, therefore, is needless, can be made, but the answer is that many people will listen attentively to the oral exposition of public transactions who would give but cursory attention to the same thing printed.

Whether or not Mayor HYLAN has abused his power to supply material for sending out from this station is a matter of opinion. He has, in reality, done about what any Mayor would do with the same facility for defending and explaining his policies and achievements.

To those of us who find "Hylanism" offensive, much of the matter broadcast has been propaganda of a deplorable, even outrageous, sort, but there are others for whom it wears a wholly different aspect. Anyhow, if a majority of New Yorkers are tired of what they are getting from WNYC, they can change its quality from the date of the next election by putting in the City Hall a man more to their taste.

Meanwhile, it would be more than hard to prove that the Mayor's outgivings have done any real harm to anybody. All listeners consider their source, and are no more affected by them than they are by ordinary campaign oratory.

Once a watcher at a game of cards whispered to one of the players that the dealer was cheating. The answering whisper was, "Well, ain't it his deal?" The station is Mayor HYLAN'S deal.

An Ancient Custom Is Revived.

From Miami came this week a dispatch which, to readers with long memories, recalled the days before hostility to railways had replaced an eager desire for their extension, and especially for their coming to or through ambitious towns and hamlets.

At that time the exploiters of almost any railway scheme could get all sorts of privileges from the inhabitants of the region to be served. Counties bonded themselves generously, and sometimes recklessly, to promote the building of a line they wanted, where they wanted it, and sites for stations and yards were given freely, instead of sold, as now, for all that a road needing them could be forced or persuaded to pay.

That blessed era—from the railway point of view—passed away, thanks, chiefly, to the misdemeanors of railway managers in the handling of legislators and municipal officials, and men like Miami's now most distinguished citizen were especially voluble, often with good reason, in eloquent denunciation of the railways as public enemies and their officers as lineal descendants of the pirates of old.

But times have changed, and it is from Miami that arrives a brilliant illustration of how great the change is. For that magnificently advertised piece of real estate is offering to give the Seaboard Air Line, for nothing, about anything it wants—rights of way, land for freight and passenger stations and for yards—and, naturally, the road's President has announced its intention, the Interstate Commerce Commission permitting, to accept these gifts and extend its line in accord with the wishes of the Miamese.

Mr. BRYAN, as the politician who forgets never and learns rarely, cannot like this, but Mr. BRYAN, as the realtor, probably can restrain his rage.

Airplanes Still Imperfect.

HENRY FORD is quoted by a representative of The Herald Tribune as speaking of airplanes and commercial aviation, as they are now, with much less enthusiasm and confidence than usually are expressed by men financially and otherwise interested in the manufacture of flying machines. He believes in them thoroughly, and is both making and using them in his business, but he is not satisfied with them yet and does not expect to see the sky filled with his speeding aerial flivvers for some time to come.

Their engines, he says, are not yet trustworthy under the terrific strains to which they are subjected, and flight still is far too much conditioned upon the skill of the aviator. It now, he declares, is 80 per cent. man and only 20 per cent. machine, and this disproportion he regards as incompatible with the degree of safety which airplanes must have to be commercially feasible.

Of course, he expects in time to produce an airplane to his mind. His talk differs from most of what is heard on this subject, and it seems to ignore the highly favorable statistics as to accidents per passenger mile. Probably it does not, however, for Mr. FORD is in the habit of studying well all the problems he attacks.

Technicalities for the Technical.

Evidently there is not much in the reports printed by The Lancet in regard to the new cancer discoveries that will be intelligible or profitable to unprofessional readers. That, however, is nothing against the reports, for they should have been written, as they were, for those familiar with the language of medicine and of the biological laboratory, and they will be entirely understandable by those with a right to judge them.

In summing up his conclusions, Dr. GYE used plain words. "Cancer," he says, "using the term in its widest sense, is a specific disease caused by a virus or group of viruses," and, a little later, "under natural contagions"—"contagions" perhaps should be "conditions"—"continued irritations of the tissues set up a state in which infection can occur. The connection between the specific factor and the irritant remains to be investigated."

Obviously, there is much still to be done before the triumph over cancer, so long sought, is achieved.

Needs of Our Library.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Last year the New York Public Library loaned nearly ten million books. And this work is but part of the service of this great institution.

The highly trained and competent staff who do this far-reaching work receive salaries lower than are paid to the average trained office employe of the city.

In rank the greatest in the world, the New York Public Library is surpassed by at least thirty American cities in the order of per capita rate of public library appropriations. The matter deserves serious and prompt attention.

MEYER BLOOMFIELD.
New York, July 12, 1925.

HITS BORAH'S COURT STAND.

Writer Says Objection to Method of Naming Judges Is Fallacious.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Dr. Irving Fisher, Professor of Economics at Yale University, has been kind enough, on my request, to send me a copy of his letter, which appeared in your issue of May 13, relative to the effort of Senator William Edgar Borah to defeat our joining the World Court by proposing an impossible substitute. I wish to add my approval and endorsement to the views thus expressed by Professor Fisher.

I do not condemn everything Senator Borah says. His argument in opposition to confirming Mr. Warren as the President's Attorney General was apt and well stated. I did not quarrel with it. But I do quarrel with his opposition to the United States joining the World Court on the ground that the Judges are selected by the League of Nations. This objection is both puerile and fallacious.

The Judges of our Federal Supreme Court are selected by our Senate, much as the Judges of the World Court are selected by the League of Nations. It would be quite irrelevant to say that because La Follette and Wheeler had a hand in their selection the United States Supreme Court Justices were likely to be tarred with the same stick that made La Follette and Wheeler disloyal to the laws and Constitutions they had sworn to observe, and at enmity with the lives they had lived with our laws and courts.

And so all the way down the line. Men and women obsessed with altruism, socialism, communism, Bolshevism, views treasonable to our polity of property, business and righteousness (the three greatest things on earth), take part in the selection of our State and county Judges. And it would be impertinent and even capricious to suggest that hence our citizens permitting it or our Judges thus elected were affected in their opposition to these isms, or in their loyalty to our polity expressed in our Constitutions and laws upholding a property civilization that gives to each his right so to use his own that he shall not infringe the equal right of any other man.

The members of the League of Nations are persons of probity and repute, and they have selected as Judges of the World Court lawyers of integrity, ability, learning and distinction.

There are no good reasons why they should not select and choose the Judges of the World Court for all the nations, the United States included. That our consent and the consent of our Senators to such selection and choice in any way commit us or them to an attitude favoring the League of Nations, in face of the actions of ourselves and of our Senators relative to it, is simply ridiculous; so also is the proposition that international law should be codified in advance.

From my experience in observing public sentiment on this subject I find that the small coterie of irreconcilables, to which Senator Borah belongs, represents a very small minority of the people who pride themselves on having lately elected President Coolidge.

HERBERT ARMITAGE DRAKE.
Camden, N. J., July 9, 1925.

Militarizing Our Laws.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE TIMES of July 5 I noted a letter in which Joseph Pennell expressed some ideas about martial law in the United States.

There are many indications that Mr. Pennell may be correct in his estimate. There would seem to be a national tendency toward militarization in local governmental agencies, as well as in those of the national Government. However, the basic cause of this tendency also is evident, namely, the general enactment of laws which, because of their unintelligent and irrational nature, require super-militaristic measures for their enforcement. The most obvious example of such laws is the national prohibition amendment. Mr. Pennell quite naively brings this subject into his remarks without seeming to realize its true relation to the tendency toward martial law, which he decries.

In concluding his letter, Mr. Pennell has made some reflections upon officers of the army and navy which do not appear to me to be warranted by his previous comments. With specific regard to General Smedley Butler of the Marines, Mr. Pennell states that he asked a Philadelphia "barkeep" what General Butler would say about a certain infraction of the prohibition laws of which Mr. Pennell had become aware in Philadelphia. The "barkeep" told Mr. Pennell that General Butler would not dare say anything. This reply Mr. Pennell apparently accepted as a statement of fact and offered it for publication.

There is another side to the question which Mr. Pennell asked the "barkeep"—General Butler's side. It seems to me that Mr. Pennell's comments relative to General Butler and army and navy officers would have been better substantiated could he have said, "I asked General Butler what he would say to this, and he replied that he didn't dare say anything." FRANCIS S. CRAVEN.
New York, July 8, 1925.

THE MOUNTAIN MILL.

Where the Housatonic gashes through
its winding mountain valley,
If you climb a woodsy roadway to the
summit of a hill,
By a stream that tumbles downward
with its silvery shout and sally
Stands the rugged rock foundation of
an old, old mill.

There's no spillway, there's no millwheel, there's no millstone to discover,
There's no miller's house to see there,
with its sagging roof and sill;
But amid the briary thickets there are
birds that sing and hover
Round the sturdy rock foundation of
the old, old mill.

In the stern days that were sory, days
of patriot and Tory,
Here men brought their grain for
grinding, though the ways were
steep and ill;
And no foeman found this mill-stead,
for so runs the ancient story,
Though they burned down every other
save the old, old mill.

Hither came they from New Milford,
and they hither came from Sharon,
And they journeyed here from Litchfield, for these brave men had a
will;
And they gleaned their slender substance
from the stony fields and barren
To be turned to food for fighting at
the old, old mill.

Though those dangerous days and cheerless, though those hardy men and
fearless,
Are but wraiths now, half forgotten,
let us hold their memory still;
Gone their names are, but their fames
are as a heritage that's peerless;
Here's to them, and to the miller, and
the old, old mill!

CLINTON SCOLLARD.

VARIOUS VIEWS ON EVOLUTION.

Extremists on Both Sides Criticized—Proponents of the Theory Seen Warring on Religion—Bryan's Attitude Scored.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Are we to lose the dearly bought liberty of thought and speech in America? Doubtless not. As the British say, "we shall likely blunder through," but the danger is real and not imaginary.

Such liberty was lost in those days when the Church ruled the State, just as truly as when the State ruled the Church. We thought we had settled the matter for all time here in America when we separated Church from State and said that the people were to be their own masters. Are we now to sacrifice it all to the religious hysteria of the masses, and the supercilious, haughty, irreligious libertinism of the intelligentsia who would mold the thinking of the youth of the land?

This is the question, more or less consciously perceived, that underlies all this excitement about evolution. Nine out of ten of those who are interested in having laws passed that would forbid the teaching of evolution know little and care less, about any scientific or philosophical theory of evolution. They have been persuaded, however, by equally ignorant religious leaders that evolution denies the Bible, and they do believe in the Bible, and are tremendously interested in seeing to it that no one whom they have any part in supporting and endorsing shall teach their children that the Bible is a lie.

Most Christians who have any fair understanding of the philosophy or science of evolution are convinced that there is no reason why this practically universally accepted mode of operation of the forces of nature, when properly understood, should affect the Christian religion or its great Book.

But they know also that in most of our schools and colleges many evolutionists have not been content with teaching evolution as a science, but have gone out of their way to teach our boys and girls not only that evolution in some form is certainly true, but that, being true, it has made antiquated and unbelievable the teaching of the Word of God, not merely concerning creation, but concerning the miracles, birth, death and resurrection of Jesus Christ.

It is a great pity that men like Mr. William Jennings Bryan should so heartily agree with those who bitterly assail the Word of God. Mr. Bryan says: "If evolution wins, Christianity is lost"—that is, "if evolution is true, the Bible is false." The anti-Christian evolutionist says, "Since evolution is true, the Bible is false." Mr. Bryan is determined to prove evolution false and the Bible true by a decision of the courts in Tennessee. Presently we shall find some one else demanding that in like manner we prove [sic] the truth of the doctrine of Atonement or the divinity of Jesus Christ. Why not? In former days it was sought to establish these and other doctrines by burning, by order of court, those who denied them.

The apostle of the new philosophy of modernism puts the matter a little differently, and says: "Since I know [sic] evolution to be true, I'll not only teach it but teach all the philosophical and other implications of this great scientific truth that I believe destroys supernatural religion and the Bible. Since my academic freedom cannot be limited by the State, taxpayers, parents, boards of trustees or college Presidents, I'll teach these things also, and anything else I believe in my sacred professorial throne room."

Is it not high time for Christian people to cease believing that the Bible teaches science? The fathers understood this matter when they instructed us to teach our children that the Bible was the infallible rule of faith and practice concerning religion, the textbook of what a man is to believe, not concerning science but concerning God, and the duty God requires of him.

Is it not high time also that true scientists should join with their fellow-Christians in demanding that their scientific colleagues stick to their own departments?

One thing stands out clean cut in the midst of all this welter of religious hysteria and scientific muddling, namely, that if men under the protection of academic freedom can teach irreligion to our boys and girls in State-controlled institutions, Christian taxpayers are going to demand the privilege of having what they believe the true religion also taught. And so the merry warfare that we thought all over will be on again.

Two alternatives alone remain. Christian people in America will refuse to support the system of public education or will enforce their constitutional rights in demanding that irreligion shall not be taught by those institutions for which they pay taxes.

NEAL L. ANDERSON.
Savannah, Ga., July 11, 1925.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Has it not occurred to any one that all this anti-evolution business, with its fantastically out-of-date laws and its culmination in the Scopes trial, could have been completely obviated by the teaching of a course in elementary geology in the schools, public and private, of this country during the last thirty of forty years?

At the Quaker school in England to which I was sent five and forty years ago a course of geology was part of the teaching curriculum of the upper classes. A very little knowledge of that science made it plain to us that it would be absurd to accept as literal fact the statement of Genesis that the creation of the world occupied only 144 hours. The fossils with which the hills around our school abounded, including the gigantic reptiles of the blue lias, were sufficient disproof of it.

But no one would have ventured to call our school or any others belonging to the Society of Friends an irreligious institution. On the contrary, religion formed an important part of our education. We attended meeting three times a week, twice on Sunday and once on Thursday, and had thorough instruction in Scripture history as well. Our geology lessons did no more than modify the meaning of certain scriptural terms, showed us that the narrative of the creation in the Book of Genesis must be understood more or less figuratively, but did in no way impair the authenticity of the rest of the Bible.

The people of Tennessee claim that as they pay for the schools they have a right to say what shall be taught in them. I say they have no such right. If the teaching they insist on consists of obsolete and indefensible dogmas such as will stunt the intellects of the children to whom they are administered, the taxpayers of Tennessee and elsewhere have the right to insist that their children shall be taught the truth, but not to say what the truth is. That must be determined by other and superior minds than theirs.

HENRY WALTER FRY.
St. George, S. I., July 11, 1925.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I express the deep gratification all thinking men must feel on reading Mr. Bryan's splendid speech to his Fundamentalist supporters in Tennessee, the most stirring utterance since the great days of bimetallism? The inspiring way in which he totally disregards the real issue of the trial urges me to suggest that he still further extend its scope so as to bring in issue another very insidious heresy that has crept unnoticed into the curriculum of American education, the Copernican theory, which was disposed of in the year 1633 when the Church very properly arrested Galileo for publishing a treatise on the subject and only granted him partial liberty, accompanied by a severe censure, after he had publicly recanted his heresy.

Adam of Bremen, in his "Historica Ecclesiastica," published in 1073 A. D., mentions that King Harold Hardrada had made an expedition to discover how far the northern ocean extended, and had pushed on through the Arctic darkness till he reached the edge of the world and nearly fell off.

In England there is a society of ladies and gentlemen with the anemic mental and physical equipment once described as having the appearance of being descended from a long line of maiden aunts, who unselfishly devote their lives to propagating the doctrine of the earth's flatness. Here is a cause worthy of Mr. Bryan's great abilities.

When Mr. Bryan has succeeded in incorporating the Bible in the Constitution of the United States this will obviously necessitate the repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment. Fundamentalism and prohibition are mutually exclusive. The use of wine is recommended throughout the New Testament, and certain incidents in the lives of Noah, Lot and other Old Testament patriarchs are inconsistent with the suggestion that the wine imbibed was unfermented.

MAURICE B. BLAKE.
New York, July 11, 1925.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

All serious students of the Bible know very well that there is evolution in the Bible, as, for instance:

"He that smiteth a man, so that he die, shall be surely put to death." (Exodus, xxi, 12).

"He that stealeth a man and selleth him * * * he shall surely be put to death" (Exodus, xxi, 16).

"Thou shalt not suffer a witch to live" (Exodus, xxii, 18).

Then the same Bible says:

"Thou shalt not avenge, nor bear any grudge against the children of thy people, but thus shalt love thy neighbour as thyself" (Leviticus xix, 18).

And further:

"Ye have heard that it hath been said: Thou shalt love thy neighbour and hate thine enemy. But I say unto you, Love your enemies, bless them that curse you, do good to them that hate you, and pray for them which despitefully use you and persecute you" (St. Matthew v, 43-44).

"Love your enemies?" What does it mean? It means simply a further moral evolution.

They—the unwise men—say:

"Evolution is incompatible with Christianity. If evolution stands, Christianity falls. Evolution undermines morality."

That is simply insanity. Christianity stands on moral evolution. Christianity evolved from Judaism. Without a moral evolution Christianity would be impossible.

Evolution will stand, and Christianity will stand. But bigotry and ignorance surely will fall. PETER J. POPOFF.
New York, July 10, 1925.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It seems that both those who favor and those who oppose the evolution theory are overlooking the point in the whole question which is the only thing which really matters and which concerns the soul of man.

The missing physical link is not the only missing link. Let the scientist tell us at what particular point down the line the soul was born, or are we to believe that worms and fish and all things that live have souls?

I'd like to believe that our dog Ginger, who made life for us a more joyous thing for sixteen years than it otherwise would have been, was waiting for us somewhere in the great beyond, but if Ginger had a soul, then hasn't that spider that bit me last night also a soul, and won't he also be waiting for me, too?

If the evolutionists cannot deal with this question of the soul, whither are they leading us and what are they leaving us? CAROLYN E. RUST.
Poughkeepsie, N. Y., July 14, 1925.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Bryan's connection with the controversy on evolution reminds me of this passage in De Quincey's Essay on Orford:

"It is one of the infirmities of the public mind that whatever is said or done by a public man, however much out of his own proper jurisdiction and range of inquiry, commands an attention not conceded even to those who speak under the known privilege of professional knowledge."

ROSSITER JOHNSON.
Amagansett, L. I., July 9, 1925.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Not content with having added 2,000 years ago the eleventh commandment, "Thou shalt not be found out," the United States gave us the twelfth, "Thou shalt not drink," and to the State of Tennessee now falls the doubtful honor of adding, "Thou shalt not think."

E. A. CUNNINGHAME.
New York, July 14, 1925.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In today's TIMES editorial, "The Nazarene, that Man of Galilee," you make John Lightfoot, the Oriental scholar and Vice Chancellor of Cambridge University, a bishop. He never was. You probably confuse him with Joseph B. Lightfoot, who was Bishop of Durham. CHARLES F. WHITLAW.
Franklin, Mass., July 16, 1925.

MISS HONOR HENRY WED IN ENGLAND

New York Girl's Marriage to Perry D. Bogue Took Place on Her Birthday, July 4.

HE IS NEW YORK BROKER

Couple Are Spending Their Honeymoon in France and Will Arrive in New York on Aug. 8.

The marriage of Miss Honor Stimson Henry, youngest daughter of Mrs. Douglas Henry of 26 Gramercy Park, to Perry David Bogue of Greenwich, Conn., took place in Westcott Church, Surrey, England, on July 4. Friends of the couple here received cards yesterday announcing the marriage which took place on the bride's birthday.

The announcement of the engagement of Miss Henry and Mr. Bogue was made late in March, at which time it was stated that the wedding would take place in London in July. Miss Henry spent the Winter with her sister, Mrs. John M. Redfield, at 150 East Thirty-fifth Street. With her sister she sailed for England early this Summer and they were joined there later by Mr. Bogue.

The bride is a graduate of the Spence School. Mr. Bogue was graduated from Columbia in 1906 and is a partner in the Stock Exchange firm of McClure, Jones & Reed.

Mr. and Mrs. Bogue left for France soon after their marriage and are spending their honeymoon at watering places in that country. They plan to sail on the Mauretania, arriving in New York on August 8. They will make their home in Greenwich.

Coffin—Preston.

The marriage has been announced of Miss Myrtle Lilyan Preston, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. Craig Preston of 412 West 154th Street, to Richard Percy Coffin, son of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Coffin of Portland, Me., which took place on last Saturday at the Church of the Transfiguration. The ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Rockwell, was followed by a wedding supper at the Knickerbocker Grill.

Miss Roxanne Anderson was maid of honor and the best man was Edward MacDonellen of Portland, Me. Mr. and Mrs. Coffin will spend the Summer at Peak Island, Me., and later will make their home in Portland.

C. H. HUBERICH WEDS RUSSIAN PRINCESS

International Lawyer Marries in England Nina Mdivani, Daughter of Aid to Late Czar.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 17.—Charles Henry Huberich, American lawyer and author, was married at the Registrar's office at Oxford Wednesday morning to Princess Nina Mdivani, who described herself on the certificate as the daughter of Prince Zakhari Mdivani, "Prince General in the suite of Czar Nicholas of Russia."

The bride is a beautiful young woman 22 years old. She and the bridegroom walked from their hotel to the Registrar's office, accompanied by her brother, Prince Alexis, and another witness of the ceremony. Huberich gave his age as 48 and described himself as the son of the late Conrad Huberich.

Mr. Huberich is a prominent international lawyer of this city, with offices in Berlin and The Hague. He attended the University of Texas and was graduated from Yale in 1899, later attending the Universities of Berlin and Heidelberg. He taught political science at the University of Texas, at Leland Stanford University, and at the University of Wisconsin. He is a member of the American Bar Association and the Pan-American Society, as well as other organizations, and is the author of several books and articles relating to international law.

The bride's father, Prince Zakhari Mdivani, was aid of the late Czar of Russia. The engagement of the couple was announced from London in April.

MISS WELCH ENGAGED.

To Wed B. B. Zimmer, Former War Aviator—Other Betrothals.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Morton Welch of 246 Convent Avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Gwendolyn Ramona Welch, to Daniel B. Zimmer of 210 Riverside Drive. Miss Welch attended Mary Baldwin Seminary in Staunton, Va., and has since been studying music here.

Mr. Zimmer is a graduate of Columbia University, class of 1916, and during the war served as a Lieutenant in the Aviation Corps. The wedding will take place in October.

Lowenthal Sisters to Wed.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Lowenthal of 1,184 Lexington Avenue have announced the engagement of their daughters, Corinne Lowenthal to Alvin McKay Pinles, son of Mr. and Mrs. Eli Pinles of 740 West End Avenue, and Rose Lowenthal to Gustave Sakl, son of Mr. and Mrs. Leo Sakl of Germany.

Daughter to Dickson B. Potters.

Mr. and Mrs. Dickson B. Potter of 240 Park Avenue and Easthampton, L. I., are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter at their villa in St. Cloud, France. The child will be named Susan Bucknell Potter. Mrs. Potter before her marriage was Miss Sue C. Bucknell. Mr. Potter is the son of Mr. and Mrs. E. Clifford Potter of this city and Easthampton.

Daughter to the Unander-Scharins.

Mr. and Mrs. Hjalmar E. Unander-Scharin of 930 Park Avenue are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter. Mrs. Unander-Scharin was the former Miss Jean Hippach, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Hippach of Chicago and Evanston, Ill.

Bancroft's Condition Not Critical.

According to a message received yesterday by Secretary of State Kellogg from the American Embassy in Tokio—a message which later was relayed to THE NEW YORK TIMES—Ambassador Bancroft, who is seriously ill at Karuisawa, is suffering from duodenal ulcers. His physician, it was cabled, did not, however, consider his condition critical.

Dr. Michelson Recovers.

PASADENA, Cal., July 17 (AP).—Dr. A. A. Michelson, internationally prominent scientist, has practically recovered from a serious illness. For several days it threatened to prevent the completion of experiments with light, in connection with which he came to Pasadena several weeks ago.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Aiden R. Hatch has left Longview, the country home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick H. Hatch, at Woodmere, L. I., and has gone to Newport for a short stay. He will join Mr. and Mrs. Hatch later at Bar Harbor.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Parsons Erwin of Washington are at the Plaza for a few days before going to their Summer home at Mackinac Island, Mich.

Lord Shaughnessy has come from Montreal and is at the Vanderbilt. Mr. and Mrs. Stephen P. N. Rhoades of Short Hills, N. J., are also at that hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Ten Broeck Jacquelin of Saddle Brook Farm, Hoboken, N. J., accompanied by Mrs. Margery R. Clinton, is at the Madison.

Mrs. Kenneth B. Schley gave a luncheon yesterday at Pierre's for Mrs. James Cameron Clark.

Mrs. J. Arthur Bramwell gave a luncheon yesterday at the Weylin for Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Gordon of Newburgh, N. Y.

Marquis and Duke de Santo Mauro, who have been at the Ambassador, sailed this morning on the Homeric for their home in Madrid. The Countess Raoul de Roussy de Sales also sailed on the Homeric for Belgium where she will pass the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Poultney Bigelow have returned to the Bigelow Homestead, Malden-on-Hudson, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Stephen H. P. Pell at Fort Ticonderoga.

Mrs. B. Ogden Chisolm entertained her family at luncheon yesterday at the Park Lane before sailing for Europe. Mrs. J. Morgan Wing also gave a small luncheon there before sailing on the Adriatic.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred V. du Pont of Wilmington, Del., have arrived at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Dr. and Mrs. Harold Ruckman Mixsell of 161 East Sixty-fourth Street are sailing on the Paris today.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris P. Ferris and their family have gone to their camp at Lake Sunapee, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. C. Smith will sail on the Majestic today for an automobile tour through Italy and Switzerland.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Griswold Webb of Hyde Park are at the Ambassador for a few days.

Mrs. Adrian H. Joline, who was at the Plaza, has returned to Bernardsville.

Mr. and Mrs. William A. Hamilton of 177 East Sixty-fourth Street are spending the week-end with Mrs. George Leary at Hawthorne House, her place at Southampton, L. I.

MORGAN YACHT SAILS.

E. R. Stettinius and Party on Corsair for New England Cruise.

GLEN COVE, L. I., July 17.—Carrying a party headed by Edward R. Stettinius, banker, J. P. Morgan's steam yacht Corsair sailed out of Glen Cove harbor today for a cruise along the New England Coast. Among the guests aboard were Dr. and Mrs. Charles Carrington of Richmond, Va.

Previous to the illness of Mrs. J. P. Morgan, wife of the banker, the Morgan family planned a Mediterranean cruise for the latter part of the Summer. The project was abandoned after Mrs. Morgan became ill with sleeping sickness, on June 15. Although Mrs. Morgan is recovering, she is still in a state of coma and is very weak.

HOSTS AT ST. JAMES'S PALACE

Duke and Duchess of York Give Their First Party.

LONDON, July 17 (AP).—The Duke and Duchess of York tonight at St. James's Palace, lent for the occasion by King George, gave their first party, which proved to be a most successful function. Some 600 guests attended, including members of the royal family, most of the Cabinet Ministers and former Ministers and representatives of London's society.

The party was given mainly for officials and visitors from the overseas dominions.

GIRL TO TRY 10-MILE SWIM.

Maxine Meitzner, 15, Sets Course From Ocean City to Atlantic City.

Special to The New York Times.

OCEAN CITY, N. J., July 17.—Miss Maxine Meitzner, 15 years old, of Riverton, N. J., will make an attempt before Aug. 1 to swim from Ocean City to the Iron Pier at Atlantic City, a distance of about ten miles. Last year Miss Meitzner attempted a similar feat, but near her goal became exhausted. Her coach, who accompanied her in a boat, explained that jellyfish proved a constant annoyance throughout the swim, and that efforts to ward them off spent her strength.

Several months ago, in an endurance test in the Camden Y. W. C. A. pool, Miss Meitzner swam continuously for ten hours, making 2,000 turns in the pool. Her only refreshment in the ten hours was a cup of cold tea.

Miss Meitzner hopes to swim the English Channel some day.

BEGIN CONTINUES BETTER.

Pope Sends a Message of Sympathy to Cardinal in Quebec.

QUEBEC, Que., July 17.—Continued improvement was reported tonight in the condition of Cardinal Begin, 85-year-old Catholic primate of Canada, who has been partially paralyzed since he was stricken with uremia last Sunday. His physician tonight issued reassuring bulletins and prospects for his recovery were said to be more hopeful.

Messages of sympathy are pouring into the archiepiscopal palace from every part of the world. One from the Pope reads: "The Holy Father, deeply affected, expresses best wishes for your recovery, joins with the whole diocese in seeking divine comfort and sends you his most cordial Apostolic benediction."

FLIER IS KILLED IN HAWAII.

Lieut. L. C. Catlett Jr. Crashes in Bombing Pursuit Manoeuvres.

HONOLULU, July 17 (AP).—Lieutenant Landon C. Catlett Jr. of the United States Army Air Service was killed today in an airplane crash near Fort Kamehameha. The accident occurred during bombing pursuit manoeuvres. Catlett was flying alone in a MB-3 plane.

The flying officer's home was in Virginia, although his wife and child are living here at present. He was attached to Luke Field.

King Sees Sir James A. M. Elder.

An advice from London, received at the Australian office here, stated that Sir James A. M. Elder, K. B. E., the Commissioner for the Commonwealth of Australia in the United States, was received in audience by the King yesterday. Sir James only recently left this country.

Sargent Leaves for Vermont Home.

WASHINGTON, July 17 (AP).—Attorney General Sargent left today for his home in Ludlow, Vt., to be near his little granddaughter, Mary Gordon Pearsons, who is ill.

COOLIDGE REVIEWS YANKEE DIVISION

National Guard of Massachusetts Marches Before Him at Camp Devens.

GENERAL EDWARDS IGNORED

Soldiers Blame Politics for Failure to Invite the Former Commander to Reviewing Stand.

Special to The New York Times.

SWAMPSCOTT, Mass., July 17.—President Coolidge reviewed today the Yankee Division, now the National Guard of Massachusetts, at Camp Devens, and toured over roads traveled by Paul Revere and the farmers who fired the first shots in the Revolutionary War. He stood on Concord Bridge, three miles from Lexington, and while viewing the scene and its monuments he was presented with flowers and cake by two girls, descendants of the warriors who fought at the bridge.

Those invited by President Coolidge to be with him in the reviewing stand at Camp Devens were Senators Butler and Gillett, Representative Conery, Mayor Quinn, General Logan, Commander of the division, and United States Marshal Keville.

The review last fifty minutes, and during that time General Clarence Edwards, who commanded the Yankees during most of the World War, sat in the sun. General Edwards saluted the flag as it passed, and this called attention of the marching soldiers, 40 per cent. of whom had fought under him in Europe, to the fact that he had not been invited to the reviewing stand. Officers and privates commented upon this incident.

General Edwards was not invited to division headquarters, where the President and other guests had tea. He walked there and chatted with officers and enlisted men, who were open in their criticism of the National Guard officers and others for not inviting General Edwards to review his World War veterans. The soldiers, resenting the incident, asserted tonight that politics was behind the affair. Some said it was due to his attitude recently in Republican politics. Others declared it was an oversight.

Only Untoward Incident.

In the opinion of many officers and enlisted men the Edwards incident was the only feature that marred the review.

General Edwards, in civilian attire, sat next to Mrs. Logan, wife of the division commander, in the front row of the larger stand reserved for the wives, mothers, sisters and sweethearts of the Yankee Division officers and other guests. In the smaller covered stand, twenty feet away, stood President Coolidge, wearing a smart gray suit, straw hat, black shoes and gray gloves. Mrs. Coolidge remained at White Court.

When Mr. Coolidge and General Edwards met after the review the President remarked:

"I am glad to see an old acquaintance."

"And I am honored to meet you again," replied the General.

President Coolidge motored through a thick smoke screen on the way from the cantonment gate to division headquarters when a battery of the 102d Field Artillery belched the Presidential salute of twenty-one guns from a plateau skirting the road.

The President arrived at division headquarters at 2:25 o'clock and was welcomed by Major Gen. Logan and staff. Thirty minutes later the Presidential autos swept through a dust fog to the parade ground, and General Logan snapped the Yankee division into a review that delighted the President and the thousands of spectators massed there.

Goes Over Paul Revere's Route.

The trip to the camp was made over most of the road traveled by Paul Revere. Returning the President and his party went through Concord and Lexington. A brief stop was made at Concord Bridge, where the shots "heard around the world" were fired on April 19, 1775.

As the President and his guests stood in silence on this bridge two little girls approached. One, Elisabeth Wentworth, presented Mr. Coolidge with a bouquet of sweet peas. The other, Pauline Everlett, gave him a small cake with an American flag waving in it. The President asked their names and appeared to be greatly pleased with the incident.

The President returned to White Court at 6:30 o'clock. Senator Butler had dinner and spent the night there.

CUTS DOUBT MARGIN OF SPEED OF LIGHT

Dr. Michelson Hopes to Reduce It to One Mile a Second.

PASADENA, Cal., July 17.—Dr. A. A. Michelson, head of the Department of Physics of the University of of Chicago and President of the National Academy of Sciences, declared today that if his present experiments were successful the margin of doubt regarding the speed of light would be reduced to as low as one mile per second. The figures obtained would be close enough for almost any scientific purpose.

The nearest accurate result fixes the speed of light at 186,300 miles per second, which, he says, is unquestionably within twenty miles a second of the correct figure.

A reflecting mirror on Mount Baldy, twenty-two miles away from Mount Wilson, is being used, and Dr. Michelson is receiving cooperation from the staff of scientists of the Carnegie Observatory on Mount Wilson.

Plans are being made to use Mount Jacinto, ninety miles distant, for further experiments. This will depend, however, upon the success of the present efforts. Heretofore experiments have been conducted over distances of not more than four or five miles.

Dr. Michelson stated that the practical value of this computation of the speed of light was in its use by scientific men in the field of astronomy and other scientific research through the measurement of distance.

WORK NOT RESIGNING POST.

Secretary of the Interior Flatly Denies All Reports of Retiring.

CHICAGO, July 17 (AP).—Hubert Work, Secretary of the Interior, has no intention whatever of resigning.

His flat denial of rumors of his imminent retirement from the Cabinet came as he passed through Chicago en route to Washington after a five weeks' tour of Government reclamation projects in the Northwest.

"Every time you hear a report like that," he told newspaper men, "just write a denial and publish it the next day. I have no intention whatever of resigning."

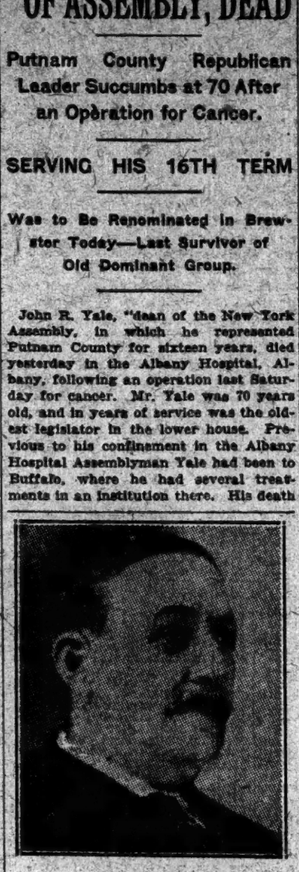
JOHN R. YALE, DEAN OF ASSEMBLY, DEAD

Putnam County Republican Leader Succumbs at 70 After an Operation for Cancer.

SERVING HIS 16TH TERM

Was to Be Renominated in Brewster Today—Last Survivor of Old Dominant Group.

John R. Yale, "dean of the New York Assembly, in which he represented Putnam County for sixteen years, died yesterday in the Albany Hospital, Albany, following an operation last Saturday for cancer. Mr. Yale was 70 years old, and in years of service was the oldest legislator in the lower house. Previous to his confinement in the Albany Hospital Assemblyman Yale had been to Buffalo, where he had several treatments in an institution there. His death



JOHN R. YALE,
Oldest Member of New York Assembly in Years of Service, Who Died Yesterday.

culminated an illness which had rendered it impossible for him to attend the last session of the Legislature for several weeks.

Born in Brewster, Putnam County, N. Y., and receiving his early education there, he first was elected to the Assembly in 1902. He represented his home jurisdiction continuously until 1913. Then he withdrew from public life for eight years, after which he was again re-elected in 1920. Since that time he continued as Putnam County's representative every year, including the present session. His death came on the eve of his renomination, which was to have occurred today at a meeting of the Republican County Committee in Brewster.

Known as "Poor Man's Friend."

Mr. Yale's political career was one of the most brilliant of any of New York's public leaders. At the time of his death he was the Chairman of the Assembly Committee of Public Service, a member of the Rules Committee, and was also identified with the Ways and Means Committee. For many years he was known by his constituents as the "poor man's friend," and almost at the moment he entered the Assembly became one of the most influential leaders Putnam County has ever had.

When the San Francisco Exposition began Mr. Yale was appointed by the Legislature as Vice Chairman of the Panama-Pacific Exposition Commission of this State, serving directly under Democratic National Committeeman Norman E. Mack, who was Chairman of that body.

Mr. Yale for a number of years was Chairman of the Republican County Committee of Putnam. He was a close friend and associate of United States Senator James W. Wadsworth Jr. He was a friend of Governor Smith and was the only member of the present lawmaking body who was a legislator when the Governor made his first appearance at Albany as an Assemblyman.

Mr. Yale at one time occupied a position of considerable influence in the Republican State organization, although his home county was one of the smallest political units in the State. During his service in the Assembly subsequent to his re-entry into public life in 1913 Mr. Yale was the last survivor of a dominant group of Republicans who, during the years when Fred S. Nixon, James W. Wadsworth Jr. and Edwin A. Merritt Jr. successively were Speakers of the Assembly, made political history in that branch of the Legislature.

Mourned His Old Colleagues.

All the men who occupied conspicuous places during Mr. Yale's first period of service as a legislator were either dead or had been promoted to spheres of broader usefulness or passed out of public life when he decided to return to the Legislature in 1913. Consequently he was pretty much of a lonely figure in Albany. He could see a ghost behind almost every chair in the Assembly and he often recalled with regret that the men of power, influence and conspicuous ability whom he had known as colleagues during the early years of his legislative career no longer were there.

The wife of Assemblyman Yale died some years ago. His body was taken from the Albany Hospital to his home in Brewster last night. He is survived by four daughters, one of whom is the wife of Philip D. Hoyt, Secretary of New York City Finance Department and formerly a member of the staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LINDABURY RITES TODAY.

Eight Oldest Employes of Meadowbrook to Be Pallbearers.

Special to The New York Times.

BERNARDSVILLE, N. J., July 17.—Funeral services for Richard Vliet Lindabury, who died here Thursday following a fall from a horse, will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon at Meadowbrook, his former home here. The pallbearers will be the eight oldest employes on the estate, men who have served Meadowbrook in the barns, gardens and among the herds for many years. This plan was adopted at the request of the employes themselves, four of whom will act at the services in the house and four at the brief committment services at the grave in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

The Rev. Thomas A. Conover, rector of St. Bernard's, assisted by the Right Rev. Albion W. Knight, Bishop Coadjutor of the Episcopal Diocese of New Jersey, will be the officiating clergymen.

Mrs. Roosevelt an Officer of Guild.

A dispatch from Farmingdale, L. I., published in THE TIMES July 15, stated erroneously that Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt had just joined the Farmingdale Branch of the Needle Work Guild of America. Mrs. Roosevelt attended a meeting of several units of the guild but not as a new member, for she was for several years Honorary President of the national organization.

FOUR HURT IN STORM NEAR SCHENECTADY

Wind and Lightning Uproot Trees and Put Wires Out of Service.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., July 17.—Two women and two men were injured, trees were uprooted and telephone and telegraph wires were torn loose in a wind and electric storm which struck the Upper Hudson Valley and the Stillwater and Mechanicsville sections last night.

An automobile was overturned by the wind near Schuylerville and the occupants, Miss Emma Bradshaw and Mrs. Charles Shelladay of 519 Second Avenue, Lansingburg, were painfully injured. They were extricated from the wreckage by passing motorists. Miss Bradshaw had a fractured collarbone and a broken arm.

Roy Brown of Round Lake and Wesley Brownell of Glens Falls were hurt when their automobile collided with another car six miles south of Glens Falls during the height of the storm. The driver of the other machine, a Schenectady man, was fined $25 for reckless driving. While Brownell's automobile was being towed to Glens Falls another car skilled when the driver tried to avoid the towed car and crashed into a gasoline filling tank. At the same moment a lightning bolt struck a tree in the rear of the station.

JOHN E. WEIER DEAD.

Ex-Park Commissioner of Queens Dies Suddenly of a Stroke.

John Edward Weier, widely known New York newspaper man who, under Mayor Mitchel, served as Park Commissioner of Queens, died Thursday night in the Flushing Hospital following a stroke of apoplexy. He was seized a few hours before while dining with friends in the Florence Tea Room, Wilson Avenue, Flushing.

For the last several years Mr. Weier had been connected with the advertising department of the Fox Film Corporation of New York. Prior to his appointment as Park Commissioner in 1913 Mr. Weier had been City Hall reporter for The New York American, and during the Roosevelt Administration was connected with the Washington staff of The New York Herald, of which newspaper he was also at one time City Hall reporter.

Mr. Weier was 53 years old and entered newspaper work here thirty years ago after coming from Beacon Falls, N. Y., his native city. Ten years ago he purchased a part interest in The Flushing Daily Times, and for two years was editor and publisher of that paper. He was prominent in Masonic circles in Flushing.

His wife and two sons survive. Funeral services will be held this evening at 8 o'clock at his late home, 141 Wilson Avenue, Flushing.

WILLIAM J. TAYLOR DEAD.

Prominent New York Builder Is Stricken Suddenly in Switzerland.

William J. Taylor, President of the William J. Taylor Company, builders, of New York, died suddenly of heart disease in Lucerne, Switzerland, Wednesday, cable messages said yesterday.

Mr. Taylor, accompanied by his wife and two daughters, sailed for Europe June 27, expecting to return in September.

He was born in New York fifty-five years ago, and was the founder and head of one of the largest construction companies in the city. He had a Summer home at Huntington, L. I., and was President of the village of Huntington Bay.

Mr. Taylor was a veteran of the Naval Militia of New York State, director in Madison Avenue Offices, Treasurer of the Cooperative Building Construction Company, and belonged to the Union League, Lotos, Transportation, Huntington Bay, Huntington Country and the Huntington Yacht Club. The Taylor city home is at 942 Madison Avenue.

ADMIRAL WILLIAMS DIES.

Commanded Destroyer Section in Recent Hawaiian Manoeuvres.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 16.—Rear Admiral George W. Williams died suddenly tonight at the Naval Hospital at the Charleston Navy Yard from an infection of the throat. He was 56 years old.

Admiral Williams, who commanded the destroyer section in the recent Hawaiian manoeuvres, was returning northward with the destroyers when taken ill with what was at first thought to be tonsilitis. He was brought here on the destroyer Sturtevant last Tuesday and his condition became critical late today.

After serving as Chief of Staff of the United States Fleet in 1923, Rear Admiral Williams was Commandant of the Sixth Naval District. He was previously director of submarines in 1920 and later commanded the battleship New Mexico. He was born in Yorkville, S. C., and was appointed to the Naval Academy from that State, graduating from the Academy in the Class of 1890.

Henry Hansen.

Henry Hansen, well known for the last eighteen years in real estate circles in Queens, is dead at his home, 27 Ithaca Street, Elmhurst, following a lingering illness. He died at Roosevelt Hospital, where he had been confined several weeks. Mr. Hansen was born in Germany. He was a member of Richard Wagner Lodge of Odd Fellows and the founder of the Bowery Bay Society. Besides his wife he leaves a son, Frederick, and a daughter, Helen. Funeral services will be held at the home this evening. The body will be cremated at Fresh Pond tomorrow.

Owen B. Jenkins.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 17.—Owen B. Jenkins, Assistant City Solicitor and prominent member of the Philadelphia bar, died at his Germantown home today. Mr. Jenkins was 64 years old. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Mary C. Jenkins, and a son, Clyton Evans Jenkins. Mr. Jenkins was a member of an old Welsh family which settled here before the Revolutionary War. Mr. Jenkins was prominent in Masonic circles. One of his ancestors was Peter Evans, who was commissioned to collect supplies for Washington's army while it camped at Valley Forge.

James Edward Mowbray.

James Edward Mowbray, manager of the Postal Telegraph Company at THE NEW YORK TIMES since 1920 and a short story writer, died Thursday at Bellevue Hospital, after an illness of several months. He was 59 years old and lived at 415 West Forty-fourth Street. He was an intimate friend of the late O. Henry, the great American short story writer, and previous to his attachment with the telegraph company had served on the staff of the Magazine of Wall Street.

George E. MacFarland.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17 (AP).—George E. MacFarland, Chairman of the Board of Directors and former President of the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company, died here today, aged 58.

DR. WM. P. WATSON, HURT IN AUTO, DIES

Ex-President of American Pediatric Association Succumbs to Pneumonia in Jersey City.

KNOWN FOR HIS CHARITIES

Former Lecturer at New York Polyclinic on Diseases of Children Was a Prolific Writer.

Dr. William Perry Watson, widely known Jersey City physician and former President of the American Pediatric Association, died yesterday in the City Hospital, Jersey City, from pneumonia which developed as the result of injuries suffered last week in an automobile accident. At the time of the mishap the physician was treated at the hospital for a possible fracture of the skull and for internal injuries. He appeared to rally at first from his injuries and his complete recovery was hoped for. Yesterday, however, severe complications set in which claimed his life.

Dr. Watson, whose Jersey City home was at 512 Montgomery Street, was born in Bolton, N. Y., on Lake George, seventy-three years ago. On his father's side he was descended from John Watkins, who came to this country in the seventeenth century and who in 1638 was a prominent official in the Colony of Rhode Island. After receiving his elementary education in the Warrensburgh, N. Y., Academy and in the Blair Presbyterian Academy of Blairstown, N. J., he enrolled in Rutgers College. He received his A. B. degree from Rutgers in 1875 and three years later also received his M. A. degree.

In 1878 he was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University and began the practice of medicine with his uncle, Dr. Beriah A. Watson, in Jersey City. Among his many professional appointments at various times were those of visiting physician for Christ Hospital, the City Hospital and St. Francis's Hospital, all of Jersey City. He was also formerly the consulting physician of St. Michael's Orphan Asylum and for the City Hospital of Bayonne.

From 1885 to 1888 he served as a lecturer on diseases of children for the New York Polyclinic and in 1892 was one of the organizers of the American Pediatric Society, of which organization he was Recorder until 1895. Two years previous to this latter date he became Chairman of the section dealing with the diseases of children of the American Medical Association. Dr. Watson was also a director and one of the founders of the Home for Homeless in Jersey City. His services for this institution were not only professional but also philanthropic.

In 1895 he became the medical supervisor of the Prudential Insurance Company of Newark, with which he was associated for nearly fifty years. At the time of his death he was the director emeritus of the Prudential.

Since 1890 he served continuously as a member of the New Jersey Board of Medical Examiners. His other affiliations included memberships in the Washington Association of New Jersey, the Carteret and Cosmos Clubs of Jersey City and the University Club of Hudson County.

Dr. Watson was a prolific writer on professional treatises and was one of the founders of the Archives of Pediatrics, one of the first periodicals of its kind in the country. Funeral services will be held at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon at his late residence, 512 Montgomery Street, Jersey City. He is survived by one son and two sisters.

Obituary Notes.

JAMES EDWARD SMITH, who was a seaman on the Monitor at the time of her famous battle with the Merrimac, died at his home, 387 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday. He was 85 years old. Mr. Smith was for thirty years employed at the Navy Yard and for twenty-five years was at the Prospect Park Reservoir. He was a member of Brooklyn City Post, No. 235, G. A. R.

CHRISTOPHER McCORMICK, a contractor in Flatbush for many years, died in his sixty-ninth year on Thursday at his home, 810 Lincoln Road, Brooklyn.

ISAAC MAAZEL, a violinist, formerly connected with the Metropolitan Opera House Orchestra for twenty years, and for the last three years a member of the orchestra of the Chicago Civic Opera Company, died recently in Chicago, according to word reaching this city yesterday.

Mrs. ELIZABETH WALLACE, widow of Edward C. Simpson, and a life-long resident of Greenwich, Conn., died there yesterday at her home on Orchard Place. She was 68 years old.

SAMUEL REID, a resident of Mount Vernon for the last eighteen years, died at his residence, 616 West Lincoln Avenue, yesterday morning after a long illness. He was employed as a surveyor by the New York Telephone Company for more than twenty-five years.

JOSEPH W. CROWTHER, 68, died yesterday at the home of his granddaughter, Mrs. E. M. Price, in Bridgeport, Conn. He leaves five sons and four daughters, twenty-four grandchildren and twenty-six great-grandchildren. He was a veteran of the Civil War, Company H, 123th New York Infantry.

Dr. D. EDWIN O'NEIL of 1,515 Beach Avenue, Cape May, N. J., a former prominent New York physician, died yesterday in his home there. Dr. O'Neil was 75 years old.

FRANK W. MARSH, 68 years old, one of the oldest active volunteer members of the Mount Vernon Fire Department, died yesterday in New Rochelle.

Mrs. ANNIE KOCH, wife of County Judge R. H. Koch and mother-in-law of Dr. Joel T. Boone, physician to President Coolidge, is dead in Pittsville, Pa.

MARTIN L. HONOHAN, a private detective, aged 42, died yesterday in the Memorial Hospital. He lived at 3,760 Willett Avenue, the Bronx.

ROBERT TODD, former Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue and for several years a gauger, died yesterday in the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad warehouse at 600 West Twenty-sixth Street. He lived in Bellaire, L. I.

ISAAC LEWIS, a furniture dealer, who died Thursday in the Lenox Hill Memorial Hospital, will be buried in Washington Cemetery. He was 42 years old and lived at 522 West 125th Street.

JOSEPH HERSHBERG, manager of the Jewish Actors' Club, 51 East Seventh Street, died yesterday in Flower Hospital in his fifty-second year. His home was at 731 East 156th Street.

Mrs. ELIZABETH PHOENIX TYLER, descendant of an old New York family, prominent in educational and civic work, died Monday in Hartford, Conn.

Born.

GORDON—Mr. and Mrs. William, a son, on July 16, at Hunts Point Hospital, Lafayette Av. and Manida St., Bronx.

REHR—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Rehr, a son on July 15, at United Israel Zion Hospital, Brooklyn.

RUSKIN—Dr. and Mrs. Simon L. Ruskin announce the birth of their daughter, Carol, on July 8, 1925.

Died.

ADENAW—At Brattleboro, Vt., Thursday, July 16, Arthur Paul Frederick Adenaw, beloved husband of Charlotte Milner Gillet Adenaw. Funeral private.

ANGELES—Julius, beloved husband of Anna and devoted father of Sadie Gleich, Rose Levine, Max, Ben, David, Herman, Betty May, Bessie, Ethel Mulhauser, Lenore and Harry. Funeral services Sunday, 8 o'clock p. m., at Alpert Brothers' Chapel, 216 Lenox Av. Interment Washington Cemetery.

ATKINSON—Suddenly, at Shelter Island, N. Y., Wednesday, July 15, Dr. Charles Lewis Atkinson, beloved husband of Chrissie Atkinson. Funeral services at 3 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, Saturday, at 3:30 P. M. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery.

BLAKEMAN—Emily C., on July 17, at her residence, 1,440 Pacific St., Brooklyn. Funeral services Monday, July 20, at 2 P. M. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery.

BLOCH—Nettie, in her seventy-fourth year, beloved wife of the late David Bloch and devoted mother of Carrie B. Lyman, Arthur H. and Maurice Bloch. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

Died.

BORGES—Suddenly, on Friday, July 17, 1925, John C., beloved husband of Elizabeth M. Borges, at his residence, 628 Macon St., Brooklyn. Funeral services at the residence of Fred J. Bird, 267 Jefferson Av., Monday, July 20, at 3 P. M.

BRADBURY—Edward J., on July 17, beloved husband of Gertrude K. Bradbury. Services at Campbell Funeral Church, Broadway at 66th St., on Monday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Washington, D. C., papers please copy.

CLARK — Clarence C., July 15, Butterfield Memorial Hospital, Cold Springs, N. Y. Funeral Saturday, July 18, Masonic Temple, Beacon, N. Y., 2 P. M.

DAVIDSON—Suddenly, July 17, Louise Jarrett, beloved wife of Charles Davidson and mother of Mary E. S. and Frances L. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DITORETT—Mary Frances, Campbell Funeral Church, Broadway at 66th St., Saturday, 4 P. M.

EBSTEIN—Martha, aged 57 years, suddenly. Funeral from her late residence, 153 Lenox Av., Sunday, 2 P. M.

FARQUHAR—On July 17, 1925, at her residence, 2,264 East 17th St., Anna R. Farquhar. Funeral services at St. Peter's Church, West Chester, on Sunday, at 2:30 P. M.

FIEUX—Marion J., beloved wife of Ernest D. Fieux, of 476 Lake St., Flushing, L. I., and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Godfrey, on Thursday, July 16. Funeral strictly private from her parents' residence, 45th Ave. and 35th Sts., Flushing, on Sunday at 2 P. M.

FISCHER—A. Charles Jr., beloved husband of Ola Miller Fischer, on July 16, at Waukegan, Ill.

FOSTER—On July 16, 1925, George Foster, beloved son of late Julia Foster (nee Dugan) and of the late George A. Foster. Funeral from 245 East 90th St. on Sunday, July 19, at 2 P. M. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery, Westchester.

FOSKET—July 17, 1925, Josephine Marie, nee Knoche, beloved wife of Edward C. Foskett, 550 West 144th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FRIED—On July 16, 1925, in his 44th year, Edward, beloved husband of Madaline (nee Griffenhagen) and devoted father of Marjorie Fried. Funeral services at his late residence, Leroy and Oak Sts., Cedarhurst, L. I., on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment Mount Hope Cemetery, Westchester.

FUREY—On July 16, Mary (nee Murphy), widow of John, loving mother of John M., Joseph P., Thomas F., James A. Furey, and sister of Laughrea, County Galway, Ireland. Funeral from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Thomas F. Breen, 427 East 34th St., Flatbush, Brooklyn, Monday, July 20, to Church of Holy Cross, Church and Rogers Aves., where a solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege.

GARDENHIRE—Suddenly, on July 17, 1925, Mary Jetmore, widow of Samuel M. Gardenhire and mother of Frederick J., Marie E. and Samuel M. Gardenhire and Mrs. Jetmore Jefferson, at her home, 11,805 95th Av., Richmond Hill, L. I. Funeral services Sunday, July 19th, at 3:30 P. M. Topeka, Kan., papers please copy.

GILMORE—On July 17, 1925, John, husband of the late Mary Bairne, father of Thomas M. Gilmore and Mrs. Catherine A. Clering. Funeral from Dargeon's Chapel, 107th St. and Amsterdam Av. Time later.

HAMMOND—At Tucson, Ariz., on July 13, 1925, Sarah Belcher Jazzo, daughter of the late Joseph U. and Mary E. Orvis. Funeral services at St. Agnes Chapel, West 92d St., near Columbus Av., on Saturday, July 18, at 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

HENROTIN—Mabel Gibson Burrows. Prayer will be held at her home, 20 East 9th St., New York City, Saturday morning at 11:15 o'clock. Funeral services at West Barrington, R. I., at 1:30 P. M.

HICKERSON—At New Rochelle, N. Y., July 17, 1925, Harry D., husband of Pansy E. Hickerson. Funeral services at his late home, 24 Petersville Road, New Rochelle, on Monday at 2 P. M. Interment Kensico Cemetery.

HICKS—Suddenly, July 16, 1925, Robert H. Hicks, Superintendent District No. 9, Manhattan, New York Street Cleaning Department, beloved husband of Barbara Hicks and son of the late Richard Hicks, 1,058 Stebbins Av., Bronx. Funeral Sunday,

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stock Exchange Prices Generally Higher In Active Trading —Money Continues Easy.

As has been the case most of this week, financial interest converged very sharply yesterday on fluctuations in the stock market. In many respects the present stock market is one of the most remarkable in recent years. It appears to pay attention only to good news, and unsettling or disturbing news is either glossed over or quickly forgotten. The gains yesterday probably embraced more groups of securities than those of any previous day of the week. The averages, as compiled by THE NEW YORK TIMES, established a new high record for the year, which naturally represents a new high record for all time. At yesterday's best price, fifty representative stocks on the New York Stock Exchange were approximately 14 per cent. above the year's low mark, and more than 32 per cent. above the low point of last year. Activity did not appear to be confined to any particular group. Rather it was spread evenly over the entire list. Steel, copper, railroad and specialty shares held the centre of the stage throughout the day.

Possibly, were half-yearly earnings to be taken into consideration, it would be found that some of these advances, drastic as they have been, were warranted by increases which have taken place in earnings. Many of them, however, have been nothing more nor less than the result of "pool operations," together with a considerable degree of untrammeled speculation. Such a condition has been encouraged, if not actually brought about, by the inflow of surplus funds to all financial centres, which has brought the call money rate back to approximately the lowest point of the year. It is still too early to say, of course, just when business and industry will reach a state of activity when it will recall these funds to their ordinary and normal channels. When that time is reached, however, it seems certain that such a rate as now prevails in the call money market will not obtain, and that "speculative funds" will not be so easy to get as at present.

Cumulative evidence that the business of the country is expanding, gradually but surely, is furnished by the week-end reviews of the commercial reporting agencies, issued today. Dun's Review notes that "confidence in the future in mercantile and industrial circles has of late shown a notable advance which is reflected in the reports from leading cities." Bradstreet's notes that "most of the usual measures point to a fully fair volume of business doing, in which a sort of middle ground is occupied between the full activities of last Autumn and the depressed conditions of last Summer at this time." In practically all directions yesterday prices of commodities, which are considered barometric, reflected an upward trend. It is too early to say, of course, that we have developed a "buyer's market"; nevertheless, there is a growing disposition on the part of sellers to grant no further concessions to buyers. Markets of all sorts are obviously pointed toward Autumn and the minor fluctuations of day-to-day trading are quite generally ignored.

MONEY.

FRIDAY, JULY 17, 1925.

Stock Exchange call money was maintained at 3½ per cent. all day. A small amount was placed in the outside market at 3½, while reports were circulated that 3¼ was made on Governments in the "street" trading. Demand was light and not all of the money on offer was taken. Time money remained unchanged in tone and quotation. Brokers showed little disposition to meet bankers' offering, hence a deadlock in this market continues. Commercial paper and acceptances were only moderately active at prevailing discounts.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Thursday's Last.	Year Ago.
	3½	3½	3½	3½	2

Time Loans.

	Friday.	Thursday.
Sixty-ninety days	4@4¼	4 @4¼
Four, five and six months	4@4¼	4 @4¼

Commercial Paper.

	Friday.	Thursday.
Best names, 4 to 6 months	4	4
Other names, 4 to 6 months	4¼	4¼

Rediscount Rate, Reserve Bank.

Rate on all classes of rediscountable paper, 3½ per cent. Rate fixed Feb. 27, when it was advanced from 3 per cent., which had been in effect since Aug. 8, 1924.

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances.....3½

Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchaser:

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	3½	3¼
60 days	3½	3¼
90 days	3½	3¼
Four months	3½	3¼
Six months	3½	3¼
Non-member and private bankers, 60-90 days	3½	3¼

London Market.

Money in London unchanged at 3½ per cent.; short bills ⅛ off in bid at 4@4⅛ per cent.; three months' bills ⅛ off in bid at 4⅛@4⅛ per cent.

Gold bullion unchanged at 84s 11½d. Bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England for shipment to Java amounted to £5,000. The Bank bought gold bars valued at £159,000.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $908,000,000; balances, $105,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $97,000,000; exchange this day a year ago, $831,000,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ⅛ off at 32d per ounce; New York price ¼c off at 69¾c.

Range for 1925:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
London	32 1-4d	June 13	21 1-4d	Apr. 24
New York	70¼c	June 27	65½c	Apr. 23

Range for 1924:

London	35 1-4d	Oct. 9	21 1-4d	Dec. 29
New York	72¼c	Oct. 8	62½c	Jan. 11

U. S. CERTIFICATES AND NOTES

Following are the prices paid in the open market for United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness and notes of the different issues:

September	3¾	1925	99.75	3.93
December	3	1925	99.9	3.07
December	4½	1925	100.3	3.11
March	4½	1926	100.2	3.57
June	3	1926	99.6	3.06
September	4½	1926	100.6	3.46
March	4½	1927	101.6	3.56
December	4½	1927	101.6	3.64

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

FRIDAY, JULY 17, 1925.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1924.	1923.	1922.	1921.
1,259,813	1,473,182	1,291,850	1,122,960	623,780	221,969,091	127,645,957	138,969,491	147,894,774	99,395,606

1925 High.	1925 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
75¾	62	100	Abitibi Power & Paper (4)	66½	66¾	66½	66¾	+ ⅛	66	67¼
103¾	90	100	Adams Express (6)	93	93	93	93	— 1	92¾	93¾
18½	13	100	Advance Rumely	14½	14½	14½	14½	+ ½	14	15
12⅝	9¾	200	Ahumada Lead (†1)	11	11	10⅞	11	+ ⅛	10¾	11¼
111⅞	86¾	1,400	Air Reduction (4)	105¾	106¾	103¾	103¾	— ¾	103¼	104
15⅝	10	3,500	Ajax Rubber	14⅜	14⅝	14⅜	14⅝	— ⅛	14½	14¾
2¼	1	200	Alaska Juneau	1⅞	2	1⅞	2	+ ⅛	1⅞	2
133	119	100	All-American Cables (7)	131½	131½	131½	131½	..	129¾	133
95¼	80	600	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	90	90¼	89⅞	89⅞	— ⅛	89½	90¼
120	117	800	Allied Chem. & D. pf. (7)	119¾	119¾	119¾	119¾	..	119¾	119¾
88¾	71¼	1,500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (6)	83½	83⅝	82¾	82⅝	— ⅝	82¾	83¼
108	103½	200	Allis-Chalm. Mfg. pf. (7)	106	106	106	106	— ¼	104	106
21⅞	13¾	6,700	Am. Agricult. Chemical	20⅞	21¼	20¾	20¾	+ ⅛	20¼	21
62⅞	36¼	3,600	Am. Agricult. Chem. pf.	61⅞	62¾	61¾	62½	+ 1⅞	62	62¾
54½	26⅞	700	Am. Bosch Magneto	34⅝	34⅝	34½	34⅝	— ⅛	34½	34¾
113¼	107½	200	Am. Brake S. & F. pf. (7)	109⅝	110	109⅝	110	..	108¾	115
204⅜	155¾	25,200	Am. Can (17)	202	204¾	201	204½	+ 3	204½	204¾
111⅛	97½	400	Am. Car & Foundry (6)	103¾	103¾	103	103¾	+ ⅛	103¾	104
127¾	120¾	100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf. (7)	127	127	127	127	..	126¾	127¼
26½	22¾	100	Am. Chain, Class A (2)	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	..	23½	23¾
40	40	100	Am. Coal	40	40	40	40	..	..	..
6¾	5¾	400	Am. Drug. Syndicate (60c)	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛	5¾	6
47	27¾	8,400	Am. & Foreign Power	44½	44½	43¾	44⅛	+ ⅛	44⅛	44⅜
94	87	400	Am. & F. Power pf. (7)	91	91	90	90¾	+ ⅞	90¾	91
14	8¼	1,300	Am. Hide & Leather	12¾	12¾	11⅞	12	— ⅛	12	12¼
119	55	1,900	Am. Ice (7)	116	118	116	117	+ 1	116½	117
41	32¼	1,200	Am. International	37¾	37¾	37	37½	+ ⅛	37½	38
14	11¼	100	Am. La F. Fire Engine (1)	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛	12⅞	13¼
30½	20	100	Am. Linseed	23½	28¾	23½	28½	..	28	29½
73½	53	200	Am. Linseed pf. (3½)	73	73	73	73	..	72	73¾
144⅞	104⅛	1,200	Am. Locomotive (†18)	115¼	115¾	114¼	114¼	— ¾	114	115
53¾	45¾	1,600	Am. Metal (3)	49½	49¾	49¼	48¾	+ ⅛	49¾	50
108	89⅝	200	Am. Radiator (4)	103	103	103¼	102¾	+ 1¼	102½	104¼
78	46	100	Am. Republics	65¼	68¾	65¾	68¾	+ 1	64	68¾
62	36⅞	10,000	Am. Safety Razor (3)	56⅝	62	56⅝	62	+ 3¼	62	62½
14½	5⅝	700	Am. Ship & Commerce	7	7½	7	7	— ⅛	6¾	7¼
109⅝	90⅜	4,100	Am. Smelting & Ref. (6)	106	106¾	106	106	— ¼	106	106½
40	37⅜	1,000	Am. Steel Foundries (3)	38½	38⅝	38¼	38½	..	38¼	38⅝
71¼	47¾	1,300	Am. Sugar Refining	64¼	64¾	64	64	— ¼	64	64½
24¾	6	4,200	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	5⅝	11⅞	5⅝	11⅜	+ 2⅞	11½	12
36⅞	28	100	Am. Sumatra Tobacco pf.	79¼	79¼	79¼	79¼	— 4¾	79	82
144½	130⅝	500	Am. Telephone & Tel. (9)	141	141	140⅞	141	..	141	141¼
99⅝	85	2,800	Am. Tobacco (7)	98	98⅝	97⅝	98⅜	+ ⅝	98	98½
97¾	84¼	1,400	Am. Tobacco, Class B (7)	96⅞	97½	96⅞	97½	+ ⅝	97⅜	97¾
106	104¼	100	Am. Tobacco pf. (6)	107½	107½	107½	107½	..	107	107½
124	103	100	Am. Typefounders (8)	120	120	120	120	+ 1	119½	120
68	34¾	4,200	Am. W. W. & Elec. (1.20)	65¼	65¾	64¾	64⅞	— ⅛	64½	64⅝
109¼	95½	1,800	Am. W. W. & E. pf. (6)	109¼	109¼	108½	108½	— ¼	108½	109¼
64¾	34¾	1,500	Am. Woolen	39	39½	39	39½	+ ⅛	39	39¼
96¾	69½	1,100	Am. Woolen pf. (7)	82	82¾	81½	82	+ ⅛	81	82
7⅝	2¾	100	Am. Writing Paper pf.	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	— ⅛	..	..
12¾	7	400	Am. Zinc, Lead & S.	7¾	8	7¾	8	+ ⅛	8	8¼
39	24⅞	700	Am. Zinc, Lead & S. pf.	29⅞	30¾	29⅞	30¾	+ 2	29¾	30½
48	35¼	17,300	Anaconda Copper (3), ex d.	42¾	43½	42¾	42¾	+ ⅜	42¾	42⅞
34½	22	100	Ann Arbor	32	32	32	32	..	30	33
30¾	21	1,400	Archer-Daniels-Midland	24	26¼	24	26¼	+ 2¼	24¾	25
53¼	39	2,800	Armour & Co. pf. Del. (7)	37⅝	38¼	37⅝	38¼	..	36	36½
74⅞	60	1,500	Armour & Co. Ill., Cl. A (2)	22¾	23	22¾	23	..	22¾	23
90	60	1,800	Associated Dry Goods (2½)	53¾	54¾	53¾	54¾	..	54½	54¾
32	27	4,000	Associated Oil (2)	38	38⅝	38	38⅝	+ ⅛	38¼	38⅜
127¾	116¼	1,100	Atch., Top. & S. F. (7)	119¾	119¾	119¾	119½	— ⅛	119½	119¾
107¾	92¼	1,100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf. (5)	96½	96⅞	96½	96⅞	+ ⅛	96½	96¾
166	147¾	500	Atlantic Coast Line (†6)	165¾	165¾	165¾	164¾	— ¼	164½	165
56	20	1,100	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I.	55	53	53	53	+ ⅛	52¾	53
117½	95¼	100	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I. pf.	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾	+ 1¾	51	51½
120	45	600	Atlantic Refining	113¾	113½	113¾	113¾	+ ⅜	113	113½
13	9⅝	100	Atlas Powder (4)	51½	51½	51½	51½	+ ⅛	49	52
32½	22	100	Atlas Tack	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	+ ⅛	10⅜	11
93	87⅜	1,100	Austin Nichols	23	24½	23	24½	+ 1½	23	24
146	107	100	Austin Nichols pf. (7)	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	..	91	98
34¼	11	6,400	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	115¾	116¾	114	114¾	— ¾	114½	115
42¾	35¾	3,400	Baltimore & Ohio ex d. (5)	77	77½	76½	76⅝	— ⅛	76⅝	77
10¾	3¾	200	Bangor & Aroostook (3)	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾	+ ⅛	40¾	40¾
24¾	17¾	200	Barnet Leather	43¾	43½	43½	43½	+ 1¼	41¾	44
30	21	1,500	Barnsdall Class A	24⅞	25	24½	24½	..	24¾	24¾
23	16¼	100	Barnsdall Class B	19	19	19	19	..	19	20
53¼	39	200	Bayuk Cigars	41¼	41¾	41¼	41¼	— ⅝	41¼	42½
74½	60	700	Beech-Nut Packing (2.40)	68⅞	69	68⅝	69	+ ⅛	68⅝	69¼
93¼	87	7,000	Bethlehem Steel	43⅝	43½	42¾	43	+ ⅛	42½	43
102	93¼	200	Bethlehem Steel pf. (7)	95⅞	96	95⅞	96	..	96	96⅝
116¼	109	200	Bethlehem Steel pf. (8)	113	113	112¾	112¾	— ¼	112½	113¼
7	4½	100	Booth Fisheries	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	— ⅛	5¼	5⅜
45¾	44¼	100	Botany Con. Mills A (4)	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾	+ ¼	45¾	46
44⅞	33¾	3,900	Briggs Mfg. (3½)	41⅞	41⅞	41	41¼	..	41¼	41½
140⅝	120⅝	1,700	Brooklyn Edison Elec. (8)	136¼	137½	136¼	137½	+ 1	136¾	137½
55	35⅞	5,400	Brooklyn-Man. Transit	52⅞	54⅜	52⅞	53⅞	+ ⅜	53¾	54
81¾	72¾	500	Brooklyn-Man. Tr. pf. (6)	80	80	80	80	..	79	80½
91¾	75½	3,500	Brooklyn Union Gas (4)	88⅝	89½	88⅝	89¼	+ 1⅝	88¾	89¼
100¾	84½	900	Brown Shoe (4)	98⅝	98⅝	98	98¼	+ ⅛	97	98
49¾	24	1,200	Bruns.-Balke-Coll. (3.60)	30	30¼	29⅝	29⅝	— ¼	29⅝	29¾
91	65	100	Burns Bros. Class B (2)	24	24	24	24	..	24	26¼
19¼	14⅝	800	Burroughs Add. Mach. (3)	20⅜	21	20⅜	21	..	20⅜	21
89⅝	80	100	Bush Terminal	18	18	18	18	..	17½	18
8¾	4½	300	Bush Terminal deb. (7)	87	87½	87	87¼	— ¼	86½	87¼
24½	6¾	900	Butte Copper & Zinc (50c)	6	6¼	5⅞	6¼	+ ⅛	6	6¼
2⅝	1⅞	6,200	Butte & Superior (1)	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	+ 1	12	12½
118	100½	200	Buddo Cent. Oil & Ref.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32½	23¾	700	California Packing (6)	116¾	116¾	116¼	116¼	..	115¾	116½
4¾	2½	3,400	California Petroleum (1¼)	25⅝	25⅞	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅛	25⅝	25¾
58	45	700	Callahan Zinc & Lead	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛	2⅝	2¾
158¾	136½	1,400	Calumet & Arizona (12½)	49¾	51¼	49¾	50¼	+ ⅛	50	51¼
24¾	14¾	400	Calumet & Hecla (50c)	15½	15⅝	15½	15⅝	— ⅛	15⅝	15¾
49¼	40¾	400	Canadian Pacific (10)	142¾	142¾	142	142	— ¾	141½	142½
66	49¼	200	Case (J. I.) Thr. Machine	35	35	35	35	..	33½	35½
321¾	265	1,700	Central Leather Co.	19⅝	19⅝	19¼	19¼	..	19	21⅞
55¼	43½	2,400	Central Leather Co. pf.	64¼	64¾	63¾	63¾	— ⅛	63¾	64
53¼	40¾	100	C. R. R. of N. J. (†12)	283	283	283	283	..	283	283½
28¾	20¾	1,600	Cerro de Pasco Copper (4)	53¾	53⅞	53¼	53¾	+ ⅛	53¾	54
42¾	37	5,200	Certain-teed Products (4)	52	52⅞	51½	51¾	+ ⅛	51⅝	51¾
59	36¾	6,700	Chandler Motor (3)	34	34	31¾	32¼	— 2¼	32¼	32½
99½	89¼	1,100	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	94	94	93¾	93¾	..	93¾	94¼
106¾	86¼	400	Chicago & Alton	4⅞	4⅞	4¾	4¾	..	4¾	5
21¾	18	100	Chicago & Alton pf.	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	..	8	8¼
71⅞	60	100	Chicago & Eastern Illinois	86	86	86	86	+ ⅛	86	88
40¼	27¼	2,000	Chicago Great Western	12⅝	12⅝	12	12	— ⅛	12	12⅛
99¼	92	900	Chicago Great Western pf.	25¾	25¾	24¾	24¾	— ¾	24¾	25
55	44¼	600	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	— ⅛	8¾	8¾
49¾	40¾	700	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf.	15¾	15¾	15	15	— ¾	15	15¾
37¾	30½	1,200	Chi. & Northwestern (4)	64½	64½	63¾	64	— ⅛	63¾	64
28¾	19	400	Chi. & Northwest. pf. (7)	110	110	110	110	— ¼	109½	111
117⅞	108¾	4,300	Chi. Pneumatic Tool (5)	98	98	95¼	98	+ 2¾	97¾	98
103¾	101½	3,000	Chi., Rock Island & Pac.	46⅝	47	46	46⅝	..	46⅜	46⅝
122¾	80	100	Chi., R. I. & Pac. pf. (7)	96¾	96¾	96¼	96¼	— ⅝	95¼	96¼
48¾	32¾	100	Chicago Yellow Cab (4)	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞	+ ⅛	49⅝	49¾
69¾	45¾	2,000	Childs Company (12.40)	58	58¾	57⅝	57⅝	— ⅜	57⅝	58
37¾	30½	2,000	Chile Copper (2½)	34⅛	36	34¾	34¾	— ⅛	34¾	35
45¾	45	200	Chino Copper	24½	24½	24¼	24¼	— ¼	24	24¼
43¾	34½	1,600	Chrysler Corp. ctfs.	112½	112½	108¾	109¼	+ 2¼	109¼	110
85	80	1,100	Chrysler Corp. pf. (8)	102¼	102¾	101½	101½	— ¼	101½	102
10¾	10½	5,000	Coca-Cola (7)	118¾	121	118¾	121	+ 2¼	120½	121¼
33¾	21¾	1,600	Colorado Fuel & Iron	43¾	43¾	41¼	42	— 1¼	42	42¼
72	64½	1,700	Colombian G. E. (2.60)	65¾	66¼	65¼	66	+ ¼	66	66¼
66¾	33¾	300	Columbian Carbon (4)	49¾	49¾	49¾	49½	+ 1½	49	49¾
20¾	14¾	400	Commercial Solvents A (4)	91	91	91	91	..	90	91
41¾	13½	600	Commercial Solvents B	91	91	90	90	+ 1½	90	92½
8¾	5⅞	1,100	Congoleum-Nairn (2)	26¼	26¾	25¼	25½	— 1	25½	25¾
74⅛	60⅞	300	Consolidated Cigar	37	37	36⅝	36⅝	— ⅛	36½	37
6¾	2⅝	400	Consolidated Distributors	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	..	4¾	4⅞
72⅝	60½	23,700	Consolidated Gas (5)	87	89¾	87	89½	+ 2⅝	89¾	89¾
11⅜	8¾	500	Consolidated Textile	3⅛	3¼	3	3	— ⅛	3	3¼
71¾	60¾	2,300	Continental Can (4)	72	72	71	71½	— ⅜	71½	72
41⅝	32⅜	2,000	Continental Motors (80c)	10¼	10¾	10¼	10¾	+ ⅛	10¾	10¾
26¾	17¾	2,500	Corn Products Ref. (2)	36¼	36¾	35¾	36¾	— ⅛	36	36¼
69¾	47¾	600	Crucible Steel (4)	69¾	69¾	67¾	69¾	+ 2	69½	69¾
51¾	37¾	1,100	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	51¾	51¾	51¼	51¼	— ⅝	51	51½
29¾	22¾	500	Cuban Am. Sugar (3)	29¼	29¾	29	29	— ¼	29	29½
3¾	2¾	200	Cuban Am. Sugar pf. (7)	97	97	97	97	+ 1	96	97
3¾	2¾	300	Cuban Dominican Sugar	3¼	3¼	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛	3⅜	4
3¾	2¾	300	Cuban Dom. Sugar pf.	25	25	25¼	23½	— 1½	23	25
106¼	86¾	400	Cudahy Packing (4)	102¾	102¾	102	102	— ¼	102	102¼
59¾	55¼	400	Cuyamel Fruit (4)	55½	55¾	55	55	..	54¾	55¾
15¾	7¾	600	Dan. Boone Woolen Mills	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛	1⅝	1¾
54¾	34¾	600	Davison Chemical	34⅝	35¼	34⅝	35¼	+ ⅜	35	35½
27¾	21	200	De Beers Mines (1.02)	21	21	21	21	..	20¾	21¼
153¾	123¾	800	Delaware & Hudson (9)	151¾	151¾	151¾	151¾	+ ⅝	149¾	150
40	30¾	200	Denver & Rio G. West. pf.	40	40	39¾	39¾	..	39½	40
130	100	200	Detroit Edison Co. (8)	125¾	125¾	125¾	125¾	+ ¾	125½	126
33,800	28¾	1,000	Dodge Brothers, Class A	28¾	29	28¾	28¾	— ⅛	28¾	28¾
2,900	28¾	1,000	Dodge Brothers pf. (7)	83¾	83¾	83	83	..	82¾	83¾
1,000	15	100	Dome Mines (2)	15	15¼	15	15	..	15	15¼
100	4½	100	Duluth, S. S. & Atl. pf.	4½	4½	4¼	4¼	+ ⅛	4¼	5⅛
700	181	700	Du Pont de Nemours (10)	181	181	180½	180½	— ¾	180½	181
200	100¾	200	Du Pont de N. deb. (6)	100¾	100¾	100	100	— ¼	99	101
111	111	100	Duquesne Lt. 1st pf. (7)	111	111	111	111	..	111	111¼
2,200	107¼	2,200	Eastman Kodak (†8)	107¼	107¼	105¼	105¾	— ⅜	105¼	105¾
200	19¾	200	Eaton Axle & Spring (2)	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	— ⅛	19¾	19¾
23,300	39¾	2,600	Electric Power & L. ctfs.	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	— ⅛	39¾	39¾
600	91	600	Electric P. & L. pf. ctfs. (7)	91	91	90¾	90¾	— ¼	90¾	91
600	109¼	600	Elec. P. & L. pf. ctfs. 40% pd. (7)	109¼	110	109¼	109¼	— ¼	109¼	110
900	64½	900	Electric Storage Bat. (4)	64½	65	63¾	63¾	— 1½	63½	64½
300	69	300	Endicott-Johnson (5)	69¾	69¾	69	69	..	68½	69
500	115	500	Endicott-Johnson pf. (7)	115	115	115	115	+ 1	115½	115¾
300	27⅞	300	Erie	27⅞	28	27⅞	27⅞	..	27⅝	28
500	37¾	500	Erie 1st pf.	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	+ ⅛	37½	37¾
500	37¾	500	Erie 1st pf. ctfs.	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	+ ⅛	..	..
6,800	42¾	6,800	Fairbanks-Morse (2.60)	42¾	44¾	42¾	44¾	+ 1⅝	44½	44¾
4,400	104	4,400	Famous Players-Lasky (8)	104	104⅞	103¾	103¾	— ¼	103¼	103¾
200	116½	200	Famous Players-L. pf. (8)	116½	116¾	116¼	116¼	— ¼	116	117
900	41	900	Federal Lt. & Trac. (†1.40)	41	41	41	41¼	+ ⅛	41¼	41¾
1,200	137¼	1,200	Federal M. & S. pf. (7)	58	58⅜	58	58	+ 1	58	58¼
100	165

DEAN, ONATIVIA & CO. TO REOPEN MONDAY

Chicago Receiver Discharged, Application Will Be Made Today to Dismiss the One Here.

STATEMENT TO BE ISSUED

Request of J. V. Onativia Jr. for Reinstatement on Stock Exchange to Be Heard Monday.

CHICAGO, July 17 (AP).—Federal Judge James H. Wilkerson late today terminated the receivership of Dean, Onativia & Co., the $35,000,000 New York and Chicago brokerage firm which failed on July 2.

Immediately afterward attorneys for the company announced that it would open its offices in New York, Chicago and other cities on next Monday, and that it has now been re-established on a sound financial basis.

Earlier in the day the New York receivership had been consolidated with the Chicago receivership, the New York action becoming an ancillary receivership. Action similar to that taken by Judge Wilkerson here today is expected tomorrow in New York, Plainfield, N. J., and Washington.

A statement, issued after the receivership had been terminated, said:

"With the cooperation of customers and friends, the firm has been able to raise new capital in excess of $2,750,000 and will reopen its doors with every doubtful asset written off its books and an ample and very substantial capital to carry on its business.

In view of the dismissal of the Chicago receiver for Dean, Onativia & Co., former members of the New York Stock Exchange, who failed five weeks ago, Irving L. Ernst, attorney for the New York receiver, Judge William M. Cannon, will appear before the Federal court today to make application for the dismissal of the receiver here. If this application is granted the firm will resume business on Monday. William F. Unger, attorney for the firm, said that an official announcement covering the affairs of the firm and relating to the resumption of business may be issued at noon today.

It was stated last night that the accountants have not completed an audit of the firm's books, but it was the opinion of the attorneys that the Court would probably render a decision without the completed audit in view of the fact that an informal audit was submitted yesterday.

J. V. Onativia Jr., who was the New York Stock Exchange member of the firm, will appear before the Committee on Admissions on Monday for a hearing on his application for reinstatement in that institution made last Saturday. The hearing, it is understood, will be a formal affair to comply with the regulations of the Stock Exchange.

$30,000 SECURITIES STOLEN.

Hallgarten & Co. Warn Against Their Disposal—Publish List.

Hallgarten & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, for the account of one of their clients yesterday reported the loss of securities valued at approximately $30,000. The securities, it was reported, were stolen from the Citizens Bank and Trust Company of Middlesboro, Ky., and the names and numbers of the securities were published in this city for the purpose of warning local bankers and brokers against accepting them for disposal.

The list of the securities reported stolen follows:

Two thousand dollars, Louisville Gas and Electric 6s, Series A, M2228-32; $1,000 Commercial Station Postoffice 6s, due 1941, M137; $1,000 Kingdom of Norway 6s, due 1943, 12,079; $1,000 Port Arthur Canal Dock 6s, Series A, due 1953, M1413; $1,000 Coal and Iron Building Corporation first mortgage 6½s, due 1933, M270; $1,000 A. I. Namm first mortgage 6s, M2197; $1,000 Ohio Power Company 6s, due 1953, M8015; $1,000 New York Central equipment 6s, due 1929, M6158; $1,000 North American Edison Company 6½s, due 1948, M3514-5; $1,000 Kingdom of Norway external 5½s, due 1965, T3226; $1,000 Detroit Edison general and refunding 5s, due 1955, TBM5587; 23,000 Puget Sound Power and Light 5½s, due 1949, M3621-22; $1,000 Wheeling Steel 5½s, M290; $1,000 Plankinton Building 6½s, due 1933, TD160-61; $3,000 United States Treasury notes, 4¾ per cent., Series B, due 1932, 39062-4, and 200 shares Louisville Gas and Electric stock, Class A, certificates, 12013-14.

TO BUY HOISTS IN ENGLAND.

Pennsylvania Railroad Awards Contract to Lowest Bidder.

The Pennsylvania Railroad has placed orders in England for 22 two-ton hoists and trolleys for its Altoona, Pa., shops. Herbert Morse, Inc., of Loughboro got the order, with a bid said to be 25 per cent. under the lowest American offer.

The Illinois Central Railroad has closed contracts for approximately $600,000 of crane equipment, consisting of fifteen overhead electric cranes. Orders went to the Shaw Electric Crane Company, Whiting Corporation, Morgan Engineering Company and the Harnischfeger Corporation.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

LOST OR STOLEN SECURITIES
Advertising rate $1.80 per double column line.

Amount	Numbers	Security	Reported By
		STOCKS.	
5 shs.	PO-2468	Duquesne Lgt. Co. 1st Pf. 7% Cum.,	A. Cecile S. Birdseye
15 shs.	D 96301	United States Rubber Co.	Allister S. Mitchell
		BONDS.	
$1000	H 00020848	U. S. Treas. 4%, Due Dec. 15, 1954.	Globe Indemnity Co.
$100	530	Westchester Gardens 6½s, 1934	S. W. Straus & Co.
$1000	357	M. E. Blatt & Co. 6½s, 1929	S. W. Straus & Co.
$500	5818	Drake Hotel 6s, 1956	S. W. Straus & Co.
$100	A-7049	Ritz-Carlton Hotel 6s, 1938	S. W. Straus & Co.
$1000	2884	12 East 86th St. 6½s, 1934	S. W. Straus & Co.
		INTERIM RECEIPTS.	
$100	507	65 West 99th St. 6s, 1937	S. W. Straus & Co.
$100	506	65 West 99th St. 6s, 1937	S. W. Straus & Co.

FINANCIAL ADVERTISEMENTS. FINANCIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Specialists in

General Gas & Electric Corporation

New Common Stock Class "A"
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(When, as and if issued)
Old Stocks—All Classes

Engineers Public Service Company

Common and Preferred

PYNCHON & CO.

Members New York Stock Exchange

111 Broadway New York
Uptown Office: 43rd Street and Madison Ave.
CHICAGO MILWAUKEE LONDON LIVERPOOL

Happiness Candy

In business five years, this Company has developed a chain from one store to seventy-two.

Ten more stores have been rented and will be opened as rapidly as plans can be prepared.

Leases for additional stores in this and other cities are in process of negotiation.

With a highly efficient management, closely affiliated with the United Cigar Stores Company, which directs its policy, a flourishing treasury, steadily increasing revenues, we predict an exceedingly bright future for this Company.

Indeed, we are confident that HAPPINESS CANDY, in its ultimate development, will duplicate the great success of the United Cigar Stores Company, which is now a matter of history.

An initial semi-annual dividend of 25 cents a share was paid to the stockholders on July 15.

We strongly recommend the purchase of this stock, which is dealt in on the Curb, and will be pleased to answer inquiries for further information on application.

DAMBERGER, LOEB & CO.

42 Broadway, New York

Southern Baking Johns Manville Stone, Prosser & Doty

52 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7725

FINANCIAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

Office of People's Savings & Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Trustee.
Pittsburgh, Pa., July 3rd, 1925.

A. M. Byers Company First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, Dated January 1, 1925.

Notice is hereby given that, for the purpose of using the sinking fund in its possession under the mortgage from A. M. Byers Company to the undersigned as Trustee securing A. M. Byers Company's issue of First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, dated January 1, 1925, the undersigned will receive tenders for the sale to it of said bonds under and subject to the terms of Article Four of the above described mortgage, not exceeding in the aggregate, however, $47,000.00 in face value thereof.

Such tenders shall be in writing, shall state the number of numbers of the bonds proposed to be sold and the price at which same are tendered for sale. All of said tenders must be received at the office of this company on or before noon, Monday, July 27, 1925.

All tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope and mailed in a covering envelope addressed to the undersigned Trustee, Wood Street and Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

The accrued interest on any bonds, the tenders for which are accepted, will be paid down to and including July 31, 1925.

The right to reject any and all tenders is hereby reserved.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, TRUSTEE.
By Meerhead R. Maland, Vice President.

AUSTRALIA BORROWS $75,000,000 HERE

Morgan & Co. Announce That Loan Will Be Offered for Public Subscription Monday.

TAKING LONDON'S PLACE

Placing of Issue Here Adds to Evidence of America's Part in Post-War World Financing.

A loan of $75,000,000 to Australia was announced yesterday by J. P. Morgan & Co. The issue, which will be offered for public subscription next Monday, emphasizes the commanding position the United States has attained as a creditor nation since the war. All Australian financing hitherto has been done in London. The present issue was placed here because London, conserving its resources in connection with the return to the gold standard, was not in a position to advance the needed funds.

The loan will be used to refund large Australian war loans. In this connection, Wall Street bankers pointed out the tremendous part being played by American finance, and in particular the private banking firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., in the reconstruction of the world following the post-war demoralization. In the last year this firm has either provided, or headed a syndicate which provided, a loan of $130,000,000 to Germany in connection with the inauguration of the Dawes plan; two loans of $50,000,000 each to Belgium; a loan of $100,000,000 to France, a $100,000,000 credit to France for the protection of exchange; a credit of $100,000,000 to Great Britain to facilitate the return of that country to the gold standard, and has also advanced a $50,000,000 credit to Italy to aid that country in its post-war financial program.

In addition to these advances, American banking houses have advanced large sums for industrial and municipal developments in Germany, Poland and other Central European countries, and have also taken over a large part of the financing in South America formerly handled in Europe.

South Africa May Be Next.

The present loan is the largest foreign issue placed in New York since the $100,000,000 loan to France made last November. It is expected to be followed by other British Colonial borrowings here, now that the way has been opened and there are reports in Wall Street that the Union of South Africa will be the next part of the empire to obtain funds in New York.

Other important New York banking houses and a small group throughout the country will be associated with J. P. Morgan & Co. in the Australian offering, which consists of thirty-year 5 per cent. gold bonds, to be priced at 96½. The bonds will be non-redeemable prior to 1952. A simultaneous offering of £5,000,000 of Australian bonds will be made by London bankers on Monday. The sterling issue will mature in from twenty to fifty years, and the London offering price also is 96½. It was reported last night that the entire London issue had been underwritten.

The loan is another evidence of the cooperation between American and British financial interests to maintain stable conditions following the resumption of the gold standard in Great Britain. It is understood that some of the Australian bonds to be refunded are payable in London, and the payments will help to strengthen pound sterling exchange. It also provides a welcome relief from the drain on London that would have occurred had the entire financing been undertaken there.

Australia has about $350,000,000 in war loans maturing between now and next December, representing funds raised in her greatly expanded home markets during the war. These bonds bear a 4½ per cent. interest rate and are tax exempt in the Commonwealth. The 5 per cent. rate obtained for the new financing is considered a tribute to the credit standing of the Commonwealth, and it is the first time that a foreign loan has been floated in New York at so low a rate of interest since the war.

Australian Budget Balanced.

The debt of Australia is estimated at $2,000,000,000. The nation's budget is balanced, and the foreign trade balance has been running heavily in her favor.

The National City Company, which will be associated with J. P. Morgan & Co. in the Australian offering, has had a representative in Australia for a good part of last year, and several other banking firms have sent officers there in an effort to obtain Australian loan contracts, but they have been unsuccessful up to now. The Australian public has been averse to turning from its traditional money market in London. And technically the present operation will be known in Australia as a Bank of England transaction, in which the surplus financing was turned over to New York. Negotiations for the loan were carried on in London.

The State of Queensland up to now has been the only Australian borrower of dollar funds, having obtained loans of a total of $22,000,000 several years ago through the National City Company. These bonds, paying 6 and 7 per cent. interest, are now selling at premiums. Bankers place the Australian issue in the same category with Canadian bonds, which are regarded as prime securities in the New York market.

The next important move in American post-war reconstruction financing is expected to take place in the Fall in the form of a loan, estimated now at about $150,000,000, to France for stabilization purposes when the latter country shall have arranged for the funding of her war debt to the United States.

The Australian offering will help to make next week's new issues of foreign bonds in New York the largest of this year, amounting to a total of $115,000,000. The other important issues are a $10,000,000 Cologne loan being floated by Blair & Co., Inc., and a $30,000,000 loan to be awarded by Denmark to one of several New York syndicates now bidding for it.

BOND BROKERS ENJOINED.

Receiver to Be Named Soon for United American Company.

At the request of Attorney General Albert E. Ottinger, Supreme Court Justice William F. Hagarty granted a temporary injunction yesterday restraining Walter Gutterson and the United American Bond and Mortgage Company, Inc., 19 West Forty-fourth Street, from selling securities unless their true value is stated at the time of the sale. The Court announced that a receiver will be appointed for the company in a few days.

The State maintained that numerous complaints had been received against the firm. Chief among these is that of Mrs. Mary E. Cowan, 70 years old, of 80 Greenridge Avenue, White Plains, who charges that she was induced by Gutterson to part with safe securities and to take in exchange 810 shares of stock in the Interstate Mortgage Company, which were never delivered.

Counsel for the company made a general denial of the charge.

Western Electric Orders Increase.

The Western Electric Company reports orders received during the first six months of 1925 amounting to $147,670,000. For the quarter ended June 30 the total of orders received was $76,417,000 compared with $71,253,000 in the first quarter of 1925 and $77,622,000 in the second quarter of 1924.

All Leading Accounts Show Decreases In Member Banks' Report as of July 8

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The principal changes in the condition of 732 reporting member banks in leading cities during the week ended July 8, as shown in the statement issued by the Federal Reserve Board, comprise decreases of $96,000,000 in loans and discounts, of $19,000,000 in investments, of $164,000,000 and $24,000,000, respectively, in net demand and Government deposits, and of $30,000,000 in borrowings from the Federal Reserve banks.

The New York City members reported reductions of $121,000,000 in loans and discounts, $4,000,000 in investments, $117,000,000 in net demand deposits and $18,000,000 in borrowings from the Federal Reserve bank.

Loans on stocks and bonds fell off $75,000,000, the larger decline of $107,000,000 in the New York district being partly offset by an increase of $34,000,000 in the Chicago district.

"All other" loans and discounts, largely commercial, decreased by $14,000,000. Banks in the New York and Chicago districts reported reductions of $16,000,000 each and smaller reductions were reported for the Atlanta, Minneapolis, Kansas City and Dallas districts, while slight increases were shown for the Boston, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Richmond and San Francisco districts.

Investments in United States securities were reduced by $6,000,000, and holdings of other bonds, stocks and securities by $13,000,000, the principal changes occurring in the Chicago and St. Louis districts.

Net demand deposits show a decline of $164,000,000, of which $133,000,000 was in the New York district and $30,000,000 in the Boston district.

Government deposits declined by $24,000,000, small reductions being shown for all reserve districts.

The principal changes in borrowings from the Federal Reserve banks were decreases of $24,000,000 and $17,000,000 in the New York and Chicago districts, respectively.

A summary of changes in the principal assets and liabilities of reporting members during the week and the year ended July 8, 1925, follows:

	Week.	Year.
Loans and discounts, total	—$96,000,000	+$1,083,000,000
Secured by U. S. Gov't obligations	— 6,000,000	— 41,000,000
Secured by stocks and bonds	— 75,000,000	+ 960,000,000
All other	— 14,000,000	+ 125,000,000
Investments, total	— 19,000,000	+ 646,000,000
U. S. bonds	— 2,000,000	+ 459,000,000
U. S. Treasury notes	+ 5,000,000	— 241,000,000
U. S. Treasury certificates	— 7,000,000	— 9,000,000
Other bonds, stocks and securities	— 13,000,000	+ 431,000,000
Reserve balances with F. R. banks	— 40,000,000	+ 78,000,000
Cash in vault	+ 12,000,000	— 9,000,000
Net demand deposits	—164,000,000	+ 866,000,000
Time deposits	— 8,000,000	+ 722,000,000
Government deposits	— 24,000,000	— 25,000,000
Total accommodation at F. R. banks	— 59,000,000	+ 186,000,000

+Increase.
—Decrease.

PRINCIPAL RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN LEADING CITIES, AS OF JULY 8:

	All reporting member banks.		Reporting member banks in New York City.		
	July 8, 1925.	July 9, 1924.	July 8, 1925.	July 1, 1925.	July 9, 1924.
Number of reporting banks	738	749	62	62	67
Loans and discounts, gross					
Secur. by U.S. Gvt. obligs.	$172,901,000	$213,000,000	$54,491,000	$57,896,000	$57,518,000
Sec. by stks. and bonds	5,022,415,000	4,108,479,000	2,049,187,000	2,156,973,000	1,644,943,000
All other loans and discts.	8,014,854,000	7,877,141,000	2,148,136,000	2,162,715,000	2,234,985,000
Total loans & discounts	$13,280,328,000	$12,197,615,000	$4,246,814,000	$4,367,584,000	$3,967,326,000
Investments:					
U. S. pre-war bonds	$219,422,000	$271,346,000	$20,000,000	$23,000,000	$40,135,000
U.S. Lib. bds.	1,378,184,000	1,356,514,000	506,433,000	508,291,000	514,076,000
U. S. Tr. bds.	427,241,000	68,177,000	181,236,000	183,917,000	14,229,000
U.S. Tr. notes	398,898,000	630,836,000	164,327,000	162,696,000	296,889,000
U.S. Tr. ctfs.	117,500,000	126,463,000	49,760,000	50,113,000	54,857,000
Other bds., stks. & sec.	2,953,830,000	2,023,637,000	676,045,000	676,783,000	753,706,000
Total invest..	$5,496,057,000	$4,557,472,000	$1,598,801,000	$1,610,770,000	$1,676,684,000
Total loans and inv...	$18,776,385,000	$17,055,091,000	$6,053,621,000	$6,178,356,000	$5,644,010,000
Res. bal. with F. R. banks.	1,618,422,000	4,538,566,000	698,598,000	762,711,000	676,429,000
Cash in vault..	286,744,000	296,584,000	66,004,000	66,166,000	69,069,000
Net dem. dep.	12,590,060,000	12,021,954,000	3,066,752,000	5,216,561,000	4,890,907,000
Time deposits..	5,164,211,000	4,427,143,000	787,294,000	795,730,000	687,139,000
Govt. deposits..	85,906,000	138,859,000	10,626,000	14,066,000	10,686,000
Bills pay. and redis. with F. R. bks.					
Sec. by U. S. Gvt. oblig..	151,626,000	25,296,000	59,805,000	66,595,000	4,000,000
All other.....	96,363,000	38,382,000	18,984,000	23,066,000	2,660,000
Total borrowings from F. R. banks...	$247,989,000	$63,676,000	$78,649,000	$89,661,000	$6,675,000

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Oil Shares Steady, Industrials Quiet at London—Bourse Prices Up.

LONDON, July 17.—High grade securities were firm on the Stock Exchange today. Oil shares were steady and British industrials quiet. Old 2½ per cent. consols 56⅝; British 5 per cent. war loan 100⅛; 4½ per cent. war loan 96½; all unchanged.

De Beers Mining 10⅝; Rand Mines 3; both unchanged.

PARIS, July 17.—Prices improved on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 5 centimes higher at 42 francs 60 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan 80 centimes higher at 84 francs 25 centimes.

Exchange on London 68 centimes higher at 103 francs 50 centimes. The American dollar was quoted at 21 francs 20 centimes, against 21 francs 13½ centimes, yesterday.

Moto Meter Offering All Taken.

Lee & Co., managers of the syndicate which offered 200,000 shares of the Moto Meter Company, Inc., Class "A" participating stock, announced yesterday that subscriptions had been received in excess of the offering.

NORTH AMERICAN ADVANCES

Company Estimates Year's Earnings as Largest in Its History.

Estimates of earnings of the North American Company and subsidiaries for the year ended June 30 indicate the largest gross and net for this system of any twelve months in its history. They have exceeded substantially the totals for the year ended March 31, when gross was $81,930,010 and net income, after all charges and depreciation, was $10,781,387, representing increases of about 6 per cent. in gross and 14 per cent. in net as compared with the preceding year.

The company's rapid expansion in electric output and earnings is said to have been largely responsible for the recent sharp rise in North American common shares on the Stock Exchange.

Hayes Wheel Corporation Reports.

The Hayes Wheel Corporation for the six months ended June 30 reports net earnings of $1,008,428 after all operating expenses, and net income of $850,378 after reserves for Federal taxes. The net income, after payment of preferred dividends, left $4.12 a share earned on the common stock outstanding.

New Bond Offerings of the Week

Week Ended July 17, 1925.

STATE AND MUNICIPAL

Bond or Note.	Amount.	Price.	Interest Rate.	Yield. Per Cent.	Term Yrs.	Due.	Interest Payable.	Syndicate or Firm.
Lucas Co., Ohio, water & sewer bds	$518,000	..	4½	3.75-4.05	1-10	1926-35	M.&S.	Guardian Detroit Co., Stranahan, Harris & Oatis.
Little Ferry, N. J., temp. sewer bonds	340,000	..	5½	4.40	2-10	1927-35	J.&J.	M. M. Freeman & Co.
Summit Co., Ohio, road impt. bonds.	310,000	..	5	4-4.10	1-10	1926-35	A.&O.	Guardian Detroit Co., Stranahan, Harris & Oatis.
St. Paul, Minn., sewer bonds	1,000,000	..	4½	3.75-4.10	1-30	1926-55	J.&J.	George G. Gibbons & Co., Inc.
Dyer Co., Tenn., highway bonds...	1,000,000	..	4½	4.50	30	1955	A.&O.	Ames, Emerich & Co., Illinois Merchants Trust Co.
Hamarsneck, N. Y., sewer bonds	140,000	..	4½	4.05	5-30	1930-64	J.&J.	Fairservis & Co.
Hillside, N. J., school dist. bonds	285,000	..	4½	4.10-.25	2-20	1927-45	.....	J. S. Rippel & Co.
City of Yonkers, N. Y., bonds	1,150,000	..	4½	3.80-.85	1-20	1926-40	A.&O.	Roosevelt & Son, George B. Gibbons & Co., Inc., Remick, Hodges & Co.
Utica, N. Y., bonds	732,000	..	4½	3.62-.95	1-20	1926-45	.....	George B. Gibbons & Co., Roosevelt & Son.
City of Cleveland, Ohio, bonds.....	1,800,000	..	4½	3.75-4.10	1-25	1926-50	M.&S.	Lehman Bros, Kean, Taylor & Co., Ames, Emerich & Co., Eastman, Dillon & Co., H. L. Allen & Co.
Hudson Co., N. J., gold bonds	4,624,000	..	4½	3.75-4.15	1-40	1926-74	J.&J.	First National Bank, Lehman Bros., Redmond & Co., B. J. Van Ingen & Co., Kean, Taylor & Co., Phelps, Fenn & Co., Salomon Bros. & Hutzler.
City of Cleveland, Ohio, bonds.....	2,116,000	..	4½	4-4.10	4-25	1929-50	.....	First National Bank, Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., Brown Bros. & Co., Barr Bros. & Co., Inc., R. W. Pressprich & Co., A. G. Becker & Co.
Greenwich, Conn., bonds	1,000,000	..	4½	4.05	7-20	1932-45	.....	R. M. Grant & Co.
Levy Co., Fla., road bonds	250,000	..	5½	5	20-30	1945-55	.....	Spitzer, Rorick & Co.
Eugene, Ore., bonds	355,000	..	4½	4.30	25-30	1950-55	.....	Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.
FOREIGN								
Hungarian Coast. municipal loan secured s.f. gold bds	10,000,000	89	7½	8.97	20	1945	J.&J.	Speyer & Co.
RAILROAD								
C., R. I. & P. Ry. secured gold ntz..	7,500,000	99	4½	4.75	3	1928	F.&A.	Speyer & Co., Dillon, Read & Co.
FARM LOAN								
New York Jt. Stk. Land Bank bonds	500,000	104½	5	4.60-5	30	1955	J.&J.	Clark Williams & Co.
Fremont, Neb., Jt. Stock Land Bank bonds	3,000,000	102⅜	4½	4.40-.75	40	1965	J.&D.	Equitable Trust Co., Brooke, Stokes & Co., Old Colony Trust Co., Central Trust Co. of Illinois.
PUBLIC UTILITY								
Long Island Lighting sec. gold bds.	3,500,000	100	6	6	20	1945	J.&J.	W. C. Langley & Co.
MISCELLANEOUS								
Federal Finance & Credit coll. tr. notes	1,200,000	..	..	4¾-5¾	1 mo.-1 yr.	1926-26	.....	MacKubin, Goodrich & Co.
Southwestern College 1st mtg. serial gold bonds..	700,000	..	6	5½-6	2-10	1926-35	A.&O.	Mississippi Valley Trust Co.
INDUSTRIAL								
General Ice Cream conv. gold deb.....	1,500,000	..	6½	..	10	1935	J.&J.	White, Weld & Co.

Real Estate Mortgage Bonds are not included in this table.

WEEK'S NEW BONDS TOTAL $44,466,500

State and Municipal Group the Only One Showing Gain Over Previous Week.

FOREIGN ISSUES $10,000,000

Railroad Offering $7,500,000—Farm Loans and Utilities Amount to $3,500,000 Each.

New bond issues this week totaled $44,466,500, which was only a little more than a third of the total of $131,805,000 floated last week. Decreases were general throughout the list, State and municipal offerings being the only ones to show a gain over last week. The offerings, by groups, of this and last week follow:

	This Week.	Last Week.
State and municipal	$16,586,500	$14,555,000
Foreign	10,000,000	17,500,000
Railroad	7,500,000	40,000,000
Farm loan	3,500,000	4,500,000
Public utility	3,500,000	12,500,000
Miscellaneous	1,880,000	.....
Industrial	1,500,000	22,250,000
Total	$44,466,500	$131,805,000

State and municipal offerings of the week covered a wide range, but were mostly for small amounts. The demand continued unabated, and a number of oversubscriptions were reported. The foreign field was represented by a $10,000,000 loan by Speyer & Co. to a group of Hungarian cities borrowing jointly with the approval of the Hungarian Government and the League of Nations Commissioner.

The sole industrial issue of the week was the result of a consolidation of some of the largest ice cream companies in New York State outside of New York City. These bonds were sold privately by White, Weld & Co.

In the railroad classification the only issue was one of $7,500,000 by the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Systems, placed through Speyer & Co. Scattering issues of small size completed the list.

Next week will see a number of large issues, particularly in the foreign field, and the offerings now known to be on the way will bring the total of foreign financing in the New York market to the highest level reached this year.

TO OFFER $10,000,000 COLOGNE BONDS HERE

American Banking Group Obtains German Municipal Issue—$2,000,000 Placed in Holland.

Announcement was made yesterday that a new issue of $10,000,000 City of Cologne (Germany) bonds had been purchased by an American banking group headed by Blair & Co., Inc., and the Chase Securities Corporation. Public offering of the bonds will be made early next week, and it is expected that they will be priced at about 88. The issue will mature in twenty-five years and bear a 6½ per cent. interest coupon. A sinking fund is provided.

Associated with Blair & Co., Inc., and the Chase Securities Corporation in the offerings are Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., Fifth-Third National Bank of Cincinnati, Blyth, Witter & Co., A. G. Becker & Co., Chicago, and Stifel, Nicolaus & Co., St. Louis. Simultaneously with the American offering will be a $2,000,000 offering of the bonds in Holland. The Holland portion of the loan has been underwritten by a group consisting of Pierson & Co., Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij, Mendelssohn & Co. and R. Mees & Zoonen.

Three banking groups—Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the National City Company and a White, Weld-Blair & Co. syndicate—have submitted bids for a $50,000,000 Government of Denmark loan which, it is understood, will be awarded next week. This loan, bearing 5 or 5½ per cent. interest, will replace a $25,000,000 issue of Danish bonds floated in New York at an 8 per cent. interest rate.

1864 Simply Selling Service 1925

ALL your securities should be carefully examined at regular intervals and changes made where advisable.

We have no securities for sale and are, therefore, in a position to give disinterested advice.

As custodian of securities we give this important service.

Our Officers will be glad to explain details to you.

Also as Executor and Administrator. Also as Transfer Agent or Registrar. Also as Trustee Under Mortgage.

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
80 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
PLAZA OFFICE Fifth Ave. & 60th St. 42ND ST. OFFICE Madison Ave. & 42nd St.
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits over Two Million Dollars
Member FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

A Strong Banking Connection

A STRONG banking connection is a business man's best friend under adverse conditions. The strength of this Company is reflected in its unbroken dividend record of 141 years.

This record means more than a mere satisfactory investment for our shareholders. It means that over a long period of years we have served our clients faithfully and efficiently. Long experience has proved that the success of those who bank with us contributes most effectively to the success of this Company. It is therefore our policy to cooperate to the extent of our ability in furthering the legitimate business interests of our customers.

We invite you to make a permanent banking connection with us.

Bank of New York & Trust Co.
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits over $16,000,000
Main Office 52 Wall Street Foreign Department 48 Wall Street
Madison Avenue Office at 63rd Street

STATE BANK OF THE U.S.S.R.
(Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.)
Formerly State Bank of the R. S. F. S. R.
Created by Decree of the Soviet Government of October 11th, 1921.
CAPITAL - 10,000,000 Chervonetz
N. B.—1 chervonetz contains 119.4234 grains of pure gold and equals $1. in U.S.A. or 10.16½.
Head Office: NEGLINNY PROESD, 12, MOSCOW
BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TRANSACTED.
Branches in Every Centre of European and Asiatic Russia
CORRESPONDENTS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.
NEW YORK CORRESPONDENTS—Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Equitable Trust Company of New York, Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Company, Public National Bank of New York, The State Bank, Bank of United States, J. Henry Schroder Banking Corporation, New York.

100 Years of Commercial Banking
CHATHAM PHENIX NATIONAL BANK AND TRUST COMPANY
Resources over $250,000,000
149 Broadway, Singer Bldg.
Branches from Battery to Bronx

American Trust Company
135 Broadway 297 Madison Ave.
NEW YORK
BROOKLYN—LONG ISLAND CITY—JAMAICA
STATEN ISLAND—WHITE PLAINS

The COAL & IRON NATIONAL BANK
Personal Service Headquarters

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
140 Broadway
Fifth Avenue & 44th Street
Madison Avenue & 60th Street

FINANCIAL NOTICE.

OLD BEN COAL CORPORATION
TEN-YEAR 7½% DEBENTURES

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the Sinking Fund provision of the Trust Agreement dated August 1, 1924, $125,000 principal amount of above bonds have been drawn for redemption on August 1, 1925, at 110% and accrued interest to that date.

The bonds drawn and numbered as below, with all unmatured coupons attached, should be presented for payment to the undersigned Trustee in the City of Philadelphia or the head office of The National City Bank, New York City, on or after August 1, 1925, when all interest thereon will cease.

$1000 DENOMINATION

M-11	716	1481	1966	2738	3477	4230
61	799	1499	1976	2796	3540	4241
112	826	1542	1985	2800	3638	4247
205	891	1568	2013	2817	3664	4262
264	893	1571	2018	2854	3675	4288
402	967	1637	2096	2918	3694	4308
410	980	1691	2227	3126	3871	4380
461	993	1694	2265	3127	3895	4481
549	997	1698	2281	3130	3915	4495
551	1014	1712	2300	3192	3961	4606
571	1032	1715	2375	3198	3988	4660
616	1051	1745	2393	3224	3992	4672
650	1100	1814	2416	3300	3997	4698
683	1135	1888	2452	3416	4046	4700
762	1299	1890	2454	3423	4083	4714
749	1411	1903	2506	3462	4121	4725
761	1466	1940	2514	3474	4203	

$500 DENOMINATION

D-10	69	254	338	379
11	138	261	351	547
40	170	294	375	

BANK OF NORTH AMERICA & TRUST COMPANY, Trustee
City Hall Square, Philadelphia.
JOHN H. MASON, Chairman.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PITTSBURGH STEEL COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Pittsburgh Steel Company held on the 9th day of June, 1925, the Board by resolution declared that it was the purpose of the company to increase its capital stock in the sum of $20,000,000; said increase, if authorized, consists of 200,000 shares of common capital stock of the par value of $100 each; and called a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh Steel Company to be held at the principal office of the company, No. 700 Union Trust Building, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, August 20, 1925, at one o'clock in the afternoon, Eastern Standard Time, to take action on said proposed increase of capital stock as above set forth.

H. J. MILLER, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PITTSBURGH STEEL COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Pittsburgh Steel Company held on the 9th day of June, 1925, the Board by resolution declared that it was the purpose of the company to increase its indebtedness in the sum of $2,500,000; and called a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh Steel Company to be held at the principal offices of the Company, No. 700 Union Trust Building, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, August 20, 1925, at one o'clock in the afternoon, Eastern Standard Time, to take action on the proposed said increase of the indebtedness of the Pittsburgh Steel Company in the sum of $2,500,000.

H. J. MILLER, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

THE FISK RUBBER COMPANY
First Preferred Dividend.

New York, July 16, 1925.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of one dollar seventy-five cents ($1.75) per share on the First Preferred stock of the Company, payable August 1, 1925, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 27, 1925.

ANDREW A. LEISER, JR., Secretary.

THE BANK OF AMERICA
NATIONAL ASS'N.
Trust Department Organized 1922
MANHATTAN BROOKLYN

FINANCIAL NOTICE.

OFFERING OF
$2,000,000.00

HUDSON RIVER REGULATING DISTRICT.
CONSTRUCTION OF THE SACANDAGA RESERVOIR—SERIES A.
4½ PER CENT. BONDS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the State Comptroller, No. 128 State Street, Albany, New York, until 1 P. M., Eastern Standard Time, Tuesday,

DEFEND INSURANCE OF CHRYSLER CARS

Attorneys for Palmetto Company, Underwriters, Reply to Charge That Plan Is Illegal.

NOT VALID HERE, BEHA SAYS

Counsel Retorts That Michigan Contract Is Good in New York—Test Case Probable.

Attorneys for the Palmetto Fire Insurance Company, underwriters of Chrysler Motor Corporation fire and theft coverage which is included in the price of Chrysler cars sold to individuals, issued a statement yesterday asserting that the Chrysler-Palmetto contract, having been issued under Michigan laws and being valid there, is likewise valid in New York. The attorneys are Cabell, Ignatius & Lown of 140 Nassau Street. Their defense of the contract against a decision of State Superintendent of Insurance James A. Beha that the Chrysler plan is illegal was contained in the statement which quotes from a letter of Superintendent Beha to them, and attributes opposition to the plan "to ignorance of the true facts."

In his letter to the Palmetto Company, dated July 14, Mr. Beha said that he had reached the conclusion that the contract was a Michigan contract "with which this Department has no concern provided the cars insured thereunder are not risks in the State of New York, and further provided that no steps are taken to put the contract into effect in the State of New York. I am advising the Palmetto Insurance Company, the Chrysler Sales Corporation, and the Commercial Credit Company to the above effect as per carbon copies enclosed."

The Palmetto attorneys' comment follows:

"The position of the Palmetto Fire Insurance Company is that the Chrysler-Palmetto contract, being a Michigan contract and valid and unobjectionable in the State of Michigan, is a valid contract in New York, and we have proceeded upon that theory.

"The communication from Superintendent Beha is in the nature of an opinion. So far as we know no formal complaint has been lodged with the New York Insurance Department against the Palmetto. If any means can be devised whereby the objections of the New York Department can be met without abandoning the plan, we will attempt to meet these objections; otherwise it is probable that a test case will be agreed upon in order to try out the legal aspects of the whole situation.

"We are preparing a statement of the facts in law applicable thereto, which will be forwarded to all insurance commissioners and others officially interested in the proposition.

"We believe that much of the reported opposition is due to ignorance of the true facts and details of the plan.

"We have just been informed that certain commissioners, who have heretofore been doubtful or opposed to the scheme, have withdrawn their opposition upon a more completeu nderstanding of the plan and we expect others will follow."

PRICE BROTHERS SELL QUEBEC POWER SITE

Duke-Davis Interests Plan to Develop 1,000,000 Horsepower on Property.

Reports that the Price Brothers Paper Company had disposed of its rights in the Chute-a-Caron power site in Quebec to the Duke-Davis interests for between $5,000,000 and $6,000,000 were practically confirmed yesterday. Chute-a-Caron is in the Lake St. John district, where James B. Duke has been making large developments for power distribution. The Aluminum Corporation of America is planning a large industrial plant in connection with the project.

The Duke-Davis interests plan to develop 800,000 horsepower on this site, which is below the Duke-Price plant, whose development is 360,000 horsepower, bringing the total capacity to more than 1,000,000 horsepower.

The Price Brothers Company will take 200,000 horsepower from the Duke-Price Company by 1927, when it is expected that their production of newsprint will have reached a total of 800 tons a day. The Aluminum Corporation's plant will also require a large amount of power.

Financing for the development has been done in the New York market. Estimates on another project, the Carillon development, also in this district, of the financing sought for have been between $40,000,000 and $50,000,000, but no effort to get a loan here has been made. Bankers are said to be waiting for a clearer situation with regard to the power export problem.

POWER CONTRACT DENIED.

No Deal With Southeastern Light at Muscle Shoals, Says Government.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The War Department today authorized the statement that there was no foundation for a report that the Southeastern Light and Power Company had obtained a contract to utilize power from Muscle Shoals. The department some time ago invited offers from concerns for use of power from the Muscle Shoals plant during the test of its machinery. The only satisfactory offer received was from the Alabama Power and Light Company, which offered to pay two mills per kilowatt-hour for such power as might be generated during the "shake-down" of the Muscle Shoals machinery.

The War Department has notified the Alabama Power and Light Company that its offer is satisfactory and acceptable.

QUITS ASBESTOS COMBINE.

One Canadian Concern Withdraws —Six Others Continue Plan.

The Asbestos Company of Canada is reported to have withdrawn from the negotiations which had been going on for several weeks to consolidate seven large asbestos companies. The remaining six companies are carrying on negotiations, according to the report.

The financing of the proposed consolidation is being arranged by Dillon, Read & Co. If the six companies come to an agreement, it was reported, the new combination will deal directly with the stockholders of the Asbestos Company of Canada and request them to override the decision of the directors of that company in withdrawing from the combination.

Mining Operations More Active.

Increased activity in mining operations is reflected in many directions, according to a wire yesterday to officials of the Boston-Montana Mining Company here. These advices state that one unit of the mill which now is operating on a two-shift basis will be increased to three shifts a day. This mill treated 1,200 tons of ore in the first ten days of the month on a two-shift basis.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Intensive Buying of Danish and Norwegian Cause Both to Soar—Sterling Firm.

There was a further violent rise in the Danish and Norwegian exchanges again yesterday, buying on a heavy scale carrying the Copenhagen unit forward 27 points to 21.17 cents, highest in several years, and the Oslo remittance 15 points to 18.05 cents, which is about three-eighths of a cent under the high for the year made just about two weeks ago. News that the Danish Government would shortly obtain a big loan here, and an active inquiry by a group of Chicago banks, in behalf of Western brokers, for both Danish and Norwegian bonds, proved the stimulus behind the rise. Later profit-taking canceled part of the earlier gain, but the close was still well above Thursday's final in both bills.

Good size blocks of sterling were also bought and sold, although the London rate continued as firm as previously and over a narrow range of ⅛ cent. Bankers attributed the demand to the sharp rise in crude rubber, and the necessity of importers to cover these purchases of an article which is daily recording new high levels. Holland guilders also proved a strong feature of the list, moving up 7 points to 40.13 cents, but shading this several points at the close. French francs were reactionary, dropping 1¾ points to 4.70¾ cents. Italian lire remained steady at 4.70¾ cents, while Belgian, Swiss and Spanish were lower. Swedish krona advanced 2 points to 26.88 cents. Far Easterns were dull, but there were improved values in the Argentine, Brazil and Uruguay exchanges.

FRIDAY, JULY 17, 1925.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Thursday's Final.	Final.
LONDON	4.85¾	4.85¾	4.85¾	4.85¾
PARIS	4.71	4.69	4.70¾	4.72
ROME	3.71¾	3.69	3.70¾	3.70¾
AMSTERDAM	40.13	40.10	40.11	40.06
BERLIN	23.80	23.80	23.80	23.80
MADRID	14.52	14.49	14.50	14.52
STOCKHOLM	26.88	26.87	26.88	26.86

Closing Rates.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

Europe.

	Fri-day.	Thurs-day.	Week ago.	Year ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.				
Demand	4.85⅝	4.85⅝	4.85¾	4.87⅛
Cables	4.86⅞	4.86⅛	4.86⅛	4.87⅝
Com., 60 days	4.81⅛	4.81⅛	4.81⅛	4.83⅝
Com., 90 days	4.79⅛	4.79⅛	4.79⅛	4.82⅝
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	4.70¾	4.72	4.68	5.10¼
Cables	4.71¼	4.72¼	4.69⅝	5.11
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	3.70¾	3.70¾	3.74½	4.30¼
Cables	3.70½	3.70½	3.74¼	4.30¾
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	4.63⅛	4.64⅛	4.63	4.56⅛
Cables	4.64	4.65	4.63⅛	4.57
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	23.80	23.80	23.80	....
Cables	23.80	23.80	23.80	....
*AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	14.125	14.125	14.125	.00141⅞
Cables	14.125	14.125	14.125	.00141⅝
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	2.96⅝	2.96¼	2.96⅛	2.96¼
Cables	2.96⅝	2.96¼	2.96⅛	2.96¼
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	21.00	20.90	20.45	16.12
Cables	21.00	20.90	20.45	16.14
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.52¼	2.52½	2.52¼	2.51¼
Cables	2.52½	2.52½	2.52½	2.51¾
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	1.58¾	1.61	1.62	1.78
Cables	1.59¼	1.61½	1.63¼	1.76
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	40.06	40.05	40.06	37.90
Cables	40.13	40.08	40.06¼	37.94
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0014	.0014	.00141⅝	.00121⅛
Cables	.0014	.0014	.00141⅝	.00121⅛
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	17.95	17.90	17.85	12.40
Cables	17.97	17.92	17.86	13.42
POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per zloty.				
Demand	19.25	19.25	19.25	19.8
Cables	19.25	19.25	19.26	19.3
PORTUGAL—Par $1.0805 per escudo.				
Demand	5.26	5.26	5.24	2.75
Cables	5.31	5.31	5.29	2.80
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.48¾	.48¾	.49¼	.45¼
Cables	.48¾	.48¾	.49¼	.45¼
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	14.50	14.52	14.51	13.24
Cables	14.51	14.54	14.52	13.26
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	26.86	26.86	26.82	26.60
Cables	26.90	26.88	26.84	26.62
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	19.41¼	19.41¼	19.41	18.20
Cables	19.42¼	19.42¼	19.42	18.22
YUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.76	1.76	1.76	1.18¼
Cables	1.76	1.76	1.76	1.18¼

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.

Hongkong—				
Demand	57.75	57.88	57.25	52.50
Cables	57.875	58.00	57.50	52.675
Shanghai—				
Demand	77.13	77.13	76.88	72.00
Cables	77.25	77.25	77.00	72.125

*INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.

Demand	36.58	36.58	36.63	31.38
Cables	36.70	36.70	36.75	31.50

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS — Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.

Demand	49.50	49.50	49.50	49.25
Cables	49.75	49.75	49.75	49.50

JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.

Demand	41.00	41.00	41.00	37.50

JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.

Demand	41.19	41.23	41.06	41.00
Cables	41.31	41.35	41.18	41.125

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.

Demand	40.375	40.31	40.375	32.43
Cables	40.50	40.43	40.50	32.59

BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.

Demand	11.43	11.25	11.18	10.00
Cables	11.50	11.31	11.25	10.12

CHILE—Par 38.5 cents per paper peso.

Demand	11.65	11.65	11.65	10.06
Cables	11.70	11.70	11.70	10.10

PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound.

Checks	4.10	4.10	4.13	4.12
Cables	4.11	4.11	4.14	4.13

URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.

Demand	98.75	98.87	97.50	76.75
Cables	99.00	98.62	97.75	77.13

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.

Demand	100.03	100.03	100.00	99.52

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows:

Par 51.40 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked.
100-ruble notes	.13	.13
500-ruble notes	.0634	.0634

*Price of one Austrian schilling, representing value of 10,000 Austrian crowns. Previous quotations for crown had been at rate of $14.21½ per million crowns.

SOVIET DOMESTIC LOAN.

Bureau Here Says $154,200,000 Will Be Raised at 10 Per Cent.

The Russian Information Bureau announced yesterday that the Soviet Union would have available $360,000,000 to $385,500,000 from its own resources during the fiscal year 1925-26, "to increase the working capital of its industries by means of long-term credits." The bureau quotes from the text of a statement by G. Y. Sokolnikov, Peoples Commissar for Finances.

According to Sokolnikov, the Soviet Republic has reached a point where industrial rehabilitation can be effected without the help of foreign credits. This is the first assurance of the kind, says the bureau, given by a responsible Soviet officer.

The bureau quotes Sokolnikov as announcing the flotation of a 300,000,000 gold ruble ($154,200,000) Economic Reconstruction Loan in August, to bear interest at 10 per cent. It is proposed to begin redeeming the loan a year hence and to redeem the entire amount by August, 1930. Subscriptions will be voluntary.

TO PAY IN PART ON CHEMICAL BONDS

Holders of Virginia Carolina First Mortgage 7s to Receive $400 on Each $1,000.

RECEIVERSHIP NEAR AN END

Company's Preferred and Common Stocks Sell Off on Report of Proposed Reorganization Terms.

Acting as trustee under the first mortgage of the Virginia Carolina Chemical Company, in receivership, the Central Union Trust Company announced yesterday that on July 21, upon presentation of the first mortgage twenty-five-year 7 per cent. sinking fund gold bonds, Series A, it would make a cash payment of $400 per $1,000 bond. It was stated that the payment would be made out of the proceeds from the sale of the stock of the Southern Cotton Oil Company, which was controlled by the Virginia Carolina Chemical Company. This action, according to statements in the financial district yesterday, is a forerunner of the closing up of the receivership.

The committee representing the bondholders stated that in the case of certificates of deposit bearing the notation of the advance of the instalment of interest due June 1, 1924, a deduction would be made at the rate of $37.38 per $1,000 bond from the payment, such deduction to be applied to the repayment of said advance with interest at the rate of 6 per cent from June 3, 1924, to July 1, 1925.

Both the common and the preferred stocks of the Virginia Carolina Chemical Company sold off sharply on the Stock Exchange yesterday upon the publication of the proposed terms of reorganization. These terms could not be confirmed in official quarters, but they affected the market, as more favorable terms had been looked for in the financial district. It is expected, however, that an official announcement of the terms of the reorganization will be issued soon.

According to reports in the financial district, the proposed plan of reorganization provides for the entire elimination of the company's funded debt. Holders of the $24,500,000 first mortgage bonds, it is stated, will receive 50 per cent. in cash and 50 per cent in 7 per cent. prior preference stock, the additional stock being for the purpose of paying back interest on these bonds. The holders of the $12,500,000 7 per cent. convertible bonds, it is stated, will receive about $14,000,000 of 6 per cent. preferred stock, to cover both bonds and back interest.

In addition to the preferred stock, it is understood that the new company will have an authorized issue of 500,000 shares of common stock. Holders of the present preferred stock, it is stated, will receive one-half share of new common stock for each share of preferred stock now held, while holders of the present common stock will receive one-fifteenth of a share of new common stock. In addition it is stated that the common stock holders will be permitted to subscribe for the new common stock at $10 a share to the extent of 100 per cent. of their present holdings.

DISCUSSES MANISTEE LINE.

Taussig Says Wabash Might Buy It if Assured of a Profit.

The Wabash Railroad would be interested in the purchase of the Manistee & Northeastern Railroad, which runs from Manistee to Traverse City and Grayling, Mich., if it could be shown that the road could be operated at a profit, J. F. Taussig, President of the Wabash, said yesterday.

Wabash ownership of the Ann Arbor, Mr. Taussig added, will enable his system to effectively meet competition in the Chicago area. In the past the Wabash has been compelled to look to the Southwest for a greater part of its eastbound traffic. The Ann Arbor will provide a gateway to the Northwest.

BUYS BIG MAINE SYSTEM.

Middlewest Utilities Co. Acquires $30,000,000 Power Concern.

CHICAGO, July 17 (AP).—Acquisition of the controlling interest in the Central Maine Power Company was announced today by the Middlewest Utilities Company. The Maine organization has approximately $30,000,000 invested in hydroelectric projects, serving 193 communities, about one-third of the State's population.

Through subsidiary operating companies, the Middlewest Utilities Company now furnishes utility services to 1,269 communities in eighteen States.

Williams on Canario Copper Board.

Frank Williams, President of the Broadway Central Bank, has been elected a member of the board and Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Canario Copper Company, operating two mines in Sonora, Mexico. The corporation's half-year report as of July 15 shows $1,860,000 of assets, with no liabilities. The mines have been in process of development since 1919.

HAND-TO-MOUTH BUYING DESCRIBED AS SOUND

Banker Asserts Expanded Facilities in Credit, &c., Make for Big Future Purchases.

Melvin A. Traylor, President of the First National Bank of Chicago, at a recent convention of Montana bankers expressed the opinion that the new method of conducting the business of the country—that is, by hand-to-mouth buying—is very soundly entrenched, and expressed the opinion that it is sane and makes for steadier and more wholesome conditions.

"With greatly expanded facilities for manufacture, with the best transportation system in the world, and with assured credit facilities for handling the needs of business, it would seem unreasonable that we should in the near future resort to the old method of speculation such as is inseparably tied up with large future commitments in anticipation of buying demands," he said. "If we will preserve our transportation system in its present state of efficiency, together with a credit structure as only the Federal Reserve System can guarantee, I feel we need have no apprehension, but on the contrary sound optimism for the future."

MORE STOCK FOR WORKERS.

Armour & Co. Report Great Progress in Employe Ownership.

F. Edson White, President of Armour & Co., said yesterday that many of the employes had finished paying for stock on the deferred payment plan and that in view of this the company had acquired an additional amount to be offered to the employes at advantageous prices. He said that subscriptions so far exceeded expectations that it had become necessary to pro rate this stock and that subscriptions for more than one or two shares were cut approximately 60 per cent.

Mr. White said that out of 80,000 stockholders of Armour & Co., approximately one-half were employes.

Activity in Plumbing Supplies.

An uncertain price situation in the plumbing and heating industry is not preventing the shipment of goods in substantial volume, according to Domestic Engineering. Actual needs continue to account for a steady drain on jobbers' stocks, says this publication.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	80.51	79.98	80.12	+.18
25 industrials	149.66	148.21	149.13	+.70
50 stocks	115.08	114.09	114.62	+.26

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
July 16	114.79	113.20	114.62	+.37
July 15	114.39	113.58	114.09	+.37
July 14	113.02	113.22	113.72	+.37
July 13	113.79	113.09	113.35	+.10
July 11	113.41	113.04	113.25	+.20
July 10	113.81	112.94	113.34	—.25

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS

July.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1925	115.08 July 17	112.54 July 3	114.62
1924	94.11 July 31	88.47 July 3	93.74
1923	93.56 July 23	77.27 July 31	77.62
1922	84.50 July 31	79.30 July 1	80.87
1921	65.60 July 7	61.54 July 15	63.76
1920	86.06 July 9	78.27 July 27	79.84

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1925	114.75 July 8	101.16 Mar. 30	114.62
†1924	91.27 July 18	82.26 Apr. 22	90.87

Full Years.

1924	107.23 Dec. 31	82.26 Apr. 22	106.72
1923	93.52 Mar. 1	77.15 Oct. 22	93.15
1922	92.66 Oct. 18	66.21 Jan. 10	86.53
1921	73.13 May 6	58.35 June 21	68.50
1920	94.07 Apr. 8	62.70 Dec. 22	67.96
1919	99.59 Nov. 5	69.73 Jan. 21	89.69

DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	84.84	—.03	—.50	+3.14

DAILY RANGE OF 40 DOMESTIC BONDS.

July 16	84.37 +.01	July 7	84.72 +.14
July 15	84.36 +.05	July 6	84.58 +.02
July 14	84.31 —.13	July 3	84.56 —.06
July 13	84.44 —.08	July 2	84.61 +.10
July 11	84.45 —.15	July 1	84.51 —.01
July 10	84.60 —.12	June 30	84.52 +.17
July 9	84.72 +.01	June 29	84.35 —.19
July 8	84.71 —.01	June 27	84.54 —.09

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1925	85.10 May 2	81.93 Jan. 2	84.54
†1924	81.20 July 18	76.95 Jan. 2	81.20

Full Years.

1924	82.46 Dec. 4	76.95 Jan. 2	81.90
1923	79.43 Jan. 3	75.58 Oct. 2	76.71
1922	82.54 Aug. 23	75.01 Jan. 2	79.12
1921	78.31 Nov. 29	67.56 June 20	78.27
1920	77.14 Oct. 7	63.59 May 21	65.66
1919	79.65 June 2	71.05 Dec. 18	72.00

FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
10 Govt. issues	.102.41	—.06	—.30	+2.66

DAILY RANGE OF FOREIGN BONDS.

July 16	.102.47 +.04	July 6	.102.42 —.01
July 15	.102.43 —.04	July 3	.102.43 +.08
July 14	.102.47 —.04	July 2	.102.35 +.05
July 13	.102.51 —.04	July 1	.102.31 —.06
July 11	.102.55 —.02	June 30	.102.23 —.01
July 10	.102.57 —.06	June 29	.102.24 —.02
July 9	.102.63 +.13	June 27	.102.26 +.06
July 8	.102.53 —.03	June 26	.102.32 —.03
July 7	.102.56 +.14	June 25	.102.35 —.09

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1925	103.05 June 4	104.04 Jan. 2	102.41
†1924	100.55 June 28	97.71 Jan. 5	99.81

Full Years.

1924	102.85 Nov. 26	97.71 Jan. 5	101.10
1923	101.14 June 7	96.92 Jan. 30	97.85
1922	103.10 Apr. 17	97.40 Nov. 14	99.91

*To date.
†To corresponding date last year.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Page Fourteen.

1925 High.	1925 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
39¾	30	400	U. S. Smelt., R. & M. (3)	39¾	39¾	38½	39¼	— ⅝	39	39¾
46¼	44	100	U. S. Sm., R. & M. pf. (3½)	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾	— ⅝	45	46¼
129¾	112¾	24,700	U. S. Steel (7)	118¾	119¾	118¼	119¼	+ ¾	119¼	119¾
129⅝	122¼	300	U. S. Steel pf. (7)	124¼	124¾	124¼	124½	+ ⅜	124½	125
110⅞	105⅝	100	U. S. Tobacco pf. (7)	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞	+ 4⅞	109⅝	111
50⅞	28½	6,100	Universal Pipe & Radiator	34½	34⅞	30¾	34⅛	+ ⅞	34	34⅜
94	85	1,000	Universal Pipe & R. pf. (7)	70	71¾	69¾	71¼	+ 1¼	71¼	71¾
34⅜	25⅝	1,200	Vanadium Corporation (2)	31¾	31¾	31¼	31¼	— ½	31¼	31⅝
8¾	2⅝	13,000	Va.-Caro. Chemical	5⅝	5¾	4	4	— 1½	4¼	4⅜
4⅞	1	300	Va.-Caro. Chem., Class B	2⅞	2⅞	2½	2½	— ⅜	2	3
23¼	8¼	23,200	Va.-Caro. Chemical pf.	15⅜	15⅞	14⅝	14½	— 3½	14¼	14⅝
109⅜	74	1,900	Vivaudou	74½	74½	74½	74½	— ½	74½	75¼
123	64⅞	200	Virginia Ry. & Power	120	120½	120	120¾	+ ¾	120½	121
34½	19⅝	5,000	Wabash	32	32¾	32	32¾	+ ¾	32¾	32⅝
68⅝	55¾	4,200	Wabash pf. A (5)	67⅜	67⅞	67⅜	67⅞	+ ⅝	67½	67¾
19⅛	15⅞	100	Waldorf System (1¼)	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛	15⅝	16
69	37¼	5,100	Ward's Baking, Class B	66⅜	68¾	66⅜	67	+ 1	67	67¼
50¼	43	400	Warren Brothers (4)	49¼	49¼	49	49	— ¼	48⅝	49
145	105	100	West Penn Co. (4)	126	126	126	126	— 2½	128	129
99	94	200	West Penn Co. pf. (7)	98¼	99	98¼	99	+ ½	98¼	99½
117½	113¾	300	Western Electric pf. (7)	114¾	114¾	114¼	114¼	— ¾	114	115
17¾	11	1,400	Western Maryland	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛	15⅝	15½
26¾	16	400	Western Maryland 2d pf.	23¾	23¾	23	23¼	— ⅜	22¾	23
55	32½	600	Western Pacific (5a)	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	+ ¼	34¾	34¾
100	84½	100	Western Pacific pf. (6a)	87	87	87	87		86½	87¼
137½	116¼	1,300	Western Union Tel. (7)	132	133	132	133	+ ¼	132½	133
84	66¾	6,900	Westinghouse E. & M. (4)	74	74¾	73½	73⅝	— ⅜	73½	73⅝
86¾	79¾	100	Westinghouse In. pf. (4)	85	85	85	85	— ¼	83	87
17⅝	9¾	1,000	Weston Elec. Instrument	15¾	15¾	15¼	15¼	— ⅜	15¼	15¾
28½	19⅝	200	Weston El. Inst., Cl. A (2)	24½	24⅞	24½	24⅞	+ ⅛	24⅝	25
21⅜	10⅜	4,600	Wheeling & Lake Erie	21	21	19¾	19¾	— 1⅛	19¾	19¼
47⅜	22	9,100	Wheeling & Lake Erie pf.	46⅞	46⅞	42⅜	43⅜	— 3¼	43	43½
31⅜	25⅝	800	White Eagle Oil (2)	29¼	29	28¾	29⅛		28¾	28⅞
76	57⅝	2,200	White Motors (4)	73¾	74	73¼	73¾		73¼	73¾
45¼	39½	300	White Rock M. Spr. rcts. (12)	40¼	41¼	40¼	41¼	+ ¼	41	41¾
5¾	3¼	600	Wickwire-Spen. Steel ctfs.	4	4	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛	3⅞	4
24½	9¼	13,900	Willys-Overland	20¾	20¾	19¼	19¾	— ¾	19¾	19¾
111	72½	1,000	Willys-Overland pf. (7)	104½	104½	104	104½		104	104½
13⅜	5¼	200	Wilson & Co.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾		6¾	6¾
164⅜	112⅞	2,100	Woolworth (F. W.) Co. (3)	160¾	161¾	160¾	161		161	161¼
79⅜	36¾	100	Worthington Pump	41¼	41¾	41¼	41¾	— 1¼	41	42½
32⅝	16	2,300	Wright Aeronautical (1)	30¾	30¾	30	30¾	+ ⅛	30⅜	31
52⅞	45½	100	Wrigley (Wm. Jr.) (12½)	51	51	51	51	— 1	51	52
49¾	33½	600	Yellow Cab Mfg. (2.52)	43	43½	43	43⅝	+ ⅛	43⅜	43¾
7	4½	1,400	Famous Players-Lasky	6¼	6⅜	5¾	5⅞	— ⅛	5⅞	6
15	13	4,500	Mack Trucks	14½	14⅞	14½	14⅝	+ ⅛	14⅝	14⅞
2	1⅛	1,800	People's Gas, Chi., cash	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜			
3	1	2,000	Public Service, N. J.	1	1	1	1			
24½	17¾	200	Reading	18¼	18¾	18¼	18½	+ ⅜	18	18¾
⅞	⅝	1,800	Schulte Retail Stores	¾	¾	¾	¾			

Dividend rates as given in the above table are the annual cash payments based on the latest quarterly or half-yearly declarations. Unless otherwise noted, extra or special dividends are not included.

*Partly stock. †Partly extra. ‡Plus 4% in stock payable 1% quarterly. §Payable in preferred stock. ‖Plus 9% in stock payable 1½% quarterly. aAlso one share of common and preferred stock on each six outstanding.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JULY 17, 1925.

	Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Year Ago.	2 Years Ago.	1925.	1924.	1923.
U. S. Gov't bonds	$953,800	$703,350	$1,169,750	$1,360,200	$216,353,010	$566,478,260	$479,500,360
Other domestic bonds	8,057,500	7,278,000	11,537,000	4,180,500	1,430,444,375	1,177,728,700	932,222,400
Foreign bonds	2,021,000	2,399,500	1,930,500	1,100,500	401,674,600	275,133,200	282,085,400
Total all bonds	$11,032,300	$10,380,850	$14,637,250	$6,641,200	$2,048,471,985	$2,019,340,160	$1,694,808,160

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue—High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range 1925—High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Yield.
100.1	Oct. 19, '22	96.1	June 2, '21	101.29	100.19	314	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	100.27	100.27	100.20	100.23	— .5	100.20	100.24	3.38
102.28	Oct. 10, '22	96.4	July 11, '21	101.23	100.25	10	Liberty 3½s, registered	100.25	100.25

ROADS TO SPEED UP FOODSTUFF TRAFFIC

Additional Terminal and Yard Facilities Will Be Ready Here in the Fall.

A BOON FOR PERISHABLES

Twenty Per Cent. Increase in the Shipment of Grapes From California Is Looked For.

Railroad improvements are now under construction in the metropolitan district which will facilitate the steadily increasing shipments of grain and perishables, it is reported by F. J. Cleave, New York district manager of the American Railway Association. The improvements consist of additional terminal and yard facilities, new float bridges and various trackage improvements. All of this work, it is said, will speed up the flow of traffic in the downtown port district and be particularly useful in the handling of fresh fruits and vegetables this fall.

The biggest increase in perishables will be in the shipment of California grapes this Fall, which are expected to run 20 per cent. ahead of last year. In 1924 the shipments of table and juice grapes amounted to approximately 55,000 carloads. In reviewing the projected railroad improvements, which will play an important part in handling this additional traffic, Mr. Cleave said:

"Work on the new float bridge by the Pennsylvania Railroad at Greenville is progressing satisfactorily to the end that the exchange between the Brooklyn terminals and the Long Island and New Haven Railroads may improve materially. Also the construction of the new float bridges at Long Island City is under way in addition to enlarged yard facilities.

"The Lackawanna Railroad has made considerable yard improvements at Hoboken, which will enable it to handle the perishable situation better during the coming season. The Erie Railroad has under way at Monmouth Street very important and large improvements, which will further work toward this end. This improvement consists of nine tracks, with three display platforms to hold approximately 170 cars and which will be an important adjunct to their tracks at Pavonia, N. J. The construction calls for the completion of this work by Aug. 15. This means a material help to the trade in providing a greater segregation of juice grapes during the coming season.

"The Lehigh Valley Railroad at Grand Street, through a new arrangement of trackage, will also be in position to handle more juice grapes than they did last year."

STANDARD POWER DIVIDEND.

Initial Payment of $1.75 on Preferred—Other Declarations.

Directors of the Standard Power & Light Company, of Delaware yesterday declared an initial quarterly dividend of $1.75 a share on the cumulative preferred stock, payable Aug. 1, to stockholders of record July 16.

The De Beers Consolidated Mines, Inc., has declared a dividend of 97 cents a share on the Central Union Trust Company certificates for American shares, payable Aug. 3, to stockholders of record July 27.

The Metropolitan Chain Stores, Inc., announced the declaration of the regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 a share on the first and second preferred stocks, payable Aug. 1, to stockholders of record July 20.

The regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 a share was declared on the preferred stock of Issac Silver Brothers & Company, payable Aug. 1, to stockholders of record July 30.

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM NET.

$6,090,092 for June Quarter, as Against $3,949,053 Last Year.

The statement of earnings of the Phillips Petroleum Company for the June quarter and the first half of 1925 shows large gains in gross and net income, compared to the corresponding periods last year, because of higher prices.

For the quarter ended June 30, the company reports gross earnings of $9,249,540, against $6,864,382 in the same quarter last year. After all expenses and allowances for taxes and interest, but before reserves for depreciation, depletion and inventory adjustment, the company reports net earnings of $6,090,092, against $3,949,053. For the six months ended June 30, the company reports gross earnings of $17,069,600, against $12,218,469 in 1924. After deductions and before reserves, the company reports $10,468,494 net, against $7,621,700 last year.

OIL REPORT READY AUG. 7.

American Petroleum Institute's Committee Ends Survey.

The American Petroleum Institute yesterday announced that the report of the Committee of Eleven, which made a survey of the oil resources of the United States, will be ready for distribution Aug. 7. The report considers the demand for petroleum products during the next fifty years.

It also presents estimates of the volume of oil which may be expected from existing fields; indications as to possible discoveries of new fields; methods of possible recovery of liquid fuels from the country's vast deposits of oil shale, coal and lignites; calculations on the future population and industrial growth of the country; the probable increase in the number of automobiles and oil-consuming engines, and discussion of mechanical changes which will conserve oil through more efficient utilization.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The New York Trust Company has been appointed agent for receiving subscriptions to The United Light and Power Company Class A common stock.

Frank T. Stanton, who for the last two months had been at his London office, has returned to this city.

Elbert H. Gary, Charles M. Schwab and Robert Lansing see prosperity for Cuba, according to special statements by them appearing in the Cuba Commercial and Financial Magazine.

Albert Kastan of Manowitch & Filer was the principal speaker at yesterday's session of the Standard Bank Forum.

McClave & Co. have issued a circular on Wright Aeronautical Corporation.

C. F. Childs & Co. are distributing the initial issue of their investment bulletin dealing with Farm Loan bonds.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Per.	Pay. riod.	Holders able of Record.
Bigelow-H. Carpet	$1.50	Q	Aug. 1	July 15
Do pf	1.50	Q	Aug. 1	July 15
Bras. Tr., L. & P., pf	1	Q	Sept. 1	July 31
De Beers Mines	97½c		Aug. 27	July 27
Dominion Bridge	1	Q	Aug. 15	July 31
McCord Radiator, B	50	Q	Aug. 1	July 20
Mex. Chain S., 1st pf.	1½	Q	Aug. 1	July 20
Do 2d pf	1½	Q	Aug. 1	July 20
Pac. Pwr. & Lt. pf.	1¾	Q	Aug. 1	July 18
Silver (I) & Bros. pf.	1.75	Q	Aug. 1	July 20
Smith (A. O.) Corp.	.25	Q	Aug. 15	Aug. 1
Do pf	1.75	Q	Aug. 15	Aug. 1
S. O. of Ohio pf	1.75	Q	Sep. 1	July 31
Stand. Pwr. & Lt. cl. A				
Com. cum. pf	$1.75	Q	Aug. 1	July 18
Stand. Pwr. & Lt. cl. B				
Maryland pf	1.75	Q	Aug. 1	July 15
Sugar Est. of Or. pf	2	Q	Aug. 1	July 15

Increased dividend.

RESERVOIR BOND SALE TO GO ON DESPITE SUIT

Railroad Seeks to Test Constitutionality of $2,000,000 Issue for Sacandaga Project.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 17.—Filing of papers in the Fulton County Clerk's office today in the suit of Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville Railway Company, to test the constitutionality of the sale of $2,000,000 bonds for the construction of the Conklinville Dam and Sacandaga Reservoir will not halt the sale, Major Ranulf Compton, Secretary of Hudson River Regulating Commission, said tonight. The State Controller will sell the bonds Tuesday.

It was announced that former Governor Nathan L. Miller will handle the litigation for the State. Under the project three villages will give way to reservoir space, while seven miles of a single track railroad owned by the F. J. and G. Company, will be inundated between Northville and Mayville.

In its suit the railroad company names as joint defendants the State Commission, Controller, the Adirondack Light and Power Company, the Indian River Company, International Paper Company, Union Bag and Paper Corporation, Finch, Pruyn & Co., and the General Electric Company.

Secretary Compton in a statement issued tonight declared the summons and complaint served on the commission "is the culmination of a threat that was made at the public hearing in December, 1923, by the attorneys for the railroad that they would attempt to force the commission to pay more than a million dollars for about seven miles of their branch railroad."

Major Compton said that the commission had made an offer of $500,000 to the Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville Railroad in January.

"Since the F. J. & G. Company declined to accept the offer of the commission and asked for the exorbitant price of $4,000,000, the commission filed notice of appropriation and condemnation on the railroad company property April 17, 1925.

"The fact that the railroad company took no action on this notice of appropriation until a few days before the issue of bonds is to be sold, speaks for itself."

In the complaint filed today it is alleged that the commission and the power and paper companies are in a conspiracy to obtain possession and control of streams for power generation for private gain and not for public purposes."

CRUDE RUBBER $1.20; ALL GRADES ADVANCE

Steady Buying at New High Prices Continues—London Market Also Strong.

There was another bulge in the crude rubber market yesterday, the demand for spot smoked sheets carrying it to $1.20, a gain of 3½ cents over Thursday, while the advance in other grades ran from 1 to 5 cents per pound. Brokers said that nothing like this price for plantation rubber has been paid at any time in the history of the staple, except, perhaps, for the "wild" rubber which comes from Brazil, and was made just prior to the World War.

The buying of spot at the new high was in just as measured a volume as previously, as stocks are not overplentiful and the seller commands whatever price he wants, depending upon the urgency of the buyer.

The market for the Paras continued a feature, as on Thursday, the price going to $1.05, an increase of 3 cents over the previous figure. In one quarter it was reported that a prominent American buyer paid $1.07 for Paras in the Brazilian market. The season for production is about closed for this grade, new production not being expected before next year, and it was this condition that forced the American purchase in Brazil at the sharp advance over Thursday.

According to a statement of exports from London to this country for the first six months of this year, issued by the Department of Commerce yesterday, rubber shipments to the United States aggregated $20,201,722, compared with $7,893,926 for the same period in 1924. For last month arrivals totaled $2,082,140 compared with $480,287 in the same month last year. Qualification of this tremendous increase in the cost of rubber today, compared with the early year, is shown in the range for the staple to date from January, which puts the high price at $1.20, reached yesterday, and 34½ cents, established in mid-January.

Quotations for the principal grades, spot and later months, follow:

	Spot.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
Ribbed smoked sheets	1.20	$1.18	$1.14	$1.07	$1.00
Brown crepe, clean	1.08	1.06	1.04	.97	.93
1st latex crepe	1.20	1.18	1.14	1.07	1.00
Amber, No. 3	1.06	1.06	1.04	.97	.93
Fine up-river para	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.00

Reclaimed rubber—Tire reclaimed 9¼ cents, shoe reclaimed 9 cents, tube reclaimed 18½ cents.

The London market was also strong, cables coming over up 1d., at 54d.

CENTRAL AMERICA ROADS UP

Lisman & Co. Reports June Rise for International Railways.

J. J. Lisman & Co. report June earnings of the International Railways of Central America as follows:

June gross amounted to $434,650, compared with $363,147 in June last year; balance after taxes, $159,000, compared with $134,678; six months' gross, $3,236,050, against $2,673,318 for the same period in 1924, and balance after taxes reached $1,452,031, compared with $1,282,005 in 1924.

$30,000,000 Oil Merger Rumored.

Negotiations to merge the Independent Oil and Gas Company, controlled by William C. Durant, and the Waite Phillips Company, the largest individual producing and refining company in the mid-continent district, are reported to have begun yesterday with the arrival in this city of E. H. Moore, President of the independent company. About $30,000,000 is involved. Mr. Moore, who is stopping at the Pennsylvania, refused to discuss the report. William C. Durant also declined to comment.

Asks to Issue $40,000,000 of Bonds.

WASHINGTON, July 17 (AP).—The Central Pacific Railroad asked the Interstate Commerce Commission today to approve an issue by it for $40,000,000 in 5 per cent. bonds. The funds are to reimburse the Central Pacific for expenditures on additions and betterments.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Copper, electrolytic		14.30		14.15
Tin, std. spot	38.30		37.75	
Lead, N. Y. spot	6.40		6.40	
Zinc, N. Y. spot	7.55		7.55	
Antimony	17.00		17.00	
Quicksilver	84.00		84.00	
Aluminum	27.00		27.00	
Iron, 2X Silicon	22.75	23.00	22.75	23.00

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	61	17	6	61	15	0
Copper, futures	62	17	6	62	15	0
Tin, spot	268	15	0	270	10	0
Tin, futures	265	5	0	267	10	0
Spelter, spot	24	17	6	24	15	0
Spelter, futures	24	10	0	24	5	0
Lead, spot	24	10	0	24	5	0
Lead, futures	24	12	6	24	15	0

SUMMER SLUMP IS MILD THIS YEAR

Recession Is Far Less Pronounced Than Usual, the Trade Reviews Find.

SOME LINES AT CAPACITY

Good Crop Prospects Are Stimulating Buying—Building Continues to Set Records.

Favorable business conditions for this season of the year are noted by the weekly trade reviews, R. G. Dun & Co. being more optimistic than Bradstreet's. The recessions in industry which ordinarily follow at this time are not so pronounced as a year ago, particularly in the automobile industry. Earnings statements and railroad traffic signify prosperity, while building activity continues at unprecedented levels.

Bradstreet's review will say:

"Midsummer conditions and the desire to await developments among the later sown crops make for a certain degree of quiet, but most of the usual measures point to a fully fair volume of business doing. In this respect occupying a sort of middle ground between the full activities of last Autumn and the depressed conditions of last year at this time.

"Summer apparel is enjoying a good sale, this necessitating a fair fill-in trade from jobbers. Industry, except possibly building lines, shows a natural quieting, but here the spottiness of buying is perhaps best illustrated by the capacity operations in cement production and shipment and the active operations at silk mills, set over against which is the 60 to 75 per cent. of capacity operations in iron and steel, as against the 45 to 50 per cent. operations of a year ago."

R. G. Dun & Co.'s review says:

"The wholesale dry goods markets are broadening, and buyers from the West and South are in wholesale centres in unusual numbers, and expect a steady trade based on good crops and improved credit conditions of retail dealers in agricultural sections. There is, furthermore, some early resumption of activity at the mills. Many of the New England shoe manufacturers have resumed operations after the short holiday, and the leather markets show some improvement, while hides make further advances."

TO LAY GAS LINE IN TEXAS.

Moody Gulf Co. Will Construct $6,000,000 Pipe to Run 150 Miles.

A new natural gas line will be laid in Texas at a cost of $6,000,000, according to advices received in the financial district yesterday. The line, which will extend more than 150 miles, will serve consumers in and around Houston.

The line, it is reported, will be laid by the Moody Gulf Gas Company. Contract for the work was let to the Hope Engineering and Supply Company of Ohio, and the pipe to be used in laying the line will be produced by the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company. Work on the line will be started immediately, and it is expected operations will begin before the close of the year.

Alcohol Sales Double Last Year's.

Officials of the National Distillers' Products Corporation announced yesterday that the company's business is running approximately 100 per cent. ahead of 1924. They estimate the sales of alcohol at between 16,000,000 and 18,000,000 gallons this year, as compared with 8,000,000 gallons last year.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government, municipal and miscellaneous bonds issued in this country and in American currency values in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Canada, S. f. 7s, 1949	M. & N. 99⅞	100
Carlsbad 8s, 1954	M. & N. 104	106
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	M. & N. 114	114½
City of Berne 8s, 1945	M. & N. 109	109½
City of Ft. Alegre 8s, '61	J. & D. 95½	96½
City of Christiania 6s, '54	M. & S. 97⅜	98⅜
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1904	M. & S.	99¾
Danish Mun. 8s, Ser. A	46 F. & A.	110¾
Danish Mun. 8s, Ser. B	46 F. & A.	110¾
El Salvador 8s, 1948	J. & J.	104½
Japanese 4s, 1931	J. & J.	83¾
City of Marseilles 6s	'34 M. & N.	84½
U. S. of Mexico 4s		35
U. S. of Mex. 5s, 1954	A. & O.	10¼
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1945	A. & O. Jan.	33
U. S. of Mexico 6s, 1913	J. & J.	36½
Mex. Irrig. W'ks 7½s	'43 M. & S.	16½
Mortgage 5s, 1966	J. & D.	10½
Dominican Rep 5s, 1958	F. & A.	102¾
U. S. S. Cons. 5s, 1937	J. & J.	94¾

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	103¼	103⅝
2s, c, 1930	103⅛	103⅜
2s, r, 1940	96⅜	96⅝
2s, c, 1940	96	96¼
Pan 2s, r, 1936	101⅛	101⅜
Pan 2s, c, 1938	101⅛	101⅜

	Bid.	Asked.
Pan 2s, r, 1961	96	96⅜
Pan 2s, c, 1961	96	96⅜
P I 4s, '24	99	99
P I 4s, '25-42	92	93
P I 4s, '38-58	92	93

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adv R. pr.		53½
Alb & Sus.	202	
Alis & W.	106	
All Rty.	130	
Am B Not.	190	
Do pf.	84½	85
Am B Sug.	35¾	39½
Do pf.	86½	87½
Am Br Shoe & Fdy.	106	107½
A Can pf.	118½	119
Am Chicle.	50	51
Do pf ctf.	93	
Do ctf.	48	49¼
Am Exp.	138	140
Am & F P pf	92¼	94
Am H & L pf	67½	68½
Am Ice pf	84½	85
Am L & P pf	96	98
Am Lp pf.	119	121
Art M pf.	113¾	115
Am Piano pf	95	96
Am Rad'r pf	122½	
Am Ry Ex	76½	77
Am S & R pf	111¼	111
Am Snuff.	142	144
Do pf.	99½	102
Am Sti M pf	111¼	111¾
Am Su Tob pf	98¼	100
Am Tob	79	82
Am T & O	40	41
Am Tpp F pf	107¼	110
Am W W pf	82½	90½
E 7% pf	90½	99½
Am Wsale pf	96	99
Am W Pap ctfs	1¾	2
Ann Arr pf	54½	56½
Arch D M	96	97½
Arnold C.	9	9¾
Art. Loom.	43½	44
Do pf	101¼	102¾
Ass'd Ry	1¼	1½
Asso D G	5	6
1st pf	96	99
Do 2d pf.	106⅜	107½
Atl. B & A	4⅞	5
Atl. R'pf.	118	118
Atlas Pow pf	92¼	94
Aust. Nich pf	91½	92½
Auto Sales	4	5
Do pf.	15	16
Bald Loco pf	110¾	111¾
Bald-L-W pf	106	107
Barker Bros pf	96	98
Barnet Leath pf	96	102½
Bayuk Cig 1st pf	95	96
Do 2d pf	95	
Beech Cr.	38½	40
B'nut pf.	114½	117½
Bl'tha pf.	70	
Booth Fish 1st pf	35	45
Br Em 8s	14¾	25
Do 1st pf	22	25
Do 2d pf	5	7½
Brown Shoe pf	105½	106½
Brunz Ter	5	6
B. R. & P.	77	83¾
Do pf.	96	98½
Buf & Sus	70	82½
Do pf.	80½	82½
Burns Bros A	103½	105
Do pf.	81½	85½
Bus Ter 4	114	117½
Bush Term Bldg. pf.	95	99½
Butterick	19¾	20½
Can Bud.	37½	
Case Th M pf	77	80
Cent R M	32½	33½
Do pf.	48	50
Certain-teed 1st pf.	98	98
Do 2d pf	88	90
Chi & E I pf	43	46

	Bid.	Asked.
C & O ctfs	92¾	
Do pf.	108¾	109¼
Do ctfs.	105¾	
C. R. I. & P.	2	1
Do pf.	96¼	96¾
Do 6% pf	84	85
Chi. St. P.	42	46
Do pf.	42	47
Do pf.	85	95
Do pf rts	88	96
C. C. C. & St. L.	106	160
Do pf.	106	
Cleve & P	70	
Do spec.	44	
Cluett P.	63½	64
Do pf.	102	106
Coca-C pf	99½	100
Col F & I pf	100	112
Col South	67½	60
Do 1st pf.	93¾	64½
Do 2d pf	57½	60
Colo Fuel pf	106½	
Com'l Inv Tr pf	92	96¾
Do pf.	102	106½
Conley Tin	1	2
Foil sta.	¾	1
Cont Can pf	112	120
Cont Ins.	112	113¾
Corn Prod pf	123¾	
Cox Carp	46	47
Cru Stl	95½	96
Cuba C Su	11¼	11⅜
Cuba R R pf	88	
Cushman's Sons	73½	75
Do 7% pf.	101	
Do 8% pf.	100	
Deere & Co pf	99	100
Del. L&W.	130½	141½
Det H & M	75	
Det &Mack	40	
Do pf.	60	
Devoe & R 1st pf	102	
Douglas P	19	19½
Dul. S S pf	2¾	3¼
Durham H pf	95	65
Eastman Kodak pf.	112	
Elec Pr Lt pf.	103¼	111
Em H C.	10	11¼
Do pf.	20	35
Emerson B	1¼	2
Do pf.	7¼	9
Emp Pow	1	1½
Do pf.	4	5
Endicott J pf	101	
Equit Off Buildings pf	85½	

	Bid.	Asked.
Gulf S St	103	106
Hackensack Water	17½	
Hanna 1st pf	47	49
Hayes W pf	103¼	104
Hav E R	109	115¼
Heime (G W)	69	70¼
Hock Val.	132	140
Homestake	44¼	45
Hydraulic Steel pf.	5	7¼
Ill Cen.	114	115
Do pf.	115¼	116¾
Indian Mot	17	18
Do pf.	87½	
Indian Ref pf	83	90
Ingersoll-R pf	100	115
Inland.	32	
pf	107	
Int Agri pf ctfs	55	
Int Nickel pf	98¾	99
Int Paper pf	79½	80½
Int Ays of G Am pf	65¼	66
Int Salt	72	76
I'type Cor.	20	22
Iowa Cen.	1¼	2
Iron Prod.	52½	70
Jewel T pf	100	108
Joliet & C	126¼	
Jones & L pf	114	115
Kelly Spt pf	65	71
Do 1st pf	67½	68
Kelsey Wh	7	9
Do pf.	110	
Kinney(GR) Co	83	86
Do pf.	97	97½
Kresge (S S)	454½	500
Kresge D S pf	92	96¾
Kress(SH).	350	450
Do pf.	117	
Kym'n B	25	27
Do pf.	98½	
Lac G pf.	80	90
Ligg & My pf	122	122
Lima Loco	61	63
L-W Bisct 1st pf.	106	
Do 2d pf	104	
Loew's	110¼	117
McC'y pf.	108	110
Mack Trucks 1st pf.	110	111
M'Kee Cos.	105¾	108¾
A 1 pf.	94¼	95¼
Macy (RH) pf x d.	115	117
Mah. Coal.	260	
Mal'son 1st pf.	57¾	91¼
Man Beach	½	2¼
Man Shirt pf.	110	116¼
Manat. S.	50¾	84
Do pf.	79¾	84
Manila El.	41	43
Mkt St Ry	8	8¾
Do pf.	25	35
Marlin-R pf	80	85
Mathieson Alk pf.	100	
May D St pf.	120	125
Max Pet.	270	300
Mich Cen.	515	600
M Cit Pet pf	92	93½
M. St P. & S S M. pf	35	38
Do pf.	50	60
Do less	1	59½
Mor Jer.	90½	95
Mull Body	15¾	18
Do pf.	51¼	56
Mun'wear	34¾	35
Nash Motors pf	106	106¾
N C & St L	145	150
Nat C & S pf	101	102
Nat Enam	31¼	31⅝
Nat Ld pf.	117	119½
N Rys M 1st pf.	4⅛	5
Nat Supply pf	107	110
Npt N & H R G & E.		105
Do pf.	85	105
N O. T. & M.	120¼	121½
NY Can'rs pf	96½	98
N Y C & St L.	123	124
Do ctfs.	122½	
Do pf.	91	91½
N Y L & W pf	102	
N Y Rys pf ctfs.	278	283
N Y S Rys	33	36
Do pf.	58½	70
N Y Steam pf	101½	102
N L & O Pow pf.	107¼	109¼
N F Pow.	70	76
Do pf.	24	25¼
Nort P W pf	78	80
Nor Cent.	80	81
Ogden Gas	44½	45¾
Otis El pf.	106	110
Owens Bot pf	111½	113
Pac Coast.	32	35
Pac Lt pf.	63	72
Do M pf	41	45
Pac Mail.	10	10¾
Pack M C pf	110¾	112

	Bid.	Asked.
Pan P & R	3¼	4
Para Rub.	32½	35
Par & Bing sta	1⅞	1¾
Pa C & C.	14¼	14½
Pa Sts.	90	
Penn Mary	17	19½
Do ctfs.	64¼	
Do pr pf	78	82
Do ctfs.	76	
Do pf.	68	73½
Do pf ctfs	66	
Phil Co 5% pf	38	
Phil-Jones	52¾	60
Do pf.	83	94
Phoen Hos pf	94	96½
Pierce-Arr pf	160	175
Pierce Oil pf	82¼	84
Pitts C. C. & St L.	85	
Pitts Coal	46	47½
Do pf.	85½	87
P Pr Coal	28	29
Do pf.	79½	81
Pitts. F W & C.	131½	
Do pf.	141¼	142¾
Pitts Stl pf	98	99
Pitts Util ctfs, new	14	
Porto Rican Am Tob.	50	59
Pressed Stl Car pf.	77	79
Pub S N J 8% pf.	114	115
P S & P pf	102¼	
Pullman Co	184¼	
Pure Oil	41¾	
Quaker Oats pf	250	
Radio Corp	43	46
Do pf.	115	
Ray Con	18¾	
Reading	84	
Real Silk	23	24
Reis (R)	45¼	
Do 1st pf	90	
Rem Typ	104	106
Do 1st pf	100	
Do 2d pf	100	106
Rens & S	120	
Rep Tob	134¼	
Do pf.	120½	121¾
Robert Reis 1st pf	90	96
Rossia Ins	80½	90
Rutland pf	54	58
St L & P pf	83½	85
Schulte pf.	113	113½
Shell Tran	45¼	45
Shell Un	6	6¼
Simms Mag pf	102¾	105
Sher-Wm's 1st pf.	105	
Simmons Co pf	100¾	103
Sinclair Oil pf	93¼	93½
Skelly Oil & I pf.	94¼	95¼
So Porto R Sug pf.	101	106
So Pac.	88	
O ctfs.	88	
Spear &Co	19	21
Do pf.	80	90¾
Spalding pf.	106	107¾
StanMilling	14½	16½
Do pf.	82½	86½
Stand P Gl	10½	11
Do pf.		70
Studebaker	120¼	
Sup Stl.	25	27
Symington	15¼	15¾
Tel graph.	12	12½
Tex Pac L T.	12	13
T Cy R T.	62¼	65¼
Do pf.	100½	106
Underwood pf	115	120¼
Union T C pf	111¼	116¼
United C T pf	117	119
United Drug 1st pf.	54½	55
Un D'wood	14	20
Do pf.	70	80
Unf'board	18¼	20¾
Un Ry Inv pf	28	29½
Do pf.	76	80
U S Cast I Pipe pf.	103¾	101½
U S Dist Corp pf.	115	
U S Exp.	3¾	4
U S Ind Al pf.	111¾	115
U S Tob.	54	56¼
Utah Cop.	93	96¼
Van Raalte pf	69½	72
Va-Car Ch pf.	2	
Do pf ct.	8	18
Do B ct.	2	3
Va I, Ca Ch	31	35
Do pf.	67	73
Va Ry & P pf.	91	
Vicks s p	86	89
Do pf.	89	92
Vulcan De	6	10
Do A	4	
Do pf.	75	90
Do A	40	
Wash-O pf	100½	112
Wabash B	30	31
Wards A	155	156
Do pf.	105	106½
Weber &H	55	56½
Warren B pf	41¾	
Wells-F Ex pf	3½	5
W Penn pf.	104½	110½
Wheel C A pf.	108	110
White E1 pf.	108	115
Wilson & Co pf.	21½	22
Wrightsm pf	75	82
Y & O pf A.	75	82
Youngstown S & T.	70	71

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Revenue receipts and expenditures as at close of business July 15:

Receipts.	This Month.	Corresp. Period Last Year.	Fisc. Yr. *1925	Corresp. Period Fisc. Yr. 1924.
Customs	$20,389,797.71	$18,903,620.83	$20,899,797.71	$19,903,620.83
Internal revenue income and profits tax	15,586,209.23	14,359,284.88	15,586,209.23	14,359,284.88
Misc. internal revenue	38,068,432.54	46,598,646.66	38,068,432.54	46,598,646.66
Miscellaneous receipts: Proceeds of Government foreign obligations: Interest	19,839.36	19,484.53	19,839.36	19,484.53
Railroad securities	5,241,946.26	6,870,228.90	5,241,946.26	6,870,228.90
All others	2,256,458.47	48,067.85	2,256,458.47	48,067.85
Trust fund receipts re-appropriated for investments	1,250,447.54	782,645.54	1,250,447.54	782,645.54
Proceeds sale of surplus property	5,033,899.28	1,853,398.16	5,033,899.28	1,853,398.16
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	1,146,568.74	871,143.86	1,146,568.74	871,143.86
Receipts from miscellaneous sources credited direct to appropriations	982,207.56	511,812.74	982,207.56	511,812.74
Other miscellaneous	6,087,267.17	12,951,431.14	9,637,267.17	12,951,431.14
Total ordinary	$101,221,667.77	$104,883,606.01	$101,221,667.77	$104,883,606.01
Excess of total expr's chargeable against ordinary receipts	26,077,348.65	9,218,284.67	26,077,348.65	9,218,284.67
Total expr's chargeable against ordinary receipts	$128,299,016.42	$114,200,970.68	$128,299,016.42	$114,200,970.68

*Receipts and expenditures for June reaching the Treasury in July are included. Balance today, $148,578,987.22.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Public Utilities	100	
American Public Utilities pf	90	
Appalachian Power	78	83
Appalachian Power pf	101	102
Arizona Power pf	92	98
Arkansas Light & Power pf	94	96
Associated Gas & Electric	42	43
Associated Gas & Electric pf	93	94
Brooklyn Borough Gas	101	106
Cen. Ill Pub. Ser. 6% pf	100¼	84
Do 6s 1948	100¼	
Do 6½s 1952	101	102¼
Central Pow. & Lt. pf	94	96
Central States Electric pf	93	96
Cities Service new	28⅝	28¾
Cities Service pf	83½	85¼
Cities Service B	77	78
Cities Service pf. B	79	79½
Citizens Service, bankers' shares	197	
Columbus Ry. Power & Light	148	200
Columbus Electric & Power	147	
Columbus Elec. & Power 2d pf	100	
Conn. Light & Power 7% pf	107½	109½
Conn. Light & Power 8% pf	119	120
Consolidated Gas pf	60	60½
Consumers Power 6% stocks	93½	95¼
Continental Gas & Electric	152	162
Continental Gas & Elec. partic.	94	96
Continental Gas & Elec., prior	93	94
Eastern Texas Electric	93	96
Eastern Texas Electric pf	100	105
El Paso Electric

WEATHER OUTLOOK SENDS COTTON DOWN

Prices Break Over $3 a Bale as Sequel to Plant Deterioration Soare.

LIQUIDATION IS HEAVY

Conditions in Eastern Part of Belt Continue Favorable—Crop Anxiety Still Centres in Texas.

Clearing weather in eastern sections of the cotton belt and predictions of continued favorable conditions for today started speculative liquidation and broke prices over $3 a bale yesterday. Heavy rains the past few days and fears of increasing weevil infestation had advanced quotations to high levels of the movement, but the quantity of contracts for sale on a basis of 24½ cents for October proved greater than the market could absorb. When it became evident that the rise not only failed to attract new outside buying but was encouraging active realizing as well as hedge selling from Southern quarters, concentrated liquidation of large lines occurred and it was estimated that 50,000 bales, mainly October, were sold during the afternoon. Final prices showed a loss of 38 to 40 points.

For the time being improved weather east of the river tended to offset absence of moisture and deterioration in western sections. Out of the 104 stations in Texas, Oklahoma, and Arkansas only four showed any precipitation, while the larger percentage reported temperatures over 100 degrees. Warm weather in Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and Georgia tends toward early maturity of the crop in that region. A prominent Philadelphia spot firm estimated the condition at 72.8, indicating a yield of 14,953,000, with Texas placed at 57. The last Washington report gave Texas 64. Private advices from that State estimate the condition anywhere from 55 to 60, depending on the proximity to the drought area.

Though Liverpool advanced to within 3 points of high levels of the week, the foreign market felt the effects of hedge selling, which has become a daily feature of morning trading the past few days. In sections where the crop is both early and promising, selling orders originate as the demand for early shipments has not yet become active. Similar operations occurred here and in New Orleans which supplied the early demand and halted the advance. A quantity of October for sale at 24.50 and January at 24 cents started the setback. Liquidation increased in volume during the afternoon, forcing December below 24 cents before the market could absorb the quantity of contracts distrubbed by a few houses.

Week-end figures showed 56,000 bales in sight, against 44,000 last year, making 14,552,000 for the season, against 11,140,000 a year ago. Spinners took 159,000, against 94,000 last year, making 14,116,000 for the season, against 10,946,000. There was a decrease in the visible supply of 103,000, against 49,000 last year, leaving the world's supply of American cotton 1,387,000, against 1,063,000 a year ago.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous day.
July	24.10	24.10	23.85	23.85	24.14
Oct.	24.40	24.50	23.80	23.88-23.92	24.35
Dec.	24.50	24.60	23.95	24.00-24.03	24.44
Jan.	23.93	24.01	23.40	23.45	23.88
March	24.18	24.25	23.70	23.75	24.13
May	24.50	24.57	23.98	23.98	24.40

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 50 points decline, at 24.40c for middling uplands.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 24.55s, 45 points decline; sales 2,000 bales. New Orleans 23.85c, 35 points decline; sales 114. Savannah 24.28c, 47 points decline; sales 30. Augusta 24.44c, 44 points decline; sales 14. Memphis 24.25c, unchanged; sales 500. Houston 24.45c, 45 points decline; sales 2,732. Little Rock 24.32c, 38 points decline. Dallas 24.30c, 45 points decline; sales 538.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	1,844	4,269	7,986
Exports	8,059	8,050	6,173
Exports, season	8,194,922	3,087,337	5,715,053
N. Y. stocks	106,734	117,515	43,288
Ports stocks	289,928	321,362	206,657
N. Y. arrivals	115	2,620	

Liverpool cable: Spot cotton quiet, 20 points advance, 13.92d for middling. Sales, 4,000; American, 2,000. Imports, 7,000; American, 6,000. Futures opened quiet, 21 to 26 points advance, closed 21 to 23 points advance. Price: July, 13.37d; October 12.86d; December, 12.73d; January, 12.73d; March, 12.77d. Manchester: Yards and cloths, more demand.

Two New Pipe Lines for Kansas.

The natural gas subsidiaries of the Cities Service Company will spend $2,000,000 this Summer to lay two new pipe lines in the midcontinent fields, Henry L. Doherty & Co., fiscal agents for the organization, has announced. One line, sixty-nine miles long, will extend from Kaye County, Kan., into Wichita, and another, seventy-two miles long, will run from Cambridge to Petrolia, where it will join the main line of the Kansas Natural Gas Company.

Mellon Visits Aluminum Plant.

Special to The New York Times.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., July 17.—Andrew W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury, accompanied by business associates, inspected the plant of the Aluminum Company of America in Massena today, leaving later in the afternoon for Niagara Falls. It was the first time in several years that Mr. Mellon had visited the plant, in which he has a large financial interest.

A. H. Sayers Transferred South.

Arthur H. Sayers, head of the claim department of the National Surety Company, has been assigned to organize a regional claim department for the company covering Texas, Oklahoma, Louisiana, Mississippi, Southern Arkansas, Southwestern Alabama and Northwestern Florida. His headquarters will be at Houston, Texas.

LIVE STOCK AND MEATS.

(Reported by United State Department of Agriculture, Jersey City and Sixtieth Street, New York.)

CATTLE—Not enough on sale to test market; all classes nomially steady; load common 885 lb. steers, $8.00; few head of cows $2.50 to $6.25.

CALVES—480 calves on sale; State veals scarce, 50c higher; top, $14.00; few throwouts $8.00 to $10.00; load fat 170 lb. Ohios, $11-¼; few loads weighty Westerns, $9.00 to $9.50.

HOGS—Only few odd head on market; few good 215 lb. butchers late Thursday, $14.90; bunch fat 289 lb. "swillers," $14.50.

SHEEP—4,740 sheep and lambs on sale; lambs extremely draggy, fully 50c. lower; some sales off more; top, $15.25; bulk of supply $14.00 to $15.00; sorting uneven, mostly at $10.00 to $11.00. Sheep steady, ewes $2.00 to $7.50.

Live Stock Markets at Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Cattle prices declined 30 to 50 cents, with increased offerings of grassy stock. The best steers sold at $13.90; butcher stock was demoralized. Receipts at Chicago were 4,000. Hogs closed 25 to 50 cents lower than Thursday's high point, with receipts 24,000, and 15,000 were carried over. The top price was $14.40, the average $14.30. Native lamb values were firm, with a top of $14.80 and average of $14.35. No Westerns were offered. Receipts were 5,000.

WHEAT DROPS EARLY, RISES AT THE CLOSE

Seller at the Start Finds the Market Sold Out When He Turns to Buying at Finish.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 17.—The big feature in the wheat market early was the selling of a large line credited to a local operator and the covering of it later in a market in which the pit element had sold out and gone short. There was no other selling pressure of consequence and the covering movement carried prices up. Small traders are taking the buying side.

In the last hour a reduction of 30,000,000 bushels in the Spring wheat crop from the Government forecast, reported by the Modern Miller, combined with the prediction of higher temperatures and a bullish crop report in the Dakotas by Le Count made a wild wheat market here and in the Northwest. The early trend was reversed and prices went up over 6 cents from the early low, with net gains of 3 to 4 cents.

The outside markets were advanced at the last, with Minneapolis 3¼@4½ cents for the day after a jump of 5 cents from the extreme low, and Winnipeg gained 3½ to 3⅝ cents, while Kansas City was 3⅝ to 5⅝ cents higher than Thursday's finish.

In addition to the unfavorable reports from the Dakotas and Montana, there is said to be injury in the North Pacific Coast. Cash handlers reported an increase in the offerings of new wheat from Illinois; also a better export inquiry at the Gulf and at the Atlantic seaboard.

Coarse grains were strengthened by the advance in wheat and oats gained ½ to ⅝ cents and rye 1¾ to 1⅞ cents. Corn, however, was a disappointing market to holders as the nearby deliveries finished ⅛ to ½ cent lower and new crop futures were ¼ to 1¾ cent higher.

The wheat market was full of disappointments. There was heavy selling and a decline to $1.52⅝ for December early, showing a break of nearly 3 cents, with the advance to $1.59⅛ later and the close at $1.57⅝ to $1.57⅞. The early selling and decline were based on Crop Expert Snow's report that there was more damage from heat than from black rust. He added, however, that the crop had considerable time to go to maturity. There were scattered reports of damage from rust and hail in Canada.

Corn had its strength early on local buying. Bulges were taken advantage of by strong houses to sell the near futures, while unfavorable crop reports brought sufficient buying of the December and May to give them strength. The country is selling corn sparingly, but the cash demand is limited.

Oats were erratic, with a bulge early and a break later, with the close on September about the same as the opening, while the distant futures were ¼@½ cent higher.

Rye had a good bulge at the last but interest remains light.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,371,000 bushels; year ago, 1,379,000. Corn receipts were 342,000 bushels; year ago, 846,000.

Wheat shipments were 636,000 bushels; last year, 448,000, and corn shipments, 519,000 bushels; year ago, 439,000.

Chicago.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Last Close.	Year.
July	1.62½	1.57	1.61⅜	1.57½	1.26⅝
Sept.	1.54⅜	1.50⅜	1.53⅝	1.54⅝	1.25⅝
Dec.	1.59⅜	1.53⅞	1.58½	1.55	1.27⅛
May	1.63⅞	1.58¼	1.62⅝	1.59¼	1.32½

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Last Close.	Year.
July	1.06⅜	1.04⅜	1.06	1.06⅜	1.00⅛
Sept.	1.08⅛	1.06¼	1.07⅞	1.08	1.04⅛
Dec.	.90⅝	.88⅞	.90¼	.89⅞	.92¼
May	.93⅜	.91⅛	.93¼	.92¼	.93⅛

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Last Close.	Year.
July	.45⅞	.44⅝	.45⅝	.45⅛	.55
Sept.	.47⅞	.46	.46⅝	.47⅛	.47⅛
Dec.	.49⅞	.48⅛	.49¾	.49¼	.49⅝
May	.53⅛	.52½	.53	.52½	.52⅝

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Last Close.	Year.
July	1.00⅝	.92	1.00½		.88⅝
Sept.	1.04	1.00⅝	1.03⅛	1.01⅝	.89⅝
Dec.	1.07	1.04	1.06⅝	1.04⅝	.89⅛

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Last Close.	Year.
Lard—					
July	17.80	17.62	17.72	17.69	12.32
Sept.	17.75	17.75	17.85	17.85	12.43
Oct.	17.95	17.75	17.85	17.85	13.55
Dec.	16.37	16.15	16.32	16.20	
Jan.	16.10	16.00	16.05	15.92	
Ribs—					
Sept.	18.87	18.82	18.87	18.75	10.90
Dry Salted Bellies—					
July	22.00	21.97	21.97	22.05	11.45

Winnipeg.

Today's Winnipeg prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Last Close.	Year.
July	1.72½	1.66⅝	1.71⅛	1.65⅞	1.38½
Oct.	1.46⅜	1.41⅝	1.46⅛	1.42⅜	1.29¼
Dec.	1.44¾	1.38½	1.43⅛	1.39¼	1.25

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Last Close.	Year.
July	.56⅜	.55⅜	.56¼	.56¼	.49
Oct.	.50⅝	.49⅜	.50¼	.50¼	.50¼
Dec.	.47⅝	.47	.47⅜	.47⅜	

Cash prices for the principal grains at Chicago follow: Wheat, No. 2 hard, $1.58⅝@1.60⅝; No. 3 hard, $1.57½; Corn, No. 2 yellow, $1.12@1.12½. No. 2 mixed, $1.05⅛; Oats No. 2 white, 48¼@50c; No. 3 white, 45¾@48. Rye, No. 2, $1.00.

Cash prices at other markets: Minneapolis—Wheat, No. 1 Northern, $1.72¼@1.77⅜; Thursday, $1.67⅝@1.73⅝. Kansas City—Wheat No. 2 hard, $1.56@1.73; Thursday, $1.54@1.67.

NEW RATES AID GALVESTON.

Commission Orders Changes in Southwestern Rail Schedules.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Galveston, Texas, was held today by the Interstate Commerce Commission, to be receiving unfair treatment as compared with New Orleans in the fixing of Southwestern railroad rates on exports, imports and coastwise traffic.

The commission laid down a basis for correcting the condition, new schedules to become effective by Oct. 2. All commodities moving to or from points in Louisiana west of the Mississippi River, Arkansas, Texas, Oklahoma and Southern Kansas, which are given export and import rates, were affected by the order.

Railroads were ordered to make rates to or from New Orleans identical with the Galveston rates to all points where differences in the distances are not greater than 100 miles. Where differences are greater than 100 miles and are in favor of Galveston, the railroads were instructed to make a lower rate to Galveston than to New Orleans.

On grain and grain products from Southern Kansas to Galveston the differential was fixed at 3 cents for the Galveston rate below the New Orleans rate; from Oklahoma 4 cents, and from a large number of Texas points, 5 cents. On cottonseed and products the differential prescribed favoring Galveston from Oklahoma was 4 cents and from Texas 6 cents. On cottonseed oil from Oklahoma it was 5 cents, and from Texas 7 cents.

Galveston got a 2 cent differential on petroleum and petroleum products from Southern Kansas; from Oklahoma 3 cents and from Texas points outside of the Houston-Beaumont-Port Arthur group, of 4 cents; and from the Beaumont-Port Arthur group of 6 cents.

Differentials were prescribed on a similar basis for a like number of other products moving into or out of the Southwest on the sea-going rate.

Record Wheat Acreage in Argentina

WASHINGTON, July 17 (AP).—The Argentine wheat acreage is the largest on record for that country, the International Institute at Rome reported today to the Department of Agriculture. The area planted is estimated at 18,500,000 acres, compared with 15,977,000 harvested last year. The crop was said to be in good condition. A large increase in the acreage of oats also was reported, the area being placed at 2,850,000 acres, compared with 1,710,000 harvested last year.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 17.—One hundred new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $3,067,500, were chartered today. They include:

MANHATTAN.

Benjwar Realty Corp., $10,000; B. and M. Wener, H. Deutsch Jr. (Atty., H. A. Steinbeck, 31 East 125th St.)

Savoy Shoe Shop, $15,000; M. Rubin, W. Delaney, H. M. Hirsh. (Atty., M. L. Wiesenthal, 299 Broadway.)

Ramagate Mills, realty, $25,000; A. M. Fletcher, S. J. Alexander. (Atty., I. E. Herman, 41 Park Row.)

Chalmers Shirt & Lingerie Corp., $50,000; F. Blanchard, A. B. Bordley, J. C. Overbeck. (Atty., L. A. Anderson, 27 Cedar St.)

Glenroe Corp., realty, $10,000; H. Glasser, J. Neumark, C. Rohrlich. (Attys., Glasser, Neumark & Rohrlich, 276 5th Av.)

Guy W. McIvor Corp., autos, $20,000; G. W. McIvor, A. Johnson, R. G. Reath. (Attys., Wells & Pecora, 41 East 42d St.)

Adroit Realty Corp., 60 common, no par; A. Brown, L. Meinick, E. Castle. (Attys., Trencher & Birnbaum, 303 5th Av.)

L. A. Realty Corp., $10,000; B. and M. Abrams, E. Klug. (Atty., L. Levy, 277 Bway.)

Debothestat Engineering Corp., $200,000; A. E. and E. F. Debothestat, A. L. Barrett. (Attys., Ogren & Severy, 149 Bway.)

Thomson Rail Corp. of New York, 1,000 common, no par; J. Hamen, H. M. Calam, H. P. Jamieson. (Attys., Shearman & Sterling, 55 Wall St.)

William H. Tucker & Son, construction, 500 shares, $100 each; 500 common, no par; W. H. and W. H. Tucker Jr., C. G. Wendebach. (Atty., E. Blankenhorn, Newark, N. J.)

Gus Graber, cigars, $10,000; G. Graber, H. Maiman, S. W. Fisher. (Attys., Fisher, Brandt & Berger, 152 West 42d St.)

Herzog Coal Corp., $20,000; I. Barry, E. V. Eichler, E. H. Kunen. (Atty., A. J. Halprin, 257 Bway.)

M. L. Kirsch & Co., ornaments and novelties, $5,000; M. L. Kirsch, W. S. Miller, S. G. Majorana. (Atty., B. B. Mittler, 233 Bway.)

Richton Garage, realty, 100 common, no par; A. and M. Rich, J. Altkrug. (Attys., Marks & Marks, 358 5th Av.)

Junior Lien Corp., loan money, 200 common, no par; S. Feldman, L. R. Shiland, D. R. Santomenna. (Attys., Shiland, Hedges & Feldman, 140 Bway.)

Norson Exhibition Corp., $10,000; E. N. and H. L. Bloomberg, I. Finkel. (Attys., Bloomberg & Bloomberg, 1,482 Bway.)

Pan-American Underwriters, 10,000 common, no par; M. B. Ignatius, J. M. Lown, E. P. Stubbs, Jr. (Attys., Cabell Ignatius & Lown, 140 Nassau St.)

Yale Laboratories, $20,000; N. Berner, M. Keye, M. S. Werner. (Atty., O. Bellick, 1154 Nassau St.)

Somerset Construction Co., realty, $10,000; I. Parnes, B. Leibowitz. (Atty., J. Heilman, 200 5th Av.)

Undergarment Products Corp., $20,000; J. Schaul, B. and M. K. Breslauer. (Attys., Wise & Ottenberg, 206 Bway.)

Valmo Corp., merchandise, 15,000 shares, $100 each; 1,000 common, no par; E. B. McMillin, B. Hahn, H. B. Schwake. (Attys., Jonas & Neuberger, 115 Bway.)

Wikbro Realty Corp., $10,000; J. M. and S. and I. Wikler. (Atty., G. Eichhorn, 305 Bway.)

Blare's, ice cream, $10,000; G. A. Leoh, A. Arrigoni, G. Jakobi. (Atty., A. M. Klupt, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

Liberty Plan Corp., realty, $20,000; L. Fruchthendler, M. Student, J. Morgenbesser. (Atty., M. O. Elibaum, 1,170 Bway.)

Pilot Garage, auto supplies, $30,000; L. Berkowitz, S. S. Friedman, J. Ross. (Atty., J. J. Knoblach, 11 East 42d St.)

Barrow Realty Corp., $20,000; L. Hess, A. P. Wollheim, H. B. Feldman. (Attys., Hess & Wollheim, 4 Bway.)

Easton Garment Co., wearing apparel, $10,000; H. Greenberg, I. M. Lehr. (Atty., H. P. Rosenblatt, 320 5th Av.)

Fem Realty Co., $20,000; M. L. Baker, D. Josephson, S. Nisenberg. (Atty., M. M. Baker, 233 Bway.)

Ace Photo Service, $20,000; J. F. and S. I. Sweeney, F. J. Mimms. (Atty., G. D. Fenton, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

Commonwealth Vending Corp., 2,500 shares, $10 each; $2,500 common, $1 each; active capital, $27,500; S. A. Birdsong, W. Millard; G. W. Smith. (Atty., J. C. Cleary, 51 Chambers St.)

Philipson's Holding Corp., realty, $50,000; F. Merin, D. M. Bloomfield, I. Wolsk. (Attys., Barnett & Mintz, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Single Service Napkin Corp., paper, $5,000; J. Ayrutis, I. Pastenberg, F. Seckler. (Attys., Resnick & Ayrutis, 15 Park Row.)

Sperzel Panama Hat Corp., realty, $25,000; A. Sperzel, E. Marryatt, S. Schneewiss. (Attys., Hallman & Groh, 35 Nassau St.)

Atlas Mineral Water Co., 100 common, no par; L. A. Passeggiato, D. Cohen, S. Zorn. (Attys., Kahn & Zorn, 66 Bway.)

Williamsport Holding Corp., realty, $10,000; D. S. Sehres, Jr., Newark, N. J., Goldring. (Atty., G. M. Glassgold, 1,440 Bway.)

Southerland Holding Co., realty, $10,000; C. Levine, B. Parosky. (Atty., D. Loewenthal, 2 Rector St.)

J. Ray & Co., employment agency, $10,000; J. and F. Ray, F. Kelly. (Atty., D. O. Kuh, 152 West 42d St.)

Fannill Radio Co., merchandise, $50,000; H. M. and H. Sutin, M. Cohen. (Atty., I. Sack, 110 West 40th St.)

Buy-Rite Sales Corp., make merchandise, $10,000; R. A. Lewis, D. O. Nelson, S. Willig. (Atty., M. Gilleau, 80 Maiden Lane.)

Carrington Realty Corp., $150,000; E. D. Coulter, H. G. Tully, J. C. Yates. (Attys., Carter, Ledyard & Milburn, 54 Wall St.)

American Kinesgram, $10,000; H. Hinman, H. Sacksman, A. Samuels. (Atty., B. L. Spiegel, 299 Bway.)

Cargross Exhibition Co., motion pictures, $25,000; C. B. Carver, C. A. Rose, D. E. Grange. (Atty. J. P. Ifill, 237 6th Av.)

Broadway & 215th Street Corp., realty, $20,000; M. W. and H. Gittitz, A. J. Lennon. (Atty., E. E. Dumas, 100 Bway.)

Charles I. Scott Realty, $10,000; C. I. Scott, B. Hyde, M. R. Jacobs. (Atty., A. H. Brown, 198 Bway.)

Rayon Publishing Corp., newspapers, $50,000; L. J. Dion, H. Quinn, W. J. Baxter. (Atty., J. T. Higgins, 261 Bway.)

Griffin Holding Corp., realty, $5,000; J. A. and T. S. Griffin, C. M. Clark. (Atty., M. L. Levy, 233 Bway.)

Hiette Stich, merchandise, $5,000; R. Geis, S. Stich, W. J. Solomon. (Attys., Horwitz, Rosston & Hori, 141 Bway.)

S. & M. Shirt Co., $20,000; S. Menzin, J. and S. Silver. (Attys., Basch & Kulkin, 1,265 Bway.)

Anes Brothers, women's apparel, $10,000; S. L. and B. Anes, N. Kirchner. (Atty., P. Kirschner, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Herman Strauss & Co., jewelry, 100 common, no par; H. and J. B. and R. Strauss. (Atty., H. Kohn, 149 Bway.)

Colonial Finance Corp., bonds, &c., 2,000 shares $25 each, 100 common no par; S. and B. Tunick, H. Bonime. (Atty., W. B. Siegel, 38 Park Row.)

Harry Altman, silk, wool, &c., $25,000; A. Hilfgott, F. Levine, I. Kestin. (Atty., W. Bernstein, 25 W. 43d St.)

Embossing Machine Co., inventions, $200,000; C. F. Brown, S. S. Casel, W. P. Goldman. (Attys., Kahn & Zorn, 66 Bway.)

141-149 Dyckman St. Realty Co., $10,000; E. Klein, H. Bernard, C. T. Brinn. (Attys., Kaye, McDavitt & Schoier, 149 Bway.)

Heilfinger & Blumenkrans, cloaks, suits, &c., $5,000; M. Weinger, Blumenkrans, S. Gavrin. (Atty., M. M. Richter, 290 Bway.)

BROOKLYN.

Kingsway Live Poultry Market, $20,000; I. F. and E. Henrich, Lessey & Lessey, Atty., L. J. Lessey, Times Building, Manhattan.)

Marcus, realty, $5,000; F. and L. Marcus, S. Rosen. (Atty., B. Ammerman, 50 Court St.)

Public Service Filling Stations, realty, $5,000; G. Rudnick, C. L. Sylvester, A. H. Brin. (Atty., N. H. Kramer, 51 Chambers St., Manhattan.)

Fine-Stone Building Co., realty, $10,000; B. and M. Fine, L. Singer. (Atty., A. Miles, 37 Graham Av.)

Town Mortgage Co., realty, 200 common, no par; Town Corp. Co., realty, Hawkins, W. M. Brown. (Atty., J. G. Fenster, 32 Broadway, Manhattan.)

Dox Realty Corp., $10,000; H. Lefker, T. Berger, H. Schwartz. (Atty., B. Harwood Jr., 291 Broadway, Manhattan.)

H. D. Roberts & Co., boots, shoes, &c., $20,000; P. Pascarella, C. A. Besley. (Atty., P. Pascarella, 165 Broadway, Manhattan.)

Diefenbronner Fixture Co., store fixtures, $5,000; M. and L. Diefenbronner. E. Belchel. (Atty., M. Lee, 1,110 Broadway, Staten Island.)

Bana Building Corp., realty, $10,000; M. Krugman J. Cheifetz, J. G. Coleman. (Atty., H. A. Back, 50 Court St.)

Minross Building Corp., realty, $10,000; J. Rosenblum, I. Polivnich, H. Minocovits. (Atty., J. A. Whitehorn, 188 Montague St.)

Harwi Realty Corp., $20,000; I. Hassin, J. Rabinowitz, F. Wilk. (Atty., J. I. Rudasky, 1,776 Pitkin Av.)

Sanford-Flushing Corp., realty, $75,000; H. Kaplan, L. Nicoll, R. L. Berkowitz. (Atty., H. Hetkin, 32 Court St.)

1154 Nassau St. Corp., realty, $500; A. and D. Conte, N. Mariena. (Atty., G. Humiston, 147 East 21st St., Manhattan.)

Beverly Estates, realty, $25,000; J. Eisenberg, F. Eisenberg, M. Kipern. (Atty., E. I. Rubenstein, 50 Court St.)

Lee Spring Co., machinery, 450 common, no par; 150 shares, $100 each; R. H. Stoughton, S. G. and R. L. Johannsen. (Atty., H. M. Cassagher, Woodhaven.)

B. H. S. Realty Corp., $15,000; P. Skolnick, S. Horowitz, J. Bluestein. (Atty., S. S. Hauben, 306 Broadway, Manhattan.)

S. P. A. Realty, $15,000; L. Brownstein, L. N. Feldman, A. Cohen. (Atty., M. Brownstein, 186 Joralemon St.)

Keystone Alloys Co., refining metals, $10,000; C. and F. Fianel, A. Horowits. (Atty., E. M. Ostrow, 55 John St., Manhattan.)

BRONX.

Holton & Hunt, tires, 150 shares, $50 each; 150 common, no par; C. and E. R. Holton, J. J. Reynolds. (Atty., A. L. Flanders, 376 East 149th St.)

Corona Construction Corp., realty, 50 common, no par; S. Shapiro, M. Green, E. Jensen. (Atty., I. A. Needleman, 152 West 42d St.)

Southwest Co., merchandise, $1,000; M. A. Smith, F. Kaiser, H. Naibb. (Atty., S. Schack, 141 Bway.)

Parful Holding Corp., realty, $2,000; M. M. O. Becker, I. H. Kutz, A. Adams. (Attys., Hirsch, Deutsch & Reass, 100 Bway.)

Palace Sightseeing Co., $5,000; S. Weber, L. Margolis, J. Horowits. (Atty., W. Lyman, 500 East 161st St.)

Bornstein & Co., fireproof doors, $10,000; H. and S. J. and M. Bornstein. (Atty., L. Nieman, 302 Bway.)

Hub Commercial Co., commission, $20,000; H. Garfinkel, S. Feldstein, I. Jacobowitz. (Atty., M. London, 302 Bway.)

QUEENS.

Hamilton Building and Realty Corp., $5,000; I. and N. Swarzman. (Atty., S. Webe, 52 Chamberlain Place, Brooklyn.)

Springfield-Flushing Building Corp., $5,000; A. H. Gabriel, W. A. and C. Clancy. (Atty., J. Siegelman, 337 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn.)

Stratford Homes, construction, $5,000; J. J. Lenihan, A. and L. Weise. (Atty., A. Aronstein, 80 Maiden Lane, Manhattan.)

Selecta Sales Corp., importers and exporters, $10,000; A. Pearson, H. C. Alstrom, G. A. Wilson. (Atty., J. A. O'Brien, 1,402 Bway, Manhattan.)

RICHMOND.

Pents Bay Street Corp., realty, 750 shares, $100 each; 1,050 common, no par; A. D. and R. H. and J. B. Pentz. (Atty., W. C. Percy, 32 Nassau St., Manhattan.)

OTHER LOCALITIES.

Baumann & Klein, Long Island City, realty, $100,000; S. and J. Baumann, J. Klein. (Atty., H. Kohn, Long Island City.)

Superior Industries, Syracuse, candies, &c., 6,000 common, no par; C. H. Wood, G. W. Waring, G. A. Moyer. (Atty., E. D. Lichtenberg, Syracuse.)

Hornell Motion Picture Corp., Hornell, $200,000; B. Liebmann, J. and A. Jordan. (Atty., J. T. Foody, Hornell.)

J. K. T. Corp., Yonkers, bonds, &c., $5,000; J. K. and T. Pursell, Yonkers. (Atty., Brennan, Bryan & Clark, Yonkers.)

Jacob Rivkin, Buffalo, rags, $25,000; J. and S. Rivkin, R. A. Friedson. (Attys., Friedson & Weinstein, Buffalo.)

OTHER LOCALITIES.

General Ice Cream Corp., Schenectady, 226,000 common, no par; V. F. Hovey, E. B. Lewis, W. Palmer. (Attys., Cotton & Franklin, Manhattan.)

Sedgwick Real Estate Corp., Syracuse, realty, $5,000; S. W. and T. C. Sedgwick, H. H. Skerritt. (Attys., Stilwell, Viall & Skerritt, Syracuse.)

Gold Seal Radios, radios, $10,000; H. H. and J. S. Barnard, A. E. Schrock. (Attys., Brown & Guile, Utica.)

Sutton Realty Corp., Buffalo, $20,000; W. J. Sutton, H. Bidwell. (Atty., T. E. Boyd, Buffalo.)

Westal Hills Club House Corp., Binghamton, 500 shares, $100 each; 500 common, no par; R. and Weiden, F. J. Boland, E. A. Ford. (Attys., Mangan & Mangan, Binghamton.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

31 East 79th St. Corp., Manhattan, $425,000 to $450,000.

McCarty & Simmons, Manhattan, $20,000 to $100,000.

Hytest Valve Co. of New York, Manhattan, 1,000 shares, $100 each to 1,000 shares, no par.

Fox Bros. & Co., Manhattan, 20,000 shares, no par, to 6,000 shares, $25 each, and 20,000 common, no par.

Edward V. Hartford, Manhattan, 1,790 to 9,000 shares, of which, 6,000 are $100 each and 3,000 common, no par.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Patchogue-Plymouth Mills Corp., Manhattan, 15,000 shares, $100 each and 30,000 common, no par, to 30,000 common no par.

NAME CHANGES.

V. & A. Dress Co., Manhattan, to Vogel Dress Co.

Simon Goldsmith, Manhattan, to Mills Distributing Corp.

Jackson Heights Construction Corp., Brooklyn, to L. & G. Apartment Corp.

DESIGNATIONS.

Sec. of State named Rep. in each instance: Foley Bros., Minn., construct railways, $200,000.

Fallish Paper Co., Mass., $200,000.

William A. Radger & Co., Del., wearing apparel, 2,000 shares, $100 each; 5,000 common, no par.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Savoy Card and Paper Co., Manhattan.

McLean, Quirk & Rice, Manhattan.

Admiral Garage, Manhattan.

Wilkes-Barre Clothing Co., Manhattan.

Parfums Hebe, Manhattan.

Warland Realty Co., Manhattan.

Readwear Co., Manhattan.

White, Martin & Lowenstein, Brooklyn.

Brighton Heating Corp., Richmond.

Lockport Dry Dock Co., Buffalo.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, July 17.—New incorporations:

A. & W. Candy Co., Newark, $10,000 preferred and 2,000 shares, no par; Charles L. Cafiero, Jersey City; Madeline Gandolfo, Joseph P. Montague, North Bergen. (Attys., Henn & Burr, Jersey City.)

Criterion Investment Co., East Orange, real estate, $125,000; Leonard S. Fluger, East Orange; Osie M. Silber, Irwin R. Heller, Newark. (Attys., Saul and Joseph E. Cohn, Newark.)

Empire Lunch and Restaurant Co., Paterson, $100,000; Charles G. Patterson, Mahwah, N. J.; Anna Reid and John Reid, Suffern, N. Y. (Attys., Vancleve & Vancleve, Paterson.)

Exchange Transportation Co., Jersey City, $100,000; Alfred F. McCabe, William Banker, John R. Turner, Jersey City. (Atty., Corporation Trust Co., Jersey City.)

F. & S. Amusement Co., Madison, $50,000; Fred W. Falkner, New York; Henry P. Seely, Lyman E. Dodge, Morristown. (Atty., Lyman E. Dodge, Morristown.)

Gutman Realty Co., Perth Amboy, real estate, $100,000; Henry K. Goldenbeck, Perth Amboy; James S. Wight, Woodbridge; Ruth Gutman, South Amboy. (Attys., Wight, Wight & Goldenbeck, Perth Amboy.)

John H. Larson Co., Elizabeth, real estate, $125,000; Charles Almquist, Helga Almquist, John H. Larson, Jennie Larson, Rahway. (Attys., Leavitt & Ulbrich, Elizabeth.)

Leonardo Lighthouse Corp., Leonardo, real estate; Eugene J. Cuff, Francis Mooney, Samuel B. Donohue, Leonardo. (Attys., Snyder & Roberts, Atlantic Highland.)

West End Investment Co., Newark, real estate, $100,000; Henry J. M. Leu, Julius Krautter, Irvington; Emma Larson, Rahway. (Attys., A. Gordon Gant, Newark.)

Russell A. Groff Co., Lakewood, auto supplies, &c.; Russell A. Groff, Arthur G. Gallagher, Charles H. Brown, Lakewood. (Atty., Arthur G. Gallagher, Lakewood.)

Veles G. Z. Janos & Co., Elizabeth, architects, $50,000; Veles G. Z. Janos, Kosta Mirkovich, Milan Peich, Elizabeth. (Atty., Salvatore Lanza, Elizabeth.)

Lord & Chanik, Newark, auto accessories, $125,000; Clara E. Kleiber, Eleanor R. Coburn, Raymond Schroeder, Newark. (Attys., Carter, Zink & Moriarty, Newark.)

Marson Corp., Newark, insurance agents, $125,000; Richard D. Marzano, Emily R. Tertorelli, Michael Marzano, Newark. Atty., Xavier Delnegro, Newark.)

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, July 17.—Charters filed:

Wilson Western Sporting Goods Co., Wilmington, $10,000,000. (100,000 shares without nominal or par value). (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Tamarisk Corp., Wilmington, stocks, $2,500,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Indiana Lamp Corp., Wilmington, manufacture lamps, fixtures, &c. $1,395,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

William Groff Mercer Laboratories, Wilmington, $100,000. (Colonial Charter Co., Atlantic Publishers, Wilmington, $100,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Sand River Short Horns Farms, Wilmington, $80,000. (Phillip L. Garrett.)

World Attractions, theatrical productions, $5,000; Samuel Schofel, Lewis Neuman, Atlantic City; Richard Bennett, New York. (Capital Trust Co. of Delaware.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Manganese Products Corp., New York City, $1,000,000 to $1,500,000.

Longhart Supply Co., Fort Worth, Texas, $100,000 to $200,000.

Miller Rubber Export Co., Ltd., Akron, Ohio, $50,000 to $300,000.

NAME CHANGE.

Industrial Alcohol and Chemical Co. to Publicker Commercial Alcohol Co. of Delaware, Philadelphia.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JULY 17, 1925.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Chge.
140 Air Reduct	105⅝	105	105	
150 Ajax Rub	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
50 Allied G & P	89⅞	89⅞

7,000 TO SAIL TODAY ON TEN STEAMSHIPS

400 Members of Polish Falcon Society Are Leaving to Visit Their Native Land.

6 LINERS GOING TO EUROPE

Belgenland and Volendam Are Due —Many Tourists Booked for Cuba and Points South.

Ten steamships will sail today with about 7,000 passengers. Eight of the liners are bound for Europe and two for Central America and Bermuda. Two are due to arrive today.

Passengers booked on the French liner Paris, for Plymouth and Havre, include Mrs. Emile Daeschner, wife of the French Ambassador to Washington, with her daughters, Irene and Antoinette; Captain Jean Rigal, Naval Attaché of the French Embassy at Washington, and Wenceslao Escalante, Attaché of the Arentine Embassy, Washington. Also the following:

Joseph R. Freed.	Paul Gillet.
Arthur Somers Roche.	William P. Butler.
Gilda Gray.	Walter Scheer.
Gil Boag.	Charles Willing.
Miss Belle Bart.	Mrs. Willing.
Walter P. Chrysler.	Maurice Tiller.
George L. Donnellan.	Mrs. Tiller.
John S. Robertson.	Felix Lachesnez-Heude.
Josephine Lovett.	Gordon Gets.
Dr. Louis Fischer.	Clayland T. Morgan.
Mrs. John O'Hara Cosgrave.	Rene Joubert.
Mrs. John Martin.	

Among the passengers leaving for Cherbourg and London on the Atlantic Transport liner Minnewaska is R. McQueen Grant, New York banker, who is on his way to Africa to hunt big game. He is accompanied by his daughter Muriel and A. J. Klein. Other passengers include:

Daphne Pollard.	John A. Terrace.
E. S. Bunch.	W. B. Bristow.
Dr. A. T. Pavichich.	A. C. Clear.
The Rev. C. A. Barbour.	Austin Crane.
Mrs. Barbour.	Lindsay Russell.
Dr. August Calile.	S. K. De Forest.
Mrs. Calile.	Mrs. John A. Dix.
Miss Elna Calile.	Mrs. Keats Speed.
Mrs. E. Bryan.	Garrard Glenn.
Miss Eleanor Bryan.	Garrard Glenn Jr.
J. W. Curtiss.	Mrs. C. M. Bishop.
Julian W. Curtiss.	Miss Jane Bishop.
Hanson R. Duval.	Mrs. Robert Ford.
John H. Hawley.	Miss M. S. Salvage.
	Sidney J. Sanders.

Ex-Justice Cohalan Goes Abroad.

Sailing on the White Star liner Adriatic for Queenstown and Liverpool are United States Senator Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas, ex-Justice Daniel F. Cohalan, Mrs. Cohalan and their family, who are going to their estate in Ireland for the Summer, and the following:

Delia Lorraine.	Miss C. V. Baldwin.
Edna Lorraine.	Harvey A. Preston.
Preston Herbert.	Mrs. H. A. Preston.
Aubrey S. Nash.	C. R. Scarborough.
R. S. Springer.	Mrs. Scarborough.
Nicholas Ottens.	Henry S. Van Duzer.
William M. Ritter.	Steven C. Williams.
Arthur C. Rounds.	Mrs. S. G. Williams.
W. S. Groesbeck-Fowler.	J. Morgan Wing.
J. W. Milner.	Mrs. J. M. Wing.

The Conte Rosso of the Lloyd Sabaudo Line will sail for Naples and Genoa with more than 1,200 passengers. Among those listed are:

Judge W. H. Speer.	F. W. Rockwell.
Mrs. Speer.	Countess Maria Gamba Ghiselli.
Mrs. K. Speer.	Miss R. Pinchot.
Dr. Wallace Pyle and family.	Mrs. A. Pinchot.
C. H. Aldrich.	Mr. and Mrs. Silvano A. Andrew.
Count V. Filipponi.	Mr. and Mrs. L. F.
Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Rider.	Dr. and Mrs. Cyrus Adler.
Dr. and Mrs. Cyrus Adler.	Miss A. W. Frissell.
	Mrs. C. H. Duell.

Passengers booked on the Royal Mail steamship Orca for Cherbourg and Southampton include:

Princess Pecorini.	Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Allen.
Professor and Mrs. M. Millard.	Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Whitin.
Dr. Antonio Iraluos.	Mr. and Mrs. C. J.
Professor Brander Matthews.	Wilson.
Mr. Mrs. C. M. Hemingway.	Miss M. A. Page.
J. C. Hemingway.	T. H. Price.
Mr. and Mrs. Reg. Gordon.	Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Sewell.
Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Van Dyke.	Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McHarney.
Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Williamson.	Mr. and Mrs. George E. Wolfe.
E. W. L. Higgins.	Mr. and Mrs. Longworth Nichols.
Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Bramwell.	Nelson Macey.
Mr. and Mrs. J. Noble Hayes.	Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Waller.
Dr. Isabelle Beck.	Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Currie.
K. H. Cameron.	Dr. and Mrs. R. S.
Mrs. Frank Bread.	Dr. and Mrs. E. R.
Dr. W. R. Bread.	Terrell.
Miss H. Coolidge.	

More than 300 Americans of Welsh descent will sail on the Cunarder Laconia to attend the Pwellheli listeddfod, Aug. 3 to 8. The liner will call at Queenstown and Liverpool. New Yorkers booked include:

W. H. Halloway.	Miss M. Erbland.
Miss Nancy Halloway	Miss Josephine Vila.
G. F. Acherton.	Miss Helen G. Dunn.
Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Bird.	Miss Kate Carns.
Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Corning.	Miss Ruth Reinhart.
Miss Edna O. Lyde.	Samuel Swift.
Mrs. Vernon S. Cox.	Mrs. Alice Pedley.
Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Goodwin.	John R. Pitman.
F. Ingham.	Walter R. Lake.
	Mrs. S. Sheldon.
	Mrs. G. Y. C. Fes.
	L. P. Hollander.

Passengers on the Anchor liner Cameronia, sailing for Morille and Glasgow, include:

E. T. Morley.	Mrs. H. C. Wallace.
John Mackenzie.	Miss Ruth Wallace.
Samuel Lyons.	Mr. and Mrs. George C. McChlery.
Miss Emily Lyons.	Miss E. McChlery.
Mrs. C. E. Allen.	Miss Grace McChlery.
Miss Amy Cunningham.	

Masonic Officials Leave.

Four hundred members of the Polish Falcon Society will leave today for Rotterdam on the Holland-American liner Veendam to visit their native land. Others leaving for Plymouth, Boulogne and Rotterdam include Robert Judson Kenworthy, Grand Secretary, and Casian Lang, Grand Historian of the Grand Lodge of Masons, New York State, and the following:

Mrs. M. H. Urner.	Mrs. A. C. Kaufman.
Dr. C. Groevenor, and daughter.	Frederic R. Coudert and son.
Dr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Soper.	Mr. and Mrs. Linhart Stearns.
Mr. and Mrs. H. Brandt.	James L. Delgott.
Dr. and Mrs. Philip D. Kerrison.	Miss Helen Sanger.
	Chas. C. Cabot.
	Mr. and Mrs. John S. Newbold.

Among the New Yorkers leaving for Bermuda on the Fort Victoria are:

C. E. Bahn.	Miss L. Brunting.
Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Martin.	Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Autenrieth.
Mr. and Mrs. Madison.	Miss E. B. Sweeney.
R. W. Power.	H. R. Green.
R. J. Hawthorne.	F. L. Green.
L. D. Wilcox.	A. F. Green.
Mary E. Brady.	Miss F. C. Woodruff.
Jesse J. Brady.	Miss M. Woodruff.
Miss M. O. Griffin.	Dr. and Mrs. T. D. Buchanan.
Miss M. Sawyer.	Miss Marie Buchanan.
Miss A. L. Wood.	

Sailing on the United Fruit liner Pastores for Havana, Panama Canal Zone and Costa Rica are:

Gen. Coleman DuPont	R. W. Hebard.
Mrs. duPont.	W. J. Harrigton.
Thomas Adderley.	George Hopkins.
Jesse Austin.	Miss Alta Houser.
Benjamin Benedict.	M. H. Jacobs.
Mrs. Benj. Benedict.	Mrs. M. H. Jacobs.
Bernard Blancow.	Miss Koehle.
Francis Coffrey.	William McDermott
Mr. Chappell.	Egbert Moxham.
Mrs. Chappell.	Miss Egbert Moxham.
Marion Coffey.	Miss M. O'Connor.
Mrs. Barton Coffey.	S. Oppenheimer.
Carl Collingham.	Mrs. Edwina Pages.
Charles Cullen.	Robert Paterson.
Mrs. Charles Cullen.	W. Richards.
William Cullen.	E. W. Sibley.
Herbert Dalton.	H. L. Simpson.
Mrs. F. A. Del Valle.	Mrs. H. L. Simpson.
Walter Frenley.	Miss A. Sinclair.
Arthur Hassel.	Miss Jennie Sisto.
Mrs. Arthur Hassel.	M. Steele.

Among the passengers due today on the Holland-America liner Volendam from Rotterdam, Boulogne and Southampton, are:

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Atwood.	E. Johnson.
Mr. and Mrs. E. Becker.	Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Kempner.
Miss H. Bochar.	Mr. and Mrs. Lehman.
Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Bonner.	Mr. and Mrs. B. Lewis.
Mrs. W. Hay.	Mrs. J. O. Low.

THEFTS PUT STORE IN DEBT.

Grocery Owners Say Man Had Systematically Robbed Cash Drawer.

Although convicted specifically in the Court of Special Sessions in Brooklyn yesterday of stealing $2.50 from the cash drawer of the grocery store of Antonio Palumbo, at 180 Thirty-first Street, William Gross of 204 Thirty-first Street, is accused by Palumbo and his wife of systematic thefts that have plunged their business into debt to the extent of more than $6,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Palumbo said that their business prospered until early in 1923, when Gross appeared. He told Mrs. Palumbo he kept pigeons and purchased 5 cents worth of wheat. Every morning he appeared, always timing his arrival with the departure of Palumbo. Mrs. Palumbo had to go to the cellar to get the grain.

Despite the apparent frequency of sales, the Palumbos found themselves getting into debt. Mrs. Palumbo solved the riddle, she said, when she saw Gross take money from the cash drawer. Later Patrolman Michael Ward trapped Gross. Justices Salmon, Edwards and Murphy remanded Gross until July 24 for sentence.

BLAST KILLS 5 IN FAMILY.

Electric Light Spark Ignites Gasoline in California Home.

FRESNO, Cal., July 17 (AP).—An explosion of gasoline vapors, ignited when an electric light was turned on, cost the lives of H. D. Schroeder and his four children and destroyed the Schroeder home in Piper colony, between Reedley and Dinuba, yesterday.

The dead are: H. D. Schroeder, 50 years old, a vineyardist; Sarah Schroeder, twenty-one; Myrtle Schroeder, twenty-four; Louis Schroeder, thirteen, and Arnold Schroeder, eight.

With the exception of Sarah Schroeder, believed to have turned on an electric light which provided the necessary spark for the explosion, the family was asleep and, it is believed, never knew what took place. Their bodies, charred almost beyond recognition, were found near their beds.

The walls of the two-story house were blown out from the bottom of the house and the second floor and roof settled on the foundation. After the explosion the debris burst into flames.

PARTY FOR 35 CRIPPLES.

Charity Committee Entertains Children on Bellevue Roof.

Thirty-five crippled children, ranging from 4 to 12 years, were entertained yesterday on the roof of Bellevue Hospital by the New York City Visiting Committee of the State Charities Aid Association.

Members of the committee spent the morning hours in decorating the roof. Musicians provided by the Music Committee of the New York City Visiting Committee entertained with vocal and instrumental solos. Members of the committee served the children with ice cream and cake.

The party began at 2 o'clock and ended at 4. The children, when they returned to their wards, were still talking of it with delight, and they are looking forward eagerly to the next one.

BACK ALIMONY HER ASSETS.

Woman Broker Files Bankruptcy Petition—Bank Account 55 Cents.

Mrs. Marguerite W. Diedrich, 3,415 Avenue K, Brooklyn, who said she had been engaged in the brokerage business, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday in Brooklyn. She listed her liabilities at $7,029.23 and her assets at $400.55.

Mrs. Diedrich said that the $400, which formed the greater part of her assets, represents back alimony due her by her former husband, August Diedrich. She said the 55 cents was her bank account.

BUYS M. L. HIMMEL PLANTS.

Grand Rapids Show Case Co. Continues Enlargement Program.

The Grand Rapids Show Case Company, the largest manufacturer of show cases in the country, has acquired the plants of the M. L. Himmel Company at Baltimore, according to announcement yesterday by S. D. Young, President of the Grand Rapids concern. The transfer involved about a million dollars.

The purchase of the Himmel properties, according to Mr. Young, "is only a part of a pre-determined plan decided upon by our Board of Directors back in 1908, at which time we acquired the Lutke Manufacturing Company of Portland, Ore., where we are now operating a new factory. The M. L. Himmel Company plant is equipped with the latest type of machinery, and has a manufacturing capacity of $2,000,000 annually."

OPENS A TRUCK SERVICE.

Michigan Central Using Autos for Less Than Carload Lots.

The Michigan Central Railroad has inaugurated truck service to handle less than carload freight out of Kalamazoo west to Mattewan, Lawton, Decatur and other Michigan cities. Eastward service will include Battle Creek and such intermediate stations as Augusta, Galesburg and Comstock. All less than carload freight billed to smaller way stations will be unloaded at Kalamazoo and transhipped by truck. The Hastings Truck Company will provide the service.

The railroad also is running trucks out of Jackson as far west as Battle Creek and east to Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti.

Mother and Daughter in Court.

Mrs. Adeline Guido, 140 Butler Street, Brooklyn, and her daughter, Rose, were both tried before Judge Lake Jones in Federal Court, Brooklyn, yesterday on prohibition charges. The mother conducts a grocery. It was charged that the daughter sold a half pint of whisky to Policewoman Emma Gross for 50 cents. The mother was charged with possessing liquor. The daughter was acquitted. The jury disagreed in the case of Mrs. Guido.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Ben R. Levy, who was formerly with the Esco Woolen Company, is now handling dress goods and woolens for the department store and retail trade under the name of the Benley Mills. His offices are at 35 East Twenty-ninth Street.

Metzger & Cohen, makers of pile fabric and cloth coats, have moved to new and larger quarters at 263 West Thirty-eighth Street.

WOOL MARKET DRAGS, SAYS TRADE REVIEW

Tendency in America Is Against Buyer—Good Clearances in Trading Abroad.

BOSTON, July 17.—The Commercial Bulletin will say tomorrow:

"The wool market has made haste slowly this week. London has been somewhat irregular and Australia resumed on a relatively low basis, as compared with London, giving the trade pause for analysis of the situation, the net result of which is the market values are about where they were, locally, although the tendency in the country has been, if anything, slightly against the buyer.

"The best feature of the foreign primary markets has been the good clearances and the evident healthy state of affairs which caused these good sales. Melbourne resumed on Monday about 5 per cent. above the May suspension level. London has been subjected to heavy withdrawals this week, largely due to the selection, although the possibilities of a strike over the proposed 5 per cent. wage reduction in Yorkshire at the end of the month probably is exerting some restraining influence upon buyers.

"The goods market here is without material change, but seems to be fairly healthy.

"Mohair is nominally unchanged on practically no demand.

"The rail and water shipments of wool from Boston from Jan. 1 to July 16 inclusive were 86,902,000 pounds, against 89,419,000 pounds for the same period last year. The receipts from Jan. 1 to July 16 inclusive were 179,280,400 pounds, against 181,128,600 pounds for the same period last year."

LONDON, July 17.—The offerings at the wool auctions today amounted to 9,570 bales. Trading was quieter and the home trade purchased cautiously, while fair sales were made to the Continent. Prices generally were easier and withdrawals were again numerous owing to the low bidding.

THE WEEK'S PRICE TREND.

Among Advances Were Flour, Hogs, Beef, Butter and Cabbage.

Advances again exceeded declines in Dun's list of wholesale commodities prices this week, although the current margin between the two was not so wide as that of a week ago. Sixty changes were shown, against 67 last week, and these 42 and 47, respectively, were upward. More than a third of this week's revisions took place in the foodstuffs, in which thirteen advances and ten declines were shown.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on selected standard commodities this week. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for this week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	$4.00	$4.00	$0.50
Beans, mar., c., 100 lbs.	9.25	9.25	*
Butter, creamery, lb.	41½	42	.40¾
Cabbage, per bbl.	2.25	1.75	1.25
Cheese, w. m., spl., lb.	.26½	.26½	.25
Fresh, spec., lb.	.24½	.28½	.20
Codfish, Grand Banks, 100 lbs.	10.00	10.00	9.00
Coffee, Santos No. 4, lb.	.23	.23½	.19½
Eggs, near-by, fan., doz.	.44	.46	.40
Flour, fan. Minn. fam.	9.85	9.85	8.85
Onions, bbl., per crate	*4.00	*4.00	*
Peas, split, 100 lbs.	6.25	6.25	7.00
Potatoes, bbl.	4.25	5.00	2.75
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.07¾	.07¾	.07½
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.21	.21	.17
Tea, Japan, best, lb.	.50	.50	.50
Bacon, 140s down, lb.	.20¾	.19¾	.11¾
Beef, steers, live, 100 lbs.	13.00	12.83	9.50
Hams, lig., in tes., lb.	.23¼	.23¼	.16¾
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	14.25	13.65	7.60
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	13.00	13.00	10.50
Barley, malting, bu.	1.06½	1.06	.98½
Rye, No. 1, 100 lbs.	1.25	1.25	1.05
Rye, No. 2, bu.	1.12	1.09¾	.94½
Aluminum, pig, lb.	.27	.27	.25
Copper, electro., lb.	.14¾	.14¾	.12¾
Zinc, lb.	.075	.075	.062
Brown sheet, lb.	.14½	.14½	.05½
Cloths, pri., 64x60, yd.	.09¾	.09¾	.06¾
Hides, pack., No. 1, lb.	.17	.16¾	.13¾
Hides, cows, hvy., lb.	.16	.15	.11
Leather, sole, lb.	.44	.45	.33
Rubber, up-river, fine, lb.	.95	.77	.22½
Plan. 1st latex cr., lb.	1.12	.96	.22½
Silk, China, st. fil. 1st, lb.	7.20	7.30	7.25
Silk, Japan, fil., No. 1 Sinshiu, lb.	6.25	6.80	5.15
Wool, dom. av. 98 quo., lb.	.804	.794	.789

*Nominal

Unusually sharp changes in the prices of flour featured the week's fluctuations in the foodstuffs. The Spring patent grade went up 55 cents a barrel, while a drop of 50 cents was witnessed in the Winter soft straight variety. Fancy Minnesota flour rose 50 cents a barrel. Middle Western lard and bacon were higher in the provisions list here, but there was no change in hams. Chicago the only decline in provisions was seen in short ribs, with mess pork and live sheep unchanged. Live hogs and beef were higher.

More changes than of late were seen in the list of dairy products. Extra creamery butter went up 1½ cents a pound. An advance of a cent a pound took place in fresh specials cheese. Nearby fancy eggs dropped 2 cents a dozen, while a rise of a cent a dozen was seen in fresh-gathered "firsts."

The listed dried fruits were without change either way, but the list for fresh ones showed a break of $2 a barrel in the price of fancy apples. The revisions in the vegetables were also sharp. A break of 75 cents a barrel was seen in potatoes, while rutabaga turnips dropped off a dollar a barrel. Cabbage, on the other hand, went up 50 cents.

In the beverage list there were further declines in the basic grades of Brazilian coffees, and at current prices they do not stand as very much higher than those of a year ago. The teas continued to show no change. The spices showed advances in Zanzibar cloves and white pepper, which were offset by declines in Cochin ginger and red Mombasa pepper. A decline occurred in fine granulated sugar, but 96-degree raw sugar advanced.

Wheat showed the only drop in the grains list, with the advances recorded in corn, oats, rye and malting barley. The leather list contained only a decline in tannery run union backs, but in the hides advances were seen in No. 1 native packer, No. 1 Texas, Colorado, heavy native cow, No. 1 buff and No. 1 extreme stocks. Tallow advanced.

Changes in the metals were again confined to the minor ones. They consisted of a rise in electrolytic copper and declines in antimony and tin. Neither the listed building materials nor lumber were reported higher or lower.

Features were missing from the changes in drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils, totaling fourteen, which contained nine declines. The only change in the naval stores was a further rise in resin, which now stands at $10.15 a barrel, compared with $5.55 at this time last year.

Both Chinese and Japanese raw silks were lower this week, but further advances were seen in Brazilian and plantation crude rubber. Both grades are very much higher than they were a year ago. Hemp advanced.

The week in the textiles brought still higher prices to standard burlaps. There were also several minor advances in unfinished cotton goods. Some well-known brands of bleached muslins were also advanced a little.

AMERICAN DRY STOCK OFFER

Beverage Corporation to Use Proceeds to Acquire Delatour.

The American Dry Corporation of Virginia, manufacturers of Ginger Ale, will make a public offering of new securities in the form of Class A stock, E. A. Oliver, President of the company, announced yesterday.

Proceeds from the sale of this stock, according to Mr. Oliver, will be used to acquire the property and good will of the Delatour Beverage Corporation, established more than a century ago, the building of an additional plant at Waynesboro, Va., and to provide additional working capital and an extensive advertising campaign.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—4 per cent. for the best names.
Thursday—4 per cent. for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Gray Goods Not Very Active.

The further break in cotton yesterday took the edge off trading in the local gray goods market. It made buyers less willing to pay sellers' prices, but it did not encourage the latter to ask less for their goods. Bids of 5½ cents for spot 38½-inch 64-60 printcloths failed to bring goods out, sellers asking an eighth more for them. A few 39-inch 68-72s were sold at 10½ cents, and some spot trading in 39-inch 72-76s took place at 11¼ cents. For 38½-inch 60-48s buyers paid 8 cents. Spot 37-inch 48-square, four-yard sheetings brought 9¾ cents, with some September business reported in 36-inch 56-60 four-yard goods at 10 cents. Five-yard sheetings of the 36-inch width sold for 7¼ cents. More activity was reported in the clothing "numbers," especially 43-inch three and four leaf twills. In the sateens there was trading in 39-inch 64-104s at 12 cents and in 37½-inch 64-88s at 11 cents.

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Fall Clothing Tendencies.

The trend in men's Fall clothing is running toward darker shades, among which green is prominently mentioned, on the theory that since the light shades are now being worn by the masses something different is necessary for the better trade. Some manufacturers look with disfavor on green as a shade for men's attire, but others point out that men are constantly seeking new color effects and that if women can wear the warm shades of red and purple during the Summer months men will suffer no ill effects from "the wearing of the green" in the Fall. Coats will be lengthened and shoulders will be broadened by much padding. Cuffs will not be worn on trousers for garments for the better trade. In fabrics talk of a return to popularity of worsteds is being discounted by manufacturers. In top coats the form-fitting model is highly regarded for early Fall wear.

***

Change in Golf Suits.

An improvement in the sale of golf suits and knickers in the Fall is looked for by manufacturers, who call attention to the unprecedented sale of white knickers, which hindered sales of golf suits during the current season. An innovation in gold knickers which will be launched this Fall is a patented device to hold the bottom of the garment in place, instead of the usual buckle or strap which occasionally work loose. The knickers come with patch pockets, in a variety of fabrics, but are not made in washable cloths. They are designed to retail at $15. A four-piece golf suit containing the innovation will retail at $50.

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A New Clock Novelty.

The "beating heart" clock is a novelty of Swiss make now being sold by one importer. It is intended for boudoir or traveling purposes, and derives its name from a heart-shaped opening in the face, through which a small pendulum is to be seen swinging or "beating." The clock comes in various novelty shapes, and among the materials in which it is finished are pearl, enamel and mother-of-pearl. Each style is provided with a leather case to match. The retail price ranges from $10 to $25.

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Rayon Aiding Silk?

Silk manufacturers are not regarding rayon fabrics as dangerous rivals for the Fall, despite the growing popularity of the newer textiles. As a matter of fact, it is their opinion that rayon has stabilized the silk market. They reason that if rayon had not become popularized when it did silk would now be selling at a price well above its present figure and would be a commodity used only by the wealthy. Combinations of silk and rayon fabrics are achieving wide success and both industries are thus being aided. Meanwhile rayon manufacturers report that their mills are booked three months ahead and orders could be taken sufficient to keep wheels turning until the end of the year. Despite an acute shortage price levels remain constant, since manufacturers fear that any mark-up would check the expansion of the industry into new fields.

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Coats for the Better Trade.

Although the sale of bolivias and broken pile fabrics to cutters-up are said to exceed that of other fabrics being used by the coat industry, style authorities are not confident that these textiles will find favor among the better class of trade. They believe that fastidious women will be buying coats made of different fabric—something of a richer, softer-looking quality than the suedes. The costume suit will continue popular among the better trade, it is believed, but widespread use of this garment is not deemed likely, since it is regarded as primarily a quality production; and efforts to popularize the costume suit by lowering the cost of production may meet with difficulty this Fall.

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Shoe Jobbers Not Very Busy.

Local shoe jobbers are finding things somewhat quiet at the moment, but as this is more or less of a staple condition at this time of year, there is very little complaint heard. On the other hand, the tendency is to look for active buying on the part of retailers in the early Fall, with the beginning of the rush expected soon after Labor Day. Reports from the larger jobbers say that sales are comfortably ahead of last year, with the increased business in rubber footwear contributing to this condition in no small degree.

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Infants' Socks Well Sold Now.

So active has been the demand for new season's lines of infants' socks, and also seven-eighths goods, but they are now pretty well under order. A feature of the business that has been placed to date with representative mills by large operators has been, according to the special news letter of the National Association of Hosiery and Underwear Manufacturers, the degree of detail that has been supplied by the latter. Buyers who went through all kinds of trouble this Spring because of delayed deliveries on "numbers" they wanted, due to the lateness with which they placed their real volume last year, are apparently not taking any chances of being caught short again. They are picking out the styles they want and getting in their details to make sure of deliveries when they desire them. Many buyers have shown a willingness to take in their goods early in the Fall, which is almost unprecedented.

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Hard Coal Active and Higher.

Greater activity and rising prices for independent coal are the order of the day in the anthracite trade, Seward's Journal will say today. The situation has not taken on the aspect of a runaway market, for the demand is active only by comparison with the dullness of last month, and the price advances have been moderate. Orders have increased both in size and number, however, and the fact that quotations are being marked up instead of down is a further indication that the most depressed period has been safely passed. Business is picking up a bit in the bituminous market, and the outlook is for further expansion.

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Millinery Show Tickets Selling.

So active has been the demand for tickets for the annual Fall dinner and fashion show of the Retail Millinery Association of America, which will be held at the Hotel Astor on Aug. 4, that all of those calling for places at the tables in the main ballroom have been disposed of. Those for seats at the tables to be placed in the "Rose" and "Laurel" rooms are rapidly approaching a sold-up condition, according to a statement made yesterday by an executive of the association. About 2,000 persons are expected to attend the affair. A final discussion of the plans for it will take place at a committee meeting to be held at the organization's headquarters, 15 West Thirty-seventh Street, on Tuesday afternoon.

DRY GOODS AT 1924 LEVEL.

Current Sales Above and Road Sales Below Those of Week Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the wholesale dry goods trade, say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods was considerably ahead of last week's figures and exceeded somewhat that of the same week a year ago.

"Road sales were less than for last week, due to road salesmen's vacations, but maintained approximately the same volume as a year ago during the corresponding period.

"There were more customers in the market than during the same period in 1924.

"Collections were about the same as for the corresponding week last year."

BUSINESS RECORDS

FAILURES FOR THE WEEK.

BRADSTREET'S reports 348 failures for the week in the United States, as compared with 304 for the previous week and 305, 226, 271, 241 for the corresponding weeks in 1924 to 1921. The New England States had 37; Middle, 67; Western, 83; Northwestern, 33; Southern, 94; Far Western, 34. Canada had 35 against 58. In the United States about 77.3 per cent. of the concerns failing had $5,000 capital or less and 15 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Petitions Filed—Against.

AVENUE A FURNITURE CO., INC., 103 Avenue A, by Empire Mfg. Corporation, for $545; Cooperative Furniture Co., $1,195; Colonel Mfg. Co., $5,300. Percival Wilde was appointed receiver under $5,000 bond, by Judge Hand. Liabilities not stated; assets, about $40,000.

BELLE DRESS HOUSE, INC., 265 W. 36th St., by Tilton & Kesler, Inc., for $851; Reichenbach & Co., $19; G. Sidenberg & Co., $27. Liabilities, about $14,000; assets, about $6,000.

HILEL EISENBERG, dry goods, 220 3d Av., by Fish Bros., for $136; Beall & Friedman, Inc., $21; Morris Tauzman, $212; Simon Kaplan, $180.

Petitions Filed—By.

MORRIS FLEISHER, dry goods, 219 St. Ann's Avenue. Liabilities, $3,946; assets, $2,175, main item being stock, $2,000.

CHAUNCEY DE VOE, Jessup Avenue—Liabilities, $3,440; no assets.

Schedules Filed.

RAMSTONE CORPORATION, radio, 119 West 24th St.—Liabilities, $57,476; assets, $53,349, main items being stock, $40,000; fixtures, $8,100; accounts, $7,275. Principal creditors are Radio Panel & Parts Corp., $4,872; Marie Engineering Co., $4,014; National Surety Co., $3,000; Cincinnati Coffin Co., $2,600.

GLOBE KNITTING CO., 39 West 32d St.—Liabilities, $16,939; assets, $13,682, main items being stock, $6,253; accounts, $4,189.

SAM. TRESKANOV, clothier, 129 Stanton St.—Liabilities, $6,655; assets, $2,000, consisting of stock and fixtures.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Petitions Filed—Against.

THROOP AUTO SUPPLY CO., INC., auto and radio supplies, 852 De Kalb Avenue, by Realty Auto Supply Co., Inc., for $1,542; Judge Dawkins has appointed Michael McDonough receiver, in bond of $1,000.

Petitions Filed—By.

CHARLES H. ABOUCHAR, 4,715 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn—Liabilities, $4,285; no assets.

ERNEST L. PALMER, manufacturer, 10 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn — Liabilities, $4,285; assets, $46.71.

ALFRED S. WALTER, 1,461 Central Avenue, Far Rockaway, L. I.—Liabilities, $737; no assets.

Receivers Appointed.

FRASER TABLET CO., 458 Nineteenth Street, Brooklyn—Judge Dawkins has appointed Frederick R. Crane, in bond of $20,000.

Bankruptcy Discharges.

A. & M. MEYERS, 816 Albany Avenue, Brooklyn.

BENJAMIN TEMELSAUM, 7,024 Fort Hamilton Parkway, Brooklyn.

FRANCIS VAN WINKLE, 959 Seventy-fifth Street, Brooklyn.

CHARLES J. POTBURY, 1,256 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn.

JAS J. SMITH, 500 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

BARNET LEVY, 688 Saratoga Avenue, Brooklyn.

ABRAMOWITZ & RUDERMAN, 5,219 New Utrecht Avenue, Brooklyn.

LOUIS TROSTEN, 1,176 President Street, Brooklyn.

DAVID WALDMAN, 1,573 Pitkin Avenue, Brooklyn.

S. DRUCKER & CO., 1,067 White Place, Far Rockaway, L. I.

ABRAHAM HYMOWITZ, 1,577 Carroll Street, Brooklyn.

MORRIS GINSBERG, 93 Pulaski Street, Brooklyn.

BERNARD SHAPIRO, 209 Caspian Street, Brooklyn.

SAMUEL E. GOOTSMAN, 183 Havemeyer Street, Brooklyn.

HYMAN GLUCHOFSKY, 219 Barret Street, Brooklyn.

ROSE MISKIND, 1,810 Fifty-second Street, Brooklyn.

SIGMUND ORNSTEIN, 129 Prospect Street, Brooklyn.

MAYER & PAGET, 5,104 Twelfth Avenue, Brooklyn.

SIGMUND S. ROTHSCHILD, Freeport, L. I.

OTHER DISTRICTS.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., July 17.—A bankruptcy petition was filed by Jacob S. Gensberg, trading as United States Sales Stores, 878 Springfield Avenue, with liabilities of $1,561 and assets $762.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 17.—A voluntary petition in bankruptcy was filed by W. E. Henderson, salesman, giving liabilities at $67,976 and no assets.

ASSIGNMENTS.

SAMUEL LINDENBAUM, trading as the Sellmor Cloak Company, jobbers of women's coats, at 22 West 22d Street, to Samuel J. Ludwig of 910 Intervale Avenue.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Athens Hotel Co., Inc.—H. J. McEvoy.....$1,197.57

Abraham, William—Amalgamated Bank of N. Y.....$486.66

Anel Theatrical Corp (McKinley Square Theatre)—M. J. Hoone, Lamy Co.....$231.07

Bay, Marion F., and Herbert W.—T. A. Mackie.....$262.21

Baumann, Charles—C. Jacobs.....$514.45

Brown, Jack and Samuel Frankel—People, &c.....$500.00

Bogusloff, Celman and Casten Dress Co., Inc.—Hiller Land & Building Co.....$369.97

Brown, Bella, admx.—L. Lauter.....$353.42

Berker, William—H. A. Budd.....$215.79

Cotton, Wm. N.—H. A. Budd.....101.82

Como Cream Co., Inc.—S. Breakstone et al.....$661.51

Carroll, Daniel J.—City of N. Y.....$215.35

Corporation of H. & A. Cohen—D. Hutt.....$135.65

Curran, John J.—Framerican Industrial Development Corp.....$1,031.03

Czechoslovak A. Skrot Ind. Inc.—A. Kover.....$16,286.64

Corona Oil & Refining Co., Inc.—Bassick Alemite Service Corp.....$329.29

Danowitz, Erik C.—L. Stern.....$153.15

De Grazia, Louis and Salvatore Scicrita—Auto Brokerage Co., Inc.....$287.11

Davidson, Abraham—A. Chaite et al.....$693.52

De Vine, Homer B.—Butler & Bros.....$182.37

Ellinger, Elisabeth and Charles (Ellingers Bakery)—Burtis & Co., Inc.....$358.45

Endres, Theodore—American Radiator Co.....$474.06

Eastman, Geo R.—Albert J. Meyers Co.....$140.55

Fiero, Clifford B.—F. A. Petronio.....$361.87

Farber, Edward—A. J. Roemer et al.....$383.03

Same.....$449.80

Goldin, Morris—Brenerman Horan Co., Inc.....$247.59

German, Max and Samuel Handmas (German & Handman)—119 Ghost Co., Inc.....$202.35

Ginsberg, Jack and Samuel Frankel—People, &c.....$500.00

Golf Accessories Co., Inc.—American Exchange Nat'l Bank.....$1,452.84

Haberzell, Garage, Inc.—Standard Oil Co. of N. Y.....$2,602.23

Haight, Allen T.—J. Kandell.....$32.50

Hoffman, Wm. H.—F. A. W

LATEST DEALINGS IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

ROBERT SIMON BUYS SEVENTH AV. CORNER

Acquires Twelfth Street Site Improved With Five Buildings.

$600,000 LOFT PURCHASE

Benenson Realty Co. Sells Eleven-Story Structure in West Twentieth Street.

Hercer Realty Corporation, Robert E. Simon President, has purchased the northeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Twelfth Street, a plot 67 by 95 feet, at the Seventh Avenue subway station. The property consists of five buildings in the Washington Square and Greenwich Village districts. The sellers are Sam and Gustave Licht. Morgenthau & Blackstone, Inc., were the brokers.

Benenson Realty Company sold to Elmsbury Houses, Inc., Albert H. Atterbury President, the eleven-story fireproof loft building at 18 to 22 West Twentieth Street, running through to West Nineteenth Street. It rents in excess of $80,000 and is occupied by miscellaneous manufacturers. It is on a plot 75 by 100 on Twentieth Street and 25 by 100 on Nineteenth Street. It was held at $600,000. The broker in the transaction was Joseph Harrison.

Apartment House Trading.

The Kaypem Realty Corporation, represented by Henry S. Mansfield, purchased from Emma L. Kirk the two five-story apartments at 244 and 246 West 106th Street, on a plot 50 by 100.11.

The two six-story elevator apartments at 203 to 209 East Ninety-sixth Street, 75 by 100.11, have been sold by the J. K. T. Realty Corporation (Jacob and Tillie Kornblau) to Selma Reichenbach, who immediately reconveyed the property to the Awald Realty Corporation.

Samuel Lifshitz sold for the H. C. M. Realty Corporation to the Lansdale Corporation, L. Beilin President, premises at 316 West Seventy-fifth Street, a modern elevator apartment, 36 by 80, renting for more than $27,000 and held at $165,000.

The five-story tenement and stores at 150 Clinton Street has been sold by Anna Presser to Harris May. The purchaser was represented by Harris Koppelman.

The two six-story tenement houses and stores, known as 488 to 496 East Houston Street, were sold by Barnet Stein to the Brida Realty Corporation. The purchaser was represented by Harris Koppelman.

Plan Park Avenue Apartment.

Julius Tishman & Sons sold to the Bricken Construction Company the northeast corner of Park Avenue and Ninety-second Street, fronting 100 feet on the avenue and 151 feet on the street. The property was held at $800,000. The Bricken Construction Company intends to erect a fourteen-story apartment house on the site from plans by Schwartz & Gross. They are now completing an apartment at the corner of Ninetieth Street and Park Avenue. William P. Baker, the broker in the deal, recently sold the northeast corner at Park Avenue and Eighty-eighth Street to the Bricken Construction Company.

Journire Silverman, Theodore Yankauer and David Lion bought through A. H. Matthews from Catherine C. Hanley 192-194 East Seventy-fifth Street, which is at present occupied as a stable. Is 50 by 100 feet and has been in present ownership for about 20 years. It is the intention of the purchasers to either offer it for resale or improve the plot with a nine-story structure. The property was held at $110,000.

The Ratuston Realty Company has acquired title to the property consisting of five dwellings on a combined plot 92 by 80 feet situated on the northeast corner of West End Avenue and Ninety-seventh Street. Negotiations are pending for a resale of the property to a builder. Samuel Kronsky, Inc. were the brokers in the transaction.

The Gossar Realty Corporation, Philip Gosseen, President, has sold to a client of S. Steinberg a five and one-half story walk-up at 105-107 East Tenth Street.

Max Weinstein sold for the Wallace Pharmacy, Inc., to a client of Max Tachna 47 West Fifty-second Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot 20 by 100 feet, held for $100,000.

Leon Stein sold for the Beatey Company 832 Amsterdam Avenue, adjoining the southeast corner of 101st Street, a five-story building on a lot 25 by 100 feet, containing two stores and twelve apartments, with a rental of $9,360. A new first mortgage was placed with the Harlem Savings Bank.

MORTGAGE LOANS PLACED.

Owners Obtain Money on West Side Properties.

Irving H. Wolfe & Co., Inc., have placed for the Erdna Holding Company a mortgage of $137,500 on the property 161 to 167 West Thirty-fourth Street; also for the Berr Realty Company a $75,000 mortgage on the property 241 to 247 West Forty-third Street.

Charles F. Noyes Company placed two loans of $18,000 for Elias A. Cohen at 5½ per cent. interest covering 221-22 Front Street.

BUILDERS SELL GARAGE.

Active Holding Company in East Side Transaction.

Active Holding Company, Inc., consisting of Harry Cahn, Philip Wattenberg and Maurice Muller, operators and builders, have sold the two-story newly completed garage building at 429 to 433 East Seventy-fourth Street, on a plot 75 by 102 feet, to Jacob Stoker. Bardfeld & Walowitz were the brokers who negotiated the sale. Samuel Bitterman represented the sellers.

Commercial Leases.

Spear & Co. have leased the ninth floor at 462-468 Seventh Avenue to Warren Dress Company, Inc., for a term of years; salesrooms at 298 Fifth Avenue to John Henschel & Co., drawing materials; part of the fifteenth floor at 39-41 West Thirty-second Street to J. Daniel Albert, manufacturers of Dolly Dey frocks, and half of the rear floor at 602 Broadway to Arthur Bender, ladies' shoes.

American Bureau of Real Estate subleased to a client for the American National Omnibus Corporation their suite of offices at 80 William Street for the unexpired term.

Heights Club Sells Home.

The Fort Washington Club, Inc., has sold to a corporation the three-story-and-basement clubhouse at 536 West 148th Street, on lot 17 by 99 feet, near Broadway. Charles A. Du Bois was the broker.

Farrell Estate Sells Old Flatbush Landmark

The last part of an old landmark of the John T. Farrell estate in Flatbush has been purchased by James McCawley.

This is the last of the old farm, together with the original house. The property occupies about one acre of ground on East Forty-first Street, East Fortieth Street and Mill Lane, and is about one block from the new Kings Highway Boulevard and Flatbush Avenue.

This is the first time the property has changed hands in half a century and has been purchased from the heirs of the estate. The same buyer has also sold the building at 1,954 Flatbush Avenue, corner of Kings Highway.

DWELLINGS AND FLATS IN NEW BRONX PLANS

Building Projects Will Add to Housing Accommodations in the Borough.

The following plans for dwellings and flats adding to housing construction have been filed with the Bronx Bureau of Buildings:

Wheeler Avenue and Bronx River Avenue, ten two-story brick dwellings 20 by 35 by 64 feet, and 44 by 53 feet; Bronx Construction Corporation, owners; Irving Kirchenblit, architect cost $79,500.

Bassford Avenue, west side, from 182d Street to Fletchurst, six-story brick tenement 134 by 49 feet; Gritach Realty Company owners; S. F. Oppenheim, architect; cost $115,000.

Baychester Avenue, west side, north of Givan Place, 3 two-story frame dwellings 18 by 44 feet; Baychester Home Builders Corporation, owners and architects; cost $21,000.

Walton Avenue, west side, 100 feet north of McLillan Street, six-story tenement 150 by 87 feet; R. L. Building Corporation, owners; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost $350,000.

237th Street, southwest corner of Oneida Avenue, a two-story brick dwelling 67 by 30 feet; John Hohlach, owner; William Farrell, architect; cost $16,000.

THE BRONX MARKET.

Builder Plans Apartment for Gun Hill Road Block Front.

J. P. McEvoy purchased from the Simplex Bldg. Co., Inc., the entire block front on the north side of Gun Hill Road running between Tryon and Wayne Avenues and plant to erect a six-story apartment house and seventeen stores. The size of the plot is 210 feet on Gun Hill Road and 100 feet deep. The asking price was $60,000. The brokers were the Logan Billingsley Realty Co., Inc., and Morton M. Green.

Max B. Lew sold for Mary and Rebecca Rabinowitz 1,815 Crotona Avenue, a five-story and basement, new law walk-up, 37.6 by 100, for $55,000.

John L. Cella sold for the Yrose Realty Company, Inc., to Garramone & Yule a five-story brick tenement twenty-three family and three stores, on the northwest corner of 180th Street and Monterey Avenue, showing a rental of $15,000, held for $95,000.

The same broker sold for Charles Hausman a two-story frame dwelling on a lot 18 by 115 feet at 2,157 Washington Avenue to A. Milazzo.

Michael Pellechio sold for John Hikey to Frank Gioio a four-story brick tenement house, size 29.6 by 100 feet, at 585 East 137th Street. A resale is pending.

Women Buy Staten Island Plot.

James S. Graham reports the sale of a plot 30 by 100 feet on the southerly side of Second Street, about 700 feet westerly from Lincoln Avenue, Woodland Terrace, S. I., to Mrs. Mary A. Arbeeny and Mrs. Maud A. Jabbour.

Rowantree-Schley Company sold for Patrick J. and Elizabeth Mallon Hughes to Andrew A. and Myrtle J. Armstrong lot 1,641 on Garrison Avenue, at National Prohibition Park, Westerleigh, Staten Island, N. Y. This lot is 37 by 115 feet and adjoins the present home of the purchasers.

BUYS BLOCK FRONT OF BROOKLYN FLATS

Apartments on Seventeenth Av., Held at $650,000, Sold to an Operator.

Irving Gaumont, operator, bought from the I. M. Kalt Realty Corporation the entire block front of apartment houses of English architecture, fronting 200 feet on Seventeenth Avenue, 181 feet on Seventy-fourth Street and 177 feet on Seventy-third Street.

The houses contain 10 apartments of three and four rooms, with sun parlors, and the aggregate rental is $70,000. The property was held at $650,000. Isidore Weinbach was the broker who negotiated the sale. Phillips, Jaffe & Jaffe acted for the purchaser.

The three-story brick and limestone business and apartment building on the west side of Flatbush Avenue, 177 feet north of Newkirk Avenue, with a frontage of 20 feet on Flatbush Avenue and a depth of 100 feet, has been sold by Hinrich Hinrichsen to a buyer for investment. The brokers were the McInerney-Klinck Realty Company.

Frank A. Seaver & Co. report the sale of a plot, 200 by 120 feet, on the west side of Eleventh Avenue, Seventy-sixth to Seventy-seventh Street, for H. R. Dunkum to a client for investment, and sold a plot, 25 by 100 feet, on the north side of Ninety-sixth Street, 100 feet west of Third Avenue, for Mary McGrath to a client for investment.

In Flatbush, the Bulkley & Horton Company, in conjunction with the Sherman Realty Company, sold the one-family residence, on a lot 40 by 100, at 610 East Twenty-fourth Street, between Farragut and Glenwood Roads, for Mrs. Felmus to a buyer for occupancy.

Muir & Duffy, as brokers, sold for James J. Walsh the two-family house at 456 Seventy-first Street, to a client, who will occupy; for Sydmac Construction Company, the two-family brick house, known as 53 Eighty-ninth Street to a client, who will occupy; for Twin City Development Company, the two-family brick house known as 7,120 Colonial Road, to a client for occupancy, investment; for Twin City Development Company, the two-family house known as 7,114 Colonial Road to a client for occupancy; for Agnes Froede, the one-family house known as 1,069 Seventy-fourth Street to a client for occupancy; for the estate of Catherine Stein, the two-family house known as 179 Seventy-second Street, to a client for investment and occupancy; for Alfred Walters, the two-family semi-detached house known as 1,021 Seventy-fourth Street, to a client for occupancy; for Martin Hess, the house known as 7,515 Colonial Road to a client, who will occupy; for Mary Finn, the one-family house known as 449 Eighty-first Street, to a client who will occupy, and for Anna J. Bennett, the two-family house known as 648 Seventy-eighth Street, to a client, who will occupy.

John H. Clason, listing broker, in cooperation with Elwin S. Piper Company, reports the sale, through the Multiple Listing Bureau of the Brooklyn Real Estate Board, of the three-story brick building located, at 1,620 Avenue M.

The two-family brick building, at 615 Cleveland Street, 20 by 95, has been sold by Sam Geider to Sarah Freiling. The seller was represented by Charles M. Hiesiger, and the purchaser by Harris Koppelman.

N. Edward Veron purchased for a client, the two-family brick dwelling 7,116 Nineteenth Avenue.

Results at Auction.
By JOSEPH P. DAY.

Park Avenue, 1,863, east side, 24.11 feet north of 127th Street, 25 by 70 feet, four-story tenement; Mary C. Reilly against Katherine P. Hampton and others; due, $9,003.57; taxes, &c., $344.34; subject to a mortgage of $6,000; to the plaintiff for $18,500.

Park Avenue, 1,867, east side, 99.11 south of 128th Street, 25 by 70 feet, four-story tenement; Bernard W. Fox against Katherine P. Hampton and others; due, $10,388.73; taxes, &c., $650.45; subject to first mortgage of $4,000; to Mary C. Reilly for $17,200.

East Twelfth Street, 210, south side, 414.6 west of Second Avenue, 20 by 106.6, five-story tenement and stores; Prudential Bond and Mortgage Corporation against Anted Holding Corporation and others; due, $12,845; taxes, &c., $300; withdrawn.

Fifty-five Theatres, Costing $25,886,000, Built in 1925

Unusual activity in new theatre construction has been a feature in operations reported since the first of the year, the McGraw-Hill Daily Construction News Service reports.

From Jan. 1 to date contracts for fifty-five theatres have been let in the United States, valued at $25,886,000.

The theatre building operations are distributed geographically as follows: Middle Atlantic, $5,250,000; New England, $1,350,000; Southern, $1,000,000; Middle West, $6,650,000; west of the Mississippi, $4,801,000, and Far West, $6,835,000.

EAST SIDE HOME SOLD FOR $170,000

Mrs. Bacon Gilbert Sells Her Five-Story Residence in Fiftieth Street.

The five-story American basement residence at 48 East Fiftieth Street, occupying a lot 19 by 100 feet, was sold yesterday by Mrs. Bacon Gilbert through Douglas L. Elliman & Co. as brokers. The property was held at $170,000 and will be continued to be occupied by Mrs. Gilbert for the present.

Edwin Goldsmith sold the two-story dwelling, on a lot 17.6 by 100 feet, at 157 West Eighty-fifth Street to a buyer for occupancy. Leroy Coventry was the broker.

Arthur A. La Porta, operator, purchased from Jean Blumefield the four-story brownstone house at 346 East Fifty-first Street. After alteration into small modern apartments the building will be offered for resale.

Ames & Co., in conjunction with J. D. Robilotto, sold 226 West Thirteenth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling on lot 20 by 65 feet. The property was held at $30,000. The purchaser was Mrs. Violet Alvarez, who plans to make extensive alterations.

WEST SIDE LOFT SOLD.

Elmsbury Houses, Inc., Takes Over Eleven-Story Building.

The Elmsbury Houses, Inc., Allan H. Atterbury, President, purchased the eleven-story fireproof loft building at 18-22 West Twentieth Street, through to West Nineteenth Street. The structure covers a plot 75 by 100 feet on Twentieth Street and 25 by 100 feet on Nineteenth Street. It was sold by the Benenson Realty Company.

The property has an annual rental of $90,000 and was held for $600,000. Joseph Harrison was the broker.

TRINITY AWARDS CONTRACT.

General Construction Work Goes to V. Green Company, Inc.

The Trinity Church Corporation has awarded the contract for the construction of a new store and apartment building at 484 to 490 Hudson Street, according to Brown's Letters, Inc., Construction Reports.

The building will be of brick construction, six stories, 139 by 190 feet, and will cost approximately $600,000. Plans and specifications were prepared by Renwick Aspinwall & Tucker and the contract for the construction work has been given to the V. Green Construction Company, Inc.

Mergentimes Lease New Quarters.

Wm. A. White & Sons have concluded negotiations for a twenty-one-year net lease on the six-story building at 370-82 Washington Street, northwest corner Beach, and covering a plot 60 by 60 feet. The lessees are Mergentime, Inc., and Lee Mergentime individually. The tenant does not take possession of its new quarters for four years, when the present lease expires. The rental aggregates a total of approximately $200,000.

Bayville (L. I.) Lot Sale Today.

Today at 2 P. M. on the premises William Kennelly, Inc., will conduct an auction sale of the 151 lots and one dwelling known as "Shorewood," Bayville, L. I. V. G. Wolf is the agent for this property.

BUILDERS TO ERECT LONG ISLAND HOMES

Six Hundred Lots in Astoria Sold for Several Hundred Dwellings.

STEINWAY & SONS SELLERS

A. Wilber Crane, the Artist, Sells His Italian Home in Westchester County.

Builders signed contracts yesterday for the purchase of sites on Long Island for improvement with private dwellings.

Steinway & Sons sold the property known as the Pike estate, consisting of approximately 600 lots located at the foot of Steinway Avenue, Astoria, L. I. This property has a frontage of more than 1,000 feet on Steinway Avenue and several thousand feet on Riker Avenue.

The new owners expect to file plans for the erection of several hundred one-family houses on this property. The broker in the sale was the Brunswick-Praver Company.

The Rowantree-Schley Company sold for the Kings County Trust Company, as trustee of Charles H. Asche, to George G. Clark, President of the Queens Borough Sand and Gravel Company, fifty-six acres fronting on Marcus Avenue and Denton Avenue, at New Hyde Park, L. I. Mr. Clark has erected five large hoppers for sand and gravel removal, and after bringing the property down to the road level he intends to develop this tract along the lines of Garden City.

In the Nassau Boulevard section of Garden City, L. I., Oliver Chichester, as broker, sold a plot 200 by 270 feet, the block front, on Stewart Avenue, Kilburn Road and Brixton Road, for the Garden City Properties Company, to a client for improvement; a plot 60 by 100 feet on the east side of Kilburn Road, north of Stratford Avenue, to Oscar Rimey; a plot 80 by 100 feet on the west side of Kilburn Road, north of Stewart Avenue, to Harlon Z. Page, and a Colonial house under construction on the southeast corner of Kensington Road and Salisbury Avenue for Oscar Rimey to Edmund Schmidt, for $33,500.

Lawrence G. Nusbaum sold the plot on the north side of State Street, 223 feet east of Whitestone Avenue, Flushing, L. I., to George H. Smyth. The plot has a frontage of 50 feet on State Street and a depth of 160 feet. Mr. Smyth intends to erect a dwelling on the property, and on its completion will occupy it as his home. The broker in the sale was J. Albert Johntra.

The Whitestone Homestead Company has sold through J. Albert Johntra the property at 21 Chestnut Street, Flushing, L. I., to Anthony Ulfik. The dwelling stands on a plot 60 by 150 feet. Mr. Ulfik and family will move to their new home some time this month.

Lewis H. May Company resold for I. & D. Realty Company (I. Goldber, President) vacant property on the west side of Beach Fifth Street, Sirnis Beach, Far Rockaway, L. I., running over 600 feet from Sea Girt Avenue to the Atlantic Ocean, to the Reskal Realty Corporation, who will subdivide for resale. The property was held at $50,000.

Artist Sells Westchester Home.

In Westchester County, at Pelhamwood, James L. Thompson sold to a client the large Italian Renaissance home at 57 Young Avenue, containing eleven rooms and four baths, on a plot of ground 160 by 180 feet, for A. Wilber Crane, the artist. The property was held at $45,000.

The same broker sold for Harriet C. Perry a vacant plot 75 by 103 feet on Storer Avenue for improvement. The buyer will erect an English-type dwelling of eight rooms and three baths for Fall occupancy.

The same broker also sold for Thomas W. Rochester his vacant plot on Clifford Avenue, Pelhamwood, to William Patton Ravokes.

Eugene V. Welsh has sold a country property on the Mendham Road for William R. King to Bruce Berckmans. There are three acres of land and the buildings consist of a twelve-room residence, garage and barn.

The contract for the construction of a new store building for S. S. Kresge Company in White Plains has been awarded, according to Brown's Letters, Inc., Construction Reports.

The store will be located at 96-100 Main Street and the work will be done according to plans prepared by the engineering department of the owners. Thompson & Binger have been awarded the contract for the general construction work.

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Fifth Avenue Buses Are Now Running to Jackson Heights

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Cambridge Court Cooperative Apartments of five and six rooms, beautiful sun parlors overlooking lanscaped gardens by Olmstead Brothers.

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Small initial payment—monthly payments $150 to $300
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Open Week Days

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Real Estate Values in
NEW ROCHELLE
are mounting by leaps and bounds

Samuel Brener, prominent New York City Real Estate Operator, purchased St. Gabriel's School Site, 227 ft. on Main St. and 165 ft. on Center St., about 8 months ago for $450,000.

On July 9th Mr. Brener resold the property to the 1925 Realty Corporation (Samuel Levy, Pres. and William Backer, Treas.) for $650,000, as reported, for improvement with a group of Theatre and Store Buildings.

Main St. "At Your Own Price" should be a Wonderful "Buy"!
Main Street Frontage
at entrance to Sun Haven Residential Park and opposite entrance to Premium Point.
PUBLIC AUCTION
412 Sun Haven Residential Park NEW ROCHELLE LOTS
On Boston Post Road (Main St.)
Sun Haven Drive and Adjacent Streets
For Apartments, Business and Dwelling Houses
Next Fri. Eve., July 24th,
at 7:30 o'clock, on Premises
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80% on Instalment Contract Payable 2% a Month
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GO SEE THIS BEAUTIFUL PROPERTY: (By Rail) Via N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. from Grand Central to New Rochelle and take trolley to Sun Haven Park on Main St. (By Motor) Via Broadway or Concourse, Pelham Road and Pelham Parkway to Boston Road; or Shore Road to Hunter or Main St., New Rochelle and Sun Haven Park, opposite Premium Point Park.
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KINGS HIGHWAY
FLATBUSH AV. & FLATLANDS AV.
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Unusually large rooms with permanent light and with an abundance of closet space. Room-size foyers. Real, work-saving kitchen. All apartments designed especially for greatest ease and comfort.
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BUILDING LOANS.
PHOENIX FACTORS, 1,265 BROADWAY.

2D AND 3D MORTGAGE LOANS MADE QUICKLY; NO RED TAPE; FELBER, 436 THIRD AVE. CHICKERING 7311.

$5,000 TO $25,000 to invest on first mortgages. McCabe & Marks, 110 East 42d St. Ashland 8566.

MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.

WANTED—First and second mortgage money for Westchester County; good opportunity for large investor. E. Jennings, Huguenot Trust Co. Building, New Rochelle, N. Y.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Manhattan For Sale or Rent.

42D ST. CORNER—(Small), near Grand Central Station; can be bought $40 sq. ft.; act quickly. C., Box 110, 167 East 47th.

57TH, 116 EAST (near Park Av.)—To lease, 3 upper floors, arranged in apartments; suitable for people who could furnish apartments and give service; rental $4,200. Apply to L. Friedheim, Agent, 74 West 118th. Telephone University 4628.

87TH, 61 EAST—For lease, improved house; ten rooms, two baths.

99TH, 257 WEST (between Broadway and West End Av.)—Great bargain; beautiful, private house, 11 rooms, 3 baths; immediate possession. Inquire Bigley Realty Co., 152 West 42d St. Wisconsin 8290.

118TH ST. (near Drive)—Private house, 22 feet wide, 5-story American basement; cash required $5,000; immediate possession. Madison Square 7000, extension 384.

CHARLES ST., 9—For sale, lease and contents of rooming house. Inquire M. Kearney. Principals only.

WEST END, 625—Rooming business, lease, 21 rooms, 16 baths. Susquehanna 1318.

FOR SALE or Lease—Washington Heights, opposite college, beautiful 14-room house, 3 baths, improvements; long lease or will sacrifice. Write or phone Edgecombe 6925, 545 West 150th St.

WONDERFUL bargain, near Central Park West; 4-story basement, 16x100; price $30,000. Sappenfield, 120 West 72d.

Bronx For Sale or Rent.

TAX EXEMPT, near subway, 16 rooms, 3 baths, 2-car outside garage, 2 heating systems, income $6,006 yearly; price $20,000, cash $6,000. Vogeler, 1,153 Virginia Av.

Brooklyn For Sale or Rent.

BAY RIDGE—One-family brick house, thoroughly modern; 6 rooms, 2 toilets; steam; electricity; tile bath and kitchen; parquet floors; garage; near subway and cars; $4,000 cash; price $10,500. Owner, Fulton Atlantic 4094.

FLATBUSH—Bargain; owner leaving country; new one-family, tax exempt; all improvements; near Interborough; easy terms. Ingersoll 1690.

HEIGHTS—Furnished house; lease; 13 rooms, 2 baths; all improvements; one block all subways. 183 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

$45 FOR $65 APARTMENT.

Two-family house; five rooms and bath; latest improvements; two-room oil painted enameled walls; beautiful park, trees, equal to country; wonderful for children and adults appreciating quiet neighborhood and refined families; 15 minutes' fares; 15-20 minutes from downtown Brooklyn or Manhattan; take B. M. T. subway or elevated Canarsie train, get off (before reaching Canarsie) at East 105th St. station, two minutes' walk; Owner, 635 East 103d St. Rent free if you buy with $500 or more cash. Inspect today.

TWO-FAMILY house; owner leaving State; perfect condition; terms. Rivkin, 207 Brighton Beach Av., Brooklyn. Coney Island 0141.

Staten Island For Sale or Rent.

GRASMERE—Choice home sites at Grasmere, S. I., located in restricted section; 26 minutes to Penn Station or Flatbush Av., Brooklyn; 5 rooms, enclosed porch, breakfast nook, steam heat, oak floors; fully detached; independent driveway; all improvements; near station, stores, schools and churches; easy terms. Write Builders, V 705 Times Downtown.

2-FAMILY, tax exempt, honestly constructed houses; fireproof garages; 5 and 6 rooms per apartment; rent of one apartment will give owner rent-free and carry house. From $21,250 to $26,000. Clyde & Forest Hills Building Co., Inc., 47 W. 34th St., N. Y. C. Longacre 1097.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Westchester County For Sale or Rent.

LARCHMONT.

Do you know? Living in a highly restricted section with all conveniences and improvements, near schools and shops; 4 minutes' walk from railroad station, 26 minutes from Grand Central. This beautiful English home of 7 fine rooms, 2 baths; 2-car garage; for the low figure of $18,500; to see this bargain phone Larchmont 632, or write

THOMAS H. SUTTON,
45 Boston Post Road, Larchmont, N. Y.

LARCHMONT—Picturesque farmhouse-cottage, originally built in hills of New England; large living room, fireplace, solarium, master bedroom 20x20, spacious closets, tiled bath, shower, sleeping porch, heated garage; centrally located; astonishing price, $16,500, makes this best buy on market.

DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
83 Boston Post Rd., Larchmont. Phone 564.
17 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 7323.

LARCHMONT—Are you seeking a small home of individuality? Then see this Spanish tile roof and colored bungalow, two bedrooms, tiled bath; every convenience; garage; best construction. FREDK. P. BOEHM, 81 Chatsworth Av., Larchmont. Tel. 410.

LARCHMONT—Must sacrifice my new house at Hickory Grove Drive, Larchmont Gardens; six rooms, sun parlor, garage, oak floors, hot water heat, tile bath, fireplace. Owner, Lloyd Harris, 16 Beach St. Tel. Larchmont 658W.

MAMARONECK, Larchmont and vicinity; send for descriptive HOME list. Chas. W. Davis, 97 Mamaroneck Av., Mamaroneck. Tel. 47.

MOUNT VERNON—Extra well-built 6-room new stucco house, large porch, tiled bath and kitchen; breakfast nook; garage; plot plot; reduced to $13,700; also numerous other bargains up to $30,000; open Sunday. Valk, 16 North 3d Av. Oakwood 6876.

MOUNT VERNON—Property, sale or rent. See Ragette, 16 East 1st St. Oakwood 6269.

NEW ROCHELLE—Beautiful solid brick and stucco house, 7 rooms, 3 baths, sun parlor, garage; hot water heat, all modern appointments; lovely park section with excellent surroundings; convenient to transportation, shopping; real bargain for quick sale.

DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
228 Huguenot St., New Rochelle. Phone 8242.
17 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 7323.

NEW ROCHELLE—For rent, 9-room house, near Sound; 4 master bedrooms, 2 baths; hot water heat; garage. Apply Driggs, 319 Centre Av. Phone 4176.

PELHAM ARMS (corner Boston Post Road and Pelhandale Av., Pelham Manor, N. Y.—3-4-5 room apartments; $100 to $148 monthly. Jos. Lamb den & Son, Inc., agents, 96 Lawton St. Tel. 302, New Rochelle, N. Y.

PELHAM HEIGHTS.
Solid Brick House.

The last word in permanent construction; a brick house which is really all brick, built in excellent location on a plot of quarter acre, fine trees, five blocks to station; 8 rooms, 3 baths, hot water heat, 2-car garage in perfect condition; owner requires large house; offers this property at $29,500, equal to a $35,000 value. See this today. Prince & Ripley, Pelham Manor, N. Y. Tel. Pelham 1103.

PELHAM HEIGHTS—A new well built English stucco house on high ground; 7 large rooms, porch, 3 baths; 2-car garage; 100 ft. front; special mid-season price $23,000; terms. Murray B. Parks, 1,515 Pelhamdale Av. Pelham 4748.

PELHAM MANOR HEIGHTS—Called South, must sacrifice my beautiful Colonial home on lovely grounds; living room, dining room, library, kitchen, pantry, on first floor; four large master chambers, 2 maids' rooms; 2 baths, cedar closet; hot water heat, 2-car garage. See my brokers today.

DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
4,768 Boston Post Rd., Pelham. Phone 5109.
17 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 7323.

PELHAM MANOR.
ESPLANADE AND JAMES ST.
Finest residential section.
Most attractive detached homes of 7, 8, 9 ROOMS, $17,500 to $25,000.
JOHN R. ALTIERI CO. Phone 6596 Pelham.

RYE, N. Y.

Offering for immediate sale at sacrifice my beautiful 5¼-acre estate; highly cultivated flower and vegetable gardens; pool and running brook; 14-room old Colonial house, recently remodeled, two baths and two-car garage and stable; four minutes from Rye station and Westchester-Biltmore and Apawanis Clubs; an ideal Summer or all-year round home; reasonable terms. Telephone Vanderbilt 7899 or Rye 408.

SCARSDALE.
New stucco, distinctive type, 8 rooms, 3 baths, sunroom; large plot; garage; near schools.
John Mosshart, Scarsdale, N. Y. Tel. 360.

SCARSDALE—Pronounced bargain, half brick stucco home, 7 rooms, 2 tiled baths; built-in heated garage; $16,500. Box 135, Scarsdale.

$16,000.

Attractive English tapestry brick house, superb, on good sized plot; built-in garage; large living room with fireplace; sun porch; open porch; good sized dining room; kitchen; 3 master bedrooms; tiled bath; a most delightful home.

$28,000.

Beautiful old Dutch Colonial with mosaic stone chimney on front; 1st floor contains 3 rooms, maid's room and tiled bath; 2d floor, 4 bed chambers; one extra large with tiled bath; 1 general tiled bath.

$65,000.

Delightful country estate consisting of 10 rooms, 2 baths; large stucco garage with quarters; several acres of clear land; a very good home in Scarsdale.

THOMPSON & THOMPSON,
6 Depot Plaza, White Plains. Tels 3300.

SOUND VIEW.

With private beach privileges.

In Larchmont's exclusive section with view of Sound and rights to private bathing beach, large two-family house, all brick, built in excellent location on a plot of quarter acre, fine trees, five blocks to station; 8 rooms, 3 baths, hot water heat, 2-car garage in perfect condition; owner requires large house; offers this property at $29,500, equal to a $35,000 value. See this today. Prince & Ripley, Pelham Manor, N. Y. Tel. Pelham 1103.

SCARSDALE.

Two acres, 270 feet on beautiful Huntington Bay, splendid bathing and boating, lawn and trees; house of 10 rooms and 3 baths, 5-car garage with 4 rooms and bath; house fully furnished with expensive furniture; spacious porches; an opportunity you seldom get; quick action necessary, as place must be sold; attractive terms; make an appointment by phone today. A. L. Field, Tel. 213 Huntington.

IN QUEENS, 29 minutes Penn. Station, new English type home; 5 rooms, tile bath and kitchen, oak strip flooring, steam heat, 40x100; $6,400 to desirable small family; will accept very small down payment and allow 12 years to pay balance in monthly payments same as rent; picture and plans with W. H. Schabenhorn, 119 Lexington Av. (cor. 28th St.), New York.

SEMI-BUNGALOW, 3 large, 3 small bedrooms, large porch, living and dining rooms, hot water heat; large corner plot in highly restricted park; shady and cool; station and school 3-minute walk; half-hour from Penn Station North Shore. For further particulars telephone Owner, Bayside 2020.

SETTLING AN ESTATE.
$100 cash, small monthly payments.
A BUNGALOW
WITH ALL IMPROVEMENTS.
5 rooms, bath; title guaranteed; near station, fine beach; last commuting on Long Island. $ 866 Times.

OWNER must sell immediately stucco house, ten rooms, three baths, large living room, two sun porches; tiled roof; garage; reelected; three minutes from station, 32 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; price $25,000. L 215 Times.

DRUG STORE corner, fast growing section Long Island, 30 minutes New York; near station; new brick building, large store, 6-room apartment. Write Peters, 231 West End Av., city.

Westchester County For Sale or Rent.

BRONXVILLE BARGAIN—¾ mile station, on Bronx Parkway, 7-room house; garage; hot water heat; plot 75x100; $15,000. Henry C. Merritt, Crestwood, Tuckahoe 3866.

GREENACRES SECTION—Delightful English country house, brick and stucco, six rooms, tiled bath; every improvement; offered below cost quick deal. W. J. Ackerman, Harrison 1,000.

HARRISON—New shingle cottage; all improvements, 6 rooms, bath, 50x100; price $6,750, cash $1,000, $25 monthly. STEPHEN J. STILWELL & CO.,
Opp. R. R. Sta., Mamaroneck, N. Y. Tel. 284.

HAWTHORNE, N. Y. (Westchester County)—First class private property; 42 minutes from Grand Central on Harlem division; 5 minutes from Hawthorne station; 9-room house with garage and chicken houses; all improvements; toilet, bath, steam heat, hot and cold water, electric light; 10 lots, 2x 100; fruit trees and good vegetable ground; good offer closes this property. Inquire Jay Frank Hills, Building Co., Inc., 47 W. 34th St., N. Y. C. Longacre 1097.

1 P. M. TODAY

Classified advertisements for insertion in The New York Times tomorrow will be accepted up to 1 P. M. today, subject to omission.

Advertisements for daily editions must be received before 4 P. M. on day preceding publication.
Telephone LACkawanna 1000.

Offices of
The New York Times

Times Building	Harlem
Times Square	137 West 125th St.
Times Annex	Brooklyn
42d Street	400 Washington St.
West of Broadway	Bronx
Downtown	3,333 Park Av. (149th St.)
7 Dostman St.	Fordham
Wall Street	11 E. Fordham Rd. (190th St.)
105 Broadway	

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

New Jersey For Sale or Rent.

TO desirable family will sell new 6-room house, all modern improvements, in restricted neighborhood, about half hour from Manhattan; near station, trolley and all conveniences; at reasonable price; about $500 cash, balance monthly like rent. Inquire Room 410, 347 5th Av., Manhattan. Tel. Caledonia 2605.

BEAUTIFUL, secluded, commuter's country home; five minutes to Boonton, forty-five minutes to Hoboken; eight-room house; four-room caretaker's bungalow, baths, electricity, all improvements; garage; barns, sheds, &c.; 2 horses, 2 cows, farm tools, garden crops, fruits, berries, 35 acres, river frontage; value $35,000; sacrifice price $15,000; only $5,000 cash. Owner, Room 907, 114 Liberty St., New York City.

ACT AT ONCE—For immediate sale, six-room Craftsman home and garage, open fireplace, parquet floors, hardwood Mission trim, glass-enclosed porch, awnings, shades, shrubbery; plot 40x140; all improvements; paved street; near school and station; only $7,500; terms arranged; come out today. John A. Baldwin, Ridgefield Park, opposite station. Phone Hackensack 673.

COMPELLED TO SACRIFICE.

Exceptional bargain, ideal 6-room house with cement block garage, steam heat, every modern convenience; plot 70x125; only 35 minutes to New York; price $8,500; very easy terms to quick buyer. W. F. Kerrigan, 276 Broad Av., Palisades Park, N. J. Phone Leonia 964.

FREE BOOKLET, photographs, homes, Bronxville, Teaneck, West Englewood, Hallbert & Longfellow, Bogota.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write Van Winkle Co., Rutherford, N. J.

Connecticut-New England For Sale or Rent.

QUAINT REVOLUTIONARY HOME.
60 ACRES EMBRACING LAKE.

Almost all on property high in the hills, secluded yet convenient, only 2 miles station, section noted for healthfulness; plenty woods, flowers, shrubbery and fruit; charming old Colonial, built about 1776, 9 large rooms, wonderfully picturesque; also 4 peaframe buildings; spring, lake teeming with fish; a home that can never be duplicated; only $12,000; terms arranged. F. J. Mueller, 68 Wall St., Norwalk, Conn.

HOUSES AND ESTATES WANTED.

IN Northern New Jersey, a six-room house or apartment in two-family house. Phone Fordham 1164 before noon or after 6.

PRIVATE house, east or west side, 45d to 58th St.; reasonable price. James J. Martin, 17 East 42d.

SMALL HOUSE Westchester around $100 monthly, one year; might buy later. George Peace, Room 2115, 120 Broadway.

WANTED—Acreage and house; immediate possession; Southern Westchester. Susquehanna 1313.

SUMMER HOMES.

Long Island For Sale or Rent.

BABYLON—For rent, 4-room bungalow, attractively furnished; all improvements; electricity; bath; large screened sleeping porch; spacious grounds; Oakland car with place; $500 to May 1. Call Ewell, Riverside 4797.

SALTAIRE, Fire Island, N. Y. (opposite Bayshore)—Bungalow on ocean front, 8 rooms and bath; August and September; splendid fishing, bathing, boating. Rev. C. J. Dunham, Great River, L. I.

SEVEN-ROOM stucco bungalow, three bedrooms; completely furnished, including linen, electricity, gas and kitchen utensils; will share with responsible party at sacrifice, until Sept. 10. Reply to 25 East Harrison St., Long Beach.

$200 FOR the remainder of the season; 8-room house, near bay, newly furnished, overlooking Sound; no improvements, electricity; Box 21, Mount Sinai, L. I.

Westchester County For Sale or Rent.

MAMARONECK (Orienta Point)—15-room furnished house, private cove bathing beach; to Sept. 9. Box 113.

PEEKSKILL—Three-room furnished camp bungalow; woods, brook, secluded; rent weekly, monthly. Johnson, Birdhaven Farm, Telephone Peekskill 2975L.

RYE bungalow completely furnished, all improvements; sacrifice for quick sale. Oakland Beach, Rye, N. Y. Phone Hillcrest 5647.

FOR RENT IN RYE.

Attractive furnished cottage, near clubs, best section of Rye; 5 bedrooms; garage; large plot with trees, on high ground; price much reduced for balance of season.

CHAS. S. FAULKNER,
Office facing Rye R. R. Sta.
Tel. 128 Rye, N. Y.

SUMMER RENTALS—Rye and Vicinity. Mrs. E. F. Taylor, 128 Post Road. Tel. 1017.

New York State For Sale or Rent.

CATSKILLS—4-5 rooms furnished bungalows; conveniences. Thomas, 131 West 23d. Chelsea 4935.

LAKE GEORGE—To rent, modern cottage. F. Beckwith, Glens Falls, N. Y.

WILMINGTON, near Lake Placid, New York; two modern cottages for rent. Inquire George Smith, Scenery Camp, Wilmington, New York.

New Jersey For Sale or Rent.

ELBERON—Because late, attractive furnished cottage; garage; big reduction; season. Franklin 0061.

LAKE HOPATCONG—Bungalow cottages; modern improvements; $20 to $25 weekly. Bergen 7008.

OCEAN CITY, N. J.—Buy Ocean City beach front now. Over $7,000,000 sold in the last two weeks; big profits are waiting for you. Clayton B. Roberts, 9th and Central Av. Phone Ocean City 900.

FOR RENT—Brand new stucco house, containing 10 rooms, 2 baths; 2-car stone garage; large plot; in the Riverdale section; rent $250 per month. Call or telephone Sullivan, West 242d St. and Broadway. Kingsbridge 1514.

SEND for descriptive list "Select Suburban Homes at Every Mount Vernon, Pelham, New Rochelle, Larchmont; homes of all types; priced $14,000 upward. WHITE REALTY CO., Mount Vernon or Larchmont, N. Y.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—Acre of ground, at railroad station, in fast developing section; easy commuting; at slight advance over tax valuation. M 805 Times.

BEAUTIFUL house, seven rooms, very near stations, $9,500, cash $2,000. Broderick, 181 North Av., New Rochelle. Tel. 7408.

New York State For Sale or Rent.

SARATOGA SPRINGS—Beautiful country estate of 40 acres; grand view; furnished modern home, 20 rooms, 4 baths; valued at $50,000; sacrifice for $25,000; only $10,000 cash; rent for August $2,500; photos. Harry Hardesty, Saratoga Springs.

SUFFERN (Ramapo Hills)—Beautiful residence, lake near by; furnished, unfurnished; commuting distance; may rent; immediate occupancy. J 378 Times.

New Jersey For Sale or Rent.

ENGLEWOOD (east side)—Six rooms, bath, breakfast nook, sun porch; 50x139; steam heat; gas, heater, sewer, electric; sidewalk, trolleys, railroads; stores, churches, schools; beautiful location; $9,500; cash $2,000. E. Christensen, Grand and Sheffield Av., Englewood.

FORT LEE, N. J.—Six-room house, all improvements; plot 50x150; lawns, hedges, arbors (300 lbs. grapes last year); fruit trees; fenced garden (all planted); large modern garage; 3 out-houses; rear back of Palisades, near bridge site; 20 minutes 125th St.; sacrifice, $6,500; easy terms. 608 Church St. Phone Fort Lee 376R.

RIDGEWOOD—Artistic new Colonial, six rooms, tiled bath; every improvement; large living room with fireplace; breakfast nook; plot 75x150; choice location; reasonable; terms. Ralph Steves, Ridgewood, N. J.

RIDGEWOOD—Charming six-room house, sun porch, fireplace; all improvements; plot 85x100; convenient location; delightful surroundings; $9,000; terms. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

RUTHERFORD—For sale, 6-room modern one-family home direct from owner; reasonable terms. Frank Van Houten, 212 Eastern Way. Rutherford 2778J.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.
SELECT HOMES.

Two on Beach Spring Road, price $33,000 each; one on West End Road, old English type, $32,000.

These homes must be seen to be appreciated. For information call or write J. J. Bajda, 231 Ridgewood Road, South Orange, N. J. Telephone South Orange 1197. Or John J. Livingston, 125 West 45d St., New York. Phone Bryant 8543-8-9.

OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

$15,000; 9-room house, 3 porches, small estate, just under one acre; grounds fully landscaped with evergreens and domestic shrubbery; blue spruces, white birches, oaks, pines; runs back to small stream; high grounds, yet level; commanding view of surrounding country; can place $11,000 in first mortgage; absolute steal. Zengerle's Office, Crestwood. Harlem Railroad.

FOR RENT—Brand new stucco house, containing 10 rooms, 2 baths; 2-car stone garage; large plot; in the Riverdale section; rent $250 per month. Call or telephone Sullivan, West 242d St. and Broadway. Kingsbridge 1514.

SEND for descriptive list "Select Suburban Homes at Every Mount Vernon, Pelham, New Rochelle, Larchmont; homes of all types; priced $14,000 upward. WHITE REALTY CO., Mount Vernon or Larchmont, N. Y.

Connecticut-New England For Sale or Rent.

ON CAPE COD—Bungalow camp on lake front; August and September. Box 96, Truro, Mass.

LOTS AND LAND.

Manhattan.

103x100; near subway; excellent location; stores, apartments; building loan, subordination; price $36,500. Edward Polak, Inc., 563 Tremont Av.

Bronx.

TIEBOUT Av., near 187th St., and Heath Av., near Albany Crescent; desirable building plots; must be sold to close estate; brokers protected. Louis G. Friess, executor, 83 Fulton St., Manhattan.

Brooklyn-Queens.

BUILDERS' OPPORTUNITY.
JAMAICA HEIGHTS.

Forty lots, most desirable section; 5th Av. buses now running direct to property; suitable for development. Box 42, Long Island City.

Long Island.

DESIRABLE ACREAGE FOR SALE.
Admirably located and well adapted for development.
QUEENS COUNTY.
98 Acres at Flushing.
74 Acres at Bayside.
46 Acres at North Jamaica.
43 Acres at Bellaire.
NASSAU COUNTY.
About 500 lots at Valley Stream.
Reasonable Prices. Attractive Terms.
Long Island Acreage Bought and Sold.
Reasonable Prices. Attractive Terms.
DOVER LAND CORPORATION,
155 Remsen Street. Phone Main 1075.

BIG SACRIFICE—Must sell quickly two lots at greatly reduced price; located at Lynbrook, L. I., near schools, &c.; write for particulars today. H. W. Berregger, 358 5th Av., corner 34th St., New York. Room 1208.

MUST sell 40x100, good section; sewer, water, gas, curb; $1,500 terms. Harbour, Queens: Parsons, Flushing; Flushing 5061.

Westchester County.

PHILIPSE MANOR-ON-HUDSON. Choice plot is offered at a remarkably low price to bring about quick sale. The lot is fully improved with water, sewer, gas and electricity. Excellent train service. EDWARD R. MORRIS, 307 5th Av., Tel. Murray Hill 8461.

LOTS AND LAND.

Westchester County.

CORNER plot of about 6 lots on East 177 St., Bronx Sway station. Booming for business. Asking $30,000. Nehring Bros., 1,141 St. Nicholas Av.

New Jersey.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.
RIDGEWOOD ROAD
FINEST RESIDENTIAL SECTION
Choice lots, $4,000 each. Ready for
West End Road, Lot 75x160.
Beach Spring Road, 4 Lots 75x125.

These lots are for quick sale and being sold under the present market prices.

For information call or write J. J. Bajda, 231 Ridgewood Road, South Orange, N. J., telephone South Orange 1107, or John J. Livingston, 125 West 43 St., phone Bryant 8543-4-5, New York.

APARTMENT HOUSE OPERATORS.

First available apartment house sites in the City of Englewood, in beautiful park section. Englewood needs apartment houses. Call or write HYPPERT & BECKMANN, INC., owners, Palisade, N. J. Phone Cliffside 167.

Florida.

BONITA SPRINGS, Florida—Twenty acres, quick sale, west half northwest fourth of northwest fourth section thirty-six township forty-seven, range twenty-five; close in; beautiful high tract, hard road, three-fourths cultivation and fruits, 700 citrus trees, half bearing; engine wells; four-room plain residence; choice subdivision property; $1,000 per acre; one-half cash; 1-2-3 years; $1,000 binder contract; we guarantee all statements. Y 2060 Times Annex.

HOLLYWOOD, FLA.—We can sell your Hollywood property and Florida acreage; write for present values.

MICHEL REALTY CO.,
Hollywood, Fla.

HERMAN FRANKFORT of Far Rockaway, leaving for Florida Thursday, solicits orders to buy or sell Florida real estate. Phone Far Rockaway 0237.

WILL pay cash for equities Southeast Florida; write or wire legal description and price. ZREMAN, 1121 Pennsylvania Av., Apt. 2, Miami Beach, Fla.

FOR property in St. Petersburg and acreage anywhere along the West Coast, write Mrs. Fred J. Titus, Brown Lodge, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

Other Sections.

ASHFORD, CONN.—Fifty acres of land on two goods roads; good for gasoline station; good soil for farming, &c.; above Hartford; near school, stores, &c.; near 10 towns; will sell for $30 per acre, worth $75 per acre; some one is going to get a bargain. John E. Jones, Hicksville, N. Y.

PROPERTY 85 acres, located on Saratoga main highway, 1,600 feet lake front, 20 minutes' drive to Saratoga or Schenectady; valued at $75,000; price $45,000; for quick sale $20,000 cash, balance on mortgage; a profit of this amount can be made on lake front alone, properly handled; inspection by appointment. Address A. F. Shaffer, care the Kellam & Shaffer Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

I HAVE four acres of water-front property at Byram Shore, East Port Chester, town of Greenwich, Conn.; the property has been divided into nine good-sized lots, one has already been sold, and an attractive house is now on it; who will buy the other lots? Y 2049 Times Annex.

LOTS AND LAND WANTED.

WANT to buy house or lot in Rockaway Park, Belle Harbor or Neponsit. R 247 Times.

FARMS, GROVES and RANCHES.

New York State For Sale or Rent.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y.—Dairy farm, 146 acres; equity $21,500; will exchange for business or residential property; quick action. Owner, 1,384 East 24th St., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—112-acre farm with buildings; would make a fine Summer home; 5 minutes' walk to lake. John A. Moore, Raquette Lake, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Beautiful lake front farms, fruit farms and dairy farms; fine locations, good buildings; State roads. Write, T. A. Yackel, Lyons, N. Y.

Farms, Groves, Ranches Wanted.

WANT farm direct from owner; no commission to pay; send price, location, distance to station. S. C., 1,927 61st St., Brooklyn.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

WILL EXCHANGE Florida real estate business and improved property for a two-story house in Brooklyn, Flatbush section preferable; have property in Miami, Palm Beach, Tampa, Jacksonville, Tallahassee, Okeechobee and several other places in Florida. Address mail, Mr. C. J. F., care Freedbergs, 843 Williams Av., Brooklyn.

GRAND AV.—Tax exempt, 5½-story; 100x100; one mortgage; price $240,000, rental $32,000; equity in city property considered. Edward Polak, Inc., 563 Tremont Av.

APARTMENT HOUSES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Sale or Rent.

164TH ST., WEST—50x102.11; 8, 9 and 6 room apartments; all improvements; rental $13,800; price $80,000; cash $15,000; good terms.

PALERMO & FOLLACI,
331 WEST 145TH ST.
BRADHURST 3199.

ONE of the "safest investments in the world"; about 30% profit; must dispose of 4 cold water houses, 3 wonderful stores, on busy 2d Av., Harlem, with $1,500 security; average rental of apartments $3 per room; $18,000 rent, price $129,000; good terms. University 2256.

BUILDER'S opportunity; 21-year lease; 125th St. and 8th Av.; two single flats; one 6-room apartment on 4th floor can be altered into stores and 4-room apartments; reasonable rent; small security. Mark Silver, 142 West 125th.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Sale or Rent.

FURNISHED apartment house, 7 families, stores, business; fine proposition for party who can take care of good thing; $25,000; rent $6,000; $5,000 cash; owner retiring. 460 52d St., Brooklyn. Sunset 5597.

APARTMENT HOUSES WANTED.

ATTORNEY has clients who desire to purchase tenement property. Manhattan. Attorney, Room 5, 144 East 86th St.

BUILDINGS AND FACTORIES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Sale or Rent.

FACTORIES ANY SIZE ANYWHERE.
GAILLARD REALTY CO.,
FACTORY BROKERS.
100 EAST 42D ST. ASHLAND 8714.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Sale or Rent.

WILL build for manufacturer requiring steam, 7,500 to 35,000 ft.; boiler capacity up to 500 horse power. Ludden-Corwin-Bronk, 373 Fulton. Triangle 6895.

New Jersey For Sale or Rent.

150,000 sq. ft. R. R. Siding; will lease in units 10,000 sq. ft. upward; modern factory bldg.; sprink.; power; immediate possession. J. I. Kisiar, 34 Newark St., Hoboken 7100.

MODERN factory; railroad siding; 800 ft. terminal. Garwood, N. J.

LOFTS AND FLOORS.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

18T AV. (corner 28th St.)—Floor containing 7,500 sq. ft.; perfect light; elevator; concrete floor; also garage, driveway and storage space. Owner on premises. Phone 0500 Lexington.

3D ST., 49 WEST—Daylight loft, steam, elevator; $125. Butterfield 2244.

5TH AV.—New building; attractive space in high-class manicure parlor; occupancy Oct. 1; suitable for chiropodist, face or scalp specialist; reasonable. R 197 Times.

17TH ST., 221-225 WEST—Top loft, light, large windows; very desirable; low rental. Phone Watkins 9191.

29TH, 515 WEST—Desirable loft, 50x100; manufacturing. Hencken, Chickering 5016.

33D ST., 127 WEST (opposite Pennsylvania Terminal)—Sprinkler building; rent $1,000-$2,000. Inquire on premises or Charles Berlin, 141 East 17th.

52D ST., 103-105 WEST—Light loft, first floor, 37½x100, with showroom and office. Holmes electric protection, fixtures, elevator. Owner on premises.

MERCER ST., 287 (near West 3d St.)—Light lofts, 25x100; reasonable rental. White-Goodman, 372 Broadway. Stuyvesant 0218.

DESIRABLE LOFTS—Owner, 9215 Wisconsin. 126 Bleecker St., 25x100.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Sale or Rent.

40% SPRINKLERED, heat, light, labor, transportation; 4,000 to 12,000; Wallabout. 187 Montague St., Brooklyn. Triangle 9686.

STORES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

2D AV., 1,000 (near 58th St.)—Double store, new front; good location. Greenberg Phone Cortlandt 1598.

38TH, 209 WEST—First floor, suitable retail upstairs shop; will divide; new, modern, fireproof, 12-story building. Pennsylvania 1510.

111TH, 57 WEST (corner Lenox Av., subway station)—Stores; busy location.

BROADWAY, 3,899 (corner 162d St.)—Choice light corner, large basement store; great future; $60 monthly.

BROADWAY, 3,500 (corner 143d)—Busy section; $3,000 year. Superintendent, 561 West 143d St.

COLUMBUS AV., 452—STORE 12x25, TWO WINDOWS; EXCELLENT FOR REAL ESTATE, RADIO, JEWELRY, LINGERIE (ADJACENT HOTEL ENDICOTT). INQUIRE HOTEL MANAGER, 81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. TRAFALGAR 8400.

Stores and basement in the world-known L. A. HOYT BUILDING

STORES to rent, 196th St. and St. Nicholas Av.; new subway station at the door; reasonable rents. Apply to Weprin & Glass, 116 W. 39th St., or phone Fitzroy 0850, 3318.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

CORONA—Ideal spot for drug store; long lease given; northeast corner of 48th St. and 104th Av.

FEVIS STORES now being built in best location in Hempstead; trolley junction and theatre in construction next door; stores suitable for bakery, lunch room, delicatessen, confectionery and all wearing apparel. Apply Hustis Realty, 15 Main St., Hempstead, N. Y.

OFFICES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

BROADWAY, 1,457 (Suite 711)—Light, furnished, unfurnished office, deskroom, private telephone.

5TH AV., 287—One-half high-class office for rent; desirable building. Apply Room 904.

34TH ST., 45 WEST (Worth Building)—Large and small offices; ideally situated.

42D ST., 120 WEST—To sublet, offices, Suite 2303; $2,000 year. Inquire Room 1304, Flatiron Bldg. Phone Caledonia 7371.

46TH ST.—New building, 148-50 West 46th, near Broadway; small and large offices, $25 monthly and up. Apply to Superintendent on premises or Geoly Realty Co., 110 West 46th. Bryant 7212.

46TH ST.—New building, 148-50 West 46th; loft, 22x95, with plenty of light. Apply to Superintendent on premises or Geoly Realty Co., 110 West 46th St. Bryant 7212.

BROADWAY, 321—Light offices, units of 1,000 square feet and up. Crystal & Crystal, Bowling Green 8298.

PARK AV., 103 (Room 1105)—Two private offices and reception room.

SUPERB OFFICES FOR RENT
in the world-known
FLATIRON BUILDING.
Also entire second floor, magnificent banking quarters.
Also, top floor, studios.

OFFICES,
$20 month and up.
236 West 55th Street,
at Broadway.
Also a few completely furnished.

OFFICE to sublet, 1 West 34th St.; attractive, wonderful location; 230 square feet; two-thirds present rental. Spiero, Room 906.

DESK ROOM.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

DESK room and mail privileges with service; reasonable, 1,133 Broadway, corner 26th St., Room 915, New York.

MAIL or phone service, $3; desk, $5; private desk, $15. Lovin, 19 West 34th.

BUSINESS PLACES (Miscellaneous)

All Sections For Sale or Rent.

5TH AV. (opposite Waldorf)—Sublet elegant furnished office, reasonable. Inquire Room 410, 347 5th Av. Caledonia 2605.

70TH ST. (near Broadway)—Entire basement floor to lease. Alfred P. Coburn, 159 West 72d.

LARGE STUDIO to rent; suitable for architect, draughtsman, photograph or artist studio; at 61 Avenue A, Manhattan. Apply D. Vogel and L. Alvarez A.

BROKERS, INVESTORS, ATTENTION! 65-year lease for sale, business property, suitable alterations. R 106 Times.

12 STORES: one mortgage; cash $35,000. Edward Polak, Inc., 563 Tremont Av.

BUSINESS PLACES WANTED.

WANTED, downtown, two or three small attractive offices, possibly with some storage room; would be interested in taking other offices completely furnished; full particulars, location, rent and cost. M 814 Times Downtown.

MANUFACTURER kimonos, negligees, wants part of office to display samples and use desk; conference room; concern preferred; please state rental to get consideration. T 585 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

29TH, EAST—Living room, bedroom, bath, real kitchen; short

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition

WEDNESDAY, 6 P. M.—Resorts, Steamships, Hotels, Resorts, Amusements.
THURSDAY MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate with cuts, photographs, matrices or drawings.
FRIDAY, 5 P. M.—Editorial Section.
FRIDAY, 5 P. M.—Undisplay classified, Business Opportunities.
TODAY, SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Undisplay classified, subject to omission.

Daily Edition

Advertisements for daily edition must be received before 4 P. M. day preceding publication.

Classified Advertising Rates

Minimum space 3 lines. Agate line of 6 words.
Situations Wanted.....40c
Furnished Rooms, Board Wanted.....50c
Boarders and Board Wanted.....50c
Help Wanted.....55c
Salesmen Wanted.....60c
Lost and Found.....60c
Real Estate, &c.....60c
Apartments to Let and Wanted.....60c
Country Board.....60c
For Sale.....70c
Automobile Exchange.....70c
Agents Wanted.....70c
Mortgage Loans.....70c
Employment Agencies.....70c
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Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted until midnight.

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Telephone LACkawanna 1000.

"In classified advertisements basis of compensation, either salary or commission, and article or service offered must be stated."

Reward of $100 offered for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one inserting a fraudulent advertisement in The New York Times.

Offices of

The New York Times

Times Building Times Square	Harlem 127 West 125th St
Times Annex 43d Street West of Broadway	Brooklyn 209 Washington St.
Downtown 7 Beekman St.	Bronx 2,339 Third Av. (149th St.)
Wall Street 16 Broadway	11 E. Fordham Rd Fordham

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Continued From Preceding Page.

Unfurnished—West Side.

184TH, 701 WEST (N. W. cor. Sway)—New building, 3, 4, 5 rooms, bath, real kitchen; $56-$88; unusual suites for refined people.

186TH, 529 WEST—5 rooms, bath, all modern improvements; rental $62. Wessisu, 511 West 181st. Washington Heights 2964.

186TH, 600 WEST—5 rooms, elevator apartment; immediate possession. Apartment 6C.

188TH, 546 WEST—Modern, 7 rooms, duplex; adults preferred; $90; private house.

189TH, 502 WEST (or St. Nicholas, near subway, 1 block from school) and high school)—Redecorated; 1 flight front; $80 and concession.

191ST, 601 WEST—4 TO 7 ROOMS; $65 UP; CORNER; ELEVATOR. WARREN & SKILLIN 28 PARK PLACE.

AMSTERDAM AV., 2,390 (170th)—4-5 rooms, elevator; $60-$75; improvements. Supt.

AUDUBON AV., 240 (corner 177th)—4-5-6 rooms, modern elevator apartment; all improvements; will decorate; rent $65 up. See Superintendent.

BROADWAY, 3,604 (148th)—Seven light rooms; desirable location; modern improvements; low rent.

BROADWAY, 3,692 (153d) — Modern, 4-5 rooms, second floor front. Audubon 3030.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 341 (corner 94th St.)—High-class nine-room elevator apartment; Apply White-Goodman, 372 Broadway. Stuyvesant 0218.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 385—8 rooms, 2 baths, fireproof building, all improvements, elevator, 9th floor, all outside rooms; rent $175. Apply premises.

CLAREMONT AV., 180—5-6-7 rooms, elevator apartments; reasonable.

CONVENT AV., 470 (151st)—Modern elevator apartments, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 light outside rooms; $50 to $115.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 500, corner 183d—Four and five rooms; new building; most attractive house in vicinity; reasonable; immediate possession.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 86 (163d)—High-class elevator 4-room apartments with separate showers. Apply on premises.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 353-359-371 (from 176th St. to 177th)—High-class elevator; 4-5-6 rooms. Apply on premises.

GREENWICH VILLAGE.
New Elevator Apartment.
Corner 7th Av. and West 11th St.
3 rooms, tiled bathroom and bath. Exceptionally large, light, airy apartments. Rents $1,450 to $1,600.

GREENWICH VILLAGE (164 Waverly Pl.)—Elegant 5-room apartment; real kitchen; white woodwork; kitchen and bath; $85.

MANHATTAN AV., 370 (115)—3-4-5-6 beautiful suites, with every convenience, improvements; completely decorated; rent reasonable.

MANHATTAN AV., 540—High-class elevator apartment, 2-3-4 rooms. Inquire superintendent on premises.

MANHATTAN AV., 26 (102d)—8-room single flat, steam, electricity, only $90.

MORNINGSIDE PARK—New building; 4 unusually large, light rooms; ample closets; near elevated express station; buses pass door; every modern improvement; $1,300. Monument 4573.

NETHERLAND AV., 3,227 (IN RIVERDALE NEAR 231ST ST.)—6 spacious, beautiful rooms, 2 porches, fireplace, heated garage; real country; 10 minutes; must be seen to appreciate. Telephone Kingsbridge 3408 or 3420.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 785—Duplex apartment, 8 large outside rooms, 3 baths; private entrance on street; suitable for physician or dentist; also one 6-room apartment. Telephone Billings 1070.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 845-853 (at 159th St.)—High-class elevator apartments, 3-4-5-6-7 room apartments to lease. Agent on premises or Friedman-White Co., phone Wadsworth 1340.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 196—One, two unusually large rooms, bath; overlooking Hudson; $85-$160 monthly; worth investigating. Ernest Tribelhorn, Agent, 308 West 97th.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230 (95th)—5-6-7 attractive rooms, overlooking river; all modern improvements; high class elevator; reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 1,334 (181st)—Five exceptionally attractive rooms; wonderful view, overlooking Hudson; free bus service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 610 (corner 138th)—5 rooms, sunny, convenient arrangement; $110.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 875—Four and 6 beautiful large rooms; every improvement and refinement; liberal concession.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 446 (Apt. 1A)—Eight rooms, duplex; 12 sunny windows; excellent service; $3,500.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, 153d St. and Pinehurst Av. HUDSON VIEW GARDENS.

3-4-5 Rooms.
Automatic refrigeration—Dishwashing machines.
Private bus service to subway.
For sale on 100% cooperative ownership plan which saves half rent; convenient terms. Office on premises.

WEST END AV., 310 (corner 75th St., new building)—One room, bath and kitchenette; unusually desirable; immediate possession. Apply on premises.

WEST END AV., 906 (corner 104th St.)—High-class 6-7-8-9 room elevator apartments. Apply White-Goodman, 372 Broadway. Stuyvesant 0218.

WEST END AV., 929—Four rooms, foyer, bath; $1,100.

YONKERS (316 Woodworth Av., near station)—5 rooms, bath, porch; park and river outlook; best neighborhood; $70. Phone 10146 or Van Suetendael.

APARTMENTS.
963 Riverside Drive, elevator, 5 rooms.
810 W. 144th St., elevator, 3, 4, 5, 6 rooms.
1,050 Amsterdam Av., elevator, 4, 6 rooms.
1,060 Amsterdam Av., elevator, 5, 6 rooms.
201 West 111th St., elevator, 5, 6 rooms.
205 West 72d St., elevator, 3, 5 rooms.
120 West 86th St., 7-8 rooms, 3 baths.
650 West End Av., elevator, 6 rooms, 3 baths.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

FIVE ROOMS, high-class elevator apartment or very light room; newly decorated; near Columbia University. Cathedral 4705.

TWO and five room apartments, all improvements; electric light included in rent. Apply Superintendent, 364 West 155th, or Van Vliet & Place, 16 8th Av.

5 AND 6-ROOM choice apartments; rent $135 month. Collinson, West End Av., corner 70th St. Lease from Aug. 1.

APARTMENTS—UNFURNISHED.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.
FLOOR in private house in exchange for household services; couple. Edgecombe 6956.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

169TH, 797 East—Seven rooms, bath, steam, hot water. Inquire janitor.

169TH 316 EAST (Findlay Av., 169th)—Corner apartment, 7 rooms, bath; up to date; $65. Call August Neuman.

261ST, 285 EAST—Four-room apartment; all improvements; best location in Bronx.

BAINBRIDGE AV., 2,723 (cor. 196th); Near Concourse, parks, churches, schools, 5 AND 4 ROOMS, NEW HOUSE. White ranges; rent $55-$75; concessions.

BRYANT AV., 1,021—Doctor's apartment, $30; 3 rooms, $42. Simpson Station. Supt.

DAVIDSON AV., 2,091 (180th St.)—7-room apartment and garage in private new house; very latest improvements; reasonable rental; fine location for select family.

FOX ST., 931—Four, five and six rooms, elevator; $60 up. Superintendent or Warren & Skillin, 38 Park Row.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,027—Duplex apartment, 9 rooms, 2 baths; near Concourse Plaza.

GRAND AV., 2,010 (Burnside Av.)—3-4 rooms, high-class elevator apartments; new, radio service. Supt., premises.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,964 (cor. 179th)—3-4-5 rooms; reasonable. Apply Supt.

GRANT AV., 1,372—2-3-5 room apartments; low rent. Supt., premises.

HEATH AV., 2,702 (near West Kingsbridge Road)—6 rooms, porch; all improvements; 2-family house; choice location; $90.

KINGSBRIDGE TERRACE, 2,787 (Bronx)—Five beautiful rooms, modern improvements; for rent; two-family house; select neighborhood. Kingsbridge 3576.

PARKWAY TERRACE.

3, 4, 5 rooms, including breakfast room, all modern improvements; facing Mosholu Parkway. 115 East Mosholu Parkway North.

UNDERCLIFF AV., 1,642 (175th, one block west of University Av.)—Exceptional six rooms and sun parlor apartment; every modern improvement. Melrose 3854.

UNIVERSITY AV., 1,610—3 large light rooms; new house, 3 blocks from Jerome Av. subway; very reasonable. Call Jerome 1720 or Bingham 2078.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

52D ST., 1,556—Ground floor; 2-family house, 5 large rooms, parquet floors, modern improvements; low rent. Supt.

BENSONHURST—6 beautiful rooms and enclosed porch in 2-family brick house; all improvements; enclosed shower; separate entrance; garage; September 1 possession. 2,053 81st St., Bensonhurst 1402.

FLATBUSH (Kings Highway)—Three-room apartment; all improvements; business couple; reasonable rent. Telephone Midwood 7160J. 2,231 New York Av.

OCEAN AV., 1,096—5 rooms, bath, newly decorated, nicest in Flatbush; $65.

PARKSIDE AV., 225—3-4-5 rooms, highest type, new elevator house; 20 minutes from Times Square; reasonable.

PROSPECT PLACE, 1,013—4 rooms, bath, opposite Park. Phone Lafayette 1582; $75.

Unfurnished—Staten Island.

STATEN ISLAND—Attractive five-room apartment at ferry; heat and hot water supplied. De Courcy, St. George 3466.

Unfurnished—Queens.

ASTORIA—5 rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water apartments, $52.50 up; just completed; large sunlight rooms; every improvement; also six-room corner apartments; near churches, schools, good shopping district. Link-Kober, Inc., corner Pierce and 11th Avs., Astoria. Steinway or Jackson Av. car to Pierce Av., or Astoria subway to Washington Av. station; walk east to 11th Av.

BAYSIDE—Artistic 5, 6, 7 room apartments, new two-family brick homes, fireplaces, exclusive neighborhood; 20 minutes Penn. Station, North Shore. Phone Bayside 1067J.

CRYSTAL GARDENS,
14 Minutes from 42d St.
Every room an outside room, assuring sunshine and air. No shafts or courts. Large and well-planned rooms. Beautiful gardens.
3, 4, 5 and 6 rooms, $55 to $85.
Office, 287 Hoyt Av., Astoria.
Queensboro subway from Grand Central. B. M. T. from Times Square, or 2d Av. "L" Astoria lines to Hoyt Av. station.
Send for booklet.

FOREST HILLS—Adjacent to tennis stadium, 2 blocks to L. I. R. R. Station; living room, dining room, fireplace, dining room, breakfast room, completely equipped kitchen with cork-tile floor, sun parlor, two bedrooms tiled baths, built-in shower, steam heat supplied, hardwood floors; this attractive two-family brick house with Spanish tile roof, separate entrances and double garage; $150 monthly. Forest Hills Terrace Corp., Herrick Av. and Dartmouth St., Forest Hills. Phone Boulevard 3483.

GARDEN APARTMENTS—Apartment house, surrounded by gardens; spacious, high-class 3 and 5-room apartments, every room facing front, with every modern improvement and convenience; excellent traveling facilities; 12 minutes to Grand Central; also some 4-room apartments. Apply Jamaica Av., between 6th and 7th Av., Astoria, L. I. Write or telephone to Wood & Dale, 100 Court St., Brooklyn or phone Triangle 5178.

KEW KENSINGTON and Kew Arlington Courts, Kew Gardens, 17 minutes from heart of New York; exceptional apartments, 2 to 5 rooms; every improvement; immediate possession or Oct. 1; reasonable rental. Apply F. R. Wright renting agent, Union Boulevard and Austin St.

SHELTON AV., 110 (Jamaica)—4 rooms, bath, opposite park, near trains; $45.

BEAUTIFUL ELMHURST APARTMENT.
Four large rooms and bath; hear and hot water and janitor service supplied; every modern improvement; $70; reference required. George C. Johnston, owner, office at the Elmhurst Av. subway station, Elmhurst, daily and Sunday.

BEAUTIFUL, six-room apartment, new two-family brick house, Astoria; all latest improvements; balcony; near Astoria park; rent $75, with garage $85. 112 Woolsey St. Telephone 6060 Astoria.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FLUSHING — Hollywood-Pinewood Courts, Parsons Blvd and Amity St., Garden Apartments; 3-4-5-6-8 rooms and 2 baths, all latest improvements, all outside rooms; 4 minutes from L. I. R. R. and subway; rents from $70 up. Supt on premises.

FLUSHING—For rent for doctor, 5 or 8 room suite and 2 baths; ground floor; corner apartment, in new 40-family, high-class apartment house; 17 outside windows. Hollywood-Pinewood Courts, Parsons Blvd. and Amity St. Supt. on premises.

FOREST HILLS—4 rooms and bath apartment, new 14-family house, $75 monthly; heat furnished; principal street, going through gardens; garage available. Forest Hills Gardens Homes Co., Ascan Av. and Whitson St.

ROCKAWAY PARK (Boulevard, corner 115th St.)—Just completed apartment house, 3-4 large, light rooms, also store; all improvements; reasonable rents. Apply on premises.

HARDING, COURT,
corner Austin St. and Portsmouth Place,
FOREST HILLS, L. I.
Modern elevator apartments,
2-3-4-5-6-7 rooms.
Reasonable rents. Renting agent or KHOLER CONST. CO., 507 5TH AV.
Phone Murray Hill 3461.

COLONIAL HALL—KEW GARDENS.
2-ROOM, new housekeeping apartments. $74 TO $84 MONTHLY.
Call or phone Virginia 8787 all hours.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

GRASSMERE HALL,
LOCKWOOD AV. AND MAY ST.,
NEW ROCHELLE.
NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE.
3-4-5 AND 6 ROOMS.
NOW READY.
ATTRACTIVE RENTALS.
AGENT ON PREMISES, OR
Murray Hill 6410. New Rochelle 7621.

MOUNT VERNON—Exquisite new apartment, 2-family house, 6 rooms and sun parlor; garage; tile kitchen and bathroom; separate shower room. 71 Hillside Av., near Columbus Av. station. Oakwood 7982.

TO RENT—About Aug. 1st, unusually light and airy apartment with 6 rooms and bath; outside windows; unobstructed view both east and west; hot water; heat; $120 per month; lease 14 months because tenant moving out. Estate H. L. Griggs, 29 5th Av., Pelham, N. Y.

5 ROOM apartment in Mamaroneck, overlooking Sound; all improvements; six minutes to station and school; rent very reasonable. Phone Rye 977.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

EAST ORANGE (106 N. Walnut St.), Leviathan Apartments 3-4-5 rooms; available Oct. 1. Fee Superintendent.

MORSEMERE, N. J., Grand Av., near Maple—New 8-room heated apartment; tiled bath; separate entrance; garage; convenient to trolley, bus and trains; reasonable. Davis.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Unfurnished.

MODERN unfurnished apartment wanted on or before Sept. 1, between 72d and 100th Sts., consisting of living room, which must be 15x30 or larger; dining room at least two bedrooms, two baths, kitchen and servant's quarters; give exact size of rooms and all other particulars in first letter. R 984 Times Downtown.

MOVING, TRUCKING, STORAGE.

ABSOLUTELY fireproof storage, household goods, 90c and up; crating, foreign packing, moving; expert workmanship; reduced rates. Hayes Storage, 14 West 66th St. Endicott 4682.

LOADS WANTED—Boston, Baltimore, Washington, Syracuse, Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit. Rattenstein, Chickering 4486.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

15TH, 105 EAST (Apt. 34)—Attractive living and bedroom, front; private; reasonable.

19TH, 111 EAST (Gramercy)—Large room; running water; smaller room, bath adjoining.

27TH ST., MADISON AV. (Hotel Madison)—All outside rooms; Summer rates; double rooms, bath, $15; without bath, $9-$10-$12, one or two people; hotel service; restaurant; block from two subways; daily, $1.50 up. Madison Square 1784.

27TH, 45 EAST—Clean rooms; running water, shower; roof garden; all conveniences; $1 day. Byington, 9th floor.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

29TH, 29 EAST (MARTHA WASHINGTON)—500 ROOMS, FIREPROOF; A WOMAN'S HOTEL; ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $12 WEEKLY FOR ONE; $15 FOR TWO; WITH BATH, $21 WEEKLY FOR ONE; $24.50 FOR TWO.

34TH, 122 EAST—Large, small rooms; improvements; $7 up. See elevator man.

36TH (224 Lexington Av.)—Large, clean room, running water, electricity; gentlemen only.

48TH, 142 EAST—Small room for 1-2, kitchenette, hot water, electricity, telephone; reasonable. 1 flight, Apt. 4.

54TH, 136 EAST—Beautiful rooms, private baths; refined surroundings; reasonable; private house.

54TH, 66 EAST — Large room; also small room; exclusive house; references.

55TH, 72 EAST—Small and large rooms, with bath, kitchenette; select French house.

55TH, 53 EAST—Small apartment, private house.

59TH—Clean, beautifully furnished, bath; telephone, electric fans; in private family; gentlemen preferred. Regent 8149. Call forenoon.

66TH ST., 56 EAST—Attractive rooms, single or en suite; Summer rates.

74TH, 20 EAST—Large, newly furnished, double front room suitable 2, running water, $15; single rooms, $7 up.

76TH (1,013 Madison Av.)—Cool, quiet, attractive room, refined surroundings; especially suitable for business woman; $8 per week.

88TH, 12 EAST (5th Av.)—Attractive parlor and bedroom; refined neighborhood; all conveniences; phone. Butterfield 9025.

92D ST. (at Madison Av.)—Hotel Ashton—Newly decorated furnished rooms with use of bath, $10 weekly up; rooms with private bath, $12 weekly up; buses, surface cars, subway; full hotel service; restaurant.

101ST ST., 2 EAST (corner 5th Av.)—Newly furnished room, first floor; $5 week. Eisenberg.

106TH, 62 EAST—Newly furnished rooms, kitchenette; private house; $6-$9 weekly.

LEXINGTON AV., 739 (59th)—Corner room, 4 windows, alcove; electricity; private bath.

LEXINGTON AV., 344 (between 39th-40th Sts.)—Attractive single room; gentleman only.

"ALLERTON HOUSE."

Club residences for men, conveniently located, affording every comfort, with surroundings and services of the select club; lounge, library, squash courts, handball courts; also privileges of the Allerton Country Club—golf, tennis and swimming; rates $6 to $20 a week; transient $2.50-$3 a day for approved residents only.
45 East 55th St. 143 East 39th St.
22 East 38th St. 3C2 West 22d St.

West Side.

111TH, 241 WEST—Clean, comfortable, large and small rooms; modern conveniences; references.

111TH, 67 WEST—Parlor, bedroom, adjoining bath; separate entrance; phone; $50. Gilson.

35TH ST., 42 WEST (HOTEL GREGORIAN)—SUMMER RATES; LARGE, COOL ROOMS, WITH BATH, $17.50 PER WEEK UP; TWO, $24; SUITES (2), $35.

23D, 258 WEST—Single room, $6; private bath, steam heat, electricity; gentlemen.

42D, 500 WEST (CORNER 9TH AV.)—TIVOLI HOTEL; NEWLY OPENED. SINGLE ROOMS, $8 UP; DOUBLE, $10 UP. TRANSIENTS, $1.50 UP.

45TH ST., 255 WEST (HOTEL TIMES SQUARE, JUST WEST OF BROADWAY)—1,000 OUTSIDE ROOMS, WITH RUNNING WATER, $2 FOR ONE, $3 FOR TWO; WITH CONNECTING BATH, $2.50 FOR ONE; WITH PRIVATE BATH, $3 FOR ONE, $4 FOR TWO; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES ON ROOMS WITH CONNECTING OR PRIVATE BATH. PHONE LACKAWANNA 6900.

47TH ST., 106 WEST—RALEIGH HALL, A RESIDENCE FOR MEN.
Attractively furnished rooms, with and without private bath or shower; club advantages and accommodations; hotel service. RATES FROM $10 WEEKLY.

50TH, 226 WEST (MANSFIELD HALL). SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.
LIGHT, cool rooms, running water, elevator, showers; single $10; double $12 up.

54TH, 24 WEST—Attractive light room, charmingly furnished; no rooming house; $10.

56TH, 342 WEST—Light, attractive room, semi-private bath; $10 week. Baird.

61ST ST., 10 WEST (Hotel Pasadena, corner Broadway)—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished rooms and bath; $12-$15 weekly; elevator, restaurant, telephone and maid service. Columbus 7127.

66TH, 42 WEST—Beautiful studio room adjoining bath, kitchenette; artist's home; reasonable.

69TH, 74 WEST—Large, cool front room, suitable 2; phone; reasonable. Egan.

70TH (2,035 Broadway, 3D)—Large, cool, front; private family; $12. Immediate.

70TH, 141 W.—Large attractive room, private bath, kitchenette; also singles; reasonable.

70TH, 209 WEST—Beautiful large front, twin beds, adjoining bath; excellently furnished.

70TH, 135 WEST—Select house, attractive rooms, private baths; $10, $14, $16.

70TH, 55 WEST—Large rooms, bath, twin beds; also single; $7-$16.

71ST, 31 WEST (APARTMENT HOTEL). Newly decorated 1 and 2 rooms and bath; $15-$20 up. Endicott 9780.

FULL HOTEL SERVICE. ENDICOTT 9780.

71ST, 118 WEST—Large, newly decorated, cool; private bath, shower; southern exposure.

71ST, 300 WEST (West End)—Private bath, singles, doubles, kitchenettes; $6-$12.

71ST, 29 WEST—Attractive, clean rooms, near park; electricity, telephone; $7-$10.

71ST, 261 WEST—Newly furnished single, double rooms, kitchenette; $8, $12, $16.

71ST, 27 WEST—Newly decorated residence, near park; rooms, $10, $12, $16.

71ST ST., 35 WEST—Double and single; low Summer rates. Endicott 2480.

73D, 244 WEST—Attractive room; private bath; sublet to gentleman; private house.

73D, 108 WEST—Handsomely furnished rooms, bath; also hall room.

73D, 106 WEST—Newly decorated single and double rooms; $5, $10, $14.

74TH, 202 WEST—1, 2, 3 attractively furnished rooms, board optional. Cunningham.

74TH, 5 WEST—Beautiful room, baby grand piano; private bath; also single.

74TH ST., 7 WEST.
Front, double, twin beds, bath, kitchenette.

75TH (331 West End)—Single, double rooms, bath, adjoining bath, kitchenette; reasonable.

75TH ST., 325 WEST—Luxuriously and completely furnished front rooms, private bath, exclusive.

75TH, 327 WEST—Summer rates, newly decorated; running water; with, without bath.

75TH ST., 25 WEST—Elegant room for business lady; refined, quiet home.

75TH, 112 WEST—Double rooms, bath, toilet, kitchenette, $15; single, $8-$7.

76TH, 325 WEST (Drive)—Comfortable double, single; running water; excellent service; reasonable.

76TH, 51 WEST—Large, comfortable room, telephone, continuous hot water; all conveniences.

76TH, 305 WEST—Attractive rooms, with, without bath; also unfurnished basement room.

76TH (346 West End)—Single room, private family, running water; adjoining bath.

76TH, 112 WEST—Attractive large rooms, baths, twin beds; $10, $12, $16.

77TH, 108 WEST—Beautiful large room, private bath, kitchenette; room, kitchenette; $13.

77TH, 154 WEST—Large double room, private bath; comfortable single room, $8.

78TH, 112 WEST—Beautiful front parlor, newly decorated; private bath; all improvements.

78TH, 209 WEST.
Select rooms, bath, $7-$10; gentlemen.

79TH, 172 WEST—Handsome room, double bed, running water, elevator; $10. Hice.

79TH, 204 WEST—Large cool room, one, two; shower; $7. Forde.

80TH, 128 WEST—Beautiful cool front basement, bath, kitchenette; other room; immaculate.

81ST AND COLUMBUS AV. (HOTEL ENDICOTT)—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER; DELIGHTFUL COOLING SYSTEM INSTALLED; $3 A DAY, $12 WEEK; BATH ADJACENT. COMPLETE HOTEL SERVICE.

81ST, 123 WEST.
Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; all improvements.

81ST, 138 WEST—Pleasant room, private bath, kitchenette; very reasonable; single $7.

82D, 22 WEST—Attractive, comfortable, large, medium single rooms, private baths; shower; twin beds; owner's beautiful home; reference.

82D, WEST—Studio; also single rooms; young ladies only; reference. Trafalgar 2981.

82D, 50 WEST—Small, large rooms, with, without bath, kitchen; all conveniences.

82D, 250 WEST—Two large connecting front rooms; running water. Apt. 52.

83D, 325 WEST—Attractive living room, alcove, bedroom; private family; reasonable. 4W.

85TH, 349 WEST (82)—Comfortable furnished room, near Drive; clean, cool; private family; elevator; reasonable. Schuyler 2681.

85TH, 300 WEST—Living room, bedroom, kitchenette, accommodate 2 or more; reasonable.

85TH, 349 WEST—$7; single, dainty, refined; kitchen privileges; Summer rates. Nash.

85TH, 327 WEST (Apt. 4)—Large front, single, $10; double, $12; shower.

85TH, 34 WEST—Medium sized; all improvements, near bath; single $6; phone.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

86TH, 132 WEST—Large front room, attractively furnished, bath, twin beds; reasonable.

87TH, 53 WEST—Newly decorated back parlor; private bath, kitchen; also medium.

88TH, 25 WEST—Newly redecorated rooms; near park, bath; $7, $10, $16.

97TH, 208 WEST—Front, basement; housekeeping; large, cool rooms; twin beds; baths.

89TH, 340 WEST—Room with bath, suitable for couple; charming house; reasonable.

91ST, 306 WEST—Private house, handsomely furnished; entire 2d floor; suitable 3 bachelors; piano; reference.

91ST, 114 WEST—Large room and bath, well furnished; private house; reasonable.

92D, 104 WEST—Elegant furnished parlor suite, sperate entrance. Anderson, Riverside 4412.

92D, 214 (Broadway)—Three windows, front; double, single; shower; Summer rates. Kittredge.

92D, 131 WEST—Large, front, kitchenette, adjoining bath, hot water; very reasonable.

93D, 264 WEST—Large front room, 3 windows; cool, clean; connecting bath; Summer rates; owner's home. Bell 1.

93D, 21 WEST—Large front; running water; near park, "L."

94TH, 31 WEST—Room, bath, twin beds, exceptionally clean, conveniences, $10 up.

94TH, 160 WEST—Parlor floor, bath; double room; housekeeping; telephone; $10.

94TH, 54 WEST—Light, airy rooms for two gentlemen; $8-$7. Anderson.

94TH, 75 WEST—Attractive back parlor; private bath; kitchen; $7. Endicott 5256.

96TH, 17 WEST—Beautiful large front basement; private bath, kitchenette; telephone; reasonable.

96TH, 157 WEST—Attractive double room; also front basement, private bath, kitchenette.

96TH, 310 WEST—Suite 3 outside rooms; also single; conveniences. Apartment 21.

96TH, 33 WEST—Double, single, immaculate, airy rooms; every convenience; American home.

96TH, 125 WEST—Front parlor and bedroom, newly decorated; electricity; $10. Dixon.

96TH, 231 WEST (Broadway)—Desirable front room, running water, Apt. 6B.

97TH ST., 55 WEST—Pretty single room; business girl; private family; $7.

99TH ST., 244 WEST (Apt. 31)—Unusual, furnished, front; twin beds; very reasonable. McGrath.

99TH, 230 WEST—Exceptionally desirable, cool rooms, running water; elevator. 2 south.

100TH, 216 WEST (3C)—Large, airy, separate or connecting rooms; convenience; kitchenette.

102D, 244 WEST (Broadway)—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; French family; references.

102D, 320 WEST—Double room, kitchenette, bath; also cosy single room.

108TH, 326 WEST—Beautifully furnished parlor, combined living room and bedroom, private bath, kitchenette, day beds; exclusive house; references.

100TH, 301 WEST (5C)—Charming, decorated, outside, elevator; double, single; refined; moderate.

110TH ST., 141 WEST (facing Central Park)—Well furnished room; elevator, telephone $7.50 week. Apt. 8S. Monument 4150.

112TH ST., 56 WEST—Clean front room, $8; elevator. Apt. 2I.

113TH, 567 WEST—Delightfully cool front room, lavatory; student, business girl. Rice.

113TH, 622 WEST (Riverside)—Large, comfortable room, bath; references; gentlemen. Cathcart 6511.

113TH, 546 WEST (Broadway)—Large room, suitable for two; private house; service.

114TH, 628 WEST (Apartment 61)—Delightful, immaculate, quiet; river, refinement; business adult.

116TH, 215 WEST—Room, modern conveniences; only roomer. Apt. 4A.

118TH, 210 WEST.
HOTEL CECIL.
ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATH; FROM $10 PER WEEK UP.
FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

118TH, 414 WEST—Pleasant room, good location, near Columbia; $7. Apt. 23.

121ST, 501 WEST (Morningside Heights)—Attractive Summer location, near parks, churches, Columbia University. Everyreen Tea Room and all transportation; artistically furnished rooms and suites, all sizes and exposures; some with alcove; running water; exclusive kitchen privileges; $6 up; $25 weekly; showers, parlors; references required. Hostesses, Mrs. Young and Mrs. Walsh. Morningside 4886.

121ST ST., 420 WEST—Attractive double and single rooms; reasonable. Apt. 2G.

122D, 416 WEST (Morningside Drive)—Delightful location, Summer; heights, overlooking Morningside Park; residence club, near Columbia; choice environment; attractively furnished rooms; large front rooms for two with kitchenette; wide view; $14; single room, $8.

123D, 529 WEST—Cool room, two windows, electricity, bath; one flight. Johnson.

124TH, 64 WEST—Attractive single, double improvements; couples; gentlemen; reasonable; one flight. P.

124TH, 557 WEST—Attractive, cool, large, front; also singles; $5. Apt. 3G.

144TH, 600 WEST—Attractive single, double; conveniences; use kitchen; $8-$10 Turner.

148TH (3,605 Broadway, Apt. 3) — Large, quiet, cool room; elevator; references; reasonable.

157TH, 602 WEST (2D)—Large front; kitchen privileges; also single; Summer rates.

159TH (974 St. Nicholas Av., 1C)—1 or 2, elegant, homelike, kitchen; reasonable.

165TH, 552 WEST—Large room, tastefully furnished; kitchenette; private house. Wadsworth 5833.

174TH (10 Wadsworth Av.)—Single outside, private family; business girl; references. Superintendent.

181ST (4,260 Broadway)—Two outside connecting rooms, running water, clean; elevator. Martin.

186TH, WEST (near Audubon; 8 Washington Terrace)—Outside, running water; $5 50; modern.

191ST, 601 WEST (Apt. 47)—Front room, elevator; opposite subway; gentleman; $6.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 335—Select combined living room, bedrooms; cool and attractively furnished; overlooking park; Summer rates. Apt. 8, south.

CENTRAL PARK WEST—"Girl share with girl apartment; separate bedrooms. Clarkson 8640.

CLAREMONT AV. (La Salle)—Large, airy, well furnished, twin beds, running water; private. 10 Tiemann Place. Morningside 0335.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Pleasant, small front room, furnished; rent reasonable. Phone Chelsea 8938.

MANHATTAN AV., 417—Furnished double, single rooms; suitable gentlemen, couple, girls. Thiele.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 50 — Attractive rooms, refined environment, $8-$16; ladies. Apt. 3.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (near Grant's Tomb)—Private adult family; top floor; airy, bright, quiet, $8; no roomers. Morningside 9787.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 110 (86d)—Private family desires paying guest, connecting rooms; bath, shower adjoining. Endicott 3390.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214—Large room, next to bath, double window; meals optional. Apt. 32.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 161 (87th)—Large double and single rooms; elevator; meals optional.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 745—Double room, private family; reasonable. Audubon 3950. Apt. 8S.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 126 (Apt. 3S)—Double furnished room, all improvements; $16 week.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 223 (95th)—Bed, living room, real kitchen, attractive; $65. Wentworth.

RIVERSIDE, 222—Large, private bath; overlooking Hudson; also housekeeping, complete; one. Campbell.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125 (85th)—Cozy, light room, private bath between. Endicott 5256.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222—Light, cool; bath; single, double rooms; reasonable. Apt. 7A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 115 (83d)—Clean, cool, double, single rooms. 1N.

WEST END AV., 840 (3D)—Large double room, running water; also single.

GENTLEMAN can secure absolutely independent quarters in bachelor's apartment off 5th Av.; chess, dancing; $50 month; private phone. Madison Square 8874 before 10 mornings.

CLEAN, sunny, peaceful; top floor; modern suite and room. Riverside 10228.

BED, living room, with bath; all improvements; service; gentleman. Chelsea 0835.

Bronx.

ST. JOHN AV., 963—Attractive room, all modern improvements; ground floor. Bieber.

Brooklyn.

HEIGHTS—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; near all subways. 169 Hicks St.

Queens.

ASTORIA, 224 Wolcott Av.—Times Square 15 minutes; delightful, cool location; young woman will share pretty apartment with responsible business woman. Archer, Astoria 0954J.

Long Island.

BEECHHURST—Pleasant, airy room with private family; near beach and station. Phone Flushing 8065.

BELLE HARBOR—2 rooms, furnished, kitchenette; reasonable. 542 Beach 131st St.

BELLE HARBOR—Newly furnished, near trolley, beach, hotel; week, season. Mrs. Wright, 256 130th St. Belle Harbor 4790.

KEW GARDENS—Two adjoining rooms, private family; six minutes station; kitchen privileges; all improvements; electric. Richmond Hill 4328J.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Long Island.

LONG BEACH—For rent until Sept. 30 or longer, beautiful room in a modern house to refined party. 138 West Chester St.

LONG BEACH—Beautiful, large room, reasonable rental; private house, facing ocean. 153 West Broadway. Tel. 1294 Long Beach.

LONG BEACH—For rent, beautiful large furnished room, new house. Goldiner, 647 West Chester St., near Lindell Boulevard.

LONG BEACH—Furnished room for gentleman; private family. 369 East Beach St.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

107TH, 141 WEST—Handsome rooms or entire floors; newly decorated; private house.

76TH, 305 WEST—Newly decorated large front basement room, running water; reasonable.

154TH, 701 WEST (N. W. cor. Sway)—New building, 2, 4 rooms, bath, real kitchen; $56-$88; unusual suites for refined people.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

111TH, 529 WEST—Attractive room for lady, private family, elevator. Stenberg.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

PARK AV., 83—Rooms, private baths; exclusive residence; home cooking. Lexington 8961.

West Side.

75TH, 57 WEST—Delightfully cool room, up high; real home cooking; Warren

Wills for Probate.

Manhattan.

BURKE, JAMES (June 6). Estate, about $5,000, principally to Cornelius Burke, nephew, who has since died. He was named executor.

NIXON, WILLIAM H. (March 31). Estate, less than $1,000, to Marie H. Broadwell, sister, of 37 East 54th Street, executrix.

TROUNSTINE, FRANK (May 12). Estate, about $20,000, to Nelly Trounstine, widow, at 220 West 79th Street.

WALKER, WILLIAM WALLACE. Estate, more than $10,000, principally to Ethel H. Walker, widow, of 15 West 50th Street. She is executrix.

Kings.

CARROLL, ELIZABETH F. (July 4). Estate, $2,500, to a sister, Anna M. Carroll, 165 Garfield Place. P. L. Kenney, 367 Clermont Avenue, executor.

FASHENHAUS, KATE (June 24). Estate, about $1,500. To three daughters, Lillian Meyers, executrix, 1,463 St. John's Place, and Estelle Feldman 1,789 Union Street, each $400, and Sadie Fashenhaus, $700.

KING, JOHN (June 16). Estate does not exceed $7,000, to granddaughter, Ethel T. Kelly, 282 Jay Street and a grandson, John K. Kelly, Hotel Twin Maples, Lenox, Mass., each $5,250. Adam Moran, executor, 178 Fulton Street.

LISS, CHARLES H. (July 7). Estate exceeds $10,000 in personal property. A life estate to widow, Henrietta M. Liss, 101 Lenox Road, in trust for numerous nieces and nephews.

YOUNGS, FANNIE (July 11). Estate, realty $10,000, personal property $5,000. To husband, a son and a daughter and George H. Youngs, a executor, $5,000 each; Arthur A. Youngs, a coexecutor, $1,000, and Frances A. Youngs, all of 864 East Twenty-third Street.

New Jersey.

HUDSON COUNTY.

BOYLE, MINNIE, of Jersey City (June 8). Will gives daughters, Florence Newton of Gordon, Arkansas; Rachel McIntyre of 224 Linden Avenue, and Jeanetta Schober of 154 Delaware Avenue, Jersey City, jewelry; son, Edward Sherry of 220 Monmouth Street, Jersey City, household furniture; son, Maurice Sherry of 276 Varick Street, Jersey City, insurance moneys; money in bank to be divided between the above named children and son Herman Sherry of 276 Varick Street, Jersey City. Residue of estate to son, Maurice Sherry, executor.

CLARK, DANIEL M., of Jersey City (June 5). Gives husband, James C., of 11 Wayne Street, Jersey City, $5; residue to daughter, Mrs. Mary C. Burns of 312 Jewett Avenue, Jersey City, executrix.

CLARK, DANIEL D., of Bayonne (July 4). Gives wife, Martha D. furniture, books and pictures, and $100; son, Abram B., $100; grandson, Charles W. Clark; granddaughter, Nolia Clark; Henrietta Beakman; Margaret Beakman, Margaret Vickery, Catharine Bleakley, Mrs. Mary Dunn, Martha D. Bailey and Levine Clark, each $50. A life estate in 76 West Fifty-fifth Street, Bayonne, is given to wife, Martha D., and upon her death to Abram B., then to grandson, Charles W. Clark, in fee; two lots on Hudson Avenue, Port Monmouth, to son, Abram B.; property in Chester, N. J., to wife, Martha D., 160 Virginia Avenue, Jersey City, to executors in trust to pay wife $25 a month for life and upon her death to sons, Abram B., Clark and Charles W. Clark. Amounts to Madeline E. Clark, Elizabeth Ward, Mary Vickery, Frank Vickery, John Vickery Jr., and Viola Thornton. Martha D. Clark of 76 West Fifty-fifth Street, Bayonne, and Charles W. Clark of 232 Bleakley Avenue, Second Street, Bound Brook, N. J., executors.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION were granted by Surrogate James P. Norton on the estate of William Clemence of Jersey City (Aug. 26, 1924) to Juliana Clemence of 470 Henderson Street, Jersey City, and of Rose Conty of West New York (April 9) to Frank Conty of 432 Hamilton Avenue, West New York, with bond of $1,000 in each case.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The War Department published these orders today:

Field Artillery.

Kennedy, Maj. W. H., to home.
Brown, Capt. E. H., to 2d Div., Ft. Sam Houston.

Miscellaneous.

Patterson, Lt. Col. W. L., Adjt. Gen. to hdqrs. Adjt. Gen's Dept., 6th Area.
Woodward, 1st Lt. H. C., A. S., to Kelly Fld.

Leaves.

Garber, Maj. M. B., Inf., 2 dys. ext.
Kroner, Maj. H. A., Inf., 1 mo. ext.
Osmun, Maj. R. A., C. M. C., 1 mo. ext.
Barber, Capt. A. L., M. C., 1 mo. ext.
Burgess, Capt. G. L., Inf., 6 mo. ext.
Hatcher, Capt. J. L., A. S., 26 dys.
Elliott, Capt. J. L., A. S., 2 dys.
Kenahan, Capt. W., Cav., 1 mo. 15 dys. ext.
Matthes, 1st Lt. H. F., M. C., 15 dys.
Perkins, 1st Lt. H. F., M. C., 15 dys.
Pettit, 1st Lt. H. B., C. of E., 2 mos.

No naval orders were announced today.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, fine specimen "argynnis mittret" moth; what offers? H. C. Ephraums, care Lloyds Hydraulic Tin, Ltd., Kampar, Perak, Federated Malay States.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

GERMAN WOLF HOUND, white, pedigreed. Phone Underhill 2918 after 8 o'clock.

House Furnishings.

HIGH-GRADE FURNITURE.

Massive dining room, hand-carved mohair chairs, 2 bedrooms, 1 twin, Oriental rugs, delicate lamps, crystal mirrors, extension console table, paintings, tapestries; apartment available; any reasonable offer accepted; must dispose immediately. 720 Riverside, corner 149th. 2D.

REED AND WILLOW furniture at factory prices; save middleman's profits; you are invited see it being hand made. Long Beach Reed Factory, 138 East 41st.

FOR SALE three rooms furniture, fine condition, almost new, or exchange for late model Ford touring car. Randall, 282 St. Nicholas Av. Apartment 3B.

CONTENTS 6 rooms cheap; apartment available; inspection Evenings. Sundays all day. Segure, 106 W. 113th.

SEVEN rooms, furniture, piano; low price. Call 887 Riverside Drive, Apt. 1D, after 6 P. M.

Jewelry.

WRIST WATCH, platinum, diamond and sapphire; cost $400; remarkable value; tremendous sacrifice. Box R. A., 712 Times Downtown.

ENGAGEMENT RING, platinum, diamond; cost $350; big bargain. E. B., 717 Times Downtown.

Machinery.

BARREL CONVEYER for sale, 4¼-ton, perfect condition; new in 8-story storehouse of Reuter & Co., Roxbury, Mass. Address O. D. Co., Box 71 Essex, Boston, Mass.

Musical Instruments.

PIANO BARGAINS.

We offer big bargains in used small grands and small uprights returned from rent; some like new.

We rent grands and uprights. Get our Summer rates.

JAMES & HOLMSTROM,
25-27 WEST 57TH ST.
(NEAR 6TH AV.)

STEINWAY CONCERT GRAND; artist leaving town must sell for $900 cash. Inquire morning, Godfrey Hofman, 406 West 147th.

MASON & HAMLIN organ and grand piano wanted for cash. M. O., 1367 Broadway.

Office Furniture and Store Fixtures.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, addressographs, time clocks and safes. Nathan's, 448 Broadway (near Prince St.).

BIG bargains desks, chairs, tables, files, mimeographs, multigraphs, typewriters, adding machines, time clocks; slightly used; big savings. Dallas Bros., 573 Broadway, Canal 7961.

SELLING out desks, chairs, files; big bargains. Basement, Broadway and Broome St.

SPECIAL at a desks, chairs, tables, cabinets; at sacrifice. 402 Broadway, near Canal.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

BOUGHT for highest cash prices, contents of residences, apartments, hotels; pianos, works of art, books, bric-a-brac, carpets, rugs. Schiff, 1841 Broadway, 12345n Marion 1787.

FURNITURE of every kind, rugs, pianos, contents of houses, apartments.
I PAY THE HIGHEST CASH.
Dawson, 178 West 94th. Riverside 0173.

HIGHEST cash for furniture, contents houses, bric-a-brac, rugs, pianos, silverware, &c. Barnes, 615 University Place. Stuyvesant 5877.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3703.

HIGHEST prices paid for furniture, contents houses, apartments, pianos, rugs, china, bronzes. Poulson, 187 East 47th. Stuyvesant 10161.

BULL DOGMACK.

Gasoline motor wanted, second hand, any condition, cheap. Phone Miller, Mon. 9644.

LAUNDRY extractor, 20 to 22 inch with motor; 2nd hand, but good condition. Evans Bardax, 466 6th Av.

GRAND PIANO wanted for country home. Circle 1293.

WORLD CRISIS OF 1917.

Secret document reveals Britain's darkest hour. Lloyd George's momentous statement to the American War Mission in 1917 tells how near Germany was to winning the war. July Current History, on all news stands, 25c a copy.—Advt.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 17.—The northeastern disturbance is north of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, having remained practically stationary during the last twenty-four hours. A trough extends therefrom south and southwestward to Eastern North Carolina. Pressure is low and falling over the Canadian Northwest, with centre over Saskatchewan. Pressure is high from east of Newfoundland southward to Bermuda and thence southwestward to the Bahamas and on the extreme North Pacific Coast. Pressure is relatively high over the upper lake region and the upper Mississippi Valley. During the last twenty-four hours showers and thunderstorms have occurred in the Middle and North Atlantic States, along the East Gulf Coast and at widely scattered points over the northern Rocky Mountain region.

It has become cooler in the Ohio Valley, the eastern lower lake region, the interior of the Middle Atlantic and in the southern Appalachian region while somewhat warmer weather has overspread the middle and northern Rocky Mountain region and the northern plains States. Maximum temperatures exceeding 110 degrees are reported from Yuma and Phoenix, Ariz., and Fresno, Cal. The outlook is mostly fair weather Saturday and Sunday in the States east of the Mississippi River except that thunder showers are probable along the east gulf coast. The weather will be continued cool over middle and northern districts on Saturday and temperatures will moderate slightly to warmer on Sunday in that region.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

In the following record of observations at United States Weather Bureau stations yesterday the temperatures given are the highest during the twelve hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. and the lowest during the preceding twelve hours from 8 P. M. to 8 A. M.; the barometer reading and condition of weather are those recorded at 8 P. M., and the rainfall is for the twenty-four hours ended at 8 P. M.

Temperature, Barom. Rain-

Station.	High.	Low.	eter.	fall.	Weather.
Abilene	100	72	29.90		Clear
Albany	86	64	29.80	.02	Cloudy
Atlanta	88	74	29.90		Clear
Atlantic City	82	68	29.74	.94	Clear
Baltimore	84	68	29.90	.16	Clear
Bismarck	84	62	29.96		Clear
Boston	86	72	29.70		Clear
Buffalo	84	62	29.90		Rain
Charleston	96	78	29.80		Clear
Chicago	70	68	30.04	.34	Clear
Cincinnati	78	60	29.96	.02	Clear
Cleveland	76	60	29.94	.02	Clear
Denver	92	66	29.90		Cloudy
Detroit	74	76	30.00		Clear
Galveston	88	80	30.02		Clear
Helena	94	60	29.80		Cloudy
Indianapolis	74	60	29.98	.50	Clear
Jacksonville	92	74	29.92	.04	Cloudy
Kansas City	86	68	30.02		Clear
Los Angeles	78	66	29.82		Pt. Cl'dy
Miami	90	76	30.06		Cloudy
Milwaukee	68	60	30.04		Clear
Minneapolis					
St. Paul	76	56	30.00		Clear
Mobile	90	74	29.98		Cloudy
New Orleans	90	76	29.96		Cloudy
New York	82	68	29.76	.52	Pt. Cl'dy
Oklahoma	96	68	29.96		Cloudy
Philadelphia	84	68	29.80	.48	Clear
Pittsburgh	70	62	29.90		Clear
Portland, Me.	74	62	29.72	.44	Clear
Portland, Ore.	82	60	30.06		Clear
Salt Lake City	100	74	29.84		Clear
San Antonio	98	70	29.96		Cloudy
San Diego	78	70	29.84		Pt. Cl'dy
San Francisco	76	56	29.78		Clear
Seattle	74	56	30.16		Clear
St. Louis	84	68	30.00		Clear
Washington	86	70	29.80	.02	Cloudy

Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Fair and continued cool Saturday, Sunday fair; rising temperature in interior.

Northern New England—Partly cloudy Saturday; showers in Eastern Maine. Sunday fair; slightly warmer.

Southern New England—Partly cloudy Saturday. Sunday fair; slightly warmer in interior.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORD.

Official Temperatures.

8 AM.	67	12 M.	78	6 PM.	80
6 AM.	67	1 PM.	80	7 PM.	78
8 AM.	70	2 PM.	81	8 PM.	78
9 AM.	73	3 PM.	82	9 PM.	71
10 AM.	75	4 PM.	81	10 PM.	71
11 AM.	77	5 PM.	80		

Average temperature yesterday, 74.
Average same date last year, 72.
Average same date for 46 years, 74.
High yesterday, 82 at 2:10 P. M.; low, 67 at 3 A. M.

Barometer—8 A. M., 29.70; 8 P. M., 29.76.
Humidity—8 A. M., 81; 8 P. M., 66.
Wind—8 A. M., west, velocity 5 miles; 8 P. M., northwest, velocity 24 miles.
Weather—8 A. M., cloudy; 8 P. M., cloudy.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Forecast:

North Carolina and South Carolina—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday.

Georgia and Alabama—Fair in north and central, local thunder showers in extreme south Saturday and probably Sunday.

Florida—Local thunder showers Saturday and Sunday.

Extreme Northwest Florida—Local thunder showers Saturday and probably Sunday.

Mississippi—Fair Saturday; Sunday partly cloudy, probably local thunder showers in south.

Tennessee, Kentucky and Ohio—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; warmer Sunday.

Illinois—Fair, warmer Saturday; Sunday increasing cloudiness warmer, followed by unsettled north.

Indiana—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; rising temperature.

Lower Michigan—Fair Saturday, warmer south and central Sunday, probably increasing cloudiness; warmer south.

Upper Michigan—Fair Saturday, warmer north; Sunday increasing cloudiness, followed by unsettled warmer east.

Wisconsin—Fair, warmer Saturday; Sunday increasing cloudiness, warmer; probably showers.

Missouri—Partly overcast Saturday and Sunday, probably unsettled west; warmer Saturday and southeast Sunday.

Iowa—Increasing cloudiness probably thunder showers Sunday and west Saturday; warmer Saturday and east Sunday.

Minnesota—Increasing cloudiness, probably followed by thunder showers by Saturday night and Sunday; warmer Saturday.

North Dakota—Unsettled Saturday, probably thunder showers; warmer east. Sunday generally fair.

South Dakota—Probably thunder showers Saturday, warmer. Sunday generally fair.

Nebraska—Probably local thunder showers Saturday, warmer east. Sunday generally fair.

Kansas—Partly overcast and unsettled Saturday and Sunday; warmer east Saturday.

Montana—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday cooler.

Wyoming—Partly overcast, somewhat unsettled Saturday. Sunday generally fair, cooler east and south.

East and West Texas—Saturday and Sunday partly cloudy.

Fire Record.

P.M. — Loss.
11:45—791 Columbus Av. — Not given
A.M.
1:40—2,451 Bway, Myer Gross — Trifling
2:30—321 Av. C, Salomon Bros. — Trifling
4:20—3,042 White Plains Av., Bronx; A. Murtha — Not given
8:00—3,454 7th Av.; Carmie Collela — Trifling
6:55—17 E. 1st St.; Vincent Fairowsky — Trifling
8:15—In front of 371 South St.; automobile; Stone's Express — Not given
9:40—1,014 Av. A; not given — Trifling
10:00—811 W. 66 St.; auto in garage; Oldsmobile Co. — Not given
10:00—319 Delancey St.; Dominick Morgan — Trifling
11:45—282 E. 169 St., the Bronx; 3 Fire Number — Not given
P.M.
12:15—117 E. 1 St.; not given — Trifling
2:50—276 Avenue A (auto) — Not given
2:50—37 Essex St.; I. Gellas — Not given
4:15—317 E. 85 St.; not given — Slight
4:30—976 to 980 St. not given — Slight
6:15—35 E. 101 St.; not given — Slight
6:35—244 E. 109 St.; not given — No damage
6:40—363 E. 82 St.; not given — Trifling
7:40—130 E. 76 St.; I. Weinberg — Trifling
8:00—127 Pitt St.; not given — Trifling
8:10—114 St. and 1 Av. (auto) — Not given
8:15—151 to 155 St.; R. Sodel — Not given
8:25—38 Norfolk St.; not given — Trifling
8:35—304 Stanton St.; B. Rosenfeld — Trifling
8:35—1,884 Minford Place, Bronx — Not given
9:05—111 Broome St. — Not given
9:25—3,673 Bathgate Av., Bronx; J. Ferris — Trifling
9:40—18 Catharine St.; not given — Trifling
10:50—330 E. 88 St.; R. Selinar — Slight
11:00—770 11 Av.; not given — Slight

SHENANDOAH BACK SAFE.

Rods Out Storms at Sea With Ease After Day With Atlantic Fleet.

LAKEHURST, N. J., July 17 (AP).—The navy dirigible Shenandoah was placed in her hangar at 10:35 A. M., Eastern Standard Time, today after having spent the night at sea off Delaware Breakwater riding out electrical storms encountered on her return from a day's scouting practice with ships of the Atlantic Fleet.

During the night the ship sailed 230 miles from the shore, but encountered no difficulty in the electrical disturbances, which continued from sunset until sunrise.

Admiral C. E. Hughes, commander of the Atlantic Fleet, who was a passenger aboard the ship, did not leave the dirigible at Norfolk, as had been expected, but returned to Lakehurst with her.

Police Department.

Commissioner Enright issued this order yesterday:

Pensioned.

PATROLMAN—Arthur P. O'Neill, 11th Division, 8th Detective District, on his own application, at $1,350 per annum.

Transfers and Assignments.

LIEUTENANTS—August Mayer, from 26 Division to 11th Division, assignment to desk duty discontinued; Albert J. Stroh, from 1st Division to 13th Division, assigned to duty in plain clothes, assignment to desk duty discontinued.

SERGEANTS—Grover C. Brown, from 1st Precinct to 11th Division; Harry L. Dunwoody, from 3d Precinct to 24th Precinct.

PATROLMEN.

Arthur Butler, 26th Precinct, assignment changed from mounted duty to clerical duty; Lawrence Battam, from 35th Precinct to 40th Precinct, assignment to bicycle duty continued; William J. Madden, from 12th Division to 18th Precinct, assignment to duty in plain clothes discontinued.

From 1st Precinct to precinct indicated—Edward J. Drury, 5-A; William Elliott, 5-A; Michael T. Kelly, 5-A; Edward J. Robison, 5-A; Harry Scott, 5-A; Edward P. Smith, 5-A; William C. Whalen, 5-A; August Kimme, 13; James Byrnes, 13; Charles H. Elsle, 14; James H. Masterson, 16; Richard Powers, 17; Rocco Marone, 17; John J. Doolan, 18; James Kissane, 21; Mathias Ferguson, 22; George V. Fulhardt, 24; Daniel Fiorito, 24; Jerry Marino, 82; John B. McCarthy, 82-A; Joseph Close, 83-A; Philip Marx, 87; Michael J. Foley, 42; Robert E. Pirro, 43; Anthony Brawnworth, 47; Francis J. Coleman, 47; Thomas J. Cullen, 47; John P. Finalan, 47; James Farley, 49-A; Thomas P. Oates, 49-A; Patrick J. Nolan, 50; Vincent S. Polidori, 50; James Revelli, 50; Joseph I. Coonan, 51; Thomas Kane, 52; Richard E. McGrath, 59.

From precincts indicated to 1st Precinct—Louis Woerner, 5-A; Thomas J. Hall, 5-A; Walton E. Rose, 5-A; John Bennett, 5-A; Patrick J. Finnegan, 13; Francis Casey, 10; Fred Meyer, 17; Albert L. Weiss, 21; Edward E. McDonald, 24; Bartholomew Hynes, 32; Thomas O'Malley, 33-A; Charles W. Brophy, 42; Richard Austin, 47; William Schwebel, 47; Charles Pinkitt, 49-A; Patrick O'Malley, 50; Andrew W. Kispert, 50; Timothy O'Conner, 52; Charles Kitz, 5-A; Joseph Vance, 5-A; John Hoffman, 5-A; Thomas Madigan, 12; William Harry, 14; Martin H. Delane, 17; James F. Maloney, 18; John D. O'Connor, 22; Edgar P. Crouse, 24; George J. Buswelier, 33-A; Charles F. Haight, 37; Daniel O'Hara, 42; John M. Coogan, 47; Thomas F. Mullaney, 47; Francis J. Egan, 49-A; Charles Marx, 50; Charles E. W. Terriere, 51; Thomas A. Healy, 59.

Temporary Assignments.

SERGEANTS.

From precincts indicated to 11th Division, July 21—Richard Oliver, 28; Thomas F. Dugan, 27.

PATROLMEN.

Harry Morris, 21st Precinct, assigned to day tour of duty from 4 P. M. to 12 P. M. daily, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., July 14, 1925.

To July 31—William Jones, 10th Precinct to 11th Division, office of Chief Inspector, to duty in raided premises; Edward Kimme, 11th Division; David D. Gamble, 13-A Precinct to 13th Division, Police Academy, Department of Special Service (Motor Transportation); James Gallery, 42d Precinct to 11th Division, office of Chief Inspector, to duty in Correspondence Bureau of 11th Division.

From precincts indicated to 13th Division, to duty in raided premises—August Kimme, 1; Thomas J. McAdams, 2; John T. Reilly, 3; John J. Maloney, 3; Herman Meyer, 6; Peter J. Coyle, 7; Patrick O'Shea, 7; Henry P. Hado, 8; Harry Greenberger, 8-A; Michael T. Malone, 8-A; John Walsh, 8-A; James R. O'Brien, 8-A; Charles J. O'Connor, 10-A; Gerald F. O'Connell, 11; William Knox, 13; Frederick Beers, 15; Frederick Singer, 13; Joseph Buck, 13; Charles Sullivan, 13; William O'Neill, 13-A; Albert C. Freed, 13-A; John J. McLean, 14; George W. Brewster, 17; William H. Matthews, 17; Gadalis M. Krams, 18; Arthur Walsh, 19; Dennis J. Treacy, 19; George Joiner, 19; John P. Gunn, 20; Frank V. Silva, 22; James Fagan, 23; James F. Kirk, 30; John T. McGann, 35; Harry Dick, 84; Charles Bowman, 84; George J. Borrho, 36; Thomas Byrne, 37; Joseph Van Westering, 37; Herman L. Schildge, 37; Thomas E. Chaffers, 40; Louis C. Holson, 40; Thomas R. O'Reilly, 43; Daniel L. Smith, 43; John F. Brennecke, 43; James E. Comerford, 44; John Barrett, 44; Edward H. Hommel, 44; George Kluter, 45; Herman Assman, 49-A; George Dolp, 49-A; Horace Mathesen, 49-A; William J. Falvey, 49-A; Patrick Gilroy, 49-A; Patrick Kehoe, 50; Herman Hollman, 52; Charles A. Harden, 54; James Sweeney, 54; Anthony Wollack, 58; Frederick Blasser, 58; Frederick Wuest, 58; Jacob H. Kahr, 59; Michael Murphy, 59; Roger Larkin, 59; William F. Sudbrink, 59; William F. Keller, 64; Frank J. McDonald, 65; John R. Donnelly, 67; Daniel J. Coffey, 72; Daniel Scannell, 73; William D. Kenealy, Traffic A; William H. Scott, Traffic A; James V. Sapetella, Traffic A; Thomas P. Ryan, Traffic A; William Murray, Traffic A; Timothy Clancy, Traffic A; Irving Schramm, Traffic A; John Mitchell, Traffic D; August Schreiber, Traffic B.

Leave Without Pay.

PATROLMEN—Andrew A. Ryan, 5-A Precinct, for 4 days, from 4 P. M. July 21; Joseph H. Miller, 9th Precinct, for 8 days, from 4 P. M., July 24; Cornelius O'Connor, 10-A Precinct, for 45 days, from 8 A. M., Aug. 5; John Cowart, Traffic Precinct E, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., July 22.

Pay Under Suspension Approved.

SERGEANT—James Scanlon, 44th Precinct, from May 26 to June 4 with pay.

PATROLMEN—Edward D. Hanrette, 24 Precinct, from May 1 to May 15; Phillip Mascali, 28th Precinct, from April 30 to May 20; Peter L. Winter, 44th Precinct, from April 23 to April 30; Louis Fitzgerald, 49th Precinct, from June 17 to June 24; Joseph T. Branam, 63d Precinct, from May 16 to May 23.

Advancements to Grades.

PATROLMEN.

To $2,100 Grade—Charles F. Reilly, 24, Aug. 1.

To $1,920 Grade, Aug. 7—

E. F. Smith	1	J. F. Carroll, Raided Prem.	
E. F. Kane	4	T. L. Weber	5
Meyer Greenberg	6	Samuel Price	9
E. A. Carlson	7	F. D. Berthold	7
T. J. Keating	8	F. D. Smith	7
J. F. Willmott	8-A	M. W. Kilkoy	8
D. E. Keough	19	M. F. Cronin	9
A. W. Schaefer	9-A	T. J. Ward	9
Frank Horan	10-A	John Fetzer	10-A
J. F. McNamara	10-A	B. J. Mullady	10-A
A. J. Nelson	12	Henry Link	12
F. J. Nemetz	13	D. F. Healy	13
F. J. Wilson	16	Henry Finkelstein	15
R. V. Moore	19	T. F. Reilly	17
E. J. Leonard	22	E. F. Diamond	20
A. W. Leahy	29	E. F. Bruder	24
R. W. Leahy	30	William Wilson	32-A
Wm. Lankenau	42	Walter Wirth	41
J. M. Yourenko	50	O. W. Draycott	44
D. J. Avers	52	M. A. Kelly	50
D. J. Benedict	66	Edward Cosgrove	66
A. J. Dillon	Traf. A	Laurits Olsen	71
E. J. Mason	Traf. B	R. A. Orwey	Traf. A
E. C. Cast	Traf. D	Thomas McWilliams	Traf. D
A. J. Williams	12th Div.	T. J. Burke	12th Div.
J. W. Wilde	12th Div.	G. D. Roberts	6th Div.
J. O. Condon	18th Div. Chauf.	W. J. Baumann	12th Div.
F. P. Lenihan	M.O. D. D.	M. W. Gaughran	4th D. D.
G. S. Sahadi	4th D. D.	J. J. Kennedy	2 D. D.
	5th D. D.	J. P. Murtha	5th D. D.
R. J. Hickey	P.O. Off	J. J. O'Neill	5th D. D.
F. J. Stich	Mcy. 1	D. J. Mullee	6th D. D.
		E. J. Sullivan	Ch. Insp.
		G. S. Morris	Tel. Bur.

POLICE WOMEN.

To $1,920 grade, Aug. 8—Emeline L. Palmer, 14th; Emma M. Gross, 13th Div.

Suspended Without Pay.

PATROLMAN Edward L. Gallagher, 19th Precinct.

Deaths Reported.

PATROLMAN Charles Klepper, 48th Precinct, July 15, from natural causes. Funeral from 835 Weirfield Street, Brooklyn, at 10 A. M. July 18. Interment St. John's Cemetery.

RETIRED LIEUTENANT — Adam G. Arneth, formerly attached to the old 72d Precinct, July 15, at Scranton, Pa., from natural causes. Funeral from Boyertown Chapel, 6th Av. and 42d St., Manhattan, at 9:30 A. M. July 18. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

RETIRED PATROLMAN—Frank Hockwald, formerly attached to the old 72d Precinct, July 14, at 1,846 West 7th St., Brooklyn. Funeral from late residence July 19.

Reserve Corps Orders.

Second Corps Area.

At headquarters, Second Corps Area, Governors Island, Maj. Gen. Summerall issued these orders yesterday:

Maj. Lucius R. Admina, C.A.-Res., La Wis., is ordered to active duty for fifteen days' training, effective Aug. 1, at Fort Tilden; report to commanding officer, 62d Coast Art. (A.A.), N.Y.N.G., for training.

Capt. James F. Dowling, Inf.-Res., O-146678 (attached 77th Div.), 196 Bradhurst Av., New York, is ordered to active duty for fifteen days, effective July 18, at Fort Tilden; report to the commanding officer, 212th Coast Art. (A.A.), N.Y.N.G., for duty.

1st Lt. Albert J. Wehrell, A.S.-Res., Paterson, N. J., is attached for training to 309th Attack Squadron, 4th Army, from Aug. 2 to Aug. 16, inclusive.

2d Lt. Charles Quant, A.S.-Res., Fort Washington, N. Y., 336th Attack Squadron, 4th Army, is assigned to 401st Attack Squadron, 4th Army.

2d Lt. Willard P. Darlington, S.A.-Res., Alloway, N. J., 333d Photo Section, 19th Corps, is assigned to 399th Attack Squadron, 4th Army.

Following named Air Service officers are relieved from their present assignments and assigned to 346th Balloon Service Co., G.H.Q.: Capt. William W. Crehore, 142 East 48th St., New York; 1st Lt. Ralph A. Caprio, Newark Airport; 1st Lt. Marion A. Baldwin, Buffalo, N. Y.

1st Lt. Malcolm A. Sedgwick, A.S.-Res., 58 Pine St., New York, 203th Balloon Co., is assigned to 355th Balloon Co., G.H.Q. (201st Res. Div.).

2d Lt. Walter H. Proescholdt, F.A.-Res., Schenectady, is attached for training to 309th Field Art., Camp Dix, from July 20, 1925, to Aug. 9, 1925, inclusive.

So much as pertains to Capt. Daniel Safford, R.A.-Res., to active duty at Madison Barracks, N. Y., for fifteen days; to 2d Lt. Joseph R. Thackaberry, C.A.-Res., at Fort Tilden, N. Y.; Maj. Murray Bartlett, Chap.-Res., 98th Div., as instructor for thirty days at Plattsburg Barracks, is revoked.

National Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 17.—These National Guard commissions were bulletined in the office of the Adjutant General today:

Lincoln W. Lt. Trimpi, 71st Inf., for assignment to 3d Bn. Hdqrs. Co.

Alloway, Lt. David L., 3d Bn., for assignment to 7th Divn.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Hours are given in Daylight Saving Time unless otherwise noted.

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Rises.	Sets.
High water	6:59	7:19	7:04	7:29	8:48	9:08	A.M.	P.M.
Low water	0:55	12:59	1:35	1:36	3:48	4:02	5:39	8:25

Steamships Arrived Yesterday

Steamer.	From.	Date.
AMERICA	Bremen	July 6
CROMERTON	Progreso	July 8
HANNA KIMMS	Rotterdam	June 27
EL VALLE	Philadelphia	
CITY OF BIRMINGHAM	Savannah	
NORFOLK	Baltimore	
EL ISLEO	New Orleans	
BAYONNE	Philadelphia	
VIRGINIA EXPRESS	Richmond	
GEO. WASHINGTON	Norfolk	
SUSCOLANCO	Pensacola	
TYRIFJORD	Portland	
GOTHIC PRINCE	Philadelphia	
HELENUS	Philadelphia	
PAUL LUCKENBACH	San Francisco	
FRED W. WELLER	Tampico	
IPSWICH	Baltimore	
HURON	Porto Plata	
CABO TORRES	Genoa	June 18

Incoming Steamships

Steamer and Line.	Sailed From.	Due.	Will Dock.
*BELGENLAND, Red Star	Antwerp, July 9	†Today, A.M.	W. 20th St.
*VOLENDAM, Holland-Amer	Rotterdam, July 8	†Today, noon	25th St.
*GUIANA, Quebec S. S. Co	Barbados, July 8	†Today, A.M.	Congress St.
*ULUA, United Fruit	Liverpool, July 11	Tomorrow	Fletcher St.
*CARMANIA, Cunard	Southampton, July 14	Monday	W. 14th St.
*LEVIATHAN, U.S.L.	Liverpool, July 11	Monday	W. 46th St.
*CEDRIC, White Star	Liverpool, July 11	Monday	W. 18th St.
*CALIFORNIA, Anchor	Glasgow, July 11	†Monday	W. 12th St.
*MINNEWASKA, Atl. Trans	London, July 11	Monday	W. 16th St.
*CRISTOBAL, Pan. R. S.	Bristol, July 12	Monday	W. 25th St.
*WESTERN WORLD, Pan Amer	Buenos Aires, July 3	Monday	24th St.
*BRIDGETOWN, Colombian	P. Colombia, July 10	Monday	Cuyler's Alley.
*SAN JUAN, Porto Rico	San Juan, July 15	Monday	Hamilton Av.
*SAN LORENZO, Porto Rico	San Juan, July 16	Monday	Hamilton Av.
*MAJESTIC, White Star	Southampton, July 15	Tuesday	W. 17th St.
*AMER. FARMER, Amer. Merch.	London, July 11	Tuesday	24th St.
*ORDUNA, Royal Mail	London, July 11	Tuesday	Morton St.
*TRURIGIA, Hamburg-Amer	Hamburg, July 11	Tuesday	60th St.
*ZACAPA, United Fruit	P. Barrios, July 11	Tuesday	Fletcher St.
*ORIZABA, N. Y. & C. M.	Havana	Tuesday	Joralemon St.
*BREMEN, Nor. Ger. Lloyd	Bremen, July 11	Wednesday	16th St.
*MONGOLIA, Panama Pacific	San Francisco, July 6	Wednesday	W. 21st St.
*ACONCAGUA, So. Am. S. Co.	Valparaise	Wednesday	Harrison St.
*SAVOIE, French Line	Havre, July 15	Thursday	W. 15th St.
*PRES. ROOSEVELT, U.S.	Bremen, July 14	Thursday	42d St.
*RESOLUTE, United Amer.	Hamburg, July 14	Thursday	W. 46th St.
*FORT VICTORIA, Furness B.	Hamilton, July 21	Thursday	W. 55th St.
*ROSALIND, Red Cross	St. John's, July 16	Thursday	Slave St.
*CARRILLO, United Fruit	Kingston, July 16	Thursday	Lester St.
*PRINS F. HENDRIK, Royal Dch	Paramaribo	Thursday	Montague St.
*TRUJILLO, Red D	San Juan, July 17	Thursday	11 Furman St.
*AQUITANIA, Cunard	Southampton, July 15	Friday	W. 14th St.
*NIEUW AMSTERDAM, Hol.-Am.	Rotterdam, July 15	Friday	39th St.
*BERGENSFJORD, Nor. Amer.	Oslo, July 14	Friday

Business Opportunities

Bank and business references required. $100 reward for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one who has inserted a fraudulent advertisement in The New York Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

INVESTORS,
TAMPA, FLORIDA.
17½ acres, with riparian rights, adjoining Memorial Highway, on Tampa Bay, where property is selling at a premium price for quick sale, $25,000, half cash, balance 1-2 years.

PASCO COUNTY.
480 acres, 6 miles from Dade City, on Dade City and Brooksville Highway, 1¼ miles on lake, 35 acres of bearing grove; also cultivated land; 200 feet above sea level; $350 per acre; $40,000 cash, balance 1-2 years.

Owner of above properties will be at the office of his New York broker, where he will be pleased to give further details and guarantee the delivery of properties. John A. Livingston, 122 West 43d St. Telephone Bryant 5853-4-5.

WOULD LIKE TO COMMUNICATE WITH a party who is in a position to develop a manufacturing business in a town which we own, located in Virginia; the houses are now occupied; railroad runs through the property; ample water supply and plenty of cheap labor; will make an ideal location for a silk, paper box, broom or canning industry; would allow our equity to remain in a proposition of merit, and might be interested in putting in some capital. For particulars apply to R 161 Times.

DRESS MAN, EXPERT, $6.75 SILK, CLOTH dresses; can take full charge of production, handle contractors, assemble sample lines; expert piece goods buyer and have an excellent following as salesman; I sell best rated accounts at least $20,000 monthly; need $25,000. B 120 Times.

PARTNER WANTED TO INVEST $4,000 IN a furniture business in Utica, N. Y. Y 2031 Times Annex.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

SALES OPPORTUNITY
for live wire salesmen with some knowledge of radio, to get into business for themselves under a 10-year franchise agreement, and build up their own sales organization; unique selling plan; small capital required for stock and equipment; you sell for cash or on time; we help finance your sales; big profits for hustlers; write for full particulars, giving age, experience and references. Long Radio Corporation, 120 West 42d St., New York City.

AGENTS WANTED—SPLENDID TERRITORY, Long Island, available for live business man to take charge of the distribution of a high-class, fully automatic, approved fuel oil burner for residences, apartments, &c. R 165 Times.

FOR SALE.

Plants and Factories.

PLANT FOR SALE, BRICK AND STONE buildings, 84,000 sq. ft. floor space, 12,000 sq. ft. available for immediate occupancy, balance leased to responsible tenants. U. S. Real Estate Trust, Inc., 65 Fountain St., Providence, R. I.

POLISHING AND PLATING PLANT, equipped for manufacturing; cheap rent; reasonable price. Inquire Garroway, 132 Mott St. Canal 7470.

Stores and Shops

WE SPECIALIZE IN SODA FOUNTAINS and all kinds of store fixtures; easy monthly payments. Merit Equipment Co., 2 West 43d St. Pennsylvania 9284.

FOR SALE OR SUBLET, HIGH-CLASS establishment, suitable for dressmaking, millinery, tailor or furrier. 224 West 82d St.; reasonable; act quickly.

Hotels and Furnished Room Houses.

BEAUTIFUL FURNITURE FOUR SMALL independent apartments and leases; central; always rented; large profit; necessity bargain, $500. Columbus 0245.

Restaurants and Tea Rooms.

BECOME INDEPENDENT—RESTAURANTS, lunch rooms, tea rooms, coffee pots, drug and confectionery stores are the money-makers of today; we start you in a business of your own by completely equipping your store; small cash payments, balance on easy monthly instalments; if you have a location call, write or phone. Merit Equipment Co., 2 West 43d St. Pennsylvania 9284.

Garages.

GARAGE, ABOUT 10,000 SQ. FT., PARK AV. AND 175TH ST. FOR SALE OR LEASE. BROKERS PROTECTED. MARCY OPERATING CO., ONE UNION SQUARE.

GARAGES, ANY SIZE, ANYWHERE. Gaillard, 100 East 42d. Ashland 8714.

Patents.

PATENTED AUTOMATIC GARAGE DOOR opener; outright sale, royalty; take stock in organization. A. Traube, 215 Russell St., Brooklyn.

Miscellaneous.

SELL AUTOMOBILE ACCESSORY, NOW on market; other important business. L 190 Times.

Leases.

BLUE POINT, L. I., BEST CORNER FOR hotel, druggist or tea room. J. F. Vogel, Blue Point Av. and South Road.

BROADWAY, 3,000, CORNER 162D ST., choice light corner, large basement store; great future; $50 monthly.

FINANCING—LOANS.

AUTO OWNERS—QUICK LOANS.
CAR IN YOUR POSSESSION.
LOANS MADE SAME DAY.
STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. Lowest rates. PEERLESS FINANCE CORPORATION, 280 West 57th St. (corner Broadway). Suite 631. Phone Circle 7082-0827.

MONEY FOR BUSINESS EXPANSION. Reorganization, Real Estate, Com'cial Paper. Phoenix Factors Corporation, 1,286 B'way.

Cuticura Heals Irritating Rashes

Don't suffer with annoying rashes or irritations when Cuticura Soap and Ointment will quickly relieve and help to heal. Bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water, dry and anoint with Cuticura Ointment. Nothing quicker or safer than Cuticura Soap and Ointment for all skin troubles.

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold everywhere. Sample each free by address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 22P, Malden, Mass." Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

MARKET FOR USED CARS.

Many readers of The New York Times have used cars to sell. Many others are looking for second-hand cars to buy. Careful reading of the Automobile Exchange columns of The Times is the quickest way for buyers and sellers to get together.—Advt.

DIPLOMATS ARRIVE ON THE AMERICA

Ambassador Phillips to Divide Three Weeks Between Capital and Beverly, Mass.

PRAISES BELGIAN RECOVERY

McLean, Commercial Attache in Rome, to Report to Washington —Party of Priests Return.

William Phillips, American Ambassador to Belgium, arrived yesterday on the United States liner America for a three weeks' visit in Washington and at Beverly, on the Massachusetts shore, not far from President Coolodge's Summer place at Swampscott.

The Ambassador refused to discuss Belgium's capacity to pay her debt to the United States or the business which brought him to this country. He declared emphatically that Belgium had always intended to pay her debt to the United States, praised the personnel of the Belgian debt mission which will sail for this country on July 30, and described the economic recovery of Belgium since the war as remarkable.

"There has not been any particular polemic in the Belgian press regarding the inter-Allied debts," explained the Ambassador. "Save at the time of my departure, when the constitution of the Debt Commission was made public, the subject has not aroused much popular interest.

"Settlement of the war-time obligations, which is only four or five hundred million dollars, was delayed merely because for three months there was no Government. Only two days before I left was a new Ministry formed, and its first action was to nominate the Debt Commission.

"The commission is most distinguished. It is headed by Theunis, the former Premier, who is now Finance Minister. Hauthain, Governor of the National Bank; Franqui and Cattier, both of whom are distinguished bankers, insure that the Belgian Commission will represent the most responsible financial brains of the country.

Cities All Rebuilt.

"The economic recovery of Belgium," he asserted, "has been most remarkable; her reconstruction is even more so. All the cities which were destroyed have been rebuilt. Louvain is now as spic and span a city as you ever saw. Nieuport and Ypres are real towns again. And all the buildings are solid, durable structures. It is a remarkable tribute to the spirit of the Belgian people and the skill of Belgian State finance."

After his brief sojourn in the United States, the Ambassador said that he would return immediately to Brussels, where he would rejoin his family and take his "real vacation."

Another arrival on the America was H. Colt McLean, commercial attaché at the American Embassy in Rome, returning for leave with Mrs. McLean and his daughter, Miss Sally McLean.

Mr. McLean said he had been ordered to report to the Department of Commerce at Washington immediately, and while he refused to discuss either the political or the debt situation in Italy, it is understood that he will provide the Government with a survey of Italian resources involving Italy's "capacity to pay," which is expected to be a material factor in the resumption of the funding negotiations with Italy this Autumn.

He declared that the economic situation in Italy, in common with the rest of Europe, was at the mercy of an "unknown quantity," reflected in the recent disastrous drop in Italian exchange rates.

"The economic situation is inherently sound," said Mr. McLean. "Yet periodically, for no logical or apparent reason, Italian exchange suffers and damages the commercial interests of the country."

Other Diplomats Arrive.

Other members of the American foreign service returning on leave to the United States were E. B. Coulter, American Consul General at London; John J. Martin, Secretary of the American Embassy at Madrid, with his wife, and A. L. Haskell, American Consul in Algiers, who reported a heavy demand in Northern Africa for low-priced American automobiles.

Others arriving on the America included twenty priests, headed by Mgr. G. A. Brady, Roman Catholic Bishop of Mobile, Ala., and the Rev. M. C. Lanahan of Grand Falls, Mont.; Miss Jesephine Bogner and her brother, the Rev. H. Bogner, chaplain of the United States Lines in Hoboken, and H. M. Cort, New York theatre owner and theatrical promoter.

The vessel brought 614 passengers from Bremen, Southampton, Cherbourg and Queenstown, of whom 433 were cabin passengers and the balance third class. The crossing was smooth.

ADVISES LONG FASTS.

Chicago Scientist Gives Experiences in Thirty-three-Day Test.

CHICAGO, July 17 (AP).—For better health, alternately eat and take long fasts, advises Frederick Hoelsel, lay scientist of the University of Chicago Physiology Department, who has finished a thirty-three day fast.

Prolonged hunger is not the ordeal that hunger strikers would lead the public to think, he says, for he never felt better in his life. He lost thirty pounds during the period of abstention, but regained twenty of it in less than eight days afterward.

Fasters should go on a meat diet immediately preceding their enforced hunger, Mr. Hoesel holds. He did so and felt perfectly normal the first two days of the fast. He had a hard time walking from the third to the seventh day, and then he experienced a slight weakness. No distinct hunger was felt until after the third week.

The desire for food after the third week overtopped everything else in the life of the faster. All interest except in things to eat waned. Pains caused by contraction of the stomach prevented sleep. No headaches were experienced, and hot weather was found favorable.

Mr. Hoesel broke the fast with orange juice. Ten days later he ate a pound of steak, a pound of shrimp, a pound of halibut and a pound of salmon.

Smallpox Checked in Jersey City.

Jersey City breathed more easily last night when no new cases of smallpox or infantile paralysis was reported. The health authorities did not abate their campaign for vaccination and more than a thousand residents of the Communipaw and Horseshore districts were immunized. More than twenty cases of smallpox have been reported in Jersey City since April 24 and eight cases of infantile paralysis have developed in the last month.

Falling Wire Burns B. M. T. Cars.

Two elevated cars were destroyed and three others were damaged today when a power wire fell across an empty B. M. T. standing in the company's yards at Second Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street, Brooklyn.

POOR MOTHER GETS MONEY TO KEEP HOME

Readers of Her Story Give $62 and Commend Her Honesty in Returning $100 She Found.

Mrs. Jennie Byrnes, 25 years old, a scrubwoman employed in the Grand Central Palace Building at 480 Lexington Avenue, who returned $100 which she found in an office she was cleaning, although she was in desperate circumstances herself, received contributions of $62 yesterday from persons who read her story.

Mrs. Brynes has been employed in the building only three days. She has a 6-year-old daughter, Mary, and a month-old baby boy to support. Her husband is serving a term of six months on Welfare Island, and she was two months in arrears for the rent of the two small rooms which she occupies at 303 East Sixty-first Street.

One contributor, who signed himself "H. K. G." of New York City, sent her $5 with a note commending her "honesty under the most trying circumstances." Another, signing herself "Madame X," sent her $32 to pay the rent, also commenting on her "exceptional honesty." "G. T. O." of New York City sent her $25.

Henry W. Wheeler, a lawyer in the office of the Corporation Counsel in the Municipal Building, has offered to help her, and she has received offers of aid from several women employed in the Veterans' Bureau on the eighth floor of the building where she works.

At her home she said that she was very grateful to the persons who had helped her, but did not seem to think that her honesty was exceptional.

"Any other person in my position would have done the same thing," she said. "I am grateful to the persons who have aided me because it means a home and food for my children," she added.

ASSAILS POSTAL RATES.

Buckley Asks Photo-Engravers to Work for Revision.

Terming the postal rates which went into effect in April "the most damnable in American postal history," Homer J. Buckley of Chicago, President of the Direct Mail Association, asked the convention of the American Association of Photo-Engravers at the Hotel Commodore yesterday to support a movement to restore the old rates.

He declared the engravers' business was harmed by the new rates because they had shortened catalogues and reduced business mailing lists. "I have 5,000 pieces of evidence from wholesalers, jobbers and retailers showing how their prosperity has been threatened," he said.

The morning session was devoted to discussing the technical progress of photo-engraving. In the afternoon speakers discussed cooperation with advertising and publicity groups to expand the business. Matthew Woll of Chicago, President of the International Photo-Engravers' Union, pledged the support of the union to the employers in advancing their common interests. Arthur J. Baldwin, President of the National Publishers' Association, and Lynn Sumner, President of the National Association of Advertisers, also spoke.

An exhibition of transmitting photographs by telephone and radio is to be given this morning.

BARNARD GIRL FILES PLEA.

Wants to Be in Mother's Custody Instead of That of Her Father.

Miss Eleanor Joy Kaiser, a freshman at Barnard College, filed a plea in the Supreme Court yesterday asking that the court give custody of her until she is of age, to her mother, Mrs. Edith Oppenheim Hers, instead of to her father, Emanuel M. Kaiser, a lawyer. Mrs. Hers, who lives at 120 West Seventieth Street, joined in the request of her daughter, stating that the child has refused to live with her father for the last three years, but that she is forbidden by court order to take her daughter out of the State with her.

The matrimonial troubles of the Kaisers occupied the attention of the courts six years ago, when Mrs. Kaiser got a divorce in Pennsylvania and married Stephen Hers. Kaiser later sued her here on the ground that the divorce was not valid in New York, and got a decree because of her remarriage, giving him the custody of their daughter. The daughter said in her affidavit that she was unhappy in the home of her father in the Hotel Beresford, and for that reason went with her mother.

Justice McGoldrick signed an order directing Kaiser to show cause why the divorce decree should not be modified to give the custody of the daughter to her mother.

TO AMERICANIZE ALIENS.

Ladies' Catholic Benovolent Association Decides on Campaign.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 17.—A national Americanization campaign among Catholic foreign-born will be conducted by the Ladies' Catholic Benevolent Association, it was decided at the national convention which closed here today on the Steel Pier.

Officers were elected today as follows: Mrs. Mary C. Connelly, Syracuse, N. Y., First Vice President; Miss Frances E. McGee, Scranton, Pa., Second Vice President, and Mrs. Kathryn Caughan, Cleveland; Miss Margaret F. Gallagher, New York; Mrs. Julia Ward Clingen, Chicago; Miss Bertha C. McEntee, Pittsburgh; Mrs. Alice M. Dilworth, Detroit; Mrs. Cora McParlin, Rochester; Mrs. Alice C. Maloney, Boston; Mrs. Augusta Lauber, Toledo; Mrs. Estelle Schlesinger, Brooklyn; Mrs. Jane Dougherty, Newark, and Mrs. Katherine A. O'Donnell, Parsons, Pa., Trustees.

OFFICIAL'S OUSTER UPHELD.

Anthony Moors Loses Final Appeal From Craig's Dismissal.

Anthony Moors of Woodhaven, for years an influential leader of the Republican organization, lost a final appeal yesterday for reinstatement as Receiver of Taxes in Queens. A decision of the Court of Appeals confirmed other court decisions sustaining Controller Craig in removing him.

Moors, who was made a receiver under the Mitchel Administration, was dismissed about three years ago when he failed to report to the Controller that several members of the Queens Grand Jury had visited and inspected his office in Long Island City. The Grand Jury took no action, and Moors claimed the jurymen's visit was entirely personal—that of a few of his friends. Moors claimed his dismissal was inspired by political enemies.

Thanks Rescuer of Horses.

A letter of appreciation was sent yesterday by the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals to Tom Reilly of 45 Spring Street, who led the rescue of thirty-five horses from the burning brick stables at 507-509 Washington Street, on Thursday and returned alone to lead to safety Tony, a blind horse, which was tied up alone in the basement of the same building.

101ST CAVALRY MOVE AS UNIT IN DRILL

1,000 Horse Sweep Fort Ethan Allen Field—Brigade Prepares for General Berry Today.

Special to The New York Times.

FORT ETHAN ALLEN, Vt., July 17.—Furtive gleams of sunlight early today cheered the hearts of the officers and men of the Fifty-first Cavalry Brigade, New York National Guard, as they marched to the picket lines for grooming to the strains of "It Ain't Gonna Rain No Mo'." The morning, however, did not live up to its promise, and as a result clothing and equipment got little chance to dry out after the downpour of yesterday which drenched the camp and made a lake of the usually dusty parade ground.

The 101st Cavalry drilled as a unit today for the first time since the guardsmen have been here. This was the culmination of the troop and platoon exercises that individual organizations have been holding. It was an impressive sight as Colonel James R. Howlett led his thousand horse out into the drill field.

Rifle practice took up part of the time, after drill, and then all hands buckled down to the task of polishing up arms and equipment for the review and inspection that will be held tomorrow morning for Major Gen. Charles Berry, commanding the Twenty-seventh Division.

After the inspection, week-end passes will be freely granted to the men of the brigade, and it is expected that a great many will take a trip to Canada.

The Fifty-first Machine Gun Squadron, Manhattan's old Squadron A, spent the morning on the range.

Selected details consisting of one officer and two enlisted men from each troop of the brigade started work on the mounted sabre course back of the post, and for two hours slashed at sacks as their horses jumped over obstacles.

The band of the 101st Cavalry held a concert at the Fanny Allen Hospital this afternoon.

Tonight the boxers of the brigade will meet the regulars in a tournament to be held in the post riding hall.

WOULD DEFY POLITICIANS.

Prugh Urges Andrews to Fill Enforcement Service With Drys.

HARRISBURG, Pa. July 17 (AP).—Dr. B. E. P. Prugh of Harrisburg, National Prohibition Party Chairman, made public today a letter to General Lincoln C. Andrews, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, in charge of prohibition enforcement, urging appointment of "friends of prohibition" to fill vacancies in the service.

"Let the politicians do their dirtiest, and you will win out in the end," Dr. Prugh wrote. "Naturally, as Prohibition National Chairman, I am interested in the heralded movement to take prohibition enforcement out of politics. None would rejoice more than the prohibitionists, who are first of all, patriots, if our Government would leave no reason for the existence of our party, so far as its prohibition principles are concerned.

"I am frank to say that I have been unable to convince myself that 'the acid test of enforcement,' inaugurated by the administration, is a genuine effort to make good, but do not mean for a moment to question your own sincerity as to your part in it. Considering the past history of the department, considering the sale of the Overholt Distillery for the enormous sum of $15,000,000, and considering the reported 'semi-official' utterances of Senator Watson that this effort is intended to see whether the people will stand for this enormous cost of 'acid' enforcement, or whether they will agree 'to modify' the Volstead act, I rather fear that it is an attempt to bring the act before Congress with the tale that 'it is impossible' and secure modification of the law in the interest of the wets."

PROTEST TAX ASSESSMENTS

Port Chester Merchants Say Charges Have Doubled and Ask Relief.

Special to The New York Times.

PORT CHESTER, N. Y., July 17.—Business men of this city at a meeting today agreed to appear before the village Board of Trustees at its next meeting and formally protest the rise in assessments just announced. If no relief is given, the matter will then go to the courts. Their assessments, especially along Main Street, the business street of Port Chester, have been almost doubled, they declare. The 1925 village assessment roll shows an aggregate increase of $5,950,165 over 1924. The latter totaled $21,900,000, while the 1925 valuation is $27,850,165.

The annual assessment grievance hearing will be held on July 28, and property owners will appear to demand relief.

Village Assessor Nicholas Duffy and Town Assessor Willis P. Clarke said today that the increases were made in accordance with the demand of the State tax authorities that valuations be fixed as nearly as possible to the market value of the property.

The Big Union Tent Evangel 95th STREET Just West of B'way. President: Rev. G. W. McPherson.

Rev. F. B. Meyer, D. D., London, The World-Renowned Preacher,

Fresh in the bloom of 80 years, Ex-Minister Christ Church, London; President Free Church Council of Great Britain and the International Sunday School Union, Will Deliver His Farewell Addresses to America.

Sunday at 11 A. M. and 4 and 8 P. M. and Every Night Next Week. Tent Evangel is the only place in the United States where Dr. Meyer will preach this summer. The Noted Atlanta preacher DR. JOHN W. HAM, July 26th to 29th.

DR. J. FRANK NORRIS, "The Texas Cyclone," probably the most outspoken, spectacular and popular Baptist preacher of this century, whose Church has a Sunday School of 7,000 scholars, the largest in the world, and who preaches to the largest Protestant congregations in America, will come to Tent Evangel for all of August, "to fight," as he said, "the greatest battle of my life for truth and righteousness." Reservations will be made on application.

GREAT MUSICAL every Saturday Night—Van Camp, Greenlaw, Miss Schultz and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Harkness.

"BIBLE MANNERS AND CUSTOMS PROVE THE HOLY SCRIPTURES A TWENTIETH CENTURY BOOK"
By F. C. GILBERT
A Hebrew Christian
SUNDAY NIGHT at 7:30 at the CITY TEMPLE
120th St. & Lenox Ave., New York
Questions Answered Seats Free

UNITY
"SCIENTIFIC CHRISTIANITY"
RICHARD LYNCH, President.
FISK BUILDING, 250 West 57th St.
Sunday, 11 A. M. Address by
MICHAEL FANNING, Subject:
"LOVE THE UNIVERSAL SOLVENT"
THURSDAY, JULY 23, at 8:15 P. M.
Musical Healing Service
by
HARRIET AYER SEYMOUR and
ADA COX FISHER,
Under the Auspices of the
WOMAN'S AUXILIARY
Services Daily 12:15, 3:30, 5 P. M.
PUBLIC INVITED.

Church of the Healing Christ
(Divine Science)
REV. W. JOHN MURRAY, Founder.
Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria.
Sunday, 11 A. M. Speaker:
MR. FRANCOIS DUMAS, Subject:
"SPIRITUAL DELIVERANCE"
Healing Meetings on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at Noon. Public Invited.

Ft. Washington Presbyterian
Broadway at 174th Street,
Rev. John McNeill
PREACHES ON LAST TWO SUNDAYS OF JULY
Mornings at 11.
Evenings at 8.
A fine opportunity to hear this great preacher.

International Bible Students Association
MEETINGS SUNDAY, JULY 19
NEW YORK: Rumford Hall, 50 E. 41st St., nr. 5th Av., 8 P. M. W. E. Montridge
BROOKLYN: Masonic Temple (Clermont & Lafayette Avs.), 8 P. M. H. W. Stackhouse
SEATS FREE—NO COLLECTION
Listen in 273 Meters WBBR Sunday 10 A. M. & 8 P. M.

Col. John T. Axton,
Chief of Chaplains, U. S. A. will conduct the Sunday Service on board the through Steamer to Albany, Alexander Hamilton, which leaves Desbrosses Street 9 A. M., West 42d Street 9:20 A. M., West 129th Street 9:40 A. M., Yonkers 10:15 A. M. Col. Axton will return from Poughkeepsie on the down Steamer from Albany, Hendrick Hudson, and will also lead the services on board that Steamer.
HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE.

Reliable nursery maids or governesses should consult the Domestic Help Wanted Columns of The New York Times to obtain satisfactory positions.—Advt.

BOSTON CLERGYMAN TO DIRECT TEACHING

Dr. Herbert Gates Will Be Dean of Conference at East Northfield, Mass.

OTHER NEWS OF RELIGION

Dr. Silas Rees, 36, Will Be Minister in Charge at Joint Services of Two Churches Here.

The Rev. Dr. Herbert W. Gates of Boston, Acting General Secretary of the Congregational Education Society, has accepted a call to become Dean of the Northfield Conference of Religious Education, which will open Aug. 1 at East Northfield, Mass. More than 700 persons are expected to attend. Thirty-five courses in subjects bearing upon religious education will be taught by twenty-eight instructors. This will be the twenty-second annual session. Among those who will aid the work are the Rev. Warren T. Powell, Springfield, Mass.; Professor James P. Berkeley of Newton Theological Institution; the Rev. Dr. Edward P. Drew, Auburndale, Mass.; Miss Elizabeth Colson of Brooklyn, The Rev. John W. Suter Jr. of Boston, Edith K. Doten of Worcester, Mass.; Miss Anna Marie Hansen of Winter Haven, Fla.; Dr. Frank W. Clelland, Boston University School of Religious Education and Social Service; Miss Olive P. Kirschner of Worcester, Mass.

The Rev. Dr. Silas Rees will be the minister in charge of the Park Avenue Presbyterian, at Eighty-fifth Street, and the Park Avenue Methodist congregations until Oct. 1 next. The Methodist members are holding union services with the Presbyterians. Dr. Rees is 36 years old. He spent two years during the war in the British Army with the Saloniki forces.

The Winona Lake Bible School of Theology opened at Winona Lake, Indiana, yesterday and will continue until Aug. 13. The school is under the direction of an advisory council of eighteen, among whom are some of the best known Christian laymen of this country. The Rev. Dr. J. C. Breckenridge, head of Winona Assembly, and the Rev. Dr. W. E. Biederwolf, head of the Bible work, are ex officio members.

Forty-nine members of the metropolitan district of the Walther League left yesterday for San Francisco to attend the annual convention of the Walther League, a national organization of Lutheran young people, which will be held beginning July 20 and continuing through July 30. Five minutes before the special train started Lutherans gathered on the station platform to say good-bye. After the singing of a hymn the Rev. F. P. Wilhelm offered prayer. This was followed with the singing of "God Be With You 'Till We Meet Again."

The Sunday evening service of the First Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Eleventh Street, will be held on the lawn until Fall, unless it rains. Then the service will be transferred to the auditorium. There will be preaching from the outdoor pulpit. Camp chairs will be used, a rug spread up the "aisle" and a choir under Dr. William C. Carl will sing. A portable organ will play. The evening service of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, at Seventy-third Street, will be held on the roof of the tall parish house which adjoins the church. Worshipers are taken up in an elevator. Tomorrow evening the preacher will be the Rev. Dr. Henry Sloane Coffin, the pastor. Dr. Coffin does not believe in taking a long vacation. He takes turns with his three assistants, so that there is always a minister on duty.

The Rev. Dr. Samuel Trexler, President of the Lutheran Synod of New York and New England, returned yesterday from Bernville, Berks County, Pa., where he has been spending the last ten days with his mother, the widow of the Rev. Daniel D. Trexler, who was for forty-six years pastor of the Lutheran Church at Bernville. Tomorrow morning Dr. Trexler will make an official visit to Holy Trinity Lutheran Church, Nutley, N. J., and he will preach. This congregation, which has been organized less than a year, has no church, but worships in a hall. While Dr. Trexler is abroad, which will be from next week until the second week of September, the synod will be in charge of his younger brother, the Rev. Charles D. Trexler, pastor of the Church of the Good Shepherd, the largest Lutheran church in Brooklyn. The latter is chaplain of the 101st New York State Cavalry, and he is now at the encampment at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont.

The Right Rev. John T. McNicholas, who was promoted this week by Pope Pius XI to be Archbishop of Cincinnati, Ohio, from the office of Bishop of Duluth, Minn., was a New York priest. He is a Dominican Father, and for some years he was pastor of the Dominican Church of St. Catherine of Siena, 420 East Sixty-ninth Street. Bishop McNicholas is one of the few Dominican prelates in the United States. He is 48 years old. He was appointed Bishop of Duluth July 18, 1918, while serving the local church. He was consecrated in Rome Sept. 8, 1918. In Cincinnati Bishop McNicholas will succeed Archbishop Henry Moeller, who died recently. In Duluth Bishop McNicholas succeeded Bishop James McGorlick, who died Jan. 18, 1918.

Norman S. McPherson, son of the Rev. George W. McPherson, President of Old Tent Evangel of New York City, is following his father into the ministry. The young man is a senior in Princeton Presbyterian Theological Seminary. He will speak Thursday evening, July 30, in Tent Evangel, which is in Ninety-fifth Street, just west of Broadway.

The Rev. Paul F. Landis, for the last few years pastor of the John Hall Memorial Chapel, a branch of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, on Aug. 1 will take up his new duties as director of boys' work of the Presbyterian Church, with headquarters in the Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia. He will succeed the Rev. H. J. Donnelly, who will henceforth assist in the preparation of the Sunday school lessons. Mr. Landis is a graduate of Lafayette College and Princeton Theological Seminary. He served as a chaplain overseas during the war.

The sermon at the opening of the triennial general convention of the Episcopal Church at New Orleans, beginning Oct. 7 next, will be preached by the Right Rev. Theodore D. Bratton, Bishop of Mississippi.

The Catholic Board for Mission Work among the Colored People has sent out an appeal from its national headquarters, 1 Madison Avenue, stating that there are about 12,000,000 negroes in the United States, of whom over 5,000,000 are not baptized.

"Nothing can be more worthy of your support than the work of bringing the spiritually starving negroes to a knowledge of the gospel of Jesus Christ," says the statement. Archbishop J. W. Shaw of New Orleans is President of the Executive Board.

PARIS MISSIONARY RETURNS.

Dr. Welker Says Dry Movement in France Is 30 Years Behind Us.

Roy A. Welker, Methodist missionary in Paris, returned yesterday on the United States liner America for six months' leave in Toledo, Ohio, after four years' service as director of the Ecole Foyer de Champs Fleury, the Methodist institute at Paris for war orphans.

"Methodist missionaries in France report increasing interest in their work and rapid growth of congregations," declared Dr. Welker. "There are only four missionaries so far, but there are only 5,000,000 Catholics in France. The rest are non-believers, and it is among them that the Methodist Church hopes to gain a footing."

Dr. Welker added that there is a very strong Protestant prohibition movement in France. "The fight for prohibition is where it was in this country thirty years ago," he explained.

When asked what his own attitude toward French wine was, the missionary answered that he found it necessary when in France to adopt a French attitude toward light wines.

Washington University Gets Million

ST. LOUIS, July 17 (AP).—Washington University here has announced a gift of $1,000,000 from Charles Rebstock, a retired business man and bank director.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH
(West 57th St., bet. 6th and 7th Aves.)
Dr. STRATTON 11:00 A. M.—"THE HIGHEST FORM OF COMRADESHIP." 7:45 P. M.—"IS OUR AMERICAN EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM PROMOTING UNBELIEF AND IMMORTALITY IN THE RISING GENERATION?"

CENTRAL BAPTIST,
S. E. Cor. 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
9:45 A. M.—Adult Bible Class.
Preaching by
REV. JOHN W. HAM, D. D.
11 A. M.—"THE MEANING OF THE CROSS TO GOD."
8 P. M.—"THE TWENTY-ONE WONDERS OF THE WORLD."

FIRST BAPTIST.
Broadway and 79th St.
I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D., PASTOR.
Preaching 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by
DR. R. E. NEIGHBOUR
Men's Bible Class, 10 A. M.
HORACE L. DAY, TEACHER.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH
MADISON AVE. AT 31ST ST.
GEORGE CALEB MOOR, D.D. MINISTER
SERVICES AT 11 A. M. AND 7:30 P. M.
SPECIAL PREACHER THIS SUNDAY,
REV. CHARLES INGLIS, D. D.,
OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

FARE AVENUE BAPTIST,
Park Av. and East 64th St.
Ministers: Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, D. D.
Rev. Eugene C. Carder, Associate.
10 A. M.—ADULT BIBLE CLASS.
11 A. M.—DR. SHAILER MATHEWS, Dean University of Chicago Divinity School.

Christian Science

AUTHORIZED CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SERVICES AND MEETINGS are held in the following NEW YORK BRANCH CHURCHES OF THE MOTHER CHURCH,
The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts.
SUNDAYS, 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M.
WEDNESDAYS, 8 P. M.
FIRST.....Central Park West and 96th St.
SECOND.....Central Park West and 68th St.
THIRD.....Park Av. and 63d St.
FOURTH.....Ft. Wash. Av. and 178th St.
FIFTH.....769 East 43d St.
SIXTH.....1,035 Anthony Av., Bronx
SEVENTH.....520 West 112th St.
EIGHTH.....105 East 77th St.
TENTH.....25 Waverly Place
ELEVENTH.....2,382 Grand Concourse, Bronx
TWELFTH.....30 West 58th St.
THIRTEENTH.....311 West 83d St.
FOURTEENTH.....446 West 152d St.
NOTE—Wednesday meetings in Fourth, Sixth and Eleventh Churches are at 8:15 P. M. The second Sunday service in Seventh Church is at 4:30 P. M. Twelfth and Fourteenth Churches have no Sunday evening services.

FREE LECTURE ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE
will be given by a member of The Christian Science Board of Lectureship as follows:
July 20, 8:00 P. M., First Church, Brooklyn.
This Lecture will be radiocast through Station WMCA.
The Public is cordially invited.
The Sunday morning service will be radiocast through Station WMCA, 341 meters wave length.

Community Church

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH OF N. Y.
Park Avenue and 34th Street.
11 A. M.—JOHN HAYNES HOLMES.
"Present-Day Religious Portraits:
(2) HARRY E. FOSDICK—MODERNIST."

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE CHURCH,
BROADWAY AND 56TH ST.
DR. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, Pastor.
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Disciples of Christ
(Christian)

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN,
142 West 81st St.
Rev. FINIS S. IDLEMAN, D. D.
will preach at 11 A. M.

Interdenominational

GOSPEL TABERNACLE,
602 8th Av.
Rev. A. B. Simpson, Founder.
Dr. W. M. Turnbull, Senior Pastor.
Services, 9:30 A. M. Sunday School.
11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Preaching by
REV. F. L. ALLEN.

NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE,
230 W. 55th St. 4:15 P. M. Sunday.
MR. HAROLD W. NELSON
"The Cross, the Christian, Constant Glory."

Jewish

JEWISH SCIENCE
Society of Jewish Science,
RABBI MORRIS LICHTENSTEIN,
Leader and Founder.
AUTHORIZED JEWISH SCIENCE Services. During July and August, services held every Wednesday evening at 8:30, at Beth Miriam Synagogue, Long Branch, N. J.

JEWISH SCIENCE, INC.
Lecture, Hotel Ansonia, Sunday, 11 A. M.
RABBI CLIFTON HARBY LEVY.
Wednesday, 8:30: How to heal yourself and others. Read "The Jewish Life," official organ. Office, 41 West 83d St.

Lutheran

ADVENT, Broadway and 93d St.
11—Rev. W. T. Benes of India.

HOLY TRINITY, 65th St., Central Park W.
The Rev. Dr. Paul Scherer, Pastor.
11 A. M.—The Rev. William Fress preaches. "THY LOVE TO ME WAS WONDERFUL."

Methodist Episcopal

GRACE METHODIST, WEST 104TH.
Rev. O. T. Gilmore preaches 11 and 8.
11 A. M.—Subject: "Your Own Faith."

MADISON AVENUE, 60TH ST.
11 A. M.—Rev. John M. Pearson.
8 P. M.—Rev. George Rittenhouse.
Under the auspices of the New York Evangelistic Committee.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE,
14th St. and 7th Av.
REV. STANLEY C. NILES.
11—"Crowded Ways."
8—"Show Us the Father."

PARK AV., 86th
Park Av. Presbyterian Church.

ST. JAMES',
Madison Av. and 126th St.
Rev. FRED W. STACEY, Minister.
Preaches at 11 A. M.

WASHINGTON SQ., 4th St. W. of Sq.
Rev. LEWIS R. CHERRINGTON, Pastor.
11 A. M.—Divine Worship With Sermon.

New Thought

THE GOODYEAR MEETING ROOM
and Bookshop, 25 West 42d St.
Sun., 10:30, "Concealed Cities."
and Mon., Wed. and Fri., 12:30 P. M.,
Mrs. ELISE APLAND,
Mon., 8:15—"The Right Answer."
ALLAN C. ELDREDGE,
Wed., 8—"Faith." MISS K. M. TURNER.

MRS. MAUD PRATT MESSNER,
222 W. 72D.
SUN., 11:15 A. M.
"THE LAMP OF FAITH."
8:15: L. T. MESSNER—"ABUNDANCE."
MON. 8: HUMAN ANALYSIS. TUES. 8: MARS. WED. 8: NUMEROLOGY. THUR. 8: PHRENOLOGY. FRI. 8: TAURUS.

DR. W. ELLIS WILLIAMS,
HOTEL ASTOR, Sunday, 8: